

Smart High-Side Power Switch



Functions

- Very low standby current
- CMOS compatible input
- Fast demagnetization of inductive loads
- Stable behaviour at undervoltage
- Wide operating voltage range
- Logic ground independent from load ground
- Short circuit protection
- Overload protection
- Current limitation
- Thermal shutdown
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump) with external resistor
- Reverse battery protection with external resistor
- Loss of ground and loss of V_{bb} protection
- Electrostatic discharge protection (ESD)
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)
- AEC Qualified

Product Summary

| Operating voltage | Vbb(on) | 4.7 4 | 1 V |
|----------------------|---------|-------|-----------|
| On-state resistance | Ron | 38 | $m\Omega$ |
| Nominal load current | /L(NOM) | 9.8 | Α |
| Current limitation | /L(SCr) | 40 | Α |



Applications

- µC compatible high-side power switch with diagnostic feedback for 5V, 12V and 24V grounded loads
- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitve loads
- Most suitable for loads with high inrush currents, so as lamps
- Replaces electromechanical relays, fuses and discrete circuits

General Description

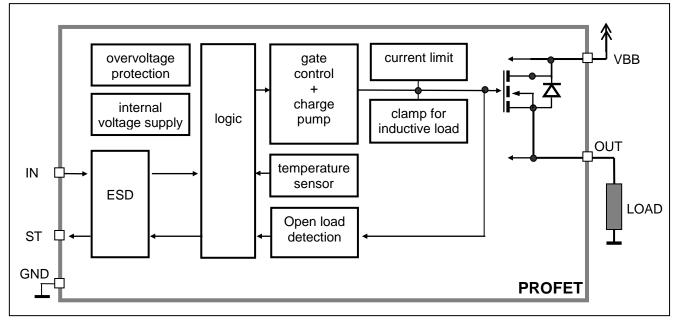
- N channel vertical power MOSFET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic feedback, monolithically integrated in Smart SIPMOS[®] technology.
- Providing embedded protective functions

Diagnostic Function

- Diagnostic feedback with open drain output
- Open load detection in ON-state
- Feedback of thermal shutdown in ON-state

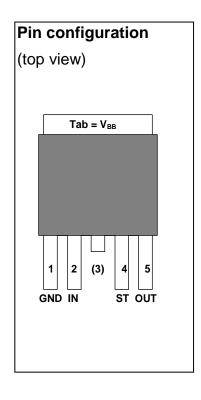


Functional diagram



Pin Definitions and Functions

| Pin | Symbol | Function |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| 1 | GND | Logic ground |
| 2 | IN | Input , activates the power switch in case of logical high signal |
| 3 | V _{bb} | Positive power supply voltage The tab is shorted to pin 3 |
| 4 | ST | Diagnostic feedback, low on failure |
| 5 | OUT | Output to the load |
| Tab | V _{bb} | Positive power supply voltage The tab is shorted to pin 3 |





| Maximum Ratings | at $T_j = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified |
|-----------------|---|
|-----------------|---|

| Parameter | Symbol | Values | Unit |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 4) | V _{bb} | 43 | V |
| Supply voltage for short circuit protection <i>T</i> _{j Start} =-40+150°C | V _{bb} | 24 | V |
| Load dump protection ¹) $V_{\text{LoadDump}} = V_A + V_s$, $V_A = 13.5 \text{ V}$ $R_l^{2} = 2 \Omega$, $R_L = 4.0 \Omega$, $t_d = 200 \text{ ms}$, IN= low or high | V _{Load dump} ³ | 60 | V |
| Load current (Current limit, see page 5) | IL . | self-limited | Α |
| Operating temperature range | Tj | -40+150 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | T _{stg} | -55+150 | |
| Power dissipation (DC), $T_C \le 25 \text{ °C}$ | P _{tot} | 75 | W |
| Maximal switchable inductance, single pulse V _{bb} = 12V, <i>T</i> _{j,start} = 150°C, <i>T</i> _C = 150°C const. | | | |
| (See diagram on page 8) $I_{L(ISO)} = 9.8 \text{ A}, \text{ R}_{L} = 0 \Omega, \text{ E}^{4)}_{AS} = 0.33 \text{ J}$: | ZL | 5.0 | mH |
| Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD) IN: (Human Body Model) ST: out to all other pins shorted: | V _{ESD} | 1.0 4.0 8.0 | kV |
| acc. MIL-STD883D, method 3015.7 and ESD assn. std. S5.1-1993; R=1.5k Ω ; C=100pF | | | |
| Input voltage (DC) | V _{IN} | -10 +16 | V |
| Current through input pin (DC) | I _{IN} | ±2.0 | mA |
| Current through status pin (DC) | I _{ST} | ±5.0 | |
| see internal circuit diagrams page 7 | | | |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter and Conditions | | Symbol | Values | | | Unit |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-----|------|------|
| | | | min | typ | max | |
| Thermal resistance | chip - case: | <i>R</i> _{thJC} | | | 1.75 | K/W |
| | junction - ambient (free air): | <i>R</i> thJA | | | 75 | |
| | device on pcb ⁵): | | | 33 | | |

¹⁾ Supply voltages higher than $V_{bb(AZ)}$ require an external current limit for the GND and status pins (a 150 Ω resistor for the GND connection is recommended).

²⁾

 $R_{\rm I}$ = internal resistance of the load dump test pulse generator V_{Load dump} is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839 3)

⁴⁾

 E_{AS} is the maximum inductive switch-off energy Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thick) copper area for V_{bb} 5) connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.



Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | | Values | 5 | Unit |
|--|--------|-----|--------|-----|------|
| at $T_j = -40+150^{\circ}C$, $V_{bb} = 12 \text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified | | min | typ | max | |

Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

| On-state resistance (pin | 3 to 5) | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $I_L = 2 \text{ A}; \text{ V}_{BB} \ge 7 \text{V}$ | <i>T</i> j=25 °C: | R _{ON} | | 35 | 38 | mΩ |
| | <i>T</i> j=150 °C: | | | 64 | 72 | |
| see diagram, page 9 | - | | | | | |
| Nominal load current, (pi | n 3 to 5) | | | | | |
| ISO 10483-1, 6.7: V _{ON} =0.5V, 7 | √c=85°C | I _{L(ISO)} | 8.8 | 9.8 | | A |
| Output current (pin 5) while GND disconnected or | | I _{L(GNDhigh)} | | | 2 | mA |
| GND pulled up ⁶⁾ , V _{bb} =3 | 30 V, <i>V</i> _{IN} = 0, | , | | | | |
| see diagram page 7 | | | | | | |
| Turn-on time | IN to 90% V _{OUT} : | <i>t</i> on | 50 | 100 | 200 | μS |
| Turn-off time | IN 7 to 10% V _{OUT} : | <i>t</i> off | 50 | 120 | 250 | |
| $R_{\rm L} = 12 \ \Omega,$ | | | | | | |
| Slew rate on | | dV/dt _{on} | 0.1 | | 1 | V/µs |
| 10 to 30% V_{OUT} , R_{L} = 12 Ω , | | | | | | |
| Slew rate off | | -dV/dt _{off} | 0.1 | | 1 | V/µs |
| 70 to 40% V_{OUT} , $R_{L} = 12$ | 2 Ω, | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Operating Parameters

| Operating voltage | <i>T</i> j =-40 <i>T</i> j =+25+150°C: | V _{bb(on)} | 4.75 | | 41 | V |
|---|--|----------------------|------|-----|-----|----|
| | /j =+25+150°C: | | | | 43 | |
| Overvoltage protection ⁷) | <i>T</i> _i =-40°C: | V _{bb(AZ)} | 41 | | | V |
| l _{bb} =40 mA | <i>T</i> j =-40°C: <i>T</i> j =25+150°C: | | 43 | 47 | 52 | |
| Standby current (pin 3) ⁸⁾ | <i>T</i> _j =-40+25°C: <i>T</i> _i = 150°C: | I _{bb(off)} | | 5 | 8 | μA |
| V _{IN} =0; see diagram on page 9 | , <i>T</i> _j = 150°C: | | | | 25 | |
| Off-State output current (included in <i>I</i> _{bb(off)}) | | I _{L(off)} | | 1 | 10 | μA |
| VIN=0 | | | | | | |
| Operating current ⁹ , V _{IN} =5 V | | I _{GND} | | 0.8 | 1.4 | mA |
| | | - | | | | |

⁶⁾ not subject to production test, specified by design

⁷⁾ Supply voltages higher than V_{bb(AZ)} require an external current limit for the GND and status pins (a 150Ω resistor for the GND connection is recommended. See also V_{ON(CL)} in table of protection functions and circuit diagram page 7.

⁸⁾ Measured with load

⁹⁾ Add I_{ST} , if $I_{ST} > 0$, add I_{IN} , if $V_{IN} > 5.5 \text{ V}$



BTS436L2

| | | | | B154 | 36LZ |
|---|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | | Values | | Unit |
| at $T_j = -40+150$ °C, $V_{bb} = 12$ V unless otherwise specified | | min | typ | max | |
| Protection Functions ¹⁰⁾ | | | | | |
| Current limit (pin 3 to 5) | I _{L(lim)} | | | | |
| (see timing diagrams on page 11) $T_j = -40^{\circ}$ C: $T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C: $T_j = +150^{\circ}$ C: | | 46 39 30 | 58 51 38 | 68 58 46 | A |
| Repetitive short circuit shutdown current limit | I _{L(SCr)} | | | | |
| $T_{\rm j} = T_{\rm jt}$ (see timing diagrams, page 11) | | | 40 | | Α |
| Thermal shutdown time ¹¹⁾ $T_{j,start} = 25^{\circ}C$: | t _{off(SC)} | | 1.9 | | ms |
| (see timing diagrams on page 11) | | | | | |
| Output clamp (inductive load switch off) at $V_{OUT} = V_{bb} - V_{ON(CL)}$ $I_L = 40$ mA: | V _{ON(CL)} | 41 43 | 47 | 52 | V |
| Thermal overload trip temperature | T_{jt} | 150 | | | °C |
| Thermal hysteresis | ΔT_{jt} | | 10 | | K |
| Reverse battery (pin 3 to 1) ¹²⁾ | -V _{bb} | | | 32 | V |
| Reverse battery voltage drop $(V_{out} > V_{bb})^{13}$ $I_L = -2 \text{ A}$ $T_j=150 \text{ °C}$: | -V _{ON(rev)} | | 600 | | mV |
| Diagnostic Characteristics | | | | | |
| Open load detection current (on-condition) | I _{L (OL)} | 100 | | 900 | mA |
| Input and Status Feedback ¹⁴⁾ | | | | | |
| Input resistance see circuit page 7 | Rı | 2.5 | 3.5 | 6 | kΩ |
| Input turn-on threshold voltage | V _{IN(T+)} | 1.7 | | 3.2 | V |
| Input turn-off threshold voltage | V _{IN(T-)} | 1.5 | | | V |
| Input threshold hysteresis | $\Delta V_{\rm IN(T)}$ | | 0.5 | | V |
| Off state input current (pin 2), $V_{IN} = 0.4$ V | I _{IN(off)} | 1 | | 50 | μA |
| On state input current (pin 2), $V_{IN} = 5 V$ | I _{IN(on)} | 20 | 50 | 90 | μA |
| Delay time for status with open load after switch off (see timing diagrams on page 11) | t _{d(ST OL4)} | 100 | 520 | 900 | μS |
| Status output (open drain) | | | | | |
| Zener limit voltage $I_{ST} = +1.6 \text{ mA}$: | V _{ST(high)} | 5.4 | 6.1 | | V |
| ST low voltage $I_{ST} = +1.6 \text{ mA}$: | V _{ST(low)} | | | 0.4 | |

¹⁰⁾ Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

¹¹⁾ Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

¹²⁾ Requires 150 Ω resistor in GND connection. The reverse load current through the intrinsic drain-source diode has to be limited by the connected load. Note that the power dissipation is higher compared to normal operating conditions due to the voltage drop across the intrinsic drain-source diode. The temperature protection is not active during reverse current operation! Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 3 and circuit page 7).

¹³⁾ not subject to production test, specified by design

¹⁴⁾ If a ground resistor R_{GND} is used, add the voltage drop across this resistor.



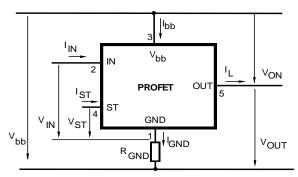
Truth Table

| | Input | Output | Status |
|-----------|-------|--------|-----------|
| | level | level | BTS 436L2 |
| Normal | L | L | Н |
| operation | Н | Н | н |
| Open load | L | Z | Н |
| - | Н | Н | L |
| Overtem- | L | L | Н |
| perature | Н | L | L |

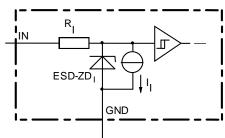
L = "Low" LevelX = don't careZ = high impedance, potential depends on external circuitH = "High" LevelStatus signal after the time delay shown in the diagrams (see fig 5. page 11)



Terms

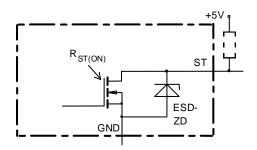


Input circuit (ESD protection)



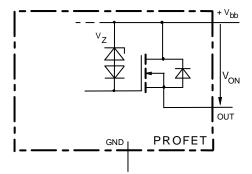
The use of ESD zener diodes as voltage clamp at DC conditions is not recommended

Status output



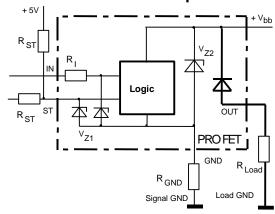
ESD-Zener diode: 6.1 V typ., max 5.0 mA; $R_{ST(ON)}$ < 375 Ω at 1.6 mA. The use of ESD zener diodes as voltage clamp at DC conditions is not recommended.

Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



VON clamped to 47 V typ.

Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection

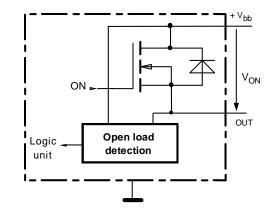


 V_{Z1} = 6.1 V typ., V_{Z2} = 47 V typ., R_{GND} = 150 Ω, R_{ST} = 15 kΩ, R_{I} = 3.5 kΩ typ.

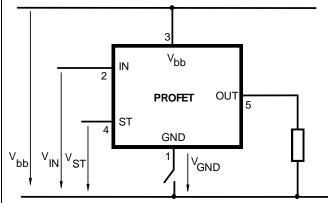
In case of reverse battery the load current has to be limited by the load. Temperature protection is not active

Open-load detection in on-state

Open load, if $V_{ON} < R_{ON} \cdot I_{L(OL)}$; IN high



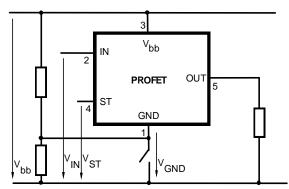
GND disconnect



Any kind of load. In case of Input=high is $V_{OUT} \approx V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$. Due to V_{GND} >0, no V_{ST} = low signal available.

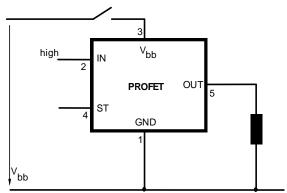


GND disconnect with GND pull up



Any kind of load. If V_{GND} > V_{IN} - $V_{IN(T+)}$ device stays off Due to V_{GND} >0, no V_{ST} = low signal available.

$V_{\mbox{\scriptsize bb}}$ disconnect with energized inductive load

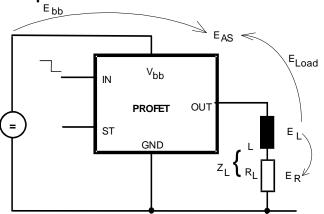


For inductive load currents up to the limits defined by Z_L (max. ratings and diagram on page 8) each switch is protected against loss of V_{bb} .

Consider at your PCB layout that in the case of Vbb disconnection with energized inductive load all the load current flows through the GND connection.

Inductive Load switch-off energy

dissipation



Energy stored in load inductance:

$$E_{\rm L} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot I_{\rm L}^2$$

While demagnetizing load inductance, the energy dissipated in PROFET is

$$E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R = \int V_{ON(CL)} \cdot i_L(t) dt$$

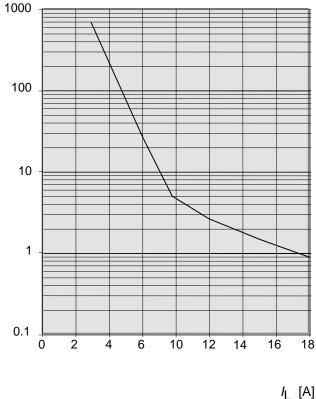
with an approximate solution for $R_L > 0 \Omega$:

$$E_{\text{AS}} = \frac{I_{\text{L}} \cdot L}{2 \cdot R_{\text{L}}} (V_{\text{bb}} + |V_{\text{OUT}(\text{CL})}|) \cdot \ln (1 + \frac{I_{\text{L}} \cdot R_{\text{L}}}{|V_{\text{OUT}(\text{CL})}|})$$

Maximum allowable load inductance for a single switch off

 $L = f(I_L); T_{j,start} = 150^{\circ}C, T_C = 150^{\circ}C \text{ const.},$ $V_{bb} = 12 \text{ V}, R_L = 0 \Omega$

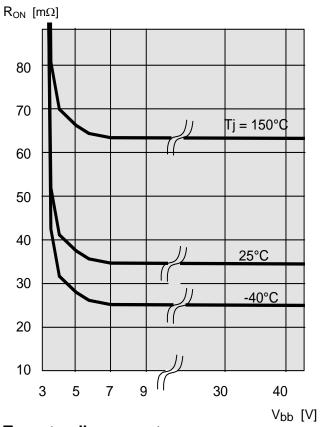
*Z*_L [mH]



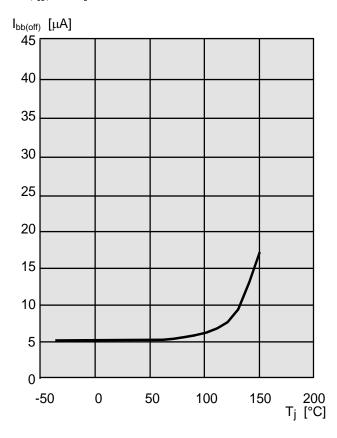


Typ. on-state resistance

 $R_{ON} = f(V_{bb}, T_j); I_L = 2A, IN = high$



Typ. standby current $I_{bb(off)} = f(T_j)$; $V_{bb} = 9...34$ V, IN1,2 = low



Timing diagrams

Infineon

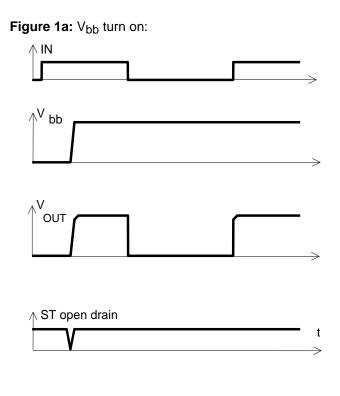
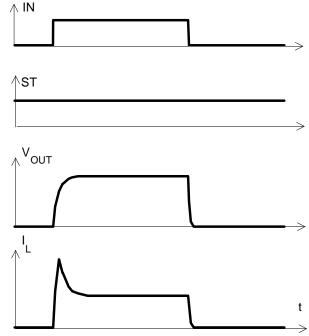
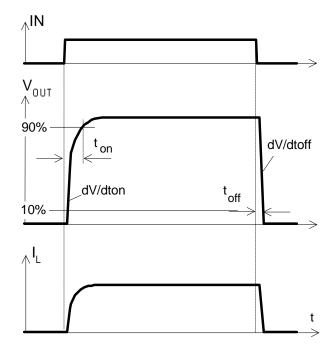


Figure 2b: Switching a lamp,



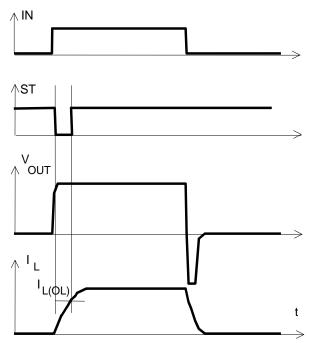
proper turn on under all conditions

Figure 2a: Switching a resistive load, turn-on/off time and slew rate definition:



The initial peak current should be limited by the lamp and not by the current limit of the device.

Figure 2c: Switching an inductive load



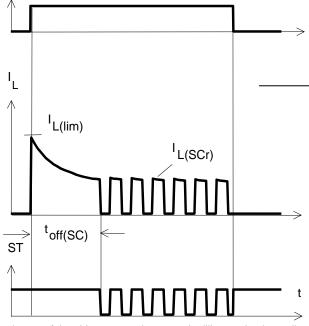
*) if the time constant of load is too large, open-load-status may occur



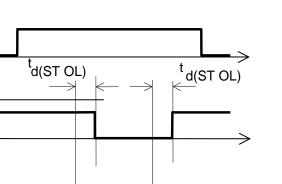
Figure 3a: Short circuit

shut down by overtemperature, reset by cooling

IN other channel: normal operation



Heating up of the chip may require several milliseconds, depending on external conditions



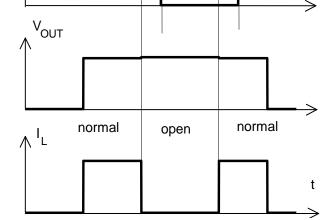


Figure 5a: Open load: detection in ON-state, open

load occurs in on-state

IN

ST

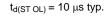


Figure 4a: Overtemperature: Reset if $T_i < T_{jt}$

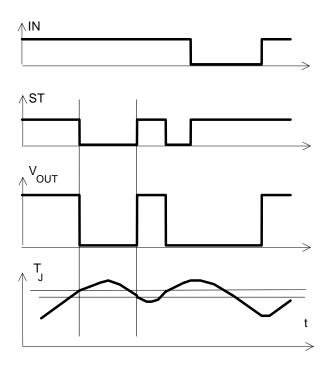
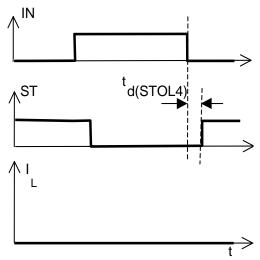


Figure 5b: Open load: turn on/off to open load



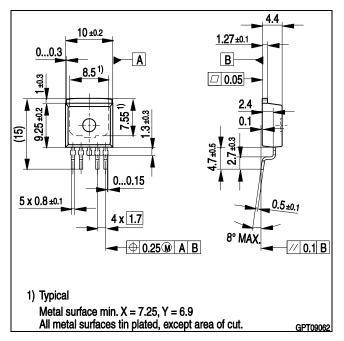


Package and Ordering Code

All dimensions in mm

PG-TO263-5-2

| Sales code | BTS436L2G |
|----------------|-------------|
| Ordering code: | SP001104828 |



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