

# User manual Thermocouple input device LAN/RS485

# **Nano TC Sensor PoE**



Soft >= 0.9

#### **Dear Customer!**

Thank you very much for choosing our product. Before its use, please read these instructions carefully. Here you find the most appropriate ways of dealing with this device, the basic principles of safety and maintenance. Please, also keep the user manual so that you can read it during later use.

#### Attention!

The manufacturer is not liable for any damage caused by improper use of the device which differ from its intended purpose, or improper handling, as well as a fault of driver resulting from improper use.

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## 1 Preliminary information

Before starting work with the device, read The User manual and follow the instructions contained therein!

Description of visual symbols used in this user manual:



This symbol is responsible for reviewing the appropriate place in the user instructions, warnings and important information. Failure to follow warnings could cause injury or damage to the device



Important information and guidelines



Following this guidelines makes the use of the device easier

**Attention**: The screenshots in this manual can be dissimilar from actual images at the time of the device purchase. Due to continuous development of the devices software, some of the functions may differ from these in the manual. The manufacturer claims no responsibility for any undesirable effects (misunderstanding) caused by changes of the software.

## 2 Application of the device

The Nano Thermo PoE device is used to transmit the measured voltage across the LAN. The measured value is available through the embedded website and via HTTP GET, Modbus TCP, SNMP and MQTT protocols. An additional RS485 port enables communication via the Modbus RTU protocol. The device can send an exceeded value to other Inveo modules, causing eg remote activation of the relay.

## 3 Warranty and liability of the manufacturer



The manufacturer provides a 2-year warranty on the device. The manufacturer also provides post-warranty service for 10 years from the date of the introducing the device on the market. The warranty covers all defects in material and workmanship.

The manufacturer undertakes to comply with the contract of guarantee, if the following conditions are met:

- all repairs, alterations, extensions and device calibrations are performed by the manufacturer or authorized service,
- supply network installation meets applicable standards in this regard,
- the device is operated in accordance with the recommendations outlined in this manual,
- the device is used as intended.

The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for consequences resulting from improper installation, improper use of the device, not following this manual and the repairs of the device by individuals without permission.



This device doesn't contain serviceable parts.

## 4 Safety guidelines

The device has been designed and built using modern electronic components, according to the latest trends in the global electronics. In particular, much emphasis was placed on ensuring optimum safety and reliability of control. The device has a housing with a high-quality plastic.

## 4.1 Storage, work and transport conditions

The device has to be stored in enclosed rooms which are free of caustic vapors and substances and also meet the requirements:

- surrounding temperature from -30°C to +60°C,
- humidity from 25 to 90%,
- atmospheric pressure from 700 to 1060hPa.

The device working conditions:

- surrounding temperature from -10°C to +55°C,
- relative humidity from 30% to 75%,
- atmospheric pressure from 700 to 1060hPa.

Recommended transport conditions:

- surrounding temperature from -40°C to +85°C,
- relative humidity from 5% to 95%,
- atmospheric pressure from 700 to 1060hPa.



#### 4.2 Installation and use of the device

The device should be used following the guidelines shown in next part of the user manual.

#### 4.3 Decommissioning of the device

When it becomes necessary to recycle the device (for instance, to decommission the device from service), please contact the manufacturer or its representative, who are obliged to respond, appropriately, i.e. collecting the device from the user. You can also ask the companies involved in recycling of electrical or computer equipment. Under no circumstances should you place the device along with other waste material.

## 5 Construction of the device

#### 5.1 Technical data

## Power supply:

PoE: 33-57V POE IEEE 802.3af

DC: 10-24VDC (screw terminals 3,5mm)

Power consumption: max 1,5W

## Input:

Number of inputs: 2,

• 1 Input for PT100/PT1000 sensor (reference – cold junction or constant value)

screw terminal No.1 and No.4

• 1 Input for thermocouple: screw terminal No.2 and No.3

Frequency of measurement: 4Hz Transducer resolution: 17 bit

#### Communication:

1 port Ethernet, 10Mbps, PoE IEEE 802.3af.

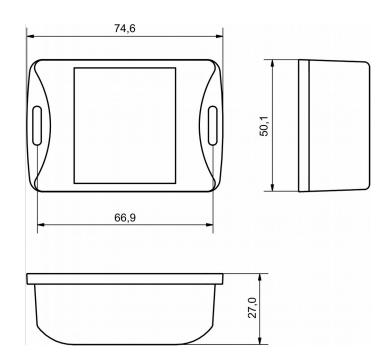
1 port RS485, modbus RTU,

Transmission speed: 1200,2400,4800,9600,19200,38400,57600 bps,

Parity: None, Odd, Even, Mark, Space, 2 Stops.

## Housing:

IP Code: 30 Dimensions:



#### 5.2 General features

The device supports the following types of RSD sensors (cold junction):

- PT100 sensor,
- PT1000 sensor.

The module supports thermocouple type: E, J, K, N, T.

The user can configure the offset, sensor types, units and alarms.

Communication with the device is available via Lan or RS485 (Modbus RTU).

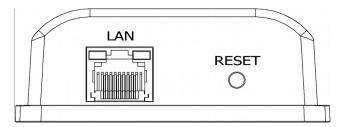
The following communication options are available:

- embedded web server, using a standard internet browser (preferred browsers are MOZILLA FIREFOX, OPERA, CHROME),
- windows / linux command line programs
- HTTP protocol
- Modbus TCP protocol
- Modbus RTU protocol
- SNMP protocol
- own application via TCP protocol (shared protocol)
- MQTT (Inveo server protocol)

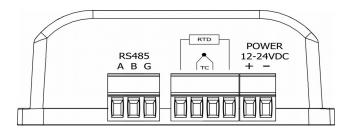
The module is equipped with an LED display. The display shows the current measured value of thermocouple sensor and RSD sensor.

## 5.3 Description of the module connectors

The module is equipped with the following connectors:



- LAN connection of LAN and power PoE IEEE 802.3af
- RESET a button to enabling the DHCP, checking the current IP address and restoring the module to the factory settings



- **SENSOR** screw connection for sensor connection
- **RS485** MODBUS RTU communication connection
- **POWER** power connection. An additional power connection used in the event of a PoE power failure. Power supply voltage 12-24VDC.

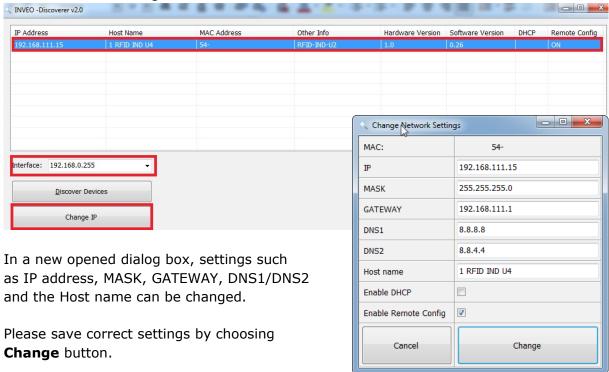
## 6 Configuration of the device

The device when used for first time needs to be configured.

There are two methods to do so. The network configuration can be easily changed by Inveo "Discoverer" (https://inveo.com.pl/software/) software:

## 6.1 Changing the device's IP address by Discoverer application.

When the "Discoverer" is opened and the relevant device is found, choose Interface list box and click on Change IP button.



If **Remote Config** is disabled (enabled by default), it is necessary to configure the device by changing the computer's subnet (chapter 6.2).

To enable the remote configuration it is necessary to enter **Administration** tab and mark **Enable Remote Network Config.** 



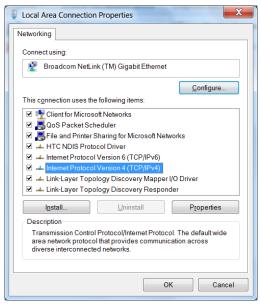
Save the setup by selecting **Save Config** button.

## 6.2 Changing the PC's subnet address, for the device configuration

After the device is connected to a network, a subnet address of a PC which is connected to the same network has to be changed.

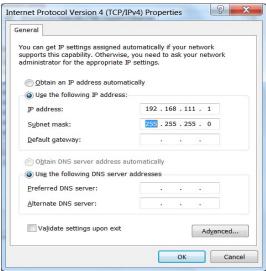
To do so, go to the PC's MS Windows network configuration: Start->Control panel ->Network and Sharing Center->Network and Internet->Network Connections, choose the related controller and right click on "Properties".

After selecting this option configuration window will show up:



**Changing network settings in MS WINDOWS** 

Next choose "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)", double click on it and enter following settings:

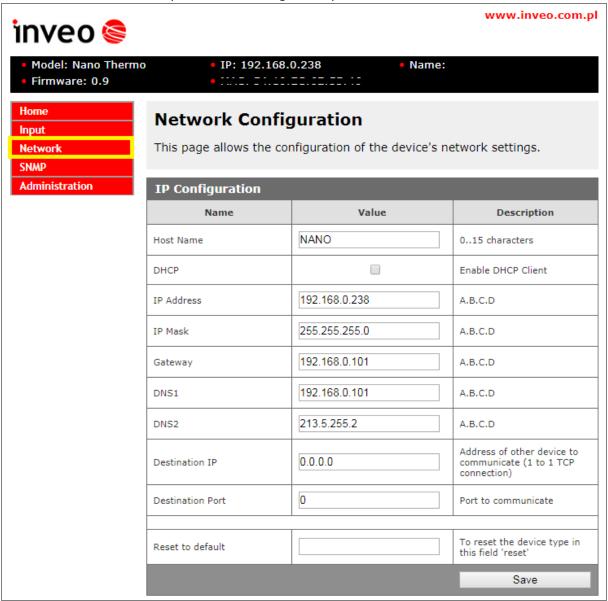


Illustrative TCP/IP protocol settings

After saving changes by clicking OK, open an Internet browser and enter in the browser's address line: **192.168.111.15**.

**Default user name/password:** admin/admin00

In the **Network** tab it is possible to change LAN parameters.



To change the network settings, use the following fields:

- Host Name NETBIOS name,
- DHCP checking this box forces use of the address assigned by the DHCP server,
- IP Address the IP address of the reader,
- IP Mask IP subnet mask,
- Gateway network gateway,
- DNS1, DNS2 DNS servers addresses,
- **Destination IP** the IP address of the server or of the external device in the M2M connection (chapter 7.3),
- **Destination Port** the listening port of the server or of the external device in the M2M connection,
- Reset to default reset the device to the factory settings.

After all changes, select **Save**.

## 6.3 Security settings and administration

The Administration settings allow for changing access password and to enable/disable particular services in the device.

#### The device name

The device used in a system can be named and identified.

Module name					
Name	Value	Description			
Module name		015 characters			

#### **Admin password change**

To change an administrator password, in **Current Password** value field write a current password. Next in appropriate value field **New Password** write your new password and confirm it at **Re-type Password** value field.

Admin Password						
Name	Value	Description				
Current Password		015 characters				
New Password		015 characters				
Re-type password		015 characters				

**Admin Password** – an administrator password change (login: admin, has access to the device all configurations settings)

**Current Password –** current admin password

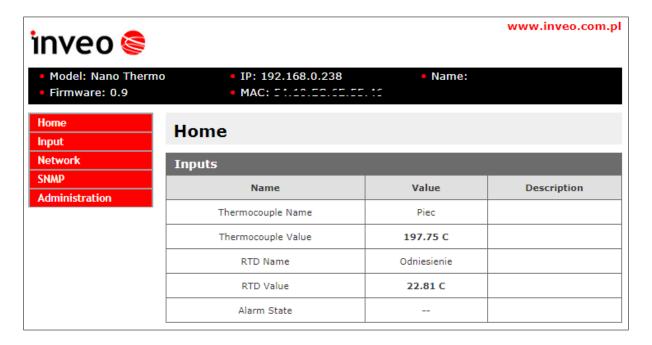
**New Password** – a new admin password

**Re-type Password** – a new admin password confirmation

## 7 The device functions

#### 7.1 The device status

The module status can be found at the *Home* tab.



Thermocouple Name - thermocouple name defined by user,

**Thermocouple Value** – currently measured value of the thermocouple sensor after applying the correction function (the correction functions described in chapter 7.3),

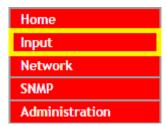
RTD Name - RTD Sensor Name (PT100, PT1000) defined by user,

**RTD Value** – currently measured value of the RTD sensor after applying the correction function (the correction functions described in chapter 7.3),

Alarm State - information about actual alarm state.

#### 7.2 Inputs configuration

The *Input* tab allows to configure the thermocouple type and RTD sensor.



The user can define the offset and the unit of measurement value.

## Thermocouple configuration

Thermocouple Setup					
Name	Value	Description			
Input Name	Piec	015 characters			
Туре	J ▼				
Correction Offset	0.0	Value added to measured value			
Cold Junction Mode	Constans ▼	Cold Junction source temperature			
Cold Junction Const	30.00	Cold Junction value for Constans mode			

Input Name - name of the thermocouple,

Type - type of thermocouple (available types: E, J, K, N, T),

Correction Offset - the value that will be added to the measured value,

**Cold Junction Mode** – cold junction source temperature:

- Constans constant value
- RTD Sensor cold junction temperature as measured value of the RTD sensor, Cold Junction Const reference temperature value for the Constans mode.

## RTD sensor configuration (reference temperature)

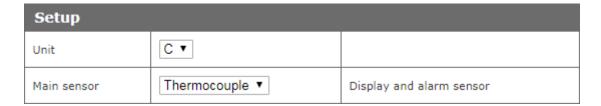
RTD Setup					
Name	Value	Description			
Input Name	Zero	015 characters			
Туре	Pt1000 ▼				
Correction Offset	0.0	Value added to measured value			

Input Name - name of the RTD sensor,

**Type –** sensor type (PT100 or PT1000),

**Correction Offset** – the value that will be added to the measured value.

#### Selection of units and main sensor



The device allows display measured vaule in units: **Celsius**, **Fahrenheit**, **Kelvin**.

The main sensor can be a thermocouple or RTD. If the main sensor is selected, the display shows currently measured value and alarm sets for this sensor.

#### **Alarms**

Alarm		
Name	Value	Description
Alarm Low Value	0.0	0.0 format
Alarm High Value	0.0	0.0 format
Alarm mode	Disabled ▼	

The device can compare the measured value with the thresholds set by the user. Detection of value violation is treated as an alarm. The alarm status is available as virtual output and for most protocols.

The alarm can be configured for the following exceedances (Alarm Mode):

- **Disabled** the alarm disabled
- **Low** the alarm is active if the measured value is smaller than the value set in the field **Alarm Low Value**.
- **High** the alarm is active if the measured value is higher than the value set in the field **Alarm High Value**.
- Low + High the alarm is active if the measured value is higher than the value
  in the field Alarm High Value or lower than the value in the field Alarm Low
  Value.

The occurrence of an alarm condition is signaled on the homepage of the module, and the LED display on the device flashes.

During the alarm, the virtual output 1 is activated in the status.xml resource (<on>00000001</on>) (status.xml is described in chapter 7.9)

All changes must be confirmed with the **Save** button.

## 7.3 Services configuration

**Administration** tab allows to choose which services are to be available. Selecting the check box next to the service name activates the selected service.

Services					
Name	Value	Description			
Enable Program Access		Is needed by TCPrel and 1 to 1 TCP connection.			
Enable MODBUS TCP					
Enable MODBUS RTU					
Enable SNMP					
Enable Destination Client		Allow module to send data to other device (1 to 1 TCP connection)			
EnableMQTT Client		[Show Info]			
Enable Remote Network Config	✓				
Enable TFTP Bootloader		Allow remote upgrade firmware by TFTP. For safety reasons, the option should be disabled.			

**Enable Program Access** – a service of access by a computer program (Windows, Linux) and TCP / IP protocol operating on port 9761,

Enable Modbus TCP - enables Modbus TCP server,

Enable Modbus RTU - enables Modbus RTU (RS485) server,

**Enable SNMP** – enables SNMP protocol supporting,

**Enable Destination Client** – connecting to a remote host service (chapter 7.4),

Enable MQTT Inveo - a service that sends data to the INVEO MQTT cloud,

**Enable Remote Network Config** – a service of remote change of network settings by the INVEO DISCOVERER program,

**Enable TFTP Bootloader** – enables a bootloader.



#### Attention:

**TFTP Bootloader** and **Remote Network Config** ought to be disabled during normal work operation. It should be enabled for a firmware update only.

## 7.4 Destination Client (M2M)

**Inveo devices as** LanTick, Nano Temperature Sensor, Nano Digital Input, Nano Relay Output or others **are able to send information data to the server or to another module with outputs** using the TCP or UDP protocol. It means that this another module can react to activation of channel or when alarm occurs (Nano Sensors).

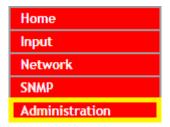
The message is sent each time state is changed and additionally every 5 seconds.

## Configuration of devices receiving messages (external devices)

To enable the service, enter the **Administration** tab and select **Enable Program Access** and confirm with the **Save Config** button.

## Configuration of devices sending alarm status messages

To enable the service, enter the **Administration** tab and select **Enable Destination Client** and confirm with the **Save Config** button.





In the **Administration** tab, fill in the **Destination IP** and **Destination Port** fields. The **Destination IP** field is an IP address of the external device. The **Destination Port** field is a port number of the external device (9731 by default).

Destination IP	192.168.111.16	Address of other device to communicate (1 to 1 TCP connection)
Destination Port	9761	Port to communicate

Then, in the *Input* tab select the appropriate output which will be enabled in the external device or – select type of the message.

Client Setup					
Name	Value	Description			
Client Mode	Dest:1 ▼	Select destintation channel in 1 to 1 TCP connection			

In the **Client mode** field in the **Administration** tab, user can choose the format of the frame:

- Off sending frames disabled,
- **Dest: 1..8** sending TCP frames in **format #1** (compatible with INVEO devices)

This format allows to enable output in the other Inveo device with the relay output (e.g. LanTick). The output will be turned on when the alarm state occurred and will be turned off when the device is in its normal state.

- Status sending TCP frames in format #2,
- MAC + Status sending TCP frames in format #3.

## 7.5 TCP frames formats (Destination Client)

#### Format #1

The frame in the format #1 is sent in binary form.

An example TCP frame sent with active alarm and **Dest:5** set

SOF	CMD	СН	F_ID	ALARM	!ALARM	Val0 (LSB)	Val1	Val2	Val3 (MSB)	CRC
0x0F	0x01	0x04	0xFF	0x01	0xFE	0x0F	0x00	0x01	0x57	0x79

An example TCP frame sent with inactive alarm and **Dest:5** set

SOF	CMD	CH	F_ID	ALARM	!ALARM	Val0 (LSB)	Val1		Val3 (MSB)	CRC
0x0F	0x01	0x04	0xFF	0x00	0xFF	0x0F	0x00	0x01	0x57	0x79

Values Val0-Val3 is a 32-byte Final\_Val value multiplied with \* 1000.

#### Calculation CRC:

CRC = (BYTE) SUM (SOF+CMD+CH+F\_ID+ALARM+!ALARM+Val0 (LSB)+Val1+Val2+Val3 (MSB))

#### Format #2

The frame in the format #2 is sent as a string (STRING).

#### <ALARM>[SPACE]<Final\_Val>

- ALARM value 1 means an alarm is active, 0 means an alarm is inactive
- Final\_Val Final\_Val value

Va	Value in HEX					STRING
30	20	33	39	2E	35	0 39.5

#### Format #3

The frame in the format #3 is sent as a string (STRING).

<MAC>[SPACE]<ALARM>[SPACE]<Final\_Val>

- MAC network address of the module
- ALARM value 1 means an alarm is active, 0 means an alarm is inactive
- Final\_Val Final\_Val value

Va	Value in HEX											STRING							
35	34	31	30	45	43	36	35	35	30	32	31	20	30	20	34	36	2E	39	5410EC655021 0 46.9

The TCP frame can be supported with your own software.

An example of using the netcat command for Linux:

#### Format #1

#### Format #2

#### Format #3

```
192.168.0.101 - PuTTY

root@debian:~# nc -1 -s 192.168.111.101 -p 9761 | hexdump -C
00000000 35 34 31 30 45 43 36 35 35 30 32 31 20 30 20 34 |5410EC655021 0 4|
00000010 35 2e 33
00000013
root@debian:~#
```

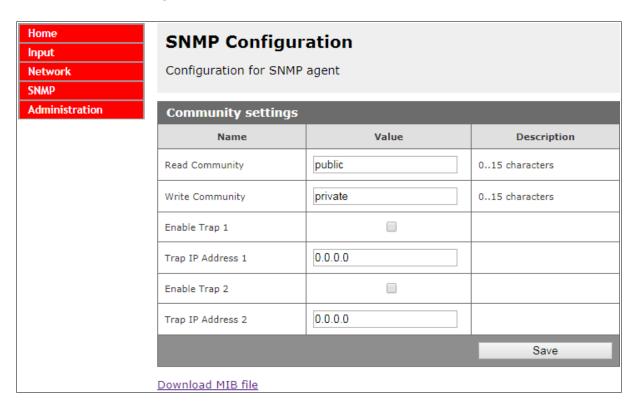
## 7.6 SNMP configuration

The module is equipped with an SNMP v2c server.

To enable this feature go to **Administration** tab and check **Enable SNMP** option.

The SNMP protocol allows to read the current value.

The MIB file describing the structure can be downloaded the **SNMP** tab.



To use the SNMP protocol, save the MIB file by right-clicking on the **Download MIB file** link. Then select the **Save** link **as** option. Download the file to the MIB Browser program.

The basic parameters that can be read from the Nano Thermo PoE module can be found in the table:

Name	Format	OID
CH1_TEMP	STRING	.1.3.6.1.4.1.42814.14.3.5.1.0
CH1_TEMPINT	INTEGER	.1.3.6.1.4.1.42814.14.3.5.2.0
CH1_TEMPINT x10	INTEGER	.1.3.6.1.4.1.42814.14.3.5.3.0
Alarm active	INTEGER	.1.3.6.1.4.1.42814.14.3.1.1.0

Module can send TRAP messages after alarm activation. Destination address should be entered in **Trap IP Address 1** and **Trap IP Address 2** fields.

#### 7.7 Windows command line software

The module's input status can be read from the Windows command line. To use the Windows command line, enable the **Program Access** service in the **Administration** tab.

Windows syntax:

TCPRel.exe [Parameters]

Parameter	Description
-in=1	The number of the input being read
-host=[HOST]	The IP address of the module
-port=[PORT]	Module port
-analog	Reading values from the sensor

#### **Example:**

Reading the current value, the module has an address: 192.168.111.15 and listens on port 9761:

TCPRel -in=1 -host=192.168.111.15 -port=9761 -analog

## 7.8 Linux control program

The module's input status can be read from the command line of the Linux system. To use the Linux control program, enable the **Program Access** service in the **Administration** tab.

Syntax:

./TcpRel.exe [Parameters]

Parameter	Description
-i 1	The number of the input being read
-h [HOST]	The IP address of the module
-p [PORT]	Module port
-a	Reading the current value

## **Example:**

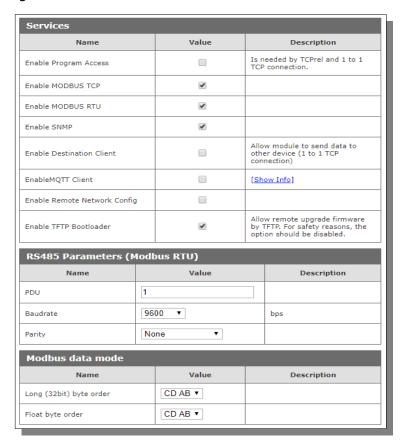
Reading the current value, the module has an address: 192.168.111.15 and listens on port 9761:

./tcprel -i 1 -h 192.168.111.15 -p 9761 -a

#### 7.9 Communication via the MODBUS protocol

The device supports Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP protocols. The Modbus TCP server is available over LAN and listens on port 502. Modbus RTU is available via the RS485 port.

The Modbus configuration is available via the **Administration** tab:



To enable the Modbus protocol, check the **Enable Modbus TCP** or **Enable Modbus RTU** field.

#### **Configuration of RS485 port:**

The options are:

PDU - the device address

**Baudrate** – transmission speed setting: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400,

57600 bps

Parity: None, Odd, Even, Mark, Space, 2 Stops

## Order of bytes for the Long and Float types

To enable working with less standard Modbus master devices, the module has been configured with a 32-bit value representation method.

32-bit values are read as 2 consecutive registers (HoldingRegisters) which are 16 bit. Each 16-bit register consists of 2 bytes.

Devices existing on the market interpret such 4-byte numbers in different ways. Sometimes it is necessary to convert the order of bytes to a 32-bit value.

Nano Thermo allows 4 conversion modes (that is all possible) separately for Long (integer) and Float (floating point) values.

For example, for Long, a decimal number 512002 has a hexadecimal value 00 07 D0 02

Representation of the number in different formats will look as follows

Order	A	В	С	D	HoldingRegister	HoldingRegister + 1
AB CD	00	07	D2	02	0007	D202
CD AB	D2	02	07	00	D202	0700
DC BA	02	D2	00	07	02D2	0007
BA DC	07	00	02	D2	0700	02D2

The most common modes are AB CD and CD AB.

## **Supported Modbus functions**

The device supports the following MODBUS functions:

- 0x01 Read Coils,
- 0x03 Read Holding Register,
- 0x06 Write Single Register,
- 0x0F Write Multiple Coils,
- 0x10 Write Multiple Registers.

## **Coils Register**

Reg. no.	Name	R/W	Description
1	Alarm	R	Alarm flag (1-alarm, 0-no alarm)

## **Holding Registers**

notating Registers											
Reg. no.	Name	R/W	Description								
Integer va	lue 16 bit										
1	Final_Value_Tc	R	The final value for the thermocouple, the								
			decimal part								
2	Final_Value_Tc x10	R	The final value for the thermocouple *10								
3	Final_Value_RTD	R	The final value for the RTD, the decimal part								
4	Final_Value_RTD x10	R	The final value for the RTD sensor *10								
Long value	s (32 bit)										
10	ADC_Value_Tc	R	Value from the ADC for the thermocouple								
11											
12	Final_Value_TCx1000	R	The final value for the thermocouple * 1000								
13											
14	ADC_Value_RTDx1000	R	Value from the ADC for the RTD sensor								
15			*1000								
16	Final_Value_RTDx1000	R	The final value for the RTD sensor * 1000								
17											
Float value	(32 bit)										
20	ADC_Value	R	Value from the ADC for the thermocouple								
21											
22	Final_Value_Tc	R	The final value for the thermocouple * 1000								
23											
24	Voltage_Value_Tc	R	Voltage value from the thermocouple * 1000								
25											
26	ADC_Value_RTDx1000	R	Value from the ADC for the RTD sensor								
27			*1000								
28	Final_Value_RTD	R	The final value for the RTD sensor								
29											
30	Resistance_Value	R	The value of resistance of the RTD sensor								
31	_										

## 7.10 Communication via the MQTT Inveo protocol

If the MQTT Inveo service has been enabled in the **Administration** tab, the module sends to mqtt.inveo.com.pl server the value of measured value every 1 minute and additionally at each change.

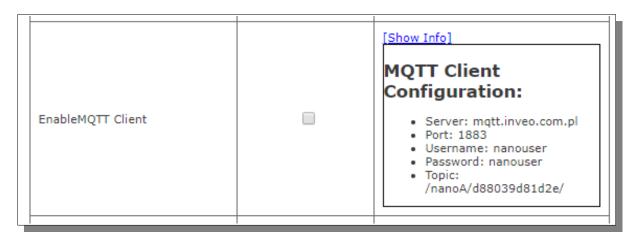
Application configuration - MQTT client:

Address: mqtt.inveo.com.pl

Port: 1883

User name: nanouser User password: nanouser Topic: /nanoA/<MAC>

After click [Show Info] the settings for the MQTT client will be displayed:



There are many applications on Android, IOS or PC that can display data sent by the module.

## 7.11 Communication with module using HTTP.

Modules are able to download data using the HTTP GET protocol.

- **status.xml** the resource containing basic information about the module
- value.txt the final value (Final\_Value) presented in text form

To read the current state of the module, refer to a resource in an Internet browser, e.g. <a href="http://192.168.111.15/status.xml">http://192.168.111.15/status.xml</a>

The module in the XML file will return all relevant information:

```
<response>

<p
```

Section	Description
<pre><pre><pre><pre>od_name&gt;Nano-TC</pre></pre></pre></pre>	Type of the module
<sv>0.9</sv>	The firmware version
<mac>00:00:00:00:00</mac>	MAC address
<on>00000000</on>	Status of virtual outputs: 00000001 means alarm state
<pre><valfinal0>3.3</valfinal0></pre>	The final value of the thermocouple (Final_Value)
<pre><unitfinal0>C</unitfinal0></pre>	Unit
<pre><valfinal1>22.99</valfinal1></pre>	The final value of the RTD sensor (Final_Value)
<pre><unitfinal1>C</unitfinal1></pre>	Unit

## **Example of reading the measured value with the CURL command**

Access to resources **status.xml** does not require authorization. Reading values from the **value.txt** resource:

```
curl "http://192.168.111.15/value.txt" -w "\n"

192.168.0.101 - PuTTY - X

root@debian:~# curl "http://192.168.111.15/value.txt" -w "\n"
60.08

root@debian:~#
```

Reading the Final\_Value value from the status.xml file

```
curl "http://192.168.111.15/status.xml" -w "\n" 2>/dev/null | grep 'valFinal' | awk -F "[><]" '/valFinal/{print $3}'
```

```
# 192.168.0.101 - PuTTY — — X

root@debian:~# curl "http://192.768.111.15/status.xml" -w "\n" 2>/dev/null | gre ^
p 'valFinal' | awk -F "[><]" '/valFinal/{print $3}'

60.13

root@debian:~#
```

## 7.12 Description of the communication protocol

Nano TC Sensor communication data frame.

Command	Byte number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Command	Byte name	SOF	CMD	Channel	Data1	Data2	Data3	Data4	Data5	Data6	Data7	CRC	Returns
Temperature	dec	15	13	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	CRC	4bytes + CRC
reading	hex	0x0F	0x0D	0x00	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	CRC	4 bytes + CRC

As default modules are listening on TCP port 9761.

Reading the current value from the Nano TC Sensor.

SOF	CMD	СН	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	CRC
0x0F	0x0D	0x00	0x1C							

CRC = (BYTE) SUM (SOF+CMD+CH+D1..D7)

## 8 Communication with the module from the external network

If the module is in a different LAN network than the computer connecting to it, port forwarding is required.

Depending on the communication method used with the module, it is necessary to contact the Network Administrator and port forwarding:

#### Support via website and HTTP protocol:

- port TCP 80

## Service by a computer program or by your own application:

- port TCP 9761

## **Support via MODBUS TCP:**

- port TCP 502

## **Support via SNMP protocol:**

- port UDP 161

## 9 Checking the IP address

To check the current IP address of the device:

- 1. Press and hold the reset button until the display shows the four parts of the IP number, e.g. **192 168 111 15**.
- 2. Release the reset button.

## **10 DHCP**

To enable/disable DHCP service:

- 1. Press and hold RESET button (about 5 sec) until the display shows: dhcP.
- 2. Release the reset button.
- 3. Depending on the current DHCP setting, the message will be displayed **ON** or **OFF**.

It is also possible to enable DHCP in the network configuration in the **Network** tab or through Discoverer application.

## 11 Restoring factory defaults

In order to restore the module to its factory defaults:

- 1. Press and hold reset button (about 10 sec) until the display shows: rSt.
- 2. Release the reset button.

With factory defaults restored the module settings are as follows:

DHCP: enabled

IP address: 192.168.111.15
IP mask: 255.255.255.0
User name: admin
Password: admin00

## 12 Firmware update

The device has the ability to update the firmware. The software update program is provided as a \*.bin file.

**Warning!** Incorrect use of the update feature may damage the reader. Make sure that undisturbed power is provided to the device for duration of programming.

To update the software:

- check the **Enable TFTP Bootloader** option, which is located in the Administration tab,
- run the Windows command line (Start-> Run enter 'cmd' and confirm with the Enter key),
- go to the directory where the .bin file is located
- enter the command:

**tftp** -i <address\_ip\_of the reader> **PUT** file.bin

where: <address\_ip\_of the reader> is the IP Address of the reader file.bin – the file with the update program

Programming takes 1-2 minutes. End of programming confirms the message 'File Transferred'.

For correct functioning of the reader, after the update operation the **"Enable TFTP Bootloader**" option has to be switched off.

Step-by-step instruction for firmware updates is available at <a href="www.inveo.com.pl">www.inveo.com.pl</a>.

The latest instructions and software are available on the site <a href="https://www.inveo.com.pl">www.inveo.com.pl</a>.

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