

1. Scope

This specification is applies to Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor (MLCC) for use in electric equipment for the voltage is ranging from 100V to 5KV.

The MLCC support for Lead-Free wave and reflow soldering, and electrical characteristic and reliability are same as before. (This product compliant with the RoHS.)

2. Parts Number Code

С	0805	X	472	K	501	Т
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

(1)Product

Product Code	
С	Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor
(A) (C)	

(2)Chip Size

	~	
Code	Length×Width	unit : mm(inch)
0201	0.60× 0.30	(.024× .011)
0402	1.00× 0.50	(.039× .020)
0603	1.60× 0.80	(.063× .031)
0805	2.00× 1.25	(.079× .049)
1206	3.20× 1.60	(.126× .063)
1210	3.20× 2.50	(.126× .098)
1808	4.60× 2.00	(.181× .079)
1812	4.60× 3.20	(.181× .125)
1825	4.60× 6.35	(.181× .250)
2208	5.70× 2.00	(.220× .197)
2211	5.70× 2.80	(.220× .110)
2220	5.70× 5.00	(.220× .197)
2225	5.70× 6.35	(.220× .250)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(3) Temperature Characteristics

Cod€	Гemperatur€	Temperature	Temperature
	haracteristi	Range	Coefficient
N	NPO	-55°℃~+125°℃	30 ppm/°C
L	SL	-30°C ~+85°C	+350~-1000ppm
X	X7R	-55℃~+125℃	± 15%
В	X5R	-55°C ~+85°C	± 15%
S	X6S	-55°C ~+105°C	± 22%
Υ	Y5V	-30°C ~+85°C	+22/-82%
Z	Z5U	+10°℃~+85°℃	+22/-56%
Е	Y5U	-30°C ~+85°C	+22/-56%

(4)Capacitance

(4)Capacitance	unit :pico farads(pF)
Code	Nominal Capacitance (pF)
5R0	5.0
120	12.0
151	150.0
472	4,700.0
103	10,000.0
474	470,000.0
105	1,000,000.0
106	10,000,000.0

*. If there is a decimal point, it shall be expressed by an

(5) Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Tolerance	Nominal Capacitance
В	± 0.10 pF	Less Than 10 pF
С	± 0.25 pF	(Include 10 pF)
D	± 0.50 pF	
E	± 1.00 pF	_
F	± 1.00 %	More Than 10 pF
G	± 2.00 %	
J	± 5.00 %	
K	± 10.0 %	_
М	± 20.0 %	
Z	+80/-20 %	

(6)Rated Voltage

Code	Rated Voltage (Vdc)
101	100
201	200
251	250
501	500
631	630
102	1,000
202	2,000
252	2,500
302	3,000
502	5,000

(7)Tapping

Code	Туре
Т	Tape & Reel
В	Bulk

English capital letter R

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3. Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

3.1 Standard Combination of Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

Class	Characteristic	Tolera	ance	Nominal Capacitance
I	NPO / SL	Less Then 10 pF	B (± 0.10 pF)	0.5,1,1.5,2,2.5,3
			C (± 0.25 pF)	0.5,1,1.5,2,2.5,3,3.5,4,4.5,5
			D (± 0.50 pF)	5,6,7,8,9,10
			E (± 1.00 pF)	6,7,8,9,10
		More Than 10 pF	F (±1.00 %)	E-12, E-24 series
			G (±2.00 %)	
			J (± 5.00 %)	
			K (± 10.0 %)	
П	X7R/X5R/X7E	K (± 10.0 %),	M (± 20.0 %)	E-3, E-6 series
	Y5V	M (± 20.0 %), Z	Z(+80/-20 %)	E- 3 series
	Z5U			
	Y5U			

3.2 E series(standard Number)

Standard No.	Application Capacitance											
E- 3	1.0				2.2			4.7				
E- 6	1.	.0	1	.5	2	.2	3	.3	4	.7	6	.8
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
E-24	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.3	5.1	6.2	7.5	9.1

4. Operation Temperature Range

Class	Characteristic	Temperature Range	Reference Temp.
I	NPO	-55°C ~ +125°C	25 ℃
	SL	-25°C ~ +125°C	25 ℃
П	X7R	-55℃ ~ +125℃	25 ℃
	X5R	-55℃ ~ +85℃	25 ℃
	X6S	-55°C ~ +105°C	25 ℃
	Y5V	-30°C ~ +85°C	25 ℃
	Z5U	+10°C ~ +85°C	25 ℃
	Y5U	-30°C ~ +85°C	25 ℃
	Other	-25℃ ~ +85℃	25 ℃

5. Storage Condition

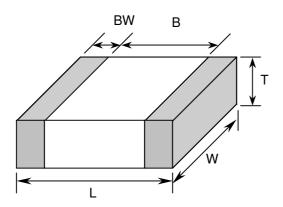
Storage Temperature : 5 to 40° C Relative Humidity : 20 to 70 % Storage Time : 12 months max.

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6. Dimensions

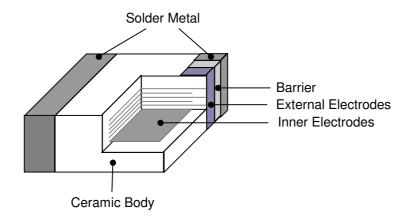
6.1 Configuration and Dimension:



Unit:mm

TYPE	L	W	Т	B (min)	BW (min)
0805	2.00± 0.20	1.25± 0.20	0.85± 0.10	0.70	0.20

6.2 Termination Type :





7. Performance

NI.	D			N !!! !!	Toot Condition			
No.	Item			Specification	Test Condition			
1	Visua			exterior appearance	Visual inspection			
2	Dimens	sion	See Page 3		Visual inspection			
3	Insulati Resista		10,000MΩ or Product Whice	500/C Ω chever Is Smaller	V≦500V, Rated Voltage V>500V, Applied 500Vdc Charge Time: 60sec. Is applied less than 50mA current.			
4	Capacitance	Class ī	Within The Sp	ecified Tolerance	Class I:			
		NPO/SL			NPO/SL			
		Class II	Within The Sp	ecified Tolerance	CapacitanceFrequencyVoltageC≤100pF1MHz±10%1.0±0.2VrmsC>100pF1KHz±10%			
5	Q	Class	More Than 30	pF : Q ≧ 1000	Class II :			
		I	30pF & Below	: Q ≥ 400 + 20C	Frequency Voltage			
		NPO/SL	(C : Capacita	nce , pF)	X7R 1KHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms Z5U/Y5U 1KHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms			
	Tan δ	Class	Char.	Maximum	Z5U/Y5U 1KHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms Perform a heat temperature at 150±5°C for			
		П	X7R Z5U/Y5U	2.5% 4.0%	30min. then place room temp. for 24±2hr.			
7	Withstan Voltage Temperature Capacitance Coefficient	Class I	No dielectric mechanical b Char. Temp. F NPO -55°C ~- SL -30°C ~+ Char. Temp. F	Range Cap. Change(%) +125°C ± 30 ppm/°C -85°C +350~-1000ppm Range Cap. Change(%)	[C2-C1/C1(T2-T1)] × 100% Class II : (C2-C1)/C1 × 100%			
	A II : 0	П	X7R -55°C ~- Y5U -30°C ~ Z5U +10°C ~	+85°C +22% ~-56% +85°C +22% ~-56%	T1: Standard temperature (25°C) T2: Test temperature C1:Capacitance at standard temperature(25°C) C2: Capacitance at test temperature (T2)			
8	Adhesive S of Termin	ation	the terminal el		A 5N·f (≒0.5Kg·f) pull force shall be applied for 10± 1 second. 5N·f			
9	Resistance to	Appear- ance	No mechanica	ıl damage shall be occur.	Bending shall be applied to the 1.0 mm with			
	Flexure of Substrate		Capacitance C Char. NPO SL X7R Y5U/Z5U	Change Cap. Change ≤ ± 5.0% ≤ ± 5.0% ≤ ± 12.5% ≤ ± 30.0%	Bending Limit C Meter 45±1mm 45±1mm			



No.	Iter	n		Spec	cific	cation				Test Cor	ndition			
10	Soldera	ability	More than 90% of the terminal surface is to be soldered newly, so metal part does not come out or dissolve .				Dip Tin Immers Solder Flux	ne : 5 ± (sing Spe : H63 :Rosi	ed : 25± A n	10% mı	m/s			
11	Resistance To Soldering Heat	Appearance Capacitance Q Class I Tan δ Class II Insulation Resistance Withstand Voltage	Class I (NPO/S	x7R Z5U/Y5U sfy the spec	l Cifie	Cap. Change Within ± 2.5% or ±0.25pFwhichever is larger of initial value Within ± 10% Within ± 20% ed initial value ed initial value ed initial value ed initial value	Preheat : At 80~120 ℃ for 10~30sec. Class II capacitor shall be set for 48±4 hours room temperature after one hour heat treatment at 150 +0/-10℃ before initial measure. Preheat : At 150± 10℃ For 60~120sec. Dip : Solder Temperature of 260± 5℃ Dip Time : 10 ± 1sec. Immersing Speed : 25±10% mm/s Solder : H63A Flux :Rosin Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class I : 24 ± 2 Hours Class II : 48 ± 4 Hours			nours at				
12	Tempera ture Cycle	Appearance Capacitance Q Class I Tan δ Class II	Chass I (NPO/S	X7R Z5U/Y5U sfy the spec	l Cifie	Cap. Change Within ± 2.5% or ±0.25pFwhichever is larger of initial value Within ± 7.5% Within ± 20% ed initial value ed initial value ed initial value	Class II capacitor shall be set for 48± 4 hou room temperature after one hour heat treatr at 150 +0/-10 °C before initial measure. Capacitor shall be subjected to five cycles the temperature cycle as following: Step Temp.(°C) Time(min) 1 Min Rated Temp. +0/-3 30 2 25 3 3 Max Rated Temp. +3/-0 30 4 25 3 Measure at room temperature after cooling Class I :24 ± 2 Hrs Class II :48 ± 4 Hrs Solder the capacitor on P.C. board shown		eatment					
13	Humidity	Appearance Capacitance Q Class I Tan δ Class II Insulation Resistance	Char Class I (NPO/S Class II More T 30pF & Ch X7 Z5U/ 1,000M	Tacteristic SL) X7R Z5U/Y5U Than 30pF: Below: Q ar. 7R Y5U 1Ω or 50/C	W ± Ia W W : Q ≥ 2	Cap. Change Vithin ± 5.0% or 0.5pF whichever is arger of initial value Vithin ± 15% Vithin ± 30% ≥ 350 275 + 2.5×C Maximum 5.0% 5.0% Whichever is	a tr n	Class II t room reatment neasure Tempe Relativ Test Ti Measure Clas Clas Solder	temperant at 150 e. rature: 4 e Humid me: 500 e at roon s I: 24 s II: 48	or shall be atture after $1+0/-10$ °C $1+0/-10$ °C lity: $90 \sim 10 + 12/-10$ temper 0.00 ± 2 Hrs 0.00 ± 2 Hrs acitor on	er one h before 95%Rl OHr ature a	ou e ir H	r heat nitial r cooli	ing for

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HVC-008-0807

No.	Iten	n		Spec	ification	Test Condition				
14	High	Appear-	No me	chanical da	mage shall occur	Class ☐ capacitors applied DC voltage				
		ance				(following table) is applied for one hour at				
	Load	Capacit-		1 0		maximum operation temperature ±3°C then				
	(Life Test)	ance	Class		Within ±3.0% or	shall be set for 48±4 hours at room temperature				
			(NPO/	SL)	± 0.3pFwhichever	and the initial measurement shall be				
			0. 1	\/=D	is larger	conducted.				
			Class II	X7R Z5U/Y5U	Within ± 15% Within ± 30%	Applied Voltage :				
		Q		Than 30pF:		Rated Voltage Applied Voltage				
		Class I			Q ≦ 330 ≥ 275 + 2.5× C					
		Tan δ		nar.	maximum	V≤250Vdc 150%Rated Voltage				
		Class II		7R	5.0%	Less Than 1KVdc 120%Rated Voltage				
				/Y5U	5.0%	More Than 1KVdc(include 1KV)				
		Insulation	1,000N	/Ω or 50/C	Ω whichever is	- TKVdc(iiicidde TKV)				
		Resistance	smalle	r.	(C in Farad)	1010/1001/				
						1210/100V capacitance more than 1.0uF applied voltage of 120% rated voltage				
						Temperature: max. operation temperature				
						Test Time: 1000 +12/-0Hr				
						Current Applied: 50 mA Max.				
						Measure at room temperature after cooling for				
						Class I: 24 ± 2 Hours				
						Class II: 48 ± 4 Hours				
15	Vibration	Appear-	No me	chanical da	mage shall occur	Solder the capacitor on P.C. Board shown in				
		ance	01			Fig 2. before testing.				
		Capacit-		aracteristic	Cap. Change	Vibrata the conscitor with amplitude of 1 Emm				
		ance	Class		Within ± 2.5% or	Vibrate the capacitor with amplitude of 1.5mm P-P changing the frequencies from 10Hz to				
			(NPO/	SL)	± 0.25pFwhichever is larger	55Hz and back to 10Hz in about 1 min.				
			Class	X7R	Within ± 7.5%	33112 and back to 10112 in about 1 min.				
			Ulass	Z5U/Y5U	Within ± 20%	Repeat this for 2 hours each in 3perpendicular				
		Q		To satisfy the specified initial value		directions.				
		Class I	l o oan	To satisfy the specified initial value						
		Tan δ	To sati	To satisfy the specified initial value						
		Class II		. callery are openion initial value						
		Insulation		sfy the spec	ified initial value					
		Resistance)							

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Fig.1
P.C. Board for Bending Strength Test

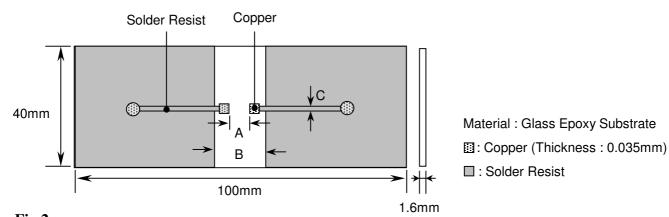
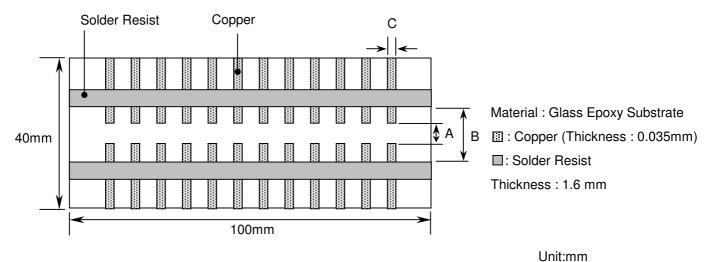


Fig.2 Test Substrate



			O
Туре	Α	В	С
0201	0.2	0.9	0.4
0402	0.5	1.5	0.6
0603	1.0	3.0	1.0
0805	1.2	4.0	1.6
1206	2.2	5.0	2.0
1210	2.2	5.0	2.9
1808	3.5	7.0	2.5
1812	3.5	7.0	3.7
2208	4.5	8.0	2.5
2211	4.5	8.0	3.0
2220	4.5	8.0	5.6
1825	3.5	7.0	6.9
2225	4.5	8.0	7.0

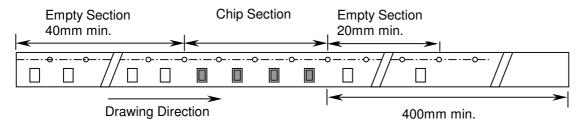


8. Packing

8.1 Bulk Packing

According to customer request.

8.2 Chip Capacitors Tape Packing



8.3 Material And Quantity

Tape	0201	0402	0603/	0805
Material	T≦0.33mm	T≦0.55mm	T≦0.90mm	T>0.90mm
Paper	15,000 pcs/Reel	10,000 pcs/Reel	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA
Plastic	NA	NA	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel

Tape		1206	1210/1808			
Material	T≦0.90mm	$0.90 \text{mm} < T \le 1.25 \text{mm}$	T>1.25mm	T≤1.25mm T>1.25mm		
Paper	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Plastic	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel	2,000 pcs/Reel	3000 pcs/Reel	2000 pcs/Reel	

Tape	1812/1825	/2211/2220	22	25	2208
Material	T≦2.20mm T>2.20mm		$T \leq 2.20$ mm $T > 2.20$ mm		T≦2.20mm
Paper	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Plastic	1000 pcs/Reel 700 pcs/Reel 1		1000 pcs/Reel	400 pcs/Reel	1000 pcs/Reel

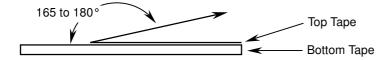
NA: Not Available

8.4 Cover Tape Reel Off Force

8.4.1 Peel-Off Force

 $5 g \cdot f \leq Peel-Off Force \leq 70 g \cdot f$

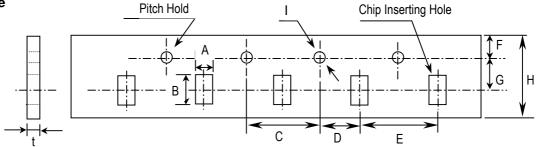
8.4.2 Measure Method



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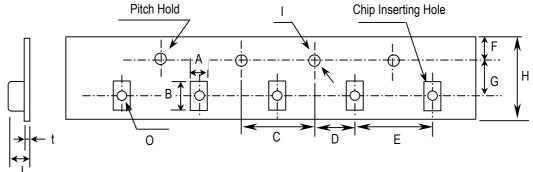


Unit:mm

TYPE	Α	В	С	D	E
0201	0.37± 0.1	0.67± 0.1	4.00± 0.1	2.00± 0.05	2.00± 0.1
0402	0.61± 0.1	1.20± 0.1			
0603	1.10± 0.2	1.90± 0.2			4.00± 0.1
0805	1.50± 0.2	2.30± 0.2			
1206	1.90± 0.2	3.50± 0.2			
1210	2.90± 0.2	3.60± 0.2			

TYPE	F	G	Н		t
0201	1.75± 0.10	3.50± 0.05	8.0± 0.30	φ 1.50 +0.10/-0	1.10 max.
0402					
0603					
0805					
1206					
1210					

8.6 Plastic Tape



Unit:mm

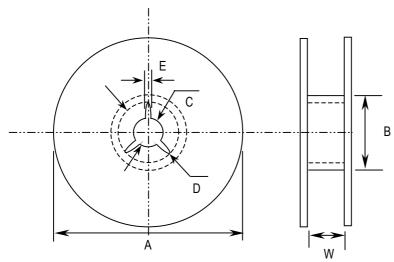
Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
0805	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0± 0.1	2.0± 0.05	4.0± 0.1	1.75± 0.1
1206	1.9±0.2	3.5±0.2				
1210	2.9±0.2	3.6±0.2				
1808	2.5±0.2	4.9±0.2				
1812	3.6±0.2	4.9±0.2			8.0± 0.1	
1825	6.9±0.2	4.9±0.2				
2208	2.5±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2211	3.2±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2220	5.4±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2225	6.9±0.2	6.1±0.2				



Туре	G	Н		J	t	0
0805	3.5± 0.05	8.0± 0.3	φ 1.5+0.1/-0	3.0 max.	0.3 max.	0.15 min.
1206						
1210						
1808	5.5± 0.05	12.0 ± 0.3		4.0 max.		
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220						
2225						

8.7 Reel Dimensions

Reel Material : Polystyrene



Unit:mm

Type	Α	В	С	D	E	W
0201	φ 382 max	arphi 50 min	φ 13± 0.5	φ 21± 0.8	2.0±0.5	10± 0.15
0402						
0603						
0805						
1206						
1210						
1808	φ 178±0.2	φ 60±0.2				13±0.3
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220						
2225						

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Precautionary Notes:

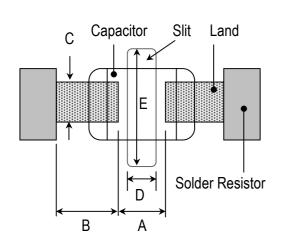
1. Storage

Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity don't exceed 40 °C and 70%RH. We recommend that the capacitors be used within 6 months from the date of manufacturing. Store the products in the original package and do not open the outer wrapped, polyethylene bag, till just before usage. If it is open, seal it as soon as possible or keep it in a desiccant with a desiccation agent.

2. Construction of Board Pattern

Improper circuit layout and pad/land size may cause excessive or not enough solder amount on the PC board. Not enough solder may create weak joint, and excessive solder may increase the potential of mechanical or thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitor. Therefore we recommend the land size to be as shown in the following table:

2.1 Size and recommend land dimensions for reflow soldering .

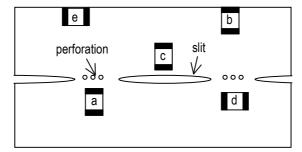


EIA Code	Chip (mm)		Land (mm)				
EIA Code	L	W	Α	В	С	D	Е
0201	0.60	0.30	0.2~0.3	0.2~0.4	0.2~0.4		
0402	1.00	0.50	0.3~0.5	0.3~0.5	0.4~0.6		1
0603	1.60	0.80	0.4~0.6	0.6~0.7	0.6~0.8		1
0805	2.00	1.25	0.7~0.9	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.1		1
1206	3.20	1.60	2.2~2.4	0.8~0.9	1.0~1.4	1.0~2.0	3.2~3.7
1210	3.20	2.50	2.2~2.4	1.0~1.2	1.8~2.3	1.0~2.0	4.1~4.6
1808	4.60	2.00	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	1.5~1.8	1.0~2.8	3.6~4.1
1812	4.60	3.20	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	2.3~3.0	1.0~2.8	4.8~5.3
1825	4.60	6.35	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3
2208	5.70	2.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	1.5~1.8	1.0~4.0	3.6~4.1
2211	5.70	2.80	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	2.0~2.6	1.0~4.0	4.4~4.9
2220	5.70	5.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	3.5~4.8	1.0~4.0	6.6~7.1
2225	5.70	6.35	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3

2.2 Mechanical strength varies according to location of chip capacitors on the P.C. board.

Design layout of components on the PC board such a way to minimize the stress imposed on the components, upon flexure of the boards in depanelization or other processes.

Component layout close to the edge of the board or the "depanelization line" is not recommended. Susceptibility to stress is in the order of: a>b>c and d>e



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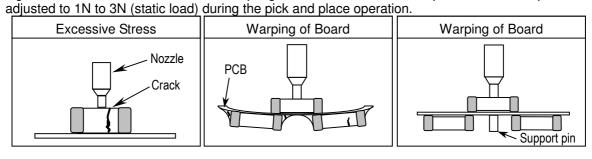


2.3 Layout Recommendation

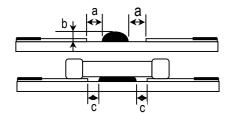
Example	Use of Common Solder Land	Solder With Chassis	Use of Common Solder Land With Other SMD
Need to Avoid	Chip Solder Adhesive PCB Solder Land	Chassis Excessive Solder a	Solder Land
Recommendation	Chip Solder Resist Adhesive PCB Solder Land	Solder Resist $\alpha > \beta$	

3. Mounting

3.1 Sometimes crack is caused by the impact load due to suction nozzle in pick and place operation. In pick and place operation, if the low dead point is too low, excessive stress is applied to component. This may cause cracks in the ceramic capacitor, therefore it is required to move low dead point of a suction nozzle to the higher level to minimize the board warp age and stress on the components. Nozzle pressure is typically



3.2 Amount of Adhesive



 Example : 0805 & 1206

 a
 0.2mm min.

 b
 70 ~ 100 μm

 C
 Do not touch the solder land

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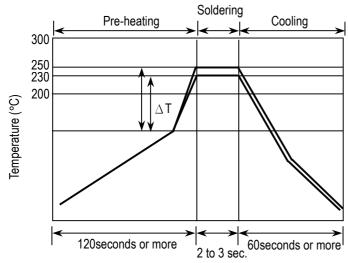


4. Soldering

4.1. Wave Soldering

Most of components are wave soldered with solder at 230 to $250\,^{\circ}$ C. Adequate care must be taken to prevent the potential of thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitors. Refer to the soldering methods below for optimum soldering benefits.

Recommend flow soldering temperature Profile



Soldering Method	Change in Temp.($^{\circ}$ C)
1206 and Under	$\Delta T \le 100 \sim 130 \text{ max}.$

To optimize the result of soldering, proper preheating is essential:

- 1) Preheat temperature is too low
 - a. Flux flows to easily
 - b. Possibility of thermal cracks
- 2) Preheat temperature is too high
 - a. Flux deteriorates even when oxide film is removed
 - b. Causes warping of circuit board
 - c. Loss of reliability in chip and other components

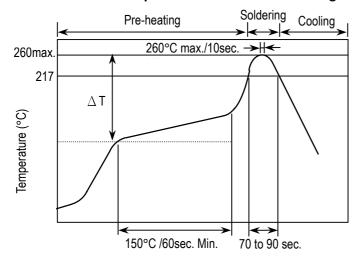
Cooling Condition:

Natural cooling using air is recommended. If the chips are dipped into a solvent for cleaning, the temperature difference (Δ T) between the solvent and the chips must be less than 100 °C.

4.2 Reflow Soldering

Preheat and gradual increase in temperature to the reflow temperature is recommended to decrease the potential of thermal crack on the components. The recommended heating rate depends on the size of component, however it should not exceed $3\,\text{C/Sec}$.

Recommend reflow profile for Lead-Free soldering temperature Profile (MIL-STD-202G #210F)



The cycles of soldering: Twice (max.)

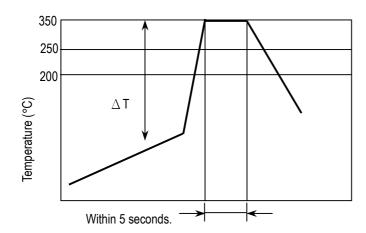
Soldering Method	Change in Temp.(°C)	
1206 and Under	∆T ≦ 190 °C	
1210 and Over	∆T ≦ 130 °C	

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4.3 Hand Soldering

Sudden temperature change in components, results in a temperature gradient recommended in the following table, and therefore may cause internal thermal cracks in the components. In general a hand soldering method is not recommended unless proper preheating and handling practices have been taken. Care must also be taken not to touch the ceramic body of the capacitor with the tip of solder Iron.



Soldering Method	Change in Temp.(°C)
1206 and Under	Δ T \leq 190 $^{\circ}$ C
1210 and Over	∆ T ≦ 130 °C

How to Solder Repair by Solder Iron

1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

The required temperature of solder iron for any type of repair depends on the type of the tip, the substrate material, and the solder land size.

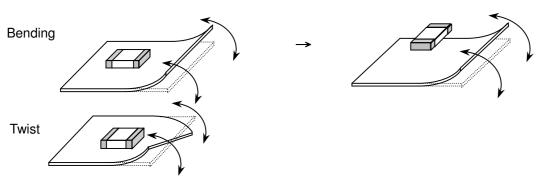
- 2) recommended solder iron condition
 - a.) Preheat the substrate to $(60\,^{\circ}\text{C})$ to $120\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $120\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ on a hot plate. Note that due to the heat loss, the actual setting of the hot plate may have to be higher. (For example $100\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $150\,^{\circ}\text{C}$)
 - b.) Soldering iron power shall not exceed 30 W.
 - c.) Soldering iron tip diameter shall not exceed 3mm.
 - d.) Temperature of iron tip shall not exceed 350 ℃., and the process should be finished within 5 seconds. (refer to MIL-STD-202G)
 - f.) Do not touch the ceramic body with the tip of solder iron. Direct contact of the soldering iron tip to ceramic body may cause thermal cracks.
 - g.) After soldering operation, let the products cool down gradually in the room temperature.

5. Handling after chip mounted

5.1 Proper handling is recommended, since excessive bending and twist of the board, depends on the orientation of the chip on the board, may induce mechanical stress and cause internal crack in the capacitor.

Higher potential of crack

Lower potential of crack



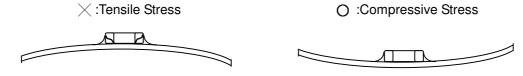
5.2 There is a potential of crack if board is warped due to excessive load by check pin



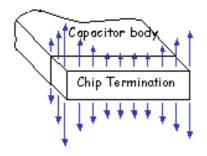
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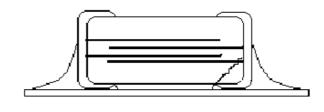


- 5.3 Mechanical stress due to warping and torsion.
 - (a) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by manual separation.
 - (b) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by tensile force, rather than compressive force.



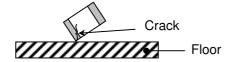
Capacitor Stress Analysis



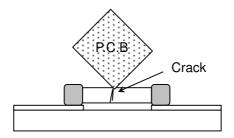


6. Handling of Loose Chip Capacitor

6.1 If dropped the chip capacitor may crack.



6.2 In piling and stacking of the P.C. boards after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitor mounted on another board to cause crack.



7. Safekeeping condition and period

For safekeeping of the products, we recommend to keep the storage temperature between +5 to +40 °C and under humidity of 20 to 75% RH. The shelf life of capacitors is 6 months.

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