# MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os RELAY ANALOG / DIGITAL PLUS 

Wi-Fi \& Bluetooth
Controller User Guide:


MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os ANALOG / DIGITAL User Guide

Revised, May 2019

## Preface

# This User Guide is been implemented by Boot \& Work, S.L. working under the name Industrial Shields. 

## Purpose of the manual

The information contained in this manual can be used as a reference to operating, to functions, and to the technical data of the signal modules, power supply modules and interface modules.

## Intended Audience

This User Guide is intended for the following audience:

- Persons in charge of introducing automation devices.
- Persons who design automation systems.
- Persons who install or connect automation devices.
- Persons who manage working automation installation.


## Warnings:

- Unused pins should not be connected. Ignoring the directive may damage the controller.
- Improper use of this product may severely damage the controller.
- Refer to the controller's User Guide regarding wiring considerations.
- Before using this product, it is the responsibility of the user to read the product's User Guide and all accompanying documentation.


## Application Considerations and Warranty

## Read and Understand this Manual

Please read and understand this manual before using the product. Please consult your comments or questions to Industrial Shields before using the product.

## Application Consideration

## THE PRODUCTS CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT ARE NOT SAFETY RATED. THEY SHOULD NOT BE RELIED UPON AS A SAFETY COMPONENT OR PROTECTIVE DEVICE FOR ENSURING SAFETY OF PERSONS, AS THEY ARE NOT RATED OR DESSIGNED FOR SUCH PURPOSES.

Please know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to the products.

## FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESSIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, NEVER USE THE INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS PRODUCTS.

## NEVER USE THE INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS PRODUCTS BEFORE THEY ARE PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

Industrial Shields shall not be responsible for conformity with any codes, regulations or standards that apply to the combination of products in the customer's application or use of the product.

The following are some examples of applications for which particular attention must be given. This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all possible uses of the products, nor is it intended to imply that the uses may be suitable for the products:

- Systems, machines, and equipment that could present a risk to life or property.
- Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, vehicles, safety equipment, and installation subject to separate industry or government regulations.
- Outdoor use, uses involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or conditions or uses not described in this document.

At the customer's request, INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use that apply to the products. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the products in combination with the system, machine, end product, or other application or use.

## Disclaimers

## Weights and Dimensions

Dimensions and weights are nominal and they are not used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

## Performance Data

The performance data given in this manual is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS's test conditions, and the users most correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

## Change in Specifications

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons.

It is our practice to change model numbers when features are changed, or published ratings or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the products may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special numbers may be assigned to fix or stablish key specifications for your application on your request. Please consult with your INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased products.

## Errors and Omissions

The information in this document has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical, or proofreading errors, or omissions.

## Warranty and Limitations of Liability

## Warranty

Industrial Shields's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by Industrial Shields.

INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, REGARDING MERCHANABILITY, NONINFRINGEMENT, OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. ANY BUYER OR USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE BUYER OR USER ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED

## Limitations of Liability

INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS OR COMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE, OR STRICT LIABILITY.

IN NO EVENT SHALL INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS BE RESPONISBLE FOR WARRANTY, REPAIR OR OTHER CLAIMS REGARDING THE PRODUCTS UNLESS INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS'S ANALYSIS CONFIRMS THAT THE PRODUCTS WERE PROPERLY HANDLED, STORED, INSTALLED, AND MAINTAINED AND NOT SUBJECT TO CONTAMINATION, ABUSE, MISUSE, OR INAPPROPIATE MODIFICATION OR REPAIR.

## Table of Contents

1 General Description Wi-Fi \& Bluetooth CONTROLLER ..... 10
1.1 Zone - Nomenclature ..... 10
1.2 Zone Distribution ..... 11
1.3 A Zone Features ..... 11
1.4 Mechanical dimension ..... 12
1.5 General Features ..... 13
2 Technical Specifications: ..... 14
2.1 General Specifications: ..... 14
2.2 Performance Specification: ..... 14
3 Precautions. ..... 15
3.1 Arduino Board ..... 15
3.2 Intended Audience ..... 15
3.3 General Precautions ..... 15
4 Software interface ..... 15
5 How to connect PLC Arduino to PC ..... 19
6 How to connect PLC to power supply ..... 20
7 M-duino Family Pinout ..... 21
7.1 A Zone connection ..... 21
7.2 B Zone (Relay Shield) ¡Error! Marcador no definido.
7.3 C Zone (Relay Shield) ..... 23
7.4 D Zone (Relay Shield) ¡Error! Marcador no definido.
8 Switch Configuration. ..... 25
8.1 A Zone: Communications ..... 26
8.2 Relay Shield ..... 28
9 I/Os 5V pins ..... 28
9.1 I2C pins - SDA/SCL ..... 29
9.2 Serial 0 - RXO/TXO ..... 29
9.3 Serial 1 - RX1/TX1 ..... 29
9.4 SPI - MISO/MOSI/SCK ..... 30
9.5 Pin 2/Pin 3 ..... 30
10 A Zone Features: Communications \& RTC \& uSD ..... 31
10.1 RS-232 ..... 31
10.2 RS-485 ..... 31
10.3 I2C ..... 31
10.4 SPI ..... 32
10.5 TTL ..... 32
10.6 Ethernet ..... 32
10.7 RTC ..... 32
10.8 uSD ..... 33
10.9 WiFi \& BLE ..... 34
10.9.1 General Specifications: ..... 34
10.9.2 WiFi \& Bluetooth Module Configuration ..... 34
11 I/O technical details: ..... 37
12 Typical Connections ..... 39
13 Connector details: ..... 43
14 Mechanical Characteristics ..... 43

## INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS

## 1 General Description Wi-Fi \& Bluetooth CONTROLLER

### 1.1 Zone - Nomenclature

The nomenclature shown in this point will be used in the whole User Guide, so it is important to understand this nomenclature.

The nomenclature to differentiate the zones is based on the Alphabet, being A the shield from below and $D$ the shield from above. The nomenclature is represented on the picture below:


- The inputs in the zone $B$ are named $I 0 . X$, being $X$ any number suitable in the Shield. Outputs are named as Q0.X.
- The inputs in the zone $C$ are named II.X, being $X$ any number suitable in the Shield. Relays as R1.X
- The inputs in the zone $D$ are named $I 2 . X$, being $X$ any number suitable in the Shield. Outputs are named as Q2.X.


### 1.2 Zone Distribution



### 1.3 A Zone Features

| Shield | A Zone |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | (1x) Ethernet |
|  | (1x) USB |
|  | (1x) I2C |
|  | (3x) TTL |
| (1x) RS-232 |  |
| Communication | (1x) HALF/FULL Duplex RS-485 |
| Shield | (1x) SPI external Port |
|  | (1x) RTC |
|  | (1x) uSD Socket |
|  | (1x) WiFi \& BLE |
|  |  |

### 1.4 Mechanical dimension



M-Duino 3 BLOCK I/Os

### 1.5 General Features

| CONECTABLE PLC ARDUINO 24Vcc M-DUINO |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODEL TYPE | WiFi \& BLE Controller General Spec. |  |
| Input Voltage | 12 to 24 Vdc | Fuse protection (2.5A) Polarity protection |
| I max. | 1.5A |  |
| Size | $101 \times 119.5 \times 70.1$ | $101 \times 119.5 \times 119.3$ |
| Clock Speed | 16 MHz |  |
| Flash Memory | 256 KB of which 8 KB used by bootloader |  |
| SRAM | 8KB |  |
| EEPROM | 4KB |  |
| Communications | I2C - Ethernet Port - USB - WiFi \&BLE - RS485 - RS232 -- SPI - (1x) Rx, Tx (Arduino pins) | Max232-Max485-W5500-ESP32 |
| USB consideration! | Only meant for uploading or debugging, not always connected as a serial in a project! | Cannot be working in a final application |
| An/Dig Input 10bit (0-10Vcc) | 0 to 10 V Input Impedance: 39 K Separated PCB ground |  |
| Digital Isolated Input (24Vcc) | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { to } 24 \mathrm{Vdc} \\ & \text { I min: } 2 \text { to } 12 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { Galvanic Isolation } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| * Interrupt isolated Input HS ( 24 V cc) | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { to } 24 \mathrm{Vdc} \\ & \text { I min: } 2 \text { to } 12 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { Galvanic Isolation } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Analog Output 8bit (0-10Vcc) | 0 to 10 Vdc I max: 20 mA Separated PCB ground |  |
| Digital Isolated Output (24Vcc) | 5 to 24 Vdc I max: 70 mA Galvanic Isolation Diode Protected for Relay | Imax 24Vdc: 410 mA |
| PWM Isolated Output 8bit (24Vcc) | 5 to 24 Vdc I max: 70 mA Galvanic Isolation Diode Protected for Relay |  |
| Relay Output | I max: 5A <br> V max: 24VDC / 230VAC |  |
| Expandability | I2C - 127 elements - Serial Port RS232/RS485/WiFi/BLE |  |
| * By using this type of signal can no longer use Digital signal (24Vdc) |  |  |

## 2 Technical Specifications:

### 2.1 General Specifications:

| Item |  | M-DUINO B ZONE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply voltage | DC power supply | 12 to 24 Vdc |
| Operating voltage range | DC power supply | 11.4 to 25.4 Vdc |
| Power consumption | DC power supply | 30VAC max. |
| External power supply | Power supply voltage | 24 Vdc |
|  | Power supply output capacity | 700Ma |
| Insulation resistance |  | $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min.at 500 Vdc between the AC terminals and the protective earth terminal. |
| Dielectric strength |  | 2.300 VAC at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for one minute with a leakage current of 10 mA max. Between all the external AC terminals and the protective ground terminal. |
| Shock resistance |  | $80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ in the $X, Y$ and $Z$ direction 2 times each. |
| Ambient temperature (operating) |  | 0 - to $45{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Ambient humidity (operating) |  | 10\% to 90\% (no condensation) |
| Ambient environment (operating) |  | With no corrosive gas |
| Ambient temperature (storage) |  | $-20^{\circ}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Power supply holding time |  | $2 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{min}$. |
| Weight |  | 860g max. |

### 2.2 Performance Specification:

| Arduino Board | ARDUINO MEGA 2560 |
| :---: | :--- |
| Control method | Stored program method |
| I/O control method | Combination of the cyclic scan and immediate refresh processing methods. |
| Programming language | Arduino IDE. Based on wiring (Wiring is an Open Source electronics platform composed of a <br> programming language. "similar to the C". http://arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/HomePage |
| Microcontroller | ATmega2560 |
| Flash Memory | 256 KB of which 8KB are used by the bootloader |
| Program capacity (SRAM) | 8 KB |
| EEPROM | 4 KB |
| Clock Speed | 16 MHz |
| Clock Speed | 16 MHz |

## 3 Precautions

Read this manual before attempting to use the WiFi \& BLE PLC and follow its descriptions for reference during operation.

### 3.1 Arduino Board

The MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os ANALOG/DIGITAL PLUS includes an Arduino Mega Board as controller and a ESP32 Dev programmable chip as a Wi-Fi \& BLE gateway.

### 3.2 Intended Audience

This manual is intended for technicians, which must have knowledge on electrical systems.

### 3.3 General Precautions

The user must operate M-Duino according to the performance specifications described in this manual.

Before using the MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os ANALOG / DIGITAL PLUS under different conditions from what has been specified in this manual or integrating into nuclear control systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicles, combustion systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, safety equipment and other systems, machines, and equipment that may have a serious influence on lives and property if used improperly, consult your INDUSTRIAL SHIELDS representative. Ensure that the rating and performance characteristics of the Ethernet/WiFi/BLE Controller are sufficient for the systems, machines, and equipment, and be sure to provide the systems, machines, and equipment double safety mechanisms. This manual provides information for programming and operating the MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os ANALOG / DIGITAL PLUS.

## 4 Software interface

Industrial Shields PLC are programmed using Arduino IDE, which is a software based on the C language. They can also be programmed using directly C but it is much easier working with Arduino IDE as it provides lots of libraries that helps in the programming.

Industrial Shields provides boards for programming the PLCs much easier. Basically it is no needed to define the pins and if that pins are inputs or outputs. Everything is set up automatically if using the boards.

In order to install Industrial Shields boards, these are the steps that must be followed.

## Requirements:

Arduino IDE 1.8 .0 or above (better to have always the latest version).

## Steps:

1. Open Arduino IDE and go to: "File -> Preferences" located in the top left corner.

2. In Additional Boards Manager URLs write the following:
http://apps.industrialshields.com/main/arduino/boards/package industrialshields index.json
3. Press OK to save the changes.
4. Go to: Tools -> Board: ... -> Boards Manager

5. Search for "industrialshields" on the browser.

6. Click install (selecting the latest version).

Following these steps you will be able to see now the Industrial Shields Boards:


Once it is selected the Ardbox Family or M-Duino family an extra option will appear on Tools:
There, it can be selected the exact model for every family. In this case M-Duino 54ARA+


Also there are some examples of programming in File -> Examples -> M-Duino Family. Furthermore there are some extra libraries that can be found in Industrial Shields github.

## 5 How to connect PLC Arduino to PC

- Connect USB port from PLC to PC.


## NOTE:

M-Duino Family uses USB-B cable.


- Open Arduino IDE interface:
- Select Industrial Shields boards -> M-Duino Family
- Select the correct M-Duino Board:

M-Duino 54ARA+


- Select correct port.



## 6 How to connect PLC to power supply

- M-Duino Family PLCs are $12-24 \mathrm{Vdc}$ supplied. IMPORTANT: The polarity IS NOT REVERSAL!
- Make sure that the live and GND connector of the power supply match the PLC.
- Make sure that the power supply mains output is not higher than 24 Vdc .

- Suggested power suppliers

* Not recommended for industrial applications. The Jack connector needs to be removed and use the live and GND connectors.



## 7 M-duino Family Pinout

### 7.1 A Zone connection

| Base (common unit) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A Zone |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| SCL | 21 | I2C/SS |
| SDA | 20 | 12C/SS |
| RXO | 1 | RXO/SS |
| TXO | 0 | TX0/SS |
| NC | - | Not Connected |
| NC | - | Not Connected |
| TX | 16 | RX2(serial 2) |
| RX | 17 | TX2(serial 2) |
| Z- | - | RS485 |
| $\mathbf{Y}^{+}$ | - | RS485 |
| B- | - | RS485 |
| A+ | - | RS485 |
| PIN3 | 3 | Arduino Pin |
| 50 SO | 50 | SPI |
| 51 SI | 51 | SPI |
| 52 SCK | 52 | SPI |
| Reset | Reset | SPI |
| Vin5 | Vin5 | 5 V |
| PIN2 | 2 | Arduino Pin |
| GND |  | Gnd |
| GND | - | Gnd |
| 24Vdc |  | Power Supply |



SS: Chip Select pins. These pins can act as TTL, so they can work for the Chip Select pin of any device.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Base } \\ \text { (common unit) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A Zone |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \\ & \frac{0}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| AREF | AREF | Arduino PIN |
| IOREF2 | IOREF2 | Arduino PIN |
| IOREF1 | IOREF1 | Arduino PIN |
| 7 Vdc | 7Vdc | - |
| GND | GND | GND |
| 3.3 Vdc | 3.3 Vdc | Arduino PIN |
| GND | GND | GND |
| 5Vdc | 5 Vdc | - |
| GND | GND | GND |



*NOTE: Autoreset. Arduino mega has auto reset when using serial communication code. Set switch to OFF when using serial communication. When uploading code to Arduino Mega set switch to ON.

### 7.2 B Zone (Analog Shield)

| B Zone |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

Top Zone


Led indicator I/Os state

| B Zone |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| GND | GND | GND |
| A0.7 ${ }^{1}$ | 6 | Analog Out |
| A0.6 ${ }^{1}$ | 5 | Analog Out |
| A0.5 ${ }^{1}$ | 4 | Analog Out |
| Q/Vdc | - | External Isolated Out Vdc |
| COM(-) | - | External Isolated Out GND |
| Q0.7 ${ }^{1}$ | 6 | Digital/PWM Out |
| Q0.6 ${ }^{1}$ | 5 | Digital/PWM Out |
| Q0.5 ${ }^{1}$ | 4 | Digital/PWM Out |
| Q0.4 | 40 | Digital Out |
| Q0.3 | 39 | Digital Out |
| Q0.2 | 38 | Digital Out |
| Q0.1 | 37 | Digital Out |
| Q0.0 | 36 | Digital Out |



Analog/Digital Inputs

Interrupt Inputs (isolated)

Digital Inputs (isolated)


Configuration Switch*
(see section 8 to select the correct configuration for outputs).

Analog Outputs

Voltage Supply/Reference for Digital/PWM Outputs (isolated)

PWM/Digital Outputs

[^0]
### 7.3 C Zone (Relay Shield)

| C Zone |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| R1.8 | 42 | Relay Out |
| R1.7 | 43 | Relay Out |
| R1.6 | 44 | Relay Out |
| R1.5 | 45 | Relay Out |
| R1.4 | 29 | Relay Out |
| A1.2 ${ }^{1}$ | 11 | Analog Out |
| A1.1 ${ }^{1}$ | 10 | Analog Out |
| A1.0 ${ }^{1}$ | 8 | Analog Out |
| GND | GND | GND |
| Q1.2 ${ }^{1}$ | 11 | Digital/PWM Out |
| Q1.1 ${ }^{1}$ | 10 | Digital/PWM Out |
| Q1.0 ${ }^{1}$ | 8 | Digital/PWM Out |
| GNDCOM | - | External Isolated Out GND |
| 24VCOM | - | External Isolated Out Vdc |

Top Zone


Led indicator I/Os state

| C Zone |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { in } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { O } \\ & \frac{0}{3} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R0.3 } \\ & \text { R0.2 } \\ & \text { R0.1 } \\ & \text { GND } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 30 \\ 27 \\ 28 \\ \text { GND } \end{gathered}$ | Relay Out Relay Out Relay Out GND |
| 10.5 | 63 | Analog/Digital Input |
| 10.4 | 62 | Analog/Digital Input |
| 10.3 | 61 | Analog/Digital Input |
| 10.2 | 60 | Analog/Digital Input |
| $10.1^{1}$ | 19 | Interrupt 1 In |
| (-)10.1 | - | GND I0.1 |
| $10.0{ }^{1}$ | 18 | Interrupt 0 In |
| (-)10.0 | - | GND 10.0 |



Relay Outputs

Analog Output (Switch Configuration)

Digital/PWM Outputs (isolated)

RELAY Outputs

## Analog/Digital Inputs

Interrupt Inputs (isolated)

Configuration Switch*
(see section 8 to select correct configuration for outputs).

### 7.4 D Zone (Analog Shield)

| D Zone |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 12.12 | NC | NC |
| 12.11 | NC | NC |
| 12.10 | 69 | Analog/ Digital In |
| 12.9 | 68 | Analog/ Digital In |
| 12.8 | 67 | Analog/ Digital In |
| 12.7 | 66 | Analog/ Digital In |
| (-)12.6/INT1 | - | GND I2.6 |
| 12.6/INT1 ${ }^{1}$ | 21 | Interrupt 1 In |
| (-)12.5/INTO | - | GND 12.5 |
| 12.5/INT0 ${ }^{1}$ | 20 | Interrupt 0 In |
| (-)12.4 | NC | NC |
| 12.4 | NC | NC |
| (-)12.3 | - | GND I2.3 |
| 12.3 | 35 | Digital Input |
| (-)12.2 | - | GND I2.2 |
| 12.2 | 34 | Digital Input |
| (-)\|2.1 | - | GND I2.1 |
| 12.1 | 33 | Digital Input |
| (-)12.0 | - | GND I2.0 |
| 12.0 | 32 | Digital Input |



Analog/Digital Inputs

Interrupt Inputs (isolated)

Digital Inputs (isolated)

| D Zone |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| GND | GND | GND |
| A2. 7 | NC | - |
| A2.6 ${ }^{1}$ | 13 | Analog Out |
| A2.5 ${ }^{1}$ | 12 | Analog Out |
| Q/Vdc | - | External Isolated Out Vdc |
| COM(-) | - | External Isolated Out GND |
| Q2.7 | NC | - |
| Q2.6 ${ }^{1}$ | 13 | Digital/PWM Out |
| Q2.5 ${ }^{1}$ | 12 | Digital/PWM Out |
| Q2.4 | NC | - |
| Q2. 3 | 49 | Digital Out |
| Q2.2 | 48 | Digital Out |
| Q2.1 | 47 | Digital Out |
| Q2.0 | 53 | Digital Out |



Configuration Switch*
(see section 8 to select the correct configuration for outputs).

Analog Outputs

Voltage Supply/Reference for Digital/PWM Outputs (isolated)

PWM/Digital Outputs

See section 8 to select suitable switch configuration for enable these connections.

## 8 Switch Configuration

### 8.1 A Zone: Communications

| LEFT ZONE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch | Relay Shield |  |
| D ZONE |  |  |
| C ZONE |  |  |
| SCL/I2.6 | I2.6 | SCL |
| SDA/I2.5 | I2.5 | SDA |
| B ZONE |  |  |
| RX1/I1.1 | I1.1 | RX1 |
| TX1/I1.0 | I1.0 | TX1 |
| Pin 3/I0.6 |  |  |
| Pin 2/I0.5 | I0.6 | Pin 3 |
| uSD \& RS-485 |  |  |
| D53(SD) | Pin 2 |  |
| FD RS-485 HD | HD | SD |


| OFF ON |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| SCL / 12.6 | $\square$ |
| SDA / I2.5 | $\square m$ |
| Rx1/I1.1 | $\xrightarrow{\text { N }}$ |
| Tx1 / 11.0 | $\square-$ 亿 |
| Pin3 / 10.6 | - |
| Pin2 / 10.5 | $\square m$ |
| D53(SD) | $\xrightarrow{\text { N }}$ |
| FD RS485 HD | $\square-$ 亿 |
| OFF ON |  |

4. SCL/I2.6: Choosing between SCL or the input I2.6. If this switch is ON, it enables the I2.6 input and disables the SCL. If this switch is OFF it enables SCL and disables I2.6.
5. SDA/I2.5: Choosing between SCL or the input I2.5. If this switch is ON, it enables the 12.5 input and disables the SCL. If this switch is OFF it enables SCL and disables I2.5.
6. $\mathbf{R X 1 / I 1 . 1}$ : Choosing between RX1 or the input I1.1. If this switch is ON, it enables the I1.1 input and disables the RX1. If this switch is OFF, it enables RX1 and disables I1.1.
7. TX1/I1.0: Choosing between TX1 or the input I1.0. If this switch is ON, it enables the I1.0 input and disables the TX1. If this switch is OFF, it enables TX1 and disables I1.0.
8. Pin 3/IO.6: Choosing between Pin 3 or the input IO.6. If this switch is ON, it enables the 10.6 input and disables the Pin 3. If this switch is OFF, it enables Pin 3 and disables I0.6.
9. Pin 2/I0.5: Choosing between Pin 2 or the input IO.5. If this switch is ON, it enables the I0.5 input and disables the Pin 2. If this switch is OFF, it enables Pin 3 and disables 10.5.
10. D53(SD): ALWAYS AT OFF POSITION. On a MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os ANALOG/DIGITAL PLUS Controller this switch is not connected. It allows the uSD storage.
11. FD RS-485 HD: Choosing between FD or HF. If this switch is ON, it enables the Half Duplex (HD) option and disables the FD. If this switch is OFF, it enables Full Duplex (FD) and disables HD.

| LEFT ZONE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWITCH | ON | OFF |
| NC | - | - |
| NC | - | - |
| RTC SCL | RTC | - |
| RTC SDA | RTC | - |



1. RTC SDA: This switch enables the communication to communicate with the RTC using I2C. Having this switch in ON mode it actives this communication, whereas if it is in OFF mode it disables the I2C to reach the RTC.
2. RTC SCL: This switch enables the communication to communicate with the RTC using I2C. Having this switch in ON mode it actives this communication, whereas if it is in OFF mode it disables the I2C to reach the RTC.
3. NC: Not connected. This switch is not connected to anything, it doesn't matter if it is in ON mode or OFF mode.
4. NC: Not connected. This switch is not connected to anything, it doesn't matter if it is in ON mode or OFF mode.

### 8.2 Analog / Relay Switches

| B ZONE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWITCH | ON | OFF |
| NC | - | - |
| Q0.7 | Q0.7 | A0.7 |
| Q0.6 | Q0.6 | A0.6 |
| Q0.5 | Q0.5 | A0.5 |


| C ZONE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWITCH | ON | OFF |
| NC | - | - |
| Q1.2 | Q1.2 | A1.2 |
| Q1.1 | Q1.1 | A1.1 |
| Q1.0 | Q1.0 | A1.0 |


| D ZONE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWITCH | ON | OFF |
| NC | - | - |
| Q2.7 | - | - |
| Q2.6 | Q2.6 | A2.6 |
| Q2.5 | Q2.5 | A2.5 |



For the Relay Shield if a switch is set to ON, it can only act as Digital Output. If it is set to OFF it can only act as an Analog Output.

If it is desired to use a Digital Output the pin must be set to ON and the pin that will provide this digital output is represented with QO.X, being $X$ any number of the tables above.

If it is desired to use an Analog Output the pin must be set to OFF and the pin that will provide this analog output is represented with A0.X, being $X$ any number of the tables above.

## 9 I/Os 5V pins

The MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os ANALOG/DIGITAL PLUS has some of the Mega board pins available. These pins can be programmed according to Arduino features such as I/Os operating at 5V or any additional features present in the pins (for example I2C communication in pins SCL and SDA). As this pins are directly connected to the Arduino Mega board they are not as well protect as the normal inputs. These pins are mainly meant to be used as prototyping.

The Arduino board available pins are summarized in the table below. In order to access some of these pins the configuration switch must be set to OFF position (see section 8) and some extra considerations must be taken in consideration when using these pins.

| M-Duino terminal | Arduino pin | Enable Arduino pin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SCL | 21 | Communication switch: OFF |
| SDA | 20 | Communication switch OFF |
| RX0 | 0 |  |
| TX0 | 1 |  |
| RX1 | 19 | DON'T USE! |
| TX1 | 18 | DON'T USE! |


| MISO | 50 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOSI | 51 |  |
| SCK | 52 |  |
| Pin 3 | 3 | Communication switch: OFF |
| Pin 2 | 2 | Communication switch: OFF |

*IMPORTANT: Do not connect the terminals in the chart above to voltages higher than 5V. These terminals provide direct access to the Mega board.

A part from the switch configuration there are some special conditions depending on these 5V. Now it is going to be shown the considerations to operate with these pins.

### 9.1 I2C pins - SDA/SCL

The I2C protocol is meant to work in a pull-up configuration. A pull-up configuration means that when the pin is at rest (nothing connected to it) it always reads a HIGH value. In this case it reads 5 V when nothing is connected. The pull-up configuration is stablished by default in these pins.

If it is meant to work them as a GPIO at 5V, it has to be considered that they are pull-up inputs.
*IMPORTANT: I2.5 \& I2.6 are not pull-up inputs although they are referred to the I2C pins (switch configuration). There is a "reverse pull-up circuit "that is stablished in order to have the same behaviour as the other inputs.

### 9.2 Serial 0 - RX0/TX0

The Serial0 protocol can work also as a 5V pin. These pins should be used ultimately, only in case that all the 5 V pins are already performing a function. This is because they are shared with the USB interface. If using these pins, the USB communication cannot be working at the same time. When the PLC is not installed, the USB communication is normally required for debugging, uploading and intercommunicating with the Ethernet controller. If using both interfaces at the same time the Arduino board will get blocked.

These pins are not stablished with a pull-up or a pull-down configuration. The state of these pins is unknown. If these pins must be used, they require a pull-up or a pull-down configuration. The Arduino board allows the pins to be set in a pull-up configuration. If not it must be stablished an external pull-up or pull-down circuit in order to correctly work with these pins.

### 9.3 Serial 1 - RX1/TX1

In the WiFi \& BLE Controller, Serial 1 is used to communicate through the ESP32 integrated in the MDUINO PLC ARDUINO ETHERNET \& WIFI \& BLE 54ARA I/Os ANALOG/DIGITAL PLUS.

## DON’T USE SERIAL 1

### 9.4 SPI - MISO/MOSI/SCK

These pins can only work as a 5 V pins if the Ethernet protocol is not going to be used. As the Ethernet protocol uses the SPI to communicate with the Arduino board, both behaviours cannot happen at the same time as the Ethernet would not work.

These pins are not stablished with a pull-up or a pull-down configuration. The state of these pins is unknown. If these pins must be used, they require a pull-up or a pull-down configuration. The Arduino board allows the pins to be set in a pull-up configuration. If not it must be stablished an external pull-up or pull-down circuit in order to correctly work with these pins.

### 9.5 Pin 2/Pin 3

These pins are only referred to the inputs $10.0 / 10.1$. If the switch configuration is in OFF position the pins Pin 2/Pin 3 will be available.

These pins are not stablished with a pull-up or a pull-down configuration. The state of these pins is unknown. If these pins must be used, they require a pull-up or a pull-down configuration. The Arduino board allows the pins to be set in a pull-up configuration. If not it must be stablished an external pull-up or pull-down circuit in order to correctly work with these pins.

## 10 A Zone Features: Communications \& RTC \& uSD

### 10.1 RS-232

The Arduino Mega function code to access the RS-232 port in the M-Duino is Serial2 (pins 16 and 17 of the Arduino Mega).

For the RS-232 communication protocol there isn't any switch that affects it. So it does not matter the configuration of the switches to implement a RS-232 communication.

Using the boards of Industrial Shields, there is a library that simplifies the RS-232 implementation.

### 10.2 RS-485

For RS485 communication protocol the defined Arduino Mega pins are showed in the chart below.

| Function | Arduino Pin |
| :--- | :--- |
| DI | 14 |
| RO | 15 |
| RE | 11 |
| DE | 46 |

For the RS-485 communication protocol there is only one switch that affects in this communication. The RS-485 protocol will be always enabled, the only switch that affects is the one called "FD rs-485 HD" (See Section 8). This switch makes the choosing between RS-485 Half Duplex or RS-485 Full Duplex (RS-422).

Using the boards of Industrial Shields, there is a library that simplifies the RS-485 implementation.

### 10.3 I2C

I2C communication DOES NOT REQUIRE a pull-up resistor for the M-Duino Family. The pull-up resistor is already implemented in the PCB.

I2C communication is configured by switches, so the switches must be configured in order to enable the I2C communication.

To enable I2C the switches SCL/I2.6(I2.1) \& SDA/I2.5(I2.0) must be set to OFF mode. In this mode the inputs are totally disabled and the I2C is now enabled.

Industrial Shields does not provide any library to implement the I2C as it can be used the standard library of Arduino called Wire.

### 10.4 SPI

The M-Duino pins used for the SPI bus are summarized in the table below. For SPI bus MISO, MOSI and CLOCK pins are common to all the connected devices to the M-Duino, conversely, each of the connected devices will have a single and dedicated SS pin.

| Function | M-Duino connection | Mega board pin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MISO | 50 S0 | 50 |
| MOSI | 51 SI | 51 |
| CLOCK | 52 SCK | 52 |
| Reset | Reset | Reset |
| SS | SCL/SDA/RXO/TXO/RX1/TX1/RX3/TX3/Pin2/Pin3 | $21 / 20 / 1 / 0 / 19 / 18 / 15 / 14 / 2 / 3$ |

Check the switch configuration at section 8 to enable SS pins.

### 10.5 TTL

M-Duino has one TTL port, RX0/TX0 (RX1/TX1 is used for Wi-Fi and BLE communication). TTLO is accessed with the function Serial (pins 0 and 1 of the Arduino Mega).

### 10.6 Ethernet

M-Duino Ethernet port controller is based on w5500 IC, which is the compatible IC compatible with Arduino Ethernet2 Shield libraries. All Ethernet shield Arduino libraries are compatible with the M-Duino. In the M-Duino, W5500 IC communicates to the Mega board via SPI bus (SS Arduino Mega pin 10).

### 10.7 RTC

M-Duino RTC Module is based on the DS1307 Chip. This chip works with the I2C protocol communication, so it is required to have enabled the I2C protocol.

4 switches have to be configured in order to enable the RTC features:

| LEFT ZONE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWITCH | ON | OFF |
| NC | - | - |
| NC | - | - |
| RTC SCL | RTC | - |
| RTC SDA | RTC | - |

RTC SCL \& RTC SDA must be set to ON mode to enable the I2C wires to the RTC. If they are in OFF mode, the Arduino won't communicate with the RTC.

| Switch | Analog Shield |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ON | OFF |
| SCL/I2.6 | 12.6 | SCL |
| SDA/I2.5 | 12.5 | SDA |

I2C must be enabled in order to communicate with the RTC. See section 11 I2C to enable it.

Using the boards of Industrial Shields, there is a library that simplifies the RTC implementation called RTC.

## 10.8 uSD

The micro SD uses the SPI communication to interact with the Arduino Mega. The SPI protocol is always enabled, as there are no switches that configure it. However, there is a switch that must be placed to ON mode in order to communicate with the uSD:

D53(SD): If this Switch is OFF, it enables the Chip Select of the microSD socket and disables Q2.0. If this switch is ON , it enables the Q2.0 output. If the switch is in ON mode the microSD can't be used.

The uSD socket is found in the TOP part of the communication Shields, so in the frontal part of the PLC, it is required to open the plastic found in the frontal part and the socket is located under the supply of the Arduino.

| Switch | Analog Shield |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ON | OFF |
| D53(SD) | Q2.0 | D53(SD) |

Using the boards of Industrial Shields, there is a library that simplifies the uSD implementation called SD. It is the same as the Arduino library, with the only modification of using the pin 53 to select the Chip Select of the uSD chip.

### 10.9 WiFi \& BLE

The WiFi and Bluetooth integrated module consists in a single 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi and Bluetooth combo chip designed with the TSMC ultra-low-power 40 nm technology. It is designed to achieve the best power and RF performance, showing robustness, versatility and reliability in a wide variety of applications and power scenarios. Some applications are Generic Low-power IoT Sensor Hub, Generic Low-power loT Data Loggers and Mesh Network.
It is designed for Internet-of-Things (IoT) applications.

### 10.9.1 General Specifications:

## Wi-Fi

- $802.11 \mathrm{~b} / \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{n}$
- $\quad 802.11 \mathrm{n}(2.4 \mathrm{GHz})$, up to 150 Mbps


## Bluetooth

- Bluetooth 4.2 BR/EDR BLE dual mode controller
- $\quad+12 \mathrm{dBm}$ transmitting power
- NZIF receiver with -97 dBm BLE sensitivity


### 10.9.2 WiFi \& Bluetooth Module Configuration

In order to configure the WiFi \& BLE module, you must connect it to a PC. To connect it you will need a micro USB to USB cable.

The slot for the micro USB input is located on the right side of your equipment.

To load the program into the ESP32 you have to install the board on the Arduino IDE software. Go to File > Preferences and into Additional Boards Manager URLs add the next URL: https://dl.espressif.com/dl/package esp32 index.json
*If you already have one URL put it next to the other separeted by coma, like in the image below.


Now you are able to install the board. Go to Tools > Boards > Boards Manager and search by ESP32.
Will appear the esp32 by Espressif Systems. Install it.

Once it is installed go to Tools > Boards and choose ESP32 Dev Module

File Edit Sketch Tools Help

| ( $\rightarrow$ - | Auto Format Ctrl+T |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Archive Sketch |  |
| sketch_may 17 | Fix Encoding \& Reload |  |
| void set | Serial Monitor Ctrl+Shift+M |  |
| // put y | Serial Plotter Ctrl+Shift+L |  |
|  | Wifi101 Firmware Updater |  |
| \} | Board: "ESP32 Dev Module" > | LilyPad Arduino |
|  | Flash Mode: "QIO" > |  |
| void loop( // put y | Flash Frequency: "80MHz" > | Arduino Pro or Pro Mini |
|  | CPU Frequency: "240MHz (WiFi/BT)" | Arduino NG or older |
|  | Flash Size: "4MB (32Mb)" > | Arduino Robot Control |
| \} | PSRAM: "Disabled" | Arduino Robot Motor <br> Arduino Gemma |
|  | Partition Scheme: "Default 4MB with spiffs (1.2MB APP/1.5MB SPIFFS)" > |  |
|  | Upload Speed: "921600" | Arduino Gemma <br> Adafruit Circuit Playground |
|  | Core Debug Level: "None" | Arduino Yún Mini |
|  | Port | Arduino Industrial 101 |
|  | Get Board Info | Linino One |
|  |  | Arduino Uno WiFi |
|  | Programmer: "Arduino Gemma" > | ESP32 Arduino |
|  | Burn Bootloader | - ESP32 Dev Module |
|  |  | ESP32 Wrover Module |
|  |  | ESP32 Pico Kit |
|  |  | Turta loT Node |
|  |  | TTGO LoRa32-OLED V1 |
|  |  | XinaBox CW02 |
|  |  | SparkFun ESP32 Thing |
|  |  | u-blox NINA-W10 series (ESP32) |
|  |  | Widora AIR |
|  |  | Electronic SweetPeas - ESP320 |

The internal connections between the ESP32 module and the Arduino Mega are the following:

| Arduino Mega Pinout | ESP32 Pinout |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5 Vdc | Vcc |
| GND | GND |
| Tx1 (Pin 18) | TxD |
| Rx1 (Pin19) | RxD |

WiFi and Bluetooth are always enabled as there are no switches that configure it

The WiFi and Bluetooth module uses Serial1 for communication.

More information: https://www.industrialshields.com/blog/industrial-shields-blog-1/post/wifi-bluetooth-module-esp32-devkit-v1-133

## 11 I/O technical details:

Digital Output Waveform:


Digital Out-put Turn-off:


PWM Waveform:


Analog Out Turn On:


Analog Out Turn-Off:


Analog /Digital input Turn-on:


## 12 Typical Connections






## 13 Connector details:

The connector inside the PLCs that mounts on the PCB is MC 0,5/10-G-2,5 THT - 1963502 from Phoenix contact. MC0,5/10-G-2,5THT

For I/O and power supply there is a FK-MC 0,5/10-ST-2,5-1881406 connector from Phoenix contact. FK-MC 0,5/10-ST-2,5

Connection details:

| Article reference | MC 0,5/10-G-2,5 THT |
| :---: | :---: |
| Height | $8,1 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Pitch | $2,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Dimension | $22,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Pin dimensions | $0,8 \times 0,8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Pin spacing | $2,50 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| Article reference | FK-MC 0,5/10-ST-2,5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rigid conduit section min. | $0,14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Rigid conduit section max. | $0,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Flexible conduit section min. | $0,14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Flexible conduit section max. | $0,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Conduit section AWG/kcmil min. | 26 |
| Conduit section AWG/kcmil max. | 20 |

14 Mech anical Characteristics

## - Dimension :



- DIN Rail mounting


About Industrial Shields:

Direction: Fàbrica del Pont, 1-11
Zip/Postal Code: 08272
City: Sant Fruitós de Bages (Barcelona)
Country: Spain
Telephone: (+34) 938760191 / (+34) 635693611
Mail: industrialshields@industrialshields.com

## X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components
Click to view similar products for Controllers category:
Click to view products by Industrial Shields manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :
61FGPN8DAC120 CV500SLK21 70177-1011 F03-03 HAS C F03-31 81550401 FT1A-C12RA-W 88981106 H2CAC24A H2CRSAC110B
R88A-CRGB003CR-E R88ARR080100S R88A-TK01K DCN1-1 AFP0RT32CT DRT2ID08C DTB4896VRE DTB9696CVE
DTB9696LVE E53-AZ01 E53E01 E53E8C E5C4Q40J999FAC120 E5CWLQ1TCAC100240 E5GNQ03PFLKACDC24 B300LKL21
NSCXDC1V3 NSH5-232CW-3M NT20SST122BV1 NV-CN001 OAS-160-N C40PEDRA K31S6 K33-L1B K3MA-F 100-240VAC
K3TX-AD31A 89750101 L595020 SRM1-C02 SRS2-1 G32X-V2K 2654680326546805 PWRA440A CPM1AETL03CH CV500SLK11 3G2A5BI081 3G2A5IA122 3G2A5LK010E 3G2A5OA223


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ See section 8 to select suitable switch configuration for enable these connections.

