

PRODUCT BRIEF

Intel® SSD D5-P4320 / D5-P4420
Data Center, PCI Express*



Intel® QLC 3D NAND SSD with PCIe* Large, Affordable Capacity. Reliable Storage.

Intel delivers the industry's first PCIe* QLC 3D NAND SSD for the Data Center¹ – a new generation of large, affordable, and reliable drives



The Intel® SSD D5-P4320 and D5-P4420 deliver big, affordable, and reliable storage to the warm data tier. With 33% more bits per cell than TLC,² the Intel® QLC 3D NAND SSDs enables 3x storage consolidation³ compared to hard disk drives (HDDs), leading to lower operational costs. As the industry's first PCIe*-enabled QLC drive for the data center, the D5-P4320 provides the ability to scale to large capacities and deliver the performance needed for storage workload requirements. The D5-P4420 drive offers double the endurance, supporting an even wider range of workloads.

Store More: Big Capacities Store Massive Quantities of Data

The Intel® QLC technology offers an aerial density advantage of 33% more bits per cell than the prior generation of Intel® 3D NAND SSDs. The result? Higher capacity, cost-effective PCIe drives optimized for read-intensive storage workloads. Both the D5-P4320 and D5-P4420 are currently available in a U.2 form factor with 7.68TB capacity.

Save More: High Density Reduces Operational Cost

Today's data center storage often relies on a mix of HDD and SSD technologies. The Intel® SSD D5-P4320 and D5-P4420 deliver high capacity and lower operational cost for the capacity or "warm" data storage layer traditionally served by hybrid or HDD arrays. With its higher density, Intel® QLC 3D NAND SSDs mean fewer drives to support, power and cool. In addition, Intel® Data Center SSDs have a lower annual failure rate,⁴ which further reduces costs.

Do More: PCIe Accelerates Workloads at Large Capacities

All QLC-enabled SSDs are not created equal. In addition to massive capacities, the D5-P4320 and D5-P4420 are built on the PCIe* interface, which delivers higher maximum performance than the SATA interface.⁵ Both SKUs allow for much denser systems while enabling performance per TB to continue scaling well beyond SATA-based QLC SSDs. The Intel® QLC SSDs, when combined with Intel® Optane™ technology, accelerate the speed of frequently accessed data, at the price and capacity of massive storage.

Backed by Intel Experience and Innovation

Intel brings longstanding expertise and leadership in data management to address the capacity and performance issues of today's data centers. Prepare for the future with PCIe Intel® QLC SSDs, backed by Intel's technology and manufacturing leadership.

Features At-a-Glance	
Model	Intel® SSD D5-P4320 / D5-P4420
Capacity and Form Factor	U.2 2.5" (15mm): 7.68 TB
Interface	PCIe Gen3.1 x 4
Media	64-layer, QLC 3D NAND
Performance	Sequential R/W up to 3200/1000 MB/s Random R/W up to 427K/36K IOPS
Endurance	D5-P4320: Sequential write up to 12.3 PBW; Random write up to 2.8 PBW D5-P4420: Sequential write up to 24.6 PBW; Random write up to 5.6 PBW PBW = Petabytes written
Reliability	AFR: ≤ 0.44%
Power	Active: 15W Idle: 5W Enhanced power-loss data protection
Operating Temperature	0° C – 70° C SMART temperature
Warranty	5-year limited warranty

For more up-to-date product specifications, visit ark.intel.com



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1. Based on Intel achieving PRQ status of Intel® SSD D5-P4320 on July 13, 2018
2. Source: Intel. 33% more bits per cell. TLC (tri-level cell) contains 3 bits per cell and QLC (quad level cell) contains 4 bits per cell. Calculated as $(4-3)/3 = 33\%$ more bits per cell.
3. Consolidate storage footprint up to 3x. Based on 4TB 3.5" HDD - [WD Gold TB Enterprise class 7200 RPM SSD](#) configuration based on 7.68TB Intel® D5-P4320 QLC SSD: 3 2U nodes per 1PB - 1,106TB total using 144 7.68TB D5-P4320 SSDs; 48 2.5" SSDs per 2U node using 2.5" U.2 from factor; 3 2U nodes for 6U total. HDD configuration based on 4TB 3.5" HDD: - 10 2U nodes per 1PB - 960TB total based on 24 3.5" HDDs per 2U.
4. Industry AFR Average: Source – <https://www.backblaze.com/blog/2018-hard-drive-failure-rates/>. Source – Intel. Intel® SSD Annualized Failure Rate Report for 2018 for products shipping >1Mu
5. Source: [Microcontroller Tips](#), March 29, 2018 - SATA has throughput up to 6GB/s; SAS throughput is up to 12GB/s; PCIe 3.0 throughput is up to 16GB/s. <https://www.microcontrollertips.com/why-nvme-ssds-are-faster-than-sata-ssds/>

Performance tests, such as SYSmark and MobileMark, are measured using specific computer systems, components, software, operations and functions. Any change to any of those factors may cause the results to vary. You should consult other information and performance tests to assist you in fully evaluating your contemplated purchases, including the performance of that product when combined with other products. For more complete information visit www.intel.com/benchmarks.

Intel technologies' features and benefits depend on system configuration and may require enabled hardware, software or service activation. Performance varies depending on system configuration. Check with your system manufacturer or retailer or learn more at intel.com/ssd.

Cost reduction scenarios described are intended as examples of how a given Intel-based product, in the specified circumstances and configurations, may affect future costs and provide cost savings. Circumstances will vary. Intel does not guarantee any costs or cost reduction.

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