## Smart High-Side Power Switch

## Features

- Overload protection
- Current limitation
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown with restart
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump)
- Fast demagnetization of inductive loads
- Reverse battery protection with external resistor
- Open drain diagnostic output for overtemperature and short circuit
- Open load detection in OFF - State

Product Summary

| Overvoltage protection | $V_{\mathrm{bb}(\mathrm{AZ})}$ | 62 | V |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Operating voltage | $V_{\mathrm{bb}(\mathrm{on})}$ | $6 \ldots 52$ | V |
| On-state resistance | $R_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | 200 | $\mathrm{~m} \Omega$ |
| Nominal load current | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}(\mathrm{ISO})}$ | 1.8 | A |




PG-TO252-5-11 with external resistor

- CMOS compatible input
- Loss of GND and loss of $V_{b b}$ protection
- ESD - Protection
- Very low standby current
- Green product (RoHS-compliant)


## Application

- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- $\mu \mathrm{C}$ compatible power switch for $12 \mathrm{~V}, 24 \mathrm{~V}$ and 42 V DC applications
- Replaces electromechanical relays and discrete circuits


## General Description

N channel vertical power FET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic feedback, monolithically integrated in Smart SIPMOS ${ }^{\circledR}$ technology. Providing embedded protective functions.

## Block Diagram



| Pin | Symbol | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | Logic ground |
| 2 | IN | Input, activates the power switch in case of logic high signal |
| 3 | Vbb | Positive power supply voltage |
| 4 | ST | Diagnostic feedback |
| 5 | OUT | Output to the load |
| TAB | Vbb | Positive power supply voltage |

Pin configuration


Maximum Ratings at $T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | $V_{\text {bb }}$ | 52 | V |
| Supply voltage for full short circuit protection | $V_{\mathrm{bb}(\mathrm{SC})}$ | 50 |  |
| Continuous input voltage | $V_{\text {IN }}$ | $-10 \ldots+16$ |  |
| Load current (Short - circuit current, see page 5) | $I_{L}$ | self limited | A |
| Current through input pin (DC) | $I_{\text {IN }}$ | $\pm 5$ | mA |
| Operating temperature | $T_{j}$ | -40 ... +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $T_{\text {stg }}$ | $-55 \ldots+150$ |  |
| Power dissipation ${ }^{1)}$ | $P_{\text {tot }}$ | 41.6 | W |
| Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation 1)2) single pulse, (see page 9) $\mathrm{Tj}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{~A}$ | $E_{\text {AS }}$ | 150 | mJ |
| Load dump protection ${ }^{2)} V_{\text {LoadDump }}{ }^{3)}=V_{A}+V_{S}$ $R_{\mathrm{l}}=2 \Omega, t_{\mathrm{d}}=400 \mathrm{~ms}, V_{\mathrm{IN}}=$ low or high, $V_{\mathrm{A}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$ $R_{\mathrm{L}}=13.5 \Omega$ $R_{\mathrm{L}}=27 \Omega$ | $V_{\text {Loaddump }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.5 \\ & 88.5 \end{aligned}$ | V |
| Electrostatic discharge voltage (Human Body Model) according to ANSI EOS/ESD - S5.1-1993 <br> ESD STM5.1-1998 <br> Input pin <br> all other pins | $V_{\text {ESD }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1 \\ & \pm 5 \end{aligned}$ | kV |

Thermal Characteristics

| junction - case: | $R_{\text {thJC }}$ | - | - | 3 | K/W |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thermal resistance @ min. footprint | $R_{\text {th }(\mathrm{JA})}$ | - | 80 | - | K/W |
| Thermal resistance @ $6 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ cooling area 1) | $R_{\text {th(JA })}$ | - | 45 | 60 |  |

[^0]
## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | Values |  |  | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| at $T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40 \ldots+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=12.42 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise specified |  | min. | typ. | max. |  |

Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

| On-state resistance $\begin{aligned} & T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, I_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{~A}, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=9 \ldots 52 \mathrm{~V} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $R_{\text {ON }}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 270 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 380 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal load current; Device on PCB 1) $T_{\mathrm{C}}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{ON}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $I_{\text {L(ISO) }}$ | 1.8 | 2.2 | - | A |
| Turn-on time to $90 \% V_{\text {OUT }}$ $R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega$ | $t_{\text {on }}$ | - | 80 | 180 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Turn-off time to $10 \% V_{\text {OUT }}$ $R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega$ | $t_{\text {off }}$ | - | 80 | 200 |  |
| Slew rate on 10 to $30 \% V_{\text {OUT }}$, $R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $d V / d t_{\text {on }}$ | - | 0.7 | 2 | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{\mu s}$ |
| Slew rate off 70 to $40 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}$, $R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $-d V / d t_{\text {off }}$ | - | 0.9 | 2 |  |

Operating Parameters

| Operating voltage | $V_{\text {bb(on) }}$ | 6 | - | 52 | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Undervoltage shutdown of charge pump $\begin{aligned} & T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $V_{\text {bb(under) }}$ | - | - | 4 5.5 |  |
| Undervoltage restart of charge pump | $V_{\mathrm{bb}}(\mathrm{ucp})$ | - | 4 | 5.5 |  |
| Standby current $\begin{aligned} & T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{IN}}=\text { low } \\ & \left.T_{\mathrm{j}}=+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 2\right), V_{\mathrm{IN}}=\text { low } \end{aligned}$ | $l_{\text {bb(off) }}$ | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Leakage output current (included in $I_{\mathrm{bb}(\text { (ff) }}$ ) $V_{\text {IN }}=$ low | ${ }_{L}$ (off) | - | - | 5 |  |
| Operating current $V_{\mathrm{IN}}=\text { high }$ | $I_{\text {GND }}$ | - | 0.8 | 2 | mA |

[^1]
## Electrical Characteristics

## Parameter and Conditions

at $T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40 \ldots+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=12 . .42 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise specified

| Symbol | Values |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | min. | typ. | max. |  |

## Protection Functions ${ }^{1)}$

Initial peak short circuit current limit (pin 3 to 5 )
$T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=20 \mathrm{~V}, t_{\mathrm{m}}=150 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
$T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$T_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40 \ldots+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{b b}>40 \mathrm{~V}$, (see page 12 )
Repetitive short circuit current limit
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{jt}}$ (see timing diagrams)
$V_{\mathrm{bb}}<40 \mathrm{~V}$
$V_{b b}>40 \mathrm{~V}$
Output clamp (inductive load switch off)
at $V_{\mathrm{OUT}}=V_{\mathrm{bb}}-V_{\mathrm{ON}(\mathrm{CL})}$,
$l_{\mathrm{bb}}=4 \mathrm{~mA}$
Overvoltage protection ${ }^{3)}$
$I_{\mathrm{bb}}=4 \mathrm{~mA}$

| Thermal overload trip temperature | $T_{\text {jt }}$ | 150 | - | - | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Thermal hysteresis | $\Delta T_{\text {jt }}$ | - | 10 | - | K |

Reverse Battery

| Reverse battery $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | $-V_{\mathrm{bb}}$ | - | - | 52 | V |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drain-source diode voltage $\left(V_{\mathrm{OUT}}>V_{\mathrm{bb}}\right)$ <br> $T_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-V_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | - | 600 | - | mV |

[^2]
## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | Values |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at $T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40 \ldots+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=12 . .42 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise specified |  | min. | typ. | max. |  |

Input and Status feedback

| Input turn-on threshold voltage | $V_{\text {IN(T+) }}$ | - | - | 2.2 | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input turn-off threshold voltage | $V_{\text {IN(T-) }}$ | 0.8 | - | - |  |
| Input threshold hysteresis | $\Delta V_{\operatorname{IN}(\mathrm{T})}$ | - | 0.4 | - |  |
| Off state input current $V_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | $I_{\text {IN(off) }}$ | 1 | - | 25 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| On state input current $V_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $I_{\text {IN (on) }}$ | 3 | - | 25 |  |
| Status output (open drain), Zener limit voltage $I_{\mathrm{ST}}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $V_{\text {ST }}$ (high) | 5.4 | 6.1 | - | V |
| Status output (open drain), ST low voltage $\begin{aligned} & T_{\mathrm{j}}=-40 \ldots+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, I_{\mathrm{ST}}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, I_{\mathrm{ST}}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $V_{\text {ST(low) }}$ | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Status invalid after positive input slope 1) $V_{\mathrm{bb}}=20 \mathrm{~V}$ | $t_{\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{ST}+)}$ | - | 120 | 160 | $\mu s$ |
| Status invalid after negative input slope 1) | $t_{\text {d(ST-) }}$ | - | 250 | 400 |  |
| Input resistance (see page 8) | $R_{1}$ | 2 | 3.5 | 5 | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |

Diagnostic Characteristics

| Short circuit detection voltage | $V_{\mathrm{OUT}(\mathrm{SC})}$ | - | 2.8 | - | V |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Open load detection voltage ${ }^{2)}$ | $V_{\mathrm{OUT}(\mathrm{OL})}$ | - | 3 | 4 |  |
| Internal output pull down${ }^{3}$ ) | $R_{\mathrm{O}}$ | 65 | 200 | 750 | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| (see page 9 and 14) <br> $V_{\mathrm{OUT}(\mathrm{OL})}=4 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]|  | Input <br> level | Output <br> level | Status |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal | L | L | H |
| operation | H | H | H |
| Short circuit | L | L | H |
| to GND | H | L * | L |
| Short circuit to | L | H | L |
| $V_{\text {bb (in off-state) }}$ | H | H | H |
| Overload | L | L | H |
|  | H | H** | H |
| Overtemperature | L | L | H |
|  | H | L | L |
| Open Load in | L | Z | H (Li) $)$ |
| off-state | H | H | H |

*) Out ="L": $V_{\text {OUT }}<2.8 \mathrm{~V}$ typ.
**) Out ="H": V
$\mathrm{Z}=$ high impedance, potential depends on external circuit

## Terms



Input circuit (ESD protection)


The use of ESD zener diodes as voltage clamp at DC conditions is not recommended

Reverse battery protection

$R_{G N D}=150 \Omega, R_{I}=3.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ typ.,
Temperature protection is not active during inverse current

Inductive and overvoltage output clamp


VON clamped to 59 V min.

## Overvoltage protection of logic part


$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z} 1}=6.1 \mathrm{~V}$ typ., $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z2}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{bb}(\mathrm{AZ})}=62 \mathrm{~V}$ min., $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{l}}=3.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ typ., $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GND}}=150 \Omega$

## Status output



## Open-load detection

OFF-state diagnostic condition:

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{bb}}$ disconnect with charged inductive load


## GND disconnect



GND disconnect with GND pull up


Inductive Load switch-off energy
dissipation


Energy stored in load inductance: $E=1 / 2 * L * L^{2}$
While demagnetizing load inductance,
the enérgy dissipated in PROFET is
$E_{A S}=E_{b b}+E_{L}-E_{R}=V_{O N(C L)}{ }^{*} \mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{L}}(\mathrm{t}) \mathrm{dt}$,
with an approximate solution for $R_{L}>0 \Omega$ :
$E_{A S}=\frac{I_{L} * L^{2}}{2 * R_{L}} *\left(V_{b b+}|\operatorname{VouT}(C L)|\right) * \ln \left(1+\frac{I_{L} * R_{L}}{|\operatorname{Vout}(C L)|}\right)$

Typ. transient thermal impedance
$Z_{\text {thJA }}=f\left(t_{p}\right) @ 6 \mathbf{c m}^{2}$ heatsink area
Parameter: $D=t_{\mathrm{p}} / T$


Typ. on-state resistance
$R_{\mathrm{ON}}=\mathbf{f}\left(T_{\mathbf{j}}\right) ; V_{\mathrm{bb}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{\mathrm{in}}=$ high


Typ. transient thermal impedance
$Z_{\text {thJA }}=f\left(t_{p}\right) @$ min. footprint
Parameter: $D=t_{\mathrm{p}} / T$


Typ. on-state resistance
$\boldsymbol{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}=\mathrm{f}\left(\boldsymbol{V}_{\mathrm{bb}}\right) ; I_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{~A} ; V_{\text {in }}=$ high


Typ. turn on time
$t_{\text {on }}=\mathbf{f}\left(T_{\mathrm{j}}\right) ; R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega$


Typ. slew rate on
$d V / d t_{\text {on }}=\mathbf{f}\left(T_{\mathbf{j}}\right) ; R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega$


Typ. turn off time
$t_{\text {off }}=\mathrm{f}\left(T_{\mathrm{j}}\right) ; R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega$


Typ. slew rate off
$d V / d t_{\text {off }}=\mathrm{f}\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}\right) ; R_{\mathrm{L}}=47 \Omega$


Typ. standby current
$I_{\mathrm{bb}(\mathrm{off})}=\mathrm{f}\left(T_{\mathrm{j}}\right) ; V_{\mathrm{bb}}=42 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{\mathrm{IN}}=$ low


Typ. initial peak short circuit current limit $I_{L(S C p)}=f\left(V_{b b}\right)$


Typ. leakage current
$I_{\mathrm{L}(\mathrm{off})}=\mathrm{f}\left(T_{\mathrm{j}}\right) ; V_{\mathrm{bb}}=42 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{\mathrm{IN}}=$ low


Typ. initial short circuit shutdown time
$\left.\boldsymbol{t}_{\text {off( }} \mathbf{S C}\right)=\mathrm{f}\left(T_{\mathrm{j}, \text { start }}\right) ; V_{\mathrm{bb}}=20 \mathrm{~V}$


## Typ. input current

$I_{\mathrm{IN}(\mathrm{on} / \mathrm{off})}=\mathrm{f}\left(T_{\mathrm{j}}\right) ; V_{\mathrm{bb}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{\mathrm{IN}}=\operatorname{low} / \mathrm{high}$ $V_{\text {INlow }} \leq 0.7 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{\text {INhigh }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$


Typ. input threshold voltage
$V_{\mathrm{IN}(\mathrm{th})}=\mathrm{f}\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}\right) ; V_{\mathrm{bb}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$


Typ. input current
$I_{\mathbf{I N}}=\mathrm{f}\left(\boldsymbol{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}\right) ; V_{\mathrm{bb}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$


Typ. input threshold voltage
$V_{\mathrm{IN}(\mathrm{th})}=\mathrm{f}\left(\boldsymbol{V}_{\mathrm{bb}}\right) ; T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Maximum allowable load inductance for a single switch off
$L=\mathrm{f}\left(I_{\mathrm{L}}\right) ; T_{\text {jstart }}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, R_{\mathrm{L}}=0 \Omega$


Maximum allowable inductive switch-off energy, single pulse
$E_{\text {AS }}=f\left(l_{\mathrm{L}}\right) ; T_{\text {jstart }}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{bb}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$


Typ. status delay time
$t_{\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{ST}+/-)}=\mathrm{f}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{bb}}\right) ; T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Typ. internal output pull down $R_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{f}\left(V_{\mathrm{bb}}\right)$


## Timing diagrams

Figure 1a: Vbb turn on:


Figure 2a: Switching a resistive load, turn-on/off time and slew rate definition


ST

Figure 3a: Turn on into short circuit,
shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling


Heating up of the chip may require several milliseconds, depending on external conditions.

Figure 4: Overtemperature:
Reset if $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}<\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{jt}}$


Figure 3b: Short circuit in on-state
shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling


Figure 5: Undervoltage restart of charge pump


Figure 7: Overvoltage


## Package Outlines



1) Includes mold flashes on each side.

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

Figure 1 PG-TO252-5-11 (Plastic Dual Small Outline Package) (RoHS-compliant)

## Green Product

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).
Please specify the package needed (e.g. green package) when placing an order.

You can find all of our packages, sorts of packing and others in our
Infineon Internet Page "Products": http://www.infineon.com/products.

Smart High-Side Power Switch BTS 452R

Revision History

| Version | Date | Changes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V1.0 | 2004-01-27 | initial version |
| V1.1 | $2007-01-15$ | AEC icon added <br> RoHS icon added <br> Green product (RoHS-compliant) added to the feature list <br> Package information updated to green <br> Green explanation added |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
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NCP331SNT1G TPS2092DR TPS2063DR MIC2008YML-TR MIC94084YFT-TR MIC2040-1YMM DIO1280WL12


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Device on $50 \mathrm{~mm} * 50 \mathrm{~mm} * 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm 2 (one layer, $70 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.
    2not subject to production test, specified by design
    ${ }^{3} V_{\text {Loaddump }}$ is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839.
    Supply voltages higher than $V_{b b}(A Z)$ require an external current limit for the GND pin, e.g. with a $150 \Omega$ resistor in GND connection. A resistor for the protection of the input is integrated.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Device on $50 \mathrm{~mm} * 50 \mathrm{~mm} * 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm 2 (one layer, $70 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.
    2higher current due temperature sensor

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range.
    Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.
    2not subject to production test, specified by design
    3 see also $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ON}(\mathrm{CL})}$ in circuit diagram on page 8
    $4^{4}$ Requires a $150 \Omega$ resistor in GND connection. The reverse load current through the intrinsic drain-source diode has to be limited by the connected load. Power dissipation is higher compared to normal operating conditions due to the voltage drop across the drain-source diode. The temperature protection is not active during reverse current operation! Input current has to be limited (see max. ratings page 3).

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ no delay time after overtemperature switch off and short circuit in on-state
    ${ }^{2}$ External pull up resistor required for open load detection in off state.
    $3^{\text {not subject to production test, specified by design }}$

