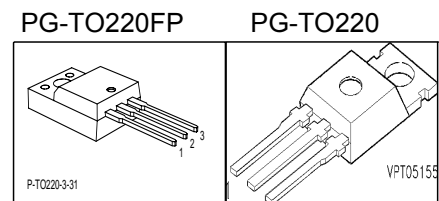


## Cool MOS™ Power Transistor

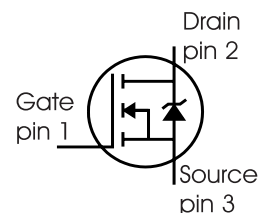
### Feature

- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme  $dv/dt$  rated
- High peak current capability
- Improved transconductance
- PG-TO-220-3-31;-3-111: Fully isolated package (2500 VAC; 1 minute)
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>0)</sup> for target applications

$V_{DS} @ T_{jmax}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	1.4	$\Omega$
$I_D$	3.2	A



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPP03N60C3	PG-TO220	Q67040-S4401	03N60C3
SPA03N60C3	PG-TO220FP	SP000216296	03N60C3



### Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		SPP	SPA	
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	3.2 2	3.2 <sup>1)</sup> 2 <sup>1)</sup>	A
Pulsed drain current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{D\text{ puls}}$	9.6	9.6	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=2.4\text{A}, V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	$E_{AS}$	100	100	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive $t_{AR}$ limited by $T_{jmax}$ <sup>2)</sup> $I_D=3.2\text{A}, V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	$E_{AR}$	0.2	0.2	
Avalanche current, repetitive $t_{AR}$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{AR}$	3.2	3.2	A
Gate source voltage static	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
Gate source voltage AC ( $f > 1\text{Hz}$ )	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	38	29.7	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$	-55...+150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode $dv/dt$ <sup>7)</sup>	$dv/dt$	15		V/ns

**Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope $V_{DS} = 480 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 3.2 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$dv/dt$	50	V/ns

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$	-	-	3.3	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	$R_{thJC \text{ FP}}$	-	-	4.1	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	$R_{thJA}$	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	$R_{thJA \text{ FP}}$	-	-	80	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint @ 6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>3)</sup>	$R_{thJA}$	-	-	62	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s <sup>4)</sup>	$T_{sold}$	-	-	260	°C

**Electrical Characteristics, at  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $I_D=0.25\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $I_D=3.2\text{A}$	-	700	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D=135\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=600\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.5	1	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=30\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$	-	-	100	
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ , $I_D=2\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.26	1.4	$\Omega$
Gate input resistance	$R_G$	$f=1\text{MHz}$ , open drain	-	10	-	

### Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$ , $I_D = 2A$	-	3.4	-	S
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $V_{DS} = 25V$ , $f = 1MHz$	-	400	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	150	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	5	-	
Effective output capacitance, <sup>5)</sup> energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $V_{DS} = 0V$ to 480V	-	12	-	
Effective output capacitance, <sup>6)</sup> time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	26	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 350V$ , $V_{GS} = 0/10V$ , $I_D = 3.2A$ , $R_G = 20\Omega$	-	7	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	3	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	64	100	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	12	20	

### Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD} = 420V$ , $I_D = 3.2A$	-	2	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	6	-	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$	$V_{DD} = 420V$ , $I_D = 3.2A$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ to 10V	-	13	17	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 420V$ , $I_D = 3.2A$	-	5.5	-	V

<sup>0</sup>J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>1</sup>Limited only by maximum temperature

<sup>2</sup>Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as  $P_{AV} = E_{AR} \cdot f$ .

<sup>3</sup>Device on 40mm\*40mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

<sup>4</sup>Soldering temperature for TO-263: 220°C, reflow

<sup>5</sup> $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

<sup>6</sup> $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

<sup>7</sup> $I_{SD} \leq I_D$ ,  $di/dt \leq 400A/us$ ,  $V_{Dclink} = 400V$ ,  $V_{peak} < V_{BR, DSS}$ ,  $T_j < T_{j,max}$ .

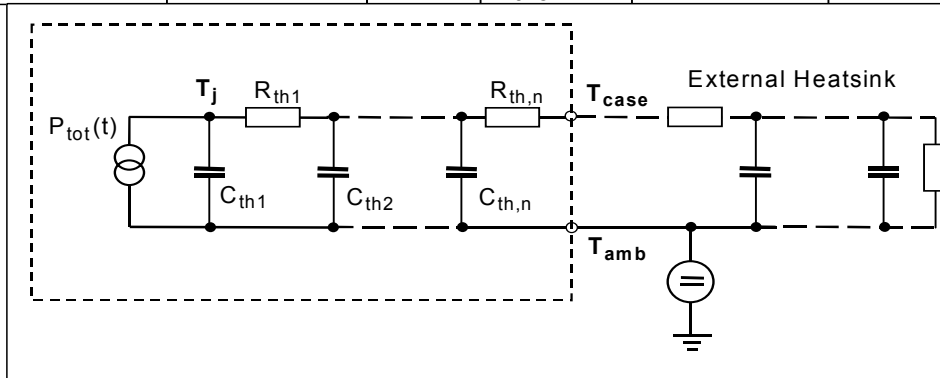
Identical low-side and high-side switch.

**Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous forward current	$I_S$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	3.2	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	$I_{SM}$		-	-	9.6	
Inverse diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=420\text{V}, I_F=I_S,$	-	250	400	ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	$di_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	1.8	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	15	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	$di_{rr}/dt$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

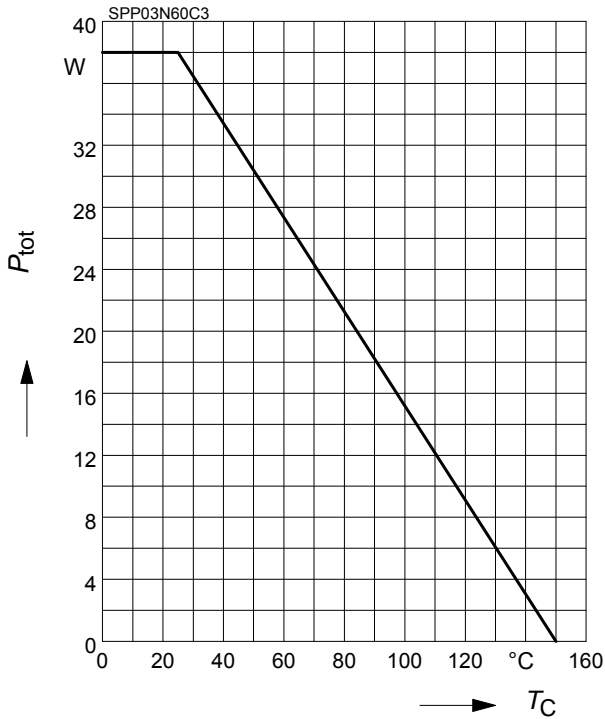
**Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics**

Symbol	Value		Unit	Symbol	Value		Unit
	SPP	SPA			SPP	SPA	
$R_{th1}$	0.054	0.054	K/W	$C_{th1}$	0.00005232	0.00005232	Ws/K
$R_{th2}$	0.103	0.103		$C_{th2}$	0.0002034	0.0002034	
$R_{th3}$	0.178	0.178		$C_{th3}$	0.0002963	0.0002963	
$R_{th4}$	0.757	0.356		$C_{th4}$	0.0009103	0.0009103	
$R_{th5}$	0.682	0.655		$C_{th5}$	0.002084	0.004434	
$R_{th6}$	0.202	2.535		$C_{th6}$	0.024	0.412	



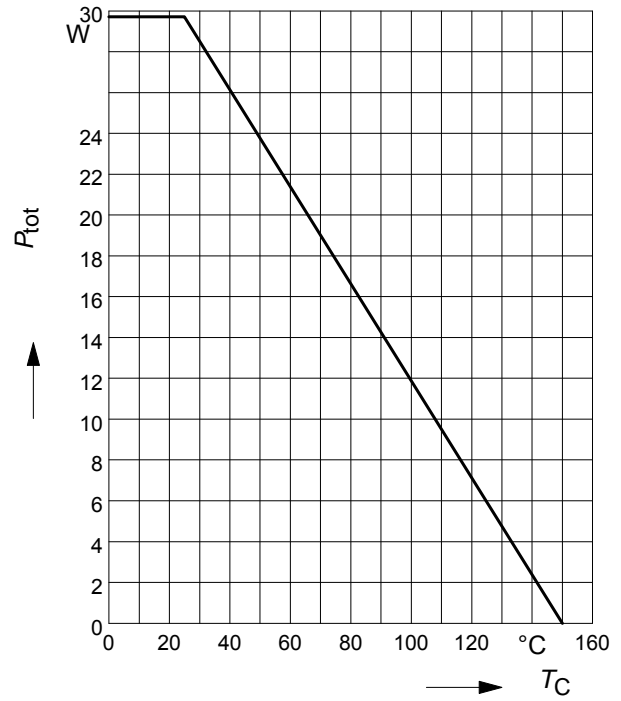
**1 Power dissipation**

$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$



**2 Power dissipation FullPAK**

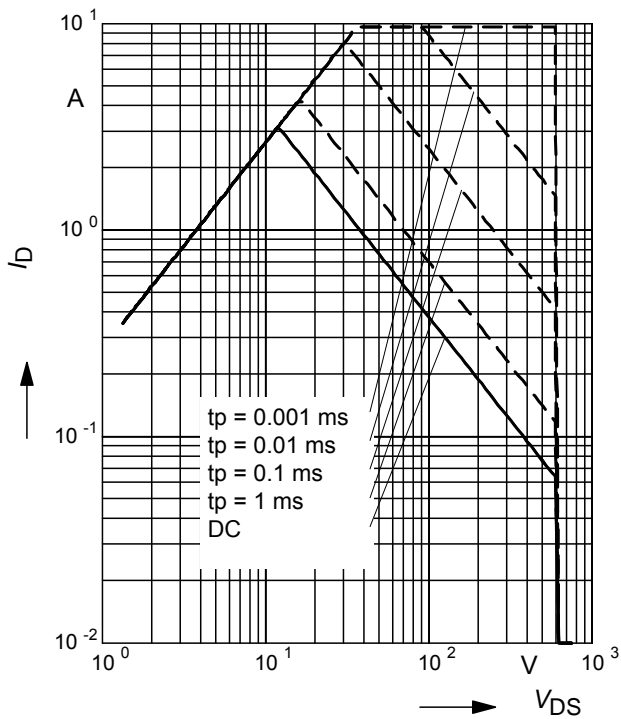
$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$



**3 Safe operating area**

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

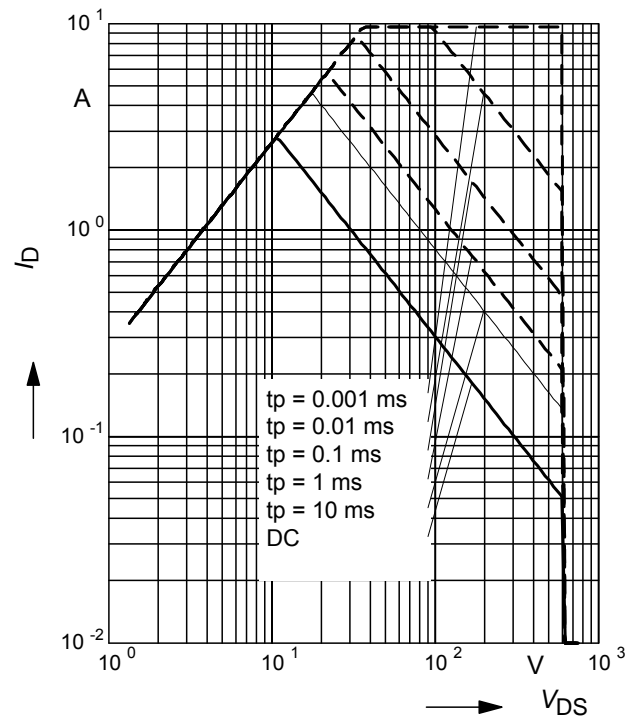
parameter :  $D = 0$  ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



**4 Safe operating area FullPAK**

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

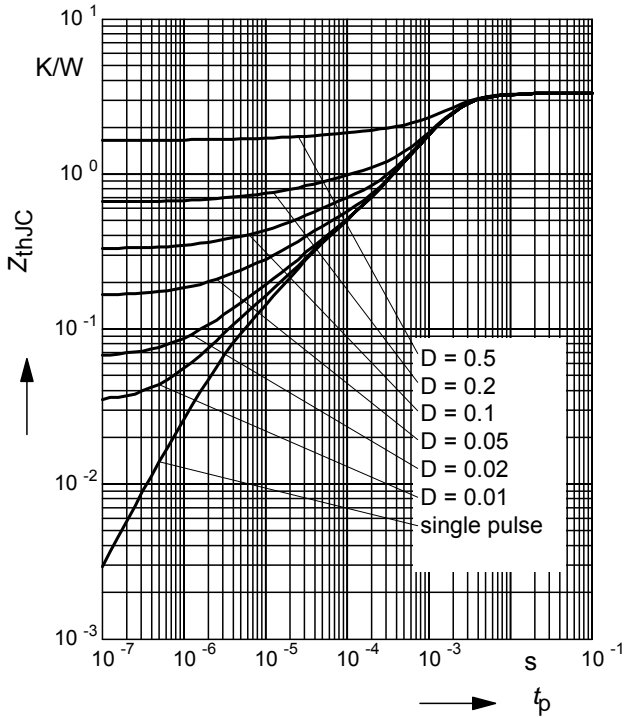
parameter:  $D = 0$  ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



### 5 Transient thermal impedance

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

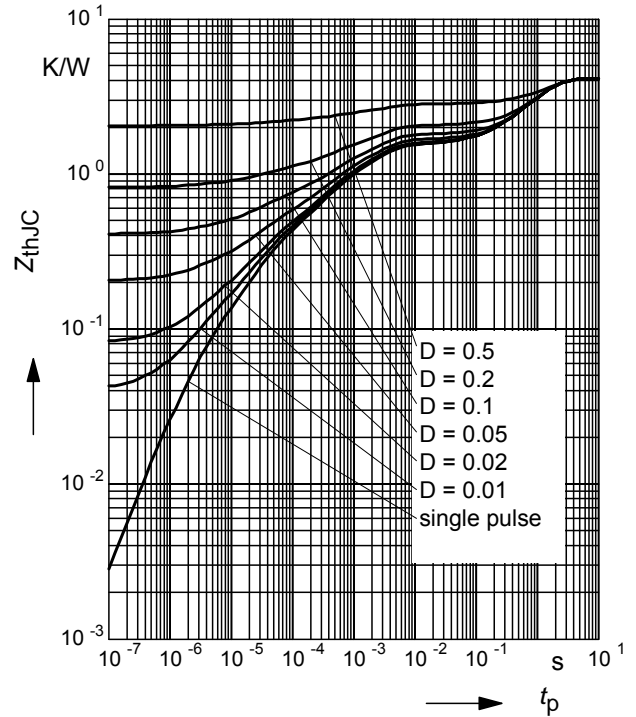
parameter:  $D = t_p/T$



### 6 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

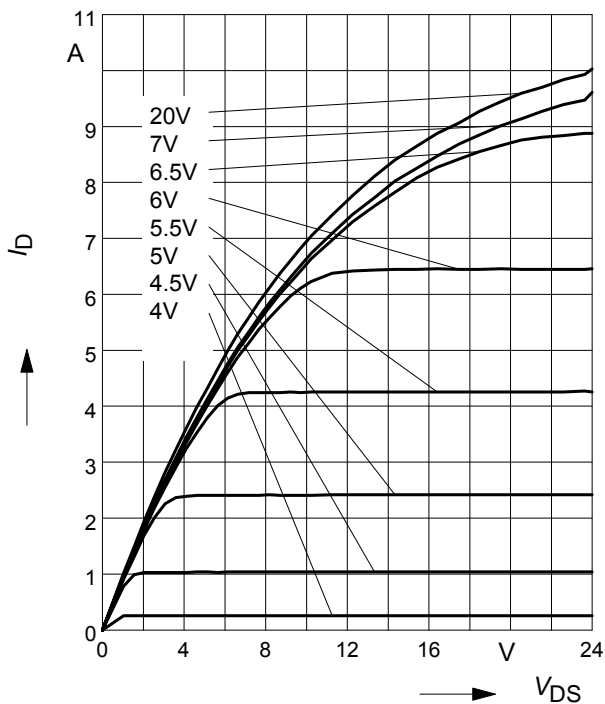
parameter:  $D = t_p/t$



### 7 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

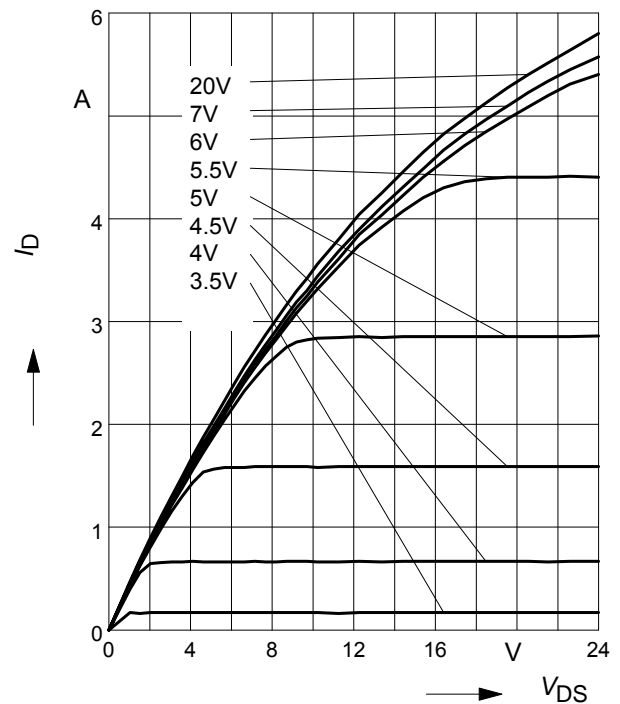
parameter:  $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$



### 8 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

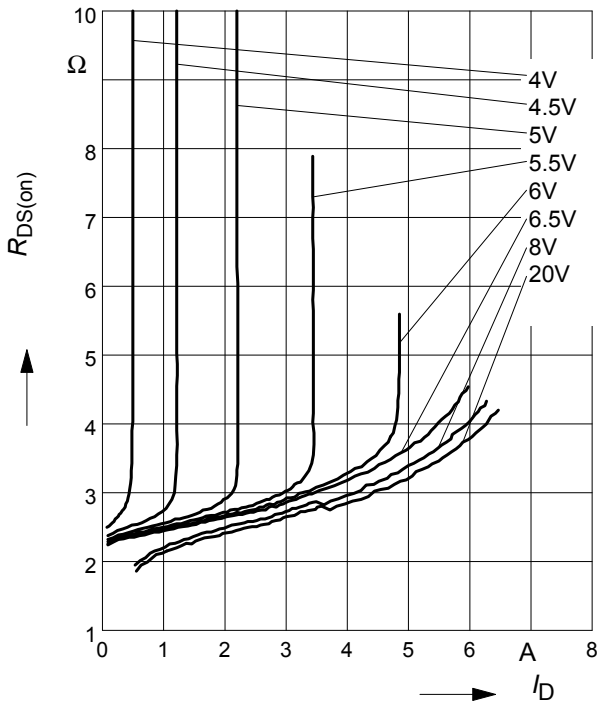
parameter:  $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$



**9 Typ. drain-source on resistance**

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

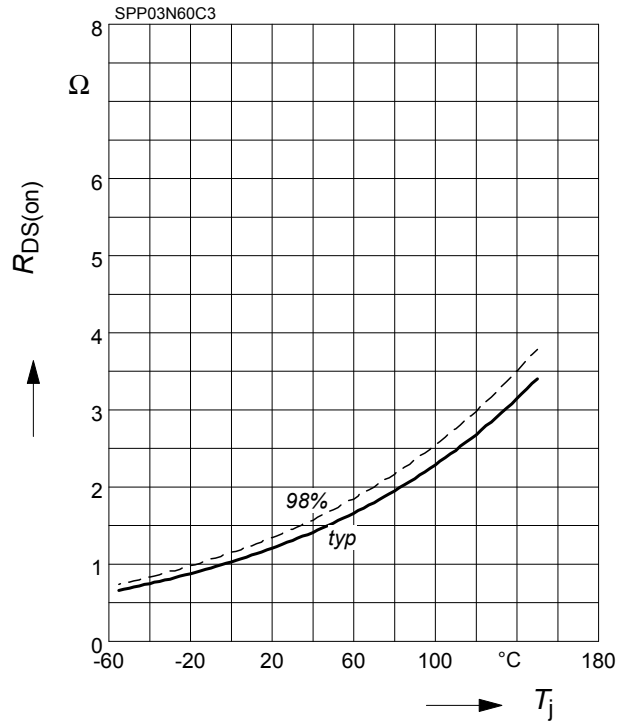
parameter:  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GS}$



**10 Drain-source on-state resistance**

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

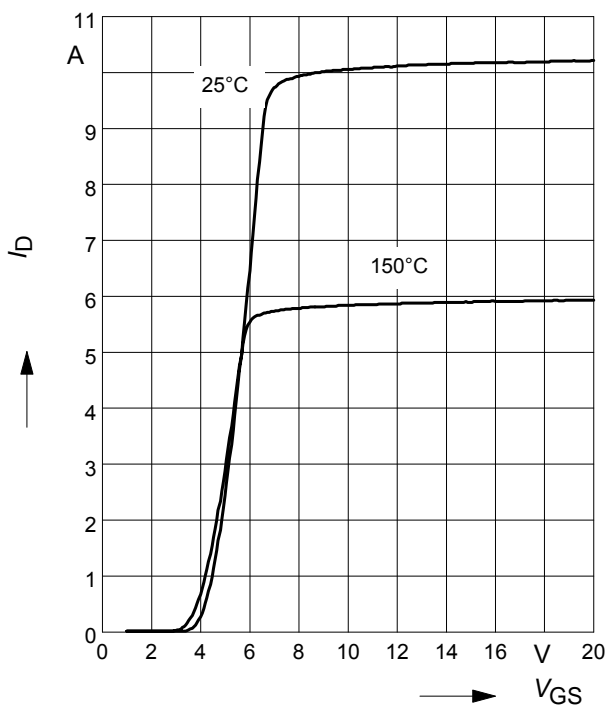
parameter:  $I_D = 2\text{ A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



**11 Typ. transfer characteristics**

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$$

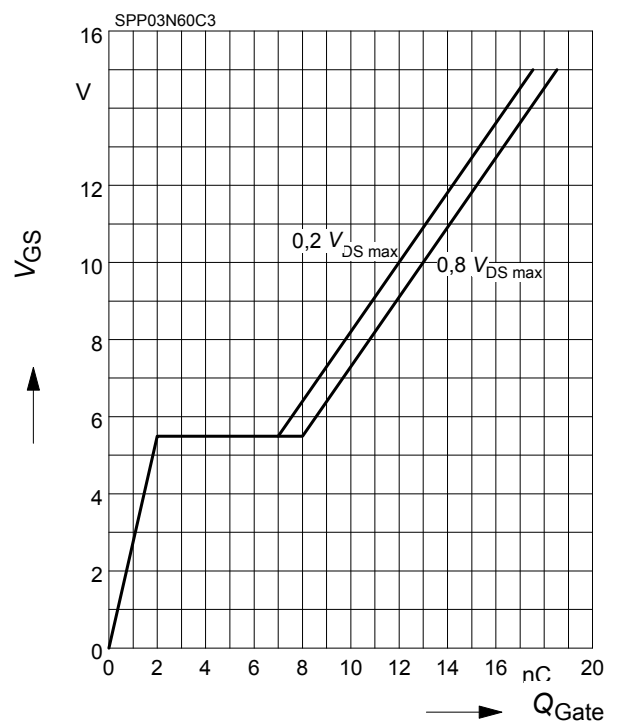
parameter:  $t_p = 10\ \mu\text{s}$



**12 Typ. gate charge**

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

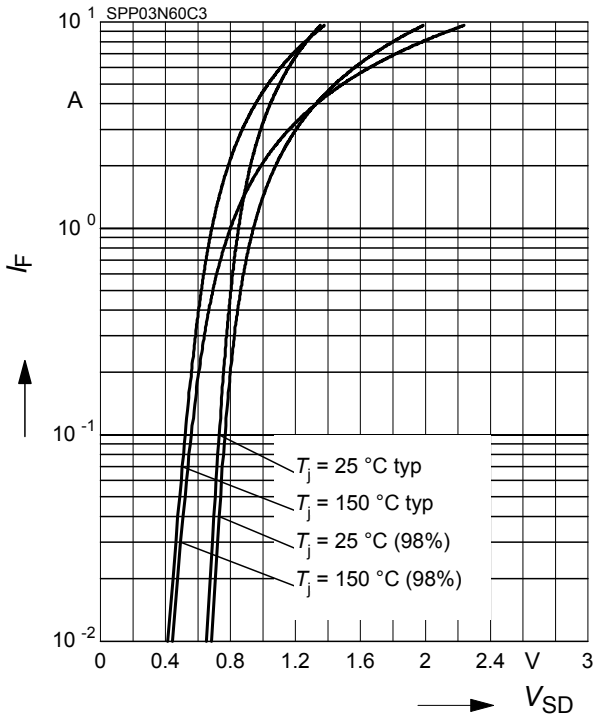
parameter:  $I_D = 3.2\text{ A pulsed}$



**13 Forward characteristics of body diode**

$I_F = f(V_{SD})$

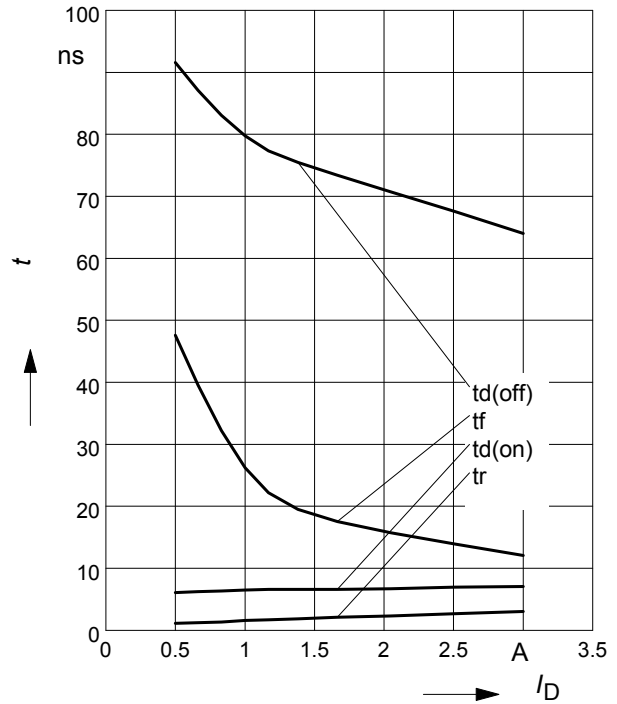
parameter:  $T_j$ ,  $t_p = 10 \mu s$



**14 Typ. switching time**

$t = f(I_D)$ , inductive load,  $T_j = 125^\circ C$

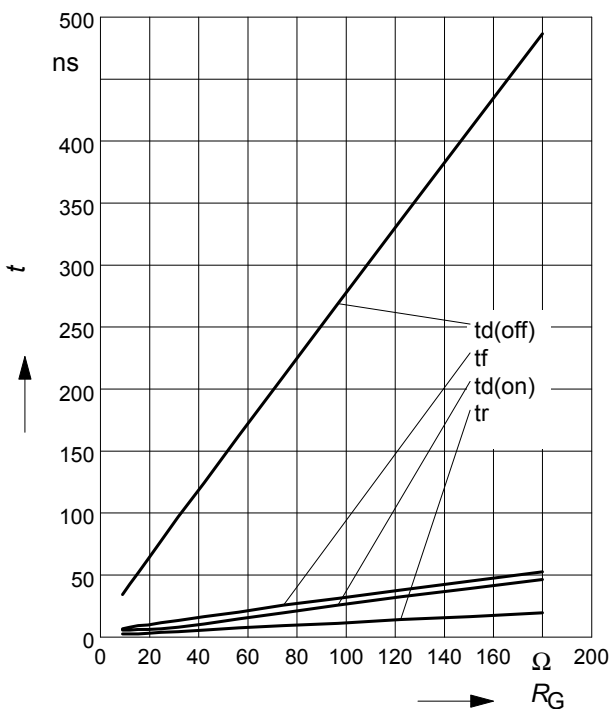
par.:  $V_{DS} = 380V$ ,  $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$ ,  $R_G = 20\Omega$



**15 Typ. switching time**

$t = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j = 125^\circ C$

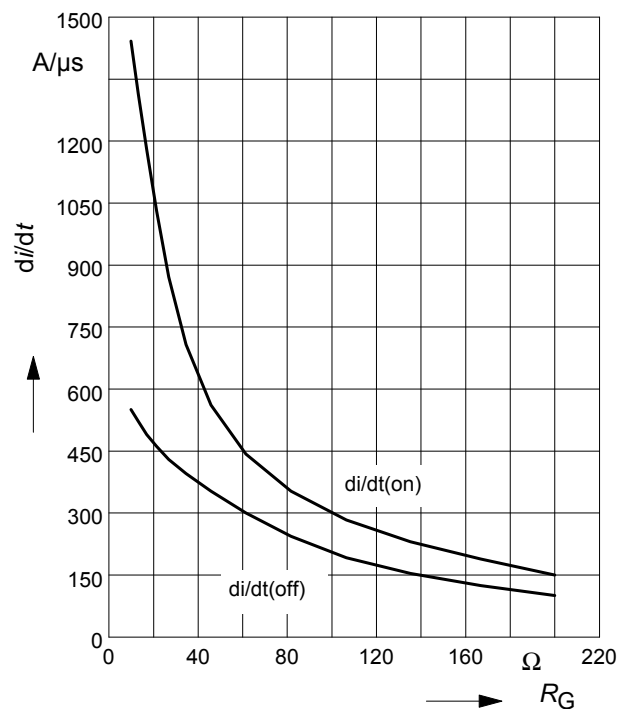
par.:  $V_{DS} = 380V$ ,  $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$ ,  $I_D = 3.2 A$



**16 Typ. drain current slope**

$di/dt = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j = 125^\circ C$

par.:  $V_{DS} = 380V$ ,  $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$ ,  $I_D = 3.2A$

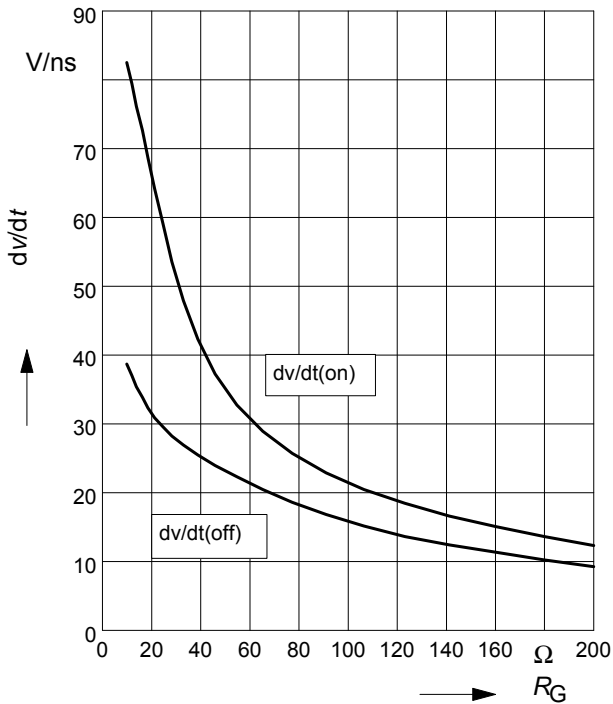




**17 Typ. drain source voltage slope**

$dv/dt = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

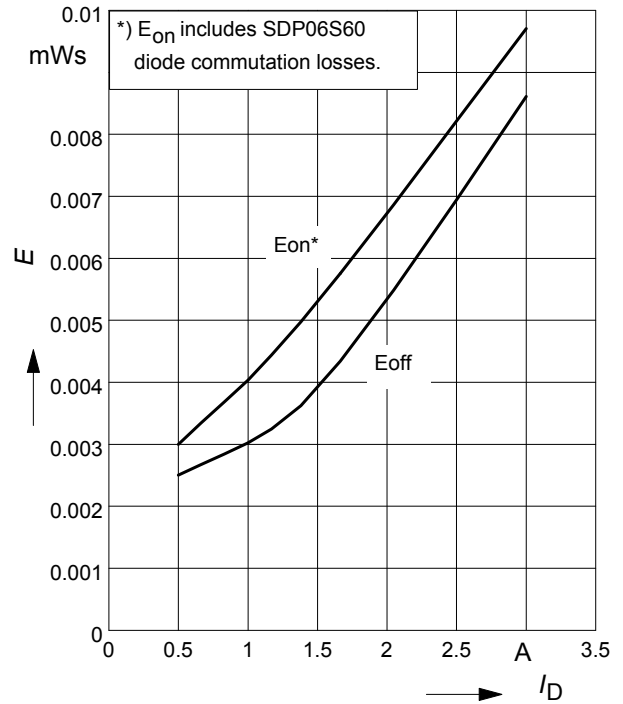
par.:  $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$ ,  $I_D=3.2\text{A}$



**18 Typ. switching losses**

$E = f(I_D)$ , inductive load,  $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$

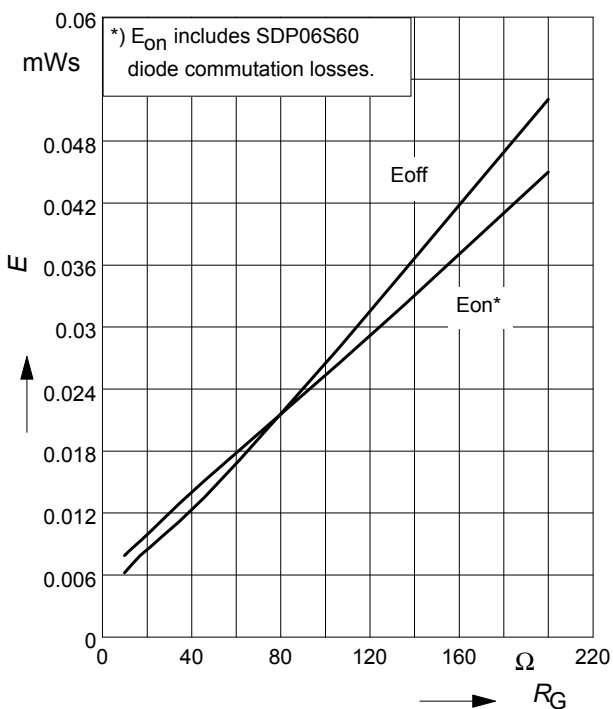
par.:  $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=20\Omega$



**19 Typ. switching losses**

$E = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$

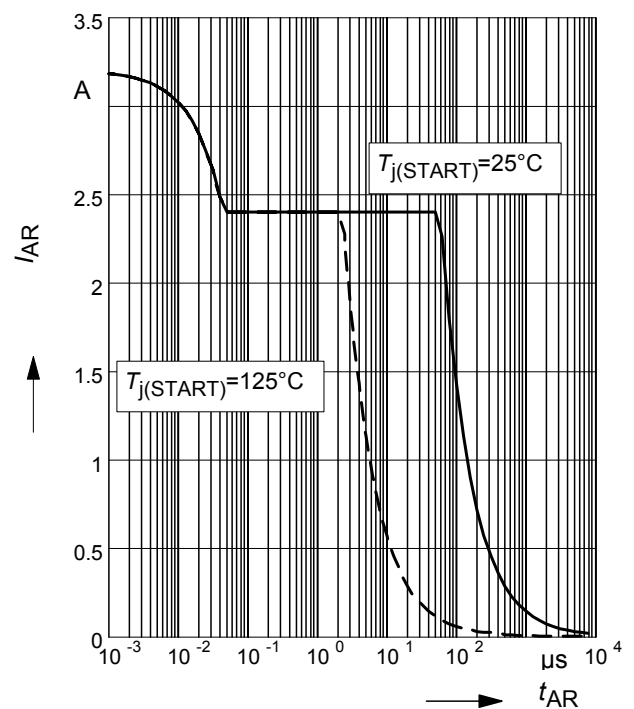
par.:  $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$ ,  $I_D=3.2\text{A}$



**20 Avalanche SOA**

$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$

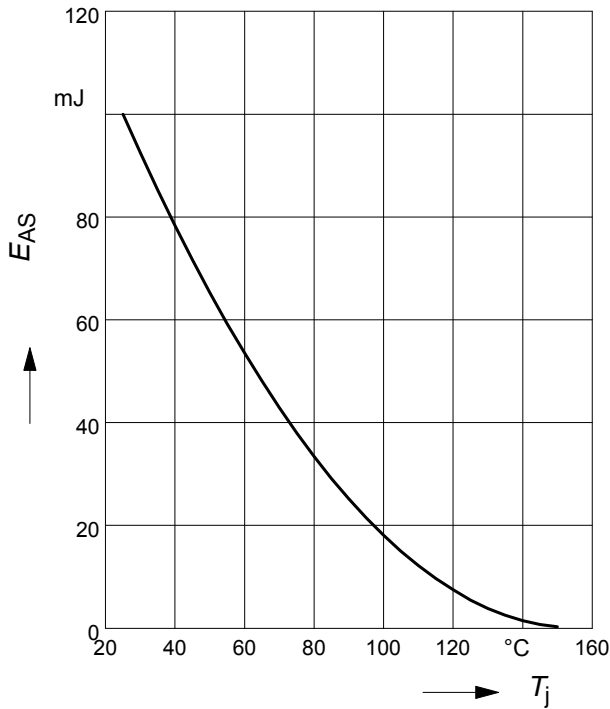
par.:  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$



**21 Avalanche energy**

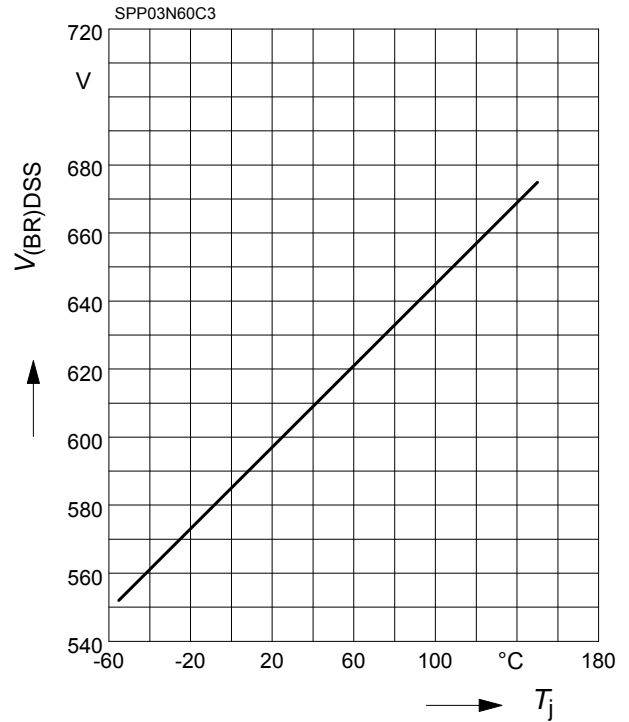
$$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$$

par.:  $I_D = 2.4 \text{ A}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$



**22 Drain-source breakdown voltage**

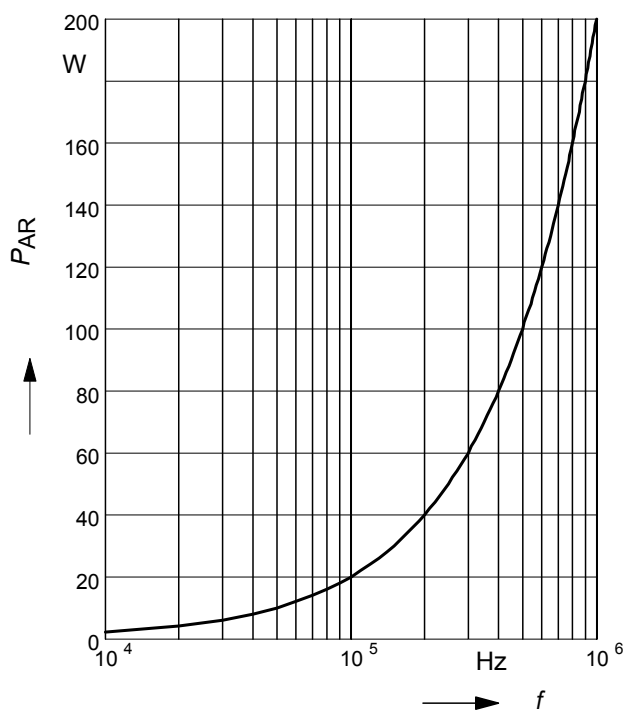
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



**23 Avalanche power losses**

$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

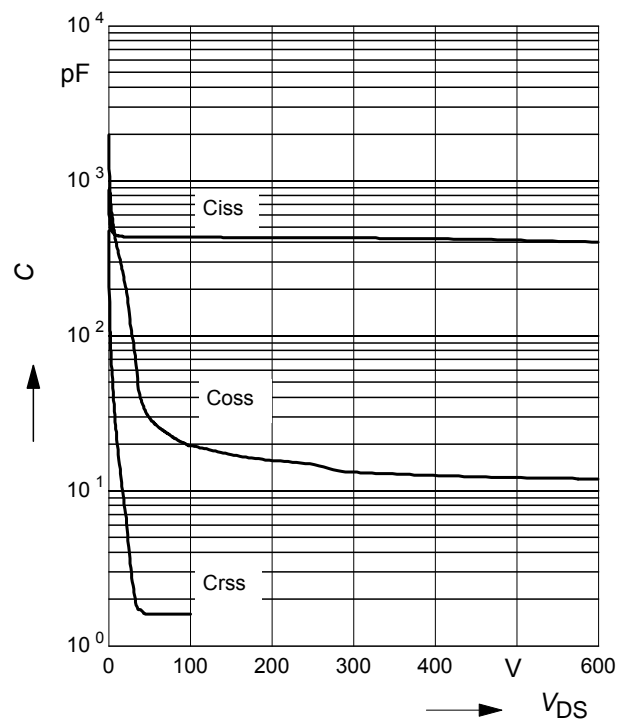
parameter:  $E_{AR} = 0.2 \text{ mJ}$



**24 Typ. capacitances**

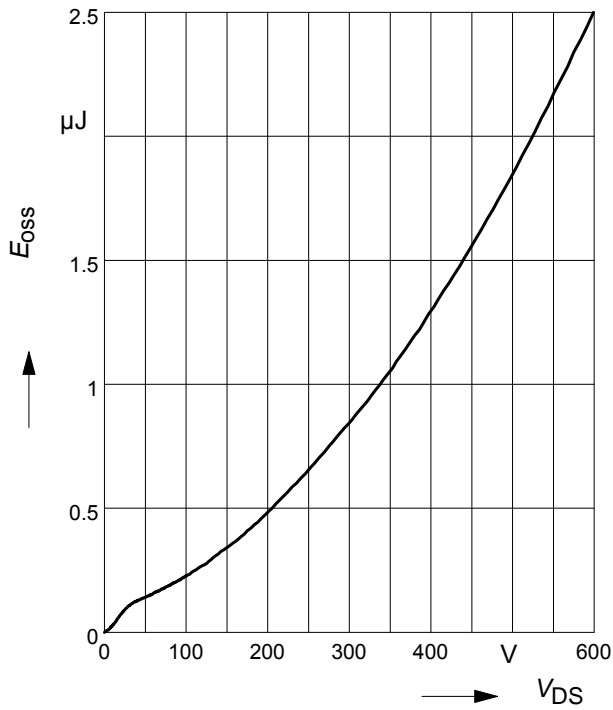
$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter:  $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$



25 Typ.  $C_{oss}$  stored energy

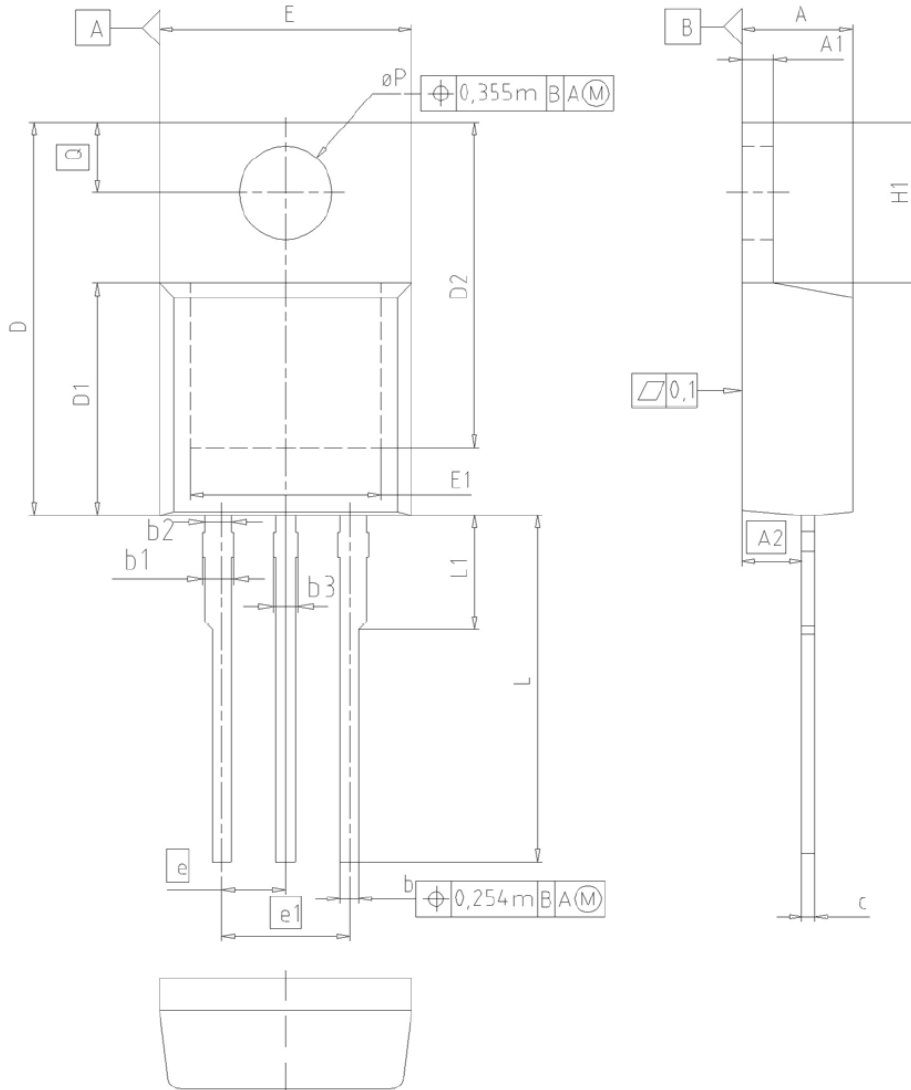
$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$



Definition of diodes switching characteristics



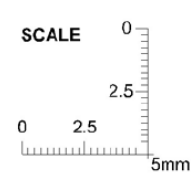
PG-TO220-3-1, PG-TO220-3-21 : Outline




DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107
b	0.65	0.86	0.026	0.034
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.055
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
b3	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
c	0.33	0.60	0.013	0.024
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628
D1	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.516
E	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H1	5.90	6.90	0.232	0.272
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.80	-	0.189
$\phi P$	3.60	3.89	0.142	0.153
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118

**DOCUMENT NO.**  
Z8B00003318

**SCALE**



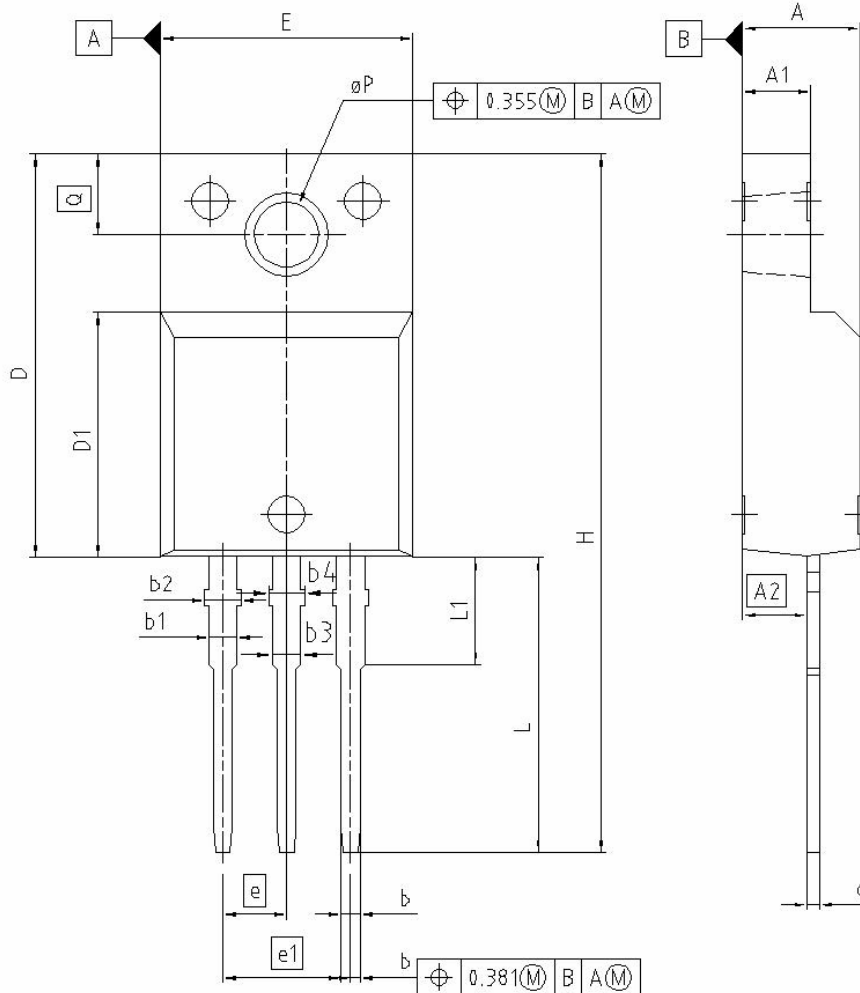
**EUROPEAN PROJECTION**



**ISSUE DATE**  
23-08-2007

**REVISION**  
05

PG-TO220-3-31/3-111 Fully isolated package (2500VAC; 1 minute)



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.55	4.85	0.179	0.191
A1	2.55	2.85	0.100	0.112
A2	2.42	2.72	0.095	0.107
b	0.65	0.85	0.026	0.033
b1	0.95	1.33	0.037	0.052
b2	0.95	1.51	0.037	0.059
b3	0.65	1.33	0.026	0.052
b4	0.65	1.51	0.026	0.059
c	0.40	0.63	0.016	0.025
D	15.85	16.15	0.624	0.636
D1	9.53	9.83	0.375	0.387
E	10.35	10.65	0.407	0.419
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H	29.45	29.75	1.159	1.171
L	13.45	13.75	0.530	0.541
L1	3.15	3.45	0.124	0.136
øP	2.95	3.20	0.116	0.126
Q	3.15	3.50	0.124	0.138

**REFERENCE**  
J..

**SCALE**

**EUROPEAN PROJECTION**

**ISSUE DATE**  
08-01-2007

**FILE**  
TO220\_2

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Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

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