

Nominal Capacitance

More Than 10 pF

Rated Voltage (Vdc)

35

Type

Tape & Reel

Туре

Special Code

1. Scope

This specification is applied to Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor(MLCC) for use in electric equipment for the voltage is ranging from 4V to 50V.

The series suitable for general electrics circuit, telecommunications, personal computers and peripheral, power circuit and mobile application. (This product is compliant with the RoHS & HF.)

2. Parts Number Code

С	0805	R	475	К	035	Т	Υ
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Code

Κ

Code 035

т

Code

γ

(7)Tapping Code

(8)Special Code

(6)Rated Voltage

(5)Capacitance Tolerance

Tolerance

± 10.0 %

(1)Product

Product Code	
С	Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor

(2)Chip Size

Code	Length×Width	unit : mm(inch)
0805	2.00× 1.25	(.079× .049)

(3) Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temperature	Temperature	Temperature
	Characteristic	Range	Coefficient
R	X7S	-55℃~+125℃	± 22%

(4)Capacitance unit :pico farads(pF)

CodeNominal Capacitance (pF)4754.700,000.0

4. 15 4. 100,000.0 X. If there is a decimal point, it shall be expressed by an

English capital letter R

3. Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

3.1 Standard Combination of Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

Class	Characteristic	Tolerance	Nominal Capacitance	
Π	X7S	K (± 10.0 %)	E-3, E-6 series	
			_ 0, _ 0 001100	

3.2 E series(standard Number)

Standard No.		Application Capacitance										
E- 3	1.0			2.2			4.7					
E- 6	1	.0	1	.5	2	.2	3	.3	4	.7	6	.8
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
E-24	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.3	5.1	6.2	7.5	9.1

4. Operation Temperature Range

Class	Characteristic	Temperature Range	Reference Temp.
Π	X7S (R)	-55℃ ~ +125℃	25°C

5. Storage Condition

Storage Temperature : 5 to 40 ℃

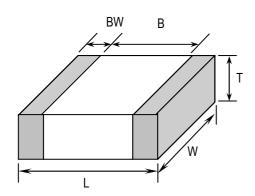
Relative Humidity : 20 to 70 %

Storage Time: 12 months max.



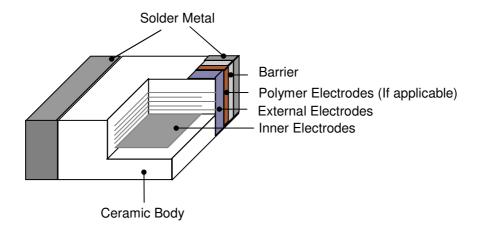
6. Dimensions

6.1 Configuration and Dimension :



					Unit:mm
TYPE	L	W	Т	B (min)	BW (min)
0805	2.00+ 0.45 /- 0.20	1.25+ 0.25 /- 0.20	1.25± 0.25	0.70	0.20

6.2 Termination Type :





7. Performance

No.	lte	em		Specific	ation		Test Condition	
-				Specifica				
1		ual		normal exterior ap	pearance	Visual Inspection Visual Inspection		
2		nsion ation	See Page 2 500/C Ω min.			Applied Voltage: Rated Voltage		
_		stance				Charge Time : 60		
						current.	e current shall be	less than 50mA
4		citance		The Specified To	lerance	Class II :		
5	Tan δ	Class	X7S: 1	0% max.		Char	Frequency	Voltage
		П				X7S	1KHz±10%	1.0±0.2Vrms
								or 0.5±0.2Vrms
						then place room	emperature at 150	±5 C for 30min
						-		
						* Depend on the	-	
6		anding		lectric breakdown	or mechanical	250% of the rated	d voltage for 1~5 s Current is less th	Sec.
		age	breakc			Class II :		ian Jonia.
7	Temperatur		Char.	Temp. Range	Cap. Change(%)		C11(<u>200/</u>
	Capacitanc Coefficient		X7S	-55℃~+125℃	± 22%	02*	<u>C1</u> ×10 C1	JU 7o
	Obenicient							
						•	At Standard Temp	· · ·
						under 1.0Vrms.	At Test Temperatu	ure (12)
8	Adhesive	Strength	No ind	ication of peeling	shall occur on the		e applied for 10± 1	second
Ŭ		nination		al electrode.		02012N(≒ 0	••	
						0402/06035N		
						≧080510N(
								۰f
9	Resistance	Appear-	No me	echanical dama	ge or capacitance	The board shall	be bend 1.0mm v	vith a rate of 1.0
9		ance			e following table.	mm/sec.		
	Flexure		Canac	itance Change		The duration of the applied forces shall be		
	of Substrate	C-Meter	Char.	Cap. Chan	de	5 ± 1sec R230 ↓		1
			X7S (F		6 of initial value		H230	Bending
			- (.	,				Limit
						Г См	eter	
						<>	← →	
						' 45±1mm	45±1mm '	



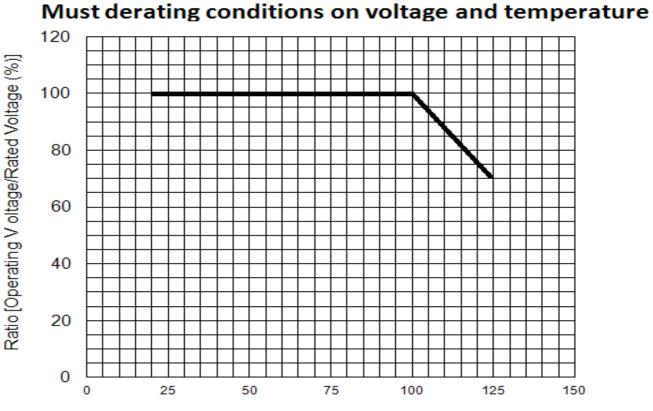
No.	b. Item Specification			pecification	Test Condition		
10	Solder	ability	More than 90% of the terminal surface is to be soldered newly, so metal part does not come out or dissolve.		Solder Temperature : 245± 5°C Dip Time : 5 ± 0.5sec Immersing Speed : 25±10% mm/s Solder : Lead Free Solder Flux :Rosin Preheat : At 80~120 °C for 10~30sec.		
11	Resistance To Soldering Heat	Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan δ Class II Insulation Resistance	No mechanical dama Class II X7S X7S: 10% max. To satisfy the specifi	$\leq \pm 7.5\%$ of initial value	Class II capacitor shall be set for 48 ± 4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at $150 \pm 0/-10^{\circ}$ C before initial measure. Preheat : at $150\pm10^{\circ}$ C for $60\sim120$ sec. Dip : solder temperature of $260\pm5^{\circ}$ C Dip Time : 10 ± 1 sec. Immersing Speed : $25\pm10\%$ mm/s Flux :Rosin Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class II : 48 ± 4 Hours		
12	Tempera ture Cycle	Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan δ Class ΙΙ Insulation Resistance	No mechanical dama Class II X7S X7S: 10% max. To satisfy the specifi	$\leq \pm 7.5\%$ of initial value	Class II : 48 ± 4 HoursClass II capacitor shall be set for 48±4 hours a room temperature after one hour heat treatment at 150 +0/-10°C before initial measure.Capacitor shall be subjected to five cycles of the temperature cycle as following:Step Temp.(°C) Time(min) 1 Min Rated Temp. +0/-3 30 2 25 3 3 Max Rated Temp. +3/-0 30 4 25 3Measure at room temperature after cooling for		
13	Humidity	Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan δ Class ΙΙ Insulation Resistance	No mechanical dama Characteristic X7S X7S: 20% max. 50/C Ω min.	age shall occur. Cap. Change ≤ ±12.5% of initial value	Class II : 48 \pm 4 Hours Class II capacitor shall be set for 48 \pm 4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at 150 +0/-10 °C before initial measure. Temperature : 40 \pm 2°C Relative Humidity : 90 ~ 95%RH Test Time : 500 Hrs Max. Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class II : 48 \pm 4 Hours		



No.	Iter	m	Spe	cification	Test Condition
14	-	Appear- ance	No mechanical dama	ge shall occur.	Class II capacitors applied DC voltage of the rated voltage is applied for one hour at maximum
		Capacit-			operation temperature $\pm 3^\circ C$ then shall be set for
		ance	X7S	$\leq \pm 12.5\%$ of initial value	48± 4 hours at room temperature and the initial
					measurement shall be conducted.
		Tan δ	X7S: 20% max.		Applied Voltage :Rated Voltage Temperature : 40± 2°C
		Class II			Relative Humidity : 90 ~ 95%RH
		Insulation	25/C Ω min.		Test Time : 500 Hrs Max.
		Resistance			Current Applied : 50 mA Max.
					Class II capacitor for Cap \ge 103(10nF)
					shall be set for 24±2 hours at room temperature
					after one hour heat treatment at 150 +0/-10 $^{\circ}$ C
					before final measure.
					Class II capacitor for Cap < 103(10nF)
					Measure at room temperature after cooling for
					48 ± 4 Hours.
15	High	Appear-	No mechanical dama	ge shall occur.	The capacitors applied DC testing voltage is
	Temperature				applied for one hour at maximum operation
		Capacit-	Characteristic	Cap. Change	temperature $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C then shell be set for 48± 4
	(Life Test)	ance	X7S	$\leq \pm 12.5\%$ of initial value	•
		Tan δ	X7S: 20% max.		measurement shall be conducted. Applied Voltage: Rated Voltage
		Class II Insulation	50/C Ω min.		Temperature: max. operation temperature
		Resistance	50/0 <u>12</u> mm.		Test Time : 1000 Hrs Max.
		ricolotarioc			Current Applied : 50mA Max
					Class II capacitor for Cap \ge 103(10nF)
					shall be set for 24±2 hours at room temperature
					after one hour heat treatment at $150 + 0/-10^{\circ}C$
					before final measure.
					Class II capacitor for Cap < 103(10nF)
					Measure at room temperature after cooling for
					48 ± 4 Hours.
16	Vibration	Appear-	No mechanical dama	ge shall occur	Solder the capacitor on P.C. board.
		ance			Vibrate the capacitor with amplitude of
		Capacit-	Within the specified to	blerance	1.5mm P-P changing the frequencies
		ance	To satisfy the speci	fied initial value	from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz
		Tan ∂ Class II	To salisty the speci		in about 1 min.
		Insulation	To satisfy the speci	fied initial value	Repeat this for 2 hours each in 3 perpendicular
		Resistance			directions.



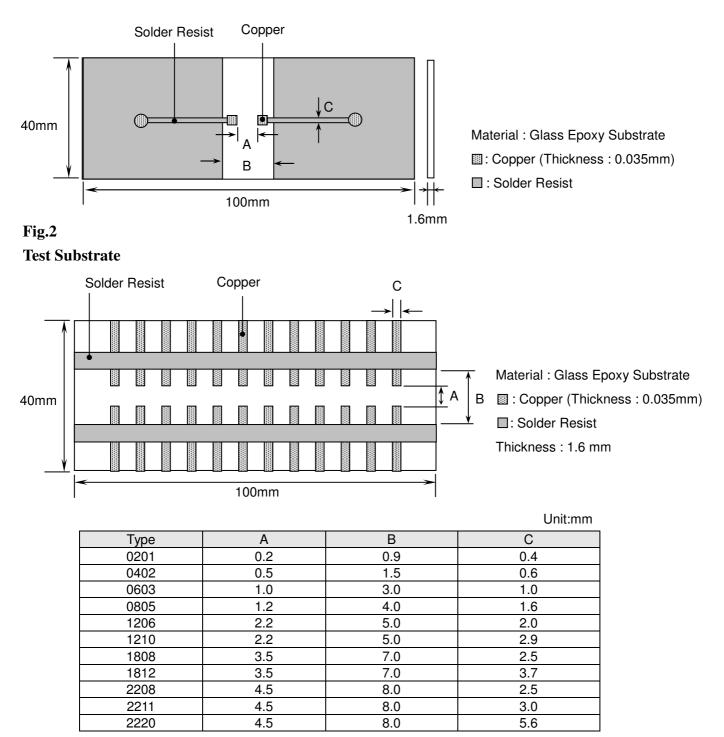
When operating at temperature range from 100° C to 125° C, the operation shall be carried out at a derating voltage or less as shown below



Temperature at Product (°C)



Fig.1 P.C. Board for Bending Strength Test



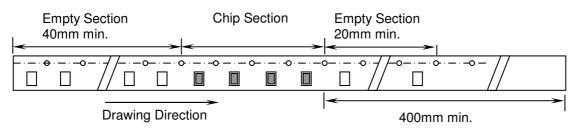


8. Packing

8.1 Bulk Packing

According to customer request.

8.2 Chip Capacitors Tape Packing



8.3 Material And Quantity

Tape	0201	0402	0603/0805	
Material T≤0.33mm		T≦0.55mm	$T \leq 1.00 mm$	T>1.00mm
Paper	15,000 pcs/Reel	10,000 pcs/Reel	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA
Plastic	NA	NA	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel

Tape		1206	
Material	T≦1.00mm	1.00 mm $<$ T \leq 1.25mm	T>1.25mm
Paper	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA	NA
Plastic	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel	2,000 pcs/Reel

Tape		1808/1210	
Material	T≦1.25mm	1.25 mm $<$ T \leq 2.40mm	T>2.40mm
Paper	NA	NA	NA
Plastic	3,000 pcs/Reel	1,000/2,000 pcs/Reel	500/1,000 pcs/Reel

Tape	1812/2211/2220		1825/2	2208	
Material	T≦2.20mm	T>2.20mm	T≦2.20mm	T>2.20mm	T≦2.20mm
Paper	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Plastic	1,000 pcs/Reel	700 pcs/Reel	700 pcs/Reel	400 pcs/Reel	1,000 pcs/Reel

NA: Not Available

8.4 Cover Tape Reel Off Force

8.4.1 Peel-Off Force

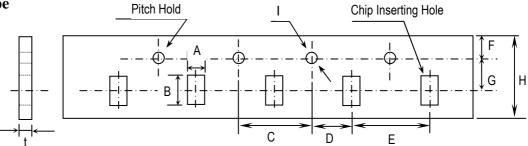
5 g·f \leq Peel-Off Force \leq 70 g·f

8.4.2 Measure Method





8.5 Paper Tape

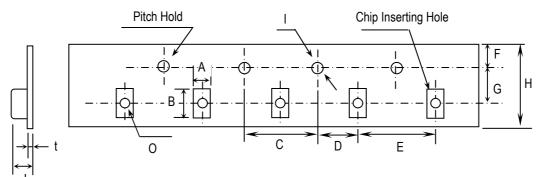


Unit:mm

TYPE	A	В	С	D	E
0201	0.37± 0.1	0.67± 0.1	4.00± 0.1	2.00± 0.05	2.00± 0.1
0402	0.61± 0.1	1.20± 0.1			
0603	1.10± 0.2	1.90± 0.2			4.00± 0.1
0805	1.50± 0.2	2.30± 0.2			
1206	1.90± 0.2	3.50± 0.2			
1210	2.90± 0.2	3.60± 0.2			

TYPE	F	G	Н	I	t
0201	1.75± 0.10	3.50± 0.05	8.0± 0.30	<i>φ</i> 1.50 +0.10/-0	1.10 max.
0402					
0603					
0805					
1206					
1210					

8.6 Plastic Tape



Unit:mm

Туре	A	В	С	D	E	F
0805	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0± 0.1	2.0± 0.05	4.0± 0.1	1.75± 0.1
1206	1.9±0.2	3.5±0.2				
1210	2.9±0.2	3.6±0.2				
1808	2.5±0.2	4.9±0.2				
1812	3.6±0.2	4.9±0.2			8.0± 0.1	
1825	6.9±0.2	4.9±0.2				
2208	2.5±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2211	3.2±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2220	5.4±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2225	6.9±0.2	6.1±0.2				

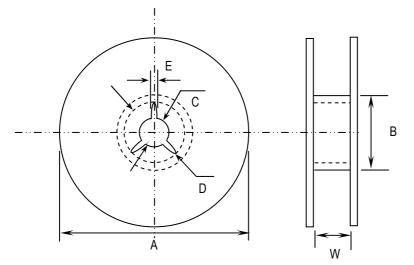


NCC-023-2005.S

Туре	G	Н		J	t	0
0805	3.5± 0.05	8.0± 0.3	<i>φ</i> 1.5+0.1/-0	3.0 max.	0.3 max.	1.0± 0.1
1206						
1210						
1808	5.5± 0.05	12.0 ± 0.3		4.0 max.		1.5± 0.1
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220						
2225						

8.7 Reel Dimensions

Reel Material : Polystyrene



Unit:mm

Туре	А	В	С	D	E	W
0201	φ 382 max	arphi 50 min	arphi 13± 0.5	φ 21± 0.8	2.0±0.5	10± 0.15
0402						
0603						
0805						
1206						
1210						
1808	φ 178±2.0	arphi 60±2.0				13±0.3
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220						
2225						



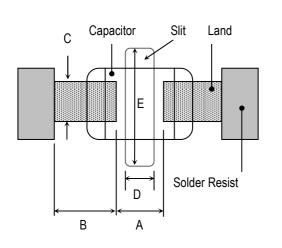
Precautionary Notes:

1. Storage

Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity don't exceed 40 °C and 70%RH. We recommend that the capacitors be used within 12 months from the date of manufacturing. Store the products in the original package and do not open the outer wrapped, polyethylene bag, till just before usage. If it is open, seal it as soon as possible or keep it in a desiccant with a desiccation agent.

2. Construction of Board Pattern

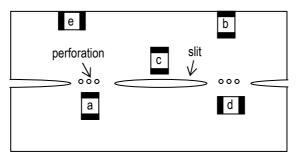
Improper circuit layout and pad/land size may cause excessive or not enough solder amount on the PC board. Not enough solder may create weak joint, and excessive solder may increase the potential of mechanical or thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitor. Therefore we recommend the land size to be as shown in the following table: 2.1 Size and recommend land dimensions for reflow soldering



	Chip	(mm)		L	and (mm)		
EIA Code	Ľ	Ŵ	А	В	Ċ	D	E
0201	0.60	0.30	0.2~0.3	0.2~0.4	0.2~0.4		
0402	1.00	0.50	0.3~0.5	0.3~0.5	0.4~0.6		
0603	1.60	0.80	0.4~0.6	0.6~0.7	0.6~0.8		
0805	2.00	1.25	0.7~0.9	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.1		
1206	3.20	1.60	2.2~2.4	0.8~0.9	1.0~1.4	1.0~2.0	3.2~3.7
1210	3.20	2.50	2.2~2.4	1.0~1.2	1.8~2.3	1.0~2.0	4.1~4.6
1808	4.60	2.00	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	1.5~1.8	1.0~2.8	3.6~4.1
1812	4.60	3.20	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	2.3~3.0	1.0~2.8	4.8~5.3
1825	4.60	6.35	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3
2208	5.70	2.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	1.5~1.8	1.0~4.0	3.6~4.1
2211	5.70	2.80	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	2.0~2.6	1.0~4.0	4.4~4.9
2220	5.70	5.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	3.5~4.8	1.0~4.0	6.6~7.1
2225	5.70	6.35	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3

2.2 Mechanical strength varies according to location of chip capacitors on the P.C. board. Design layout of components on the PC board such a way to minimize the stress imposed on the components, upon flexure of the boards in depanelization or other processes.

Component layout close to the edge of the board or the "depanelization line" is not recommended. Susceptibility to stress is in the order of: a>b>c and d>e



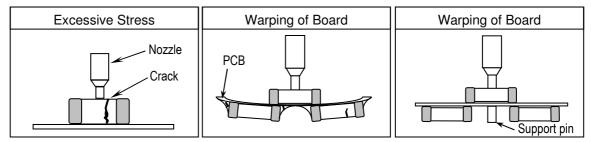


2.3 Layout Recommendation

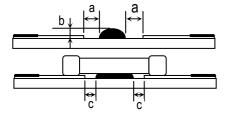
Example	Use of Common Solder Land	Solder With Chassis	Use of Common Solder Land With Other SMD
Need to Avoid	Lead Wire Chip Solder Adhesive PCB Solder Land	Chassis \downarrow Excessive Solder \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow	Solder Land
Recommendation	Lead Wire Chip Solder Resist	Solder Resist	

3. Mounting

3.1 Sometimes crack is caused by the impact load due to suction nozzle in pick and place operation. In pick and place operation, if the low dead point is too low, excessive stress is applied to component. This may cause cracks in the ceramic capacitor, therefore it is required to move low dead point of a suction nozzle to the higher level to minimize the board warp age and stress on the components. Nozzle pressure is typically adjusted to 1N to 3N (static load) during the pick and place operation.



3.2 Amount of Adhesive



Example :	0805 &	1206
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а	0.2mm min.	
b	70 ~ 100 μm	
C	Do not touch the solder land	

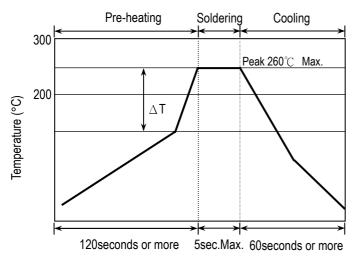


4. Soldering

4.1. Wave Soldering

Most of components are wave soldered with solder at Peak Temperature.. Adequate care must be taken to prevent the potential of thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitors. Refer to the soldering methods below for optimum soldering benefits.

Recommend flow soldering temperature Profile



Soldering Method	Peak Temp.($^{\circ}$ C) / Duration (sec)	
1206/0805/0603	∆ T ≤ 100~150°C max.	
Pb-Sn Solder	250°C (max.) / 3sec(max.)	
Lead Free Solder	260°C (max.) / 5sec(max.)	

Recommended solder compositions

Sn-37Pb (Pb - Sn Solder)

Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu (Lead Free Solder)

To optimize the result of soldering, proper preheating is essential:

- 1) Preheat temperature is too low
 - a. Flux flows to easily
 - b. Possibility of thermal cracks
- 2) Preheat temperature is too high
 - a. Flux deteriorates even when oxide film is removed
 - b. Causes warping of circuit board
 - c. Loss of reliability in chip and other components

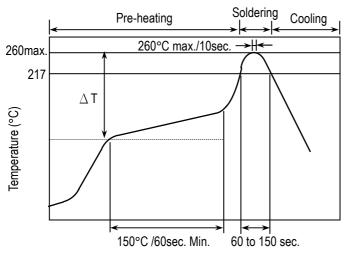
Cooling Condition:

Natural cooling using air is recommended. If the chips are dipped into a solvent for cleaning, the temperature difference (Δ T) between the solvent and the chips must be less than 100 °C.

4.2 Reflow Soldering

Preheat and gradual increase in temperature to the reflow temperature is recommended to decrease the potential of thermal crack on the components. The recommended heating rate depends on the size of component, however it should not exceed 3° C/Sec.

Recommend reflow profile for Lead-Free soldering temperature Profile (J-STD-020D)



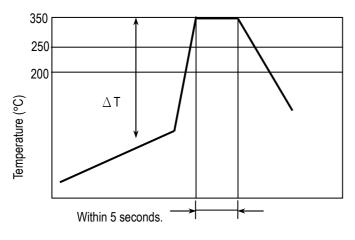
※ The cycles of soldering : Twice (max.)

Soldering Method	Change in Temp.($^{\circ}$ C)
1206 and Under	Δ T \leq 190 $^{\circ}$ C
1210 and Over	Δ T \leq 130 $^\circ$ C



4.3 Hand Soldering

Sudden temperature change in components, results in a temperature gradient recommended in the following table, and therefore may cause internal thermal cracks in the components. In general a hand soldering method is not recommended unless proper preheating and handling practices have been taken. Care must also be taken not to touch the ceramic body of the capacitor with the tip of solder Iron.



Soldering Method	Change in Temp.(°C)
1206 and Under	Δ T \leq 150 $^{\circ}$ C
1210 and Over	Δ T \leq 130 $^\circ$ C

How to Solder Repair by Solder Iron

1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

The required temperature of solder iron for any type of repair depends on the type of the tip, the substrate material, and the solder land size.

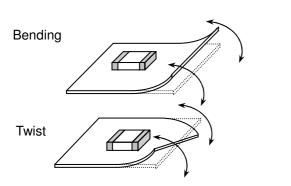
- 2) recommended solder iron condition
 - a.) Preheating Condition : Board and components should be preheated sufficiently at 150 ℃ or over, and soldering should be conducted with soldering iron as boards and components are maintained at sufficient temperatures.
 - b.) Soldering iron power shall not exceed 30 W.

Higher potential of crack

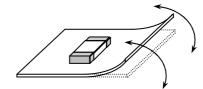
- c.) Soldering iron tip diameter shall not exceed 3mm.
- d.) Temperature of iron tip shall not exceed 350 °C to perform the process within 5 seconds. (refer to MIL-STD-202G)
- f.) Do not touch the ceramic body with the tip of solder iron. Direct contact of the soldering iron tip to ceramic body may cause thermal cracks.
- g.) After soldering operation, let the products cool down gradually in the room temperature.

5. Handling after chip mounted

5.1 Proper handling is recommended, since excessive bending and twist of the board, depends on the orientation of the chip on the board, may induce mechanical stress and cause internal crack in the capacitor.



Lower potential of crack



5.2 There is a potential of crack if board is warped due to excessive load by check pin





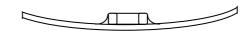
5.3 Mechanical stress due to warping and torsion.

- (a) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by manual separation.
- (b) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by tensile force , rather than compressive force.

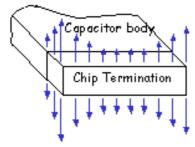


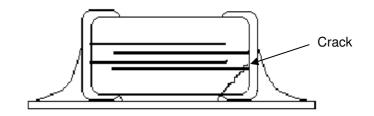
O :Compressive Stress





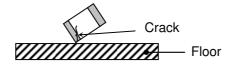
Capacitor Stress Analysis



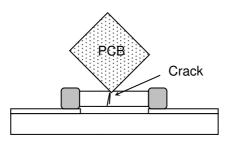


6. Handling of Loose Chip Capacitor

6.1 If dropped the chip capacitor may crack.



6.2 In piling and stacking of the P.C. boards after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitor mounted on another board to cause crack.



7. Safekeeping condition and period

For safekeeping of the products, we recommend to keep the storage temperature between +5 to +40 $^{\circ}$ C and under humidity of 20 to 70% RH. The shelf life of capacitors is 12 months.

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