

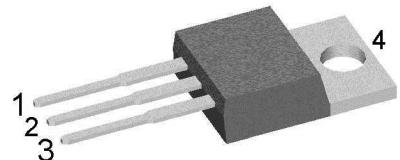
# High Efficiency Thyristor

$V_{RRM}$  = 1200 V  
 $I_{TAV}$  = 15 A  
 $V_T$  = 1.35 V

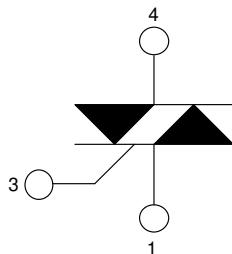
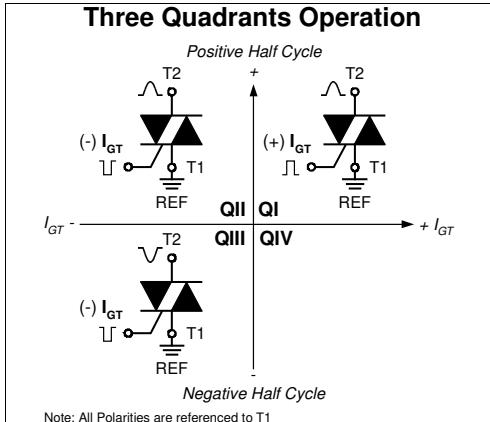
Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII  
1~ Triac

## Part number

**CLA30MT1200NPB**



Backside: anode/cathode



## Features / Advantages:

- Triac for line frequency
- Three Quadrants Operation - QI - QIII
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability of blocking currents and voltages

## Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

## Package: TO-220

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- High creepage distance between terminals

## Disclaimer Notice

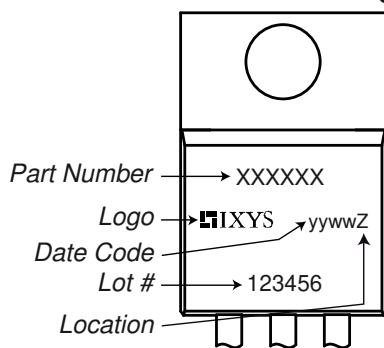
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**Rectifier**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1200 V$ $V_{R/D} = 1200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		10 1.5	$\mu A$ mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 15 A$ $I_T = 30 A$ $I_T = 15 A$ $I_T = 30 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.35 1.68 1.35 1.79	V V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 120^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		15	A
$I_{RMS}$	RMS forward current per phase	180° sine			33	A
$V_{TO}$	threshold voltage	$r_T$ slope resistance } for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.89	V
	slope resistance				30	$m\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.95	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.5		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		130	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		170 185 145 155	A
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		145 140 105 100	$A^2s$ $A^2s$ $A^2s$ $A^2s$
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		9	pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $t_p = 300 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^\circ C$		5 1 0.2	W W W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation					
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 45 A$ $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0.3 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 15 A$			150	$A/\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		500	$V/\mu s$
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		1.3 1.6	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		$\pm 40$ $\pm 60$	mA mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.2	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				$\pm 1$	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$ $I_G = 0.3 A; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		70	mA
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		50	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 A; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	$\mu s$
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 15 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s$ $dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s$ $t_p = 200 \mu s$		150		$\mu s$

**Package TO-220**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	<i>RMS current</i>	per terminal			35	A
$T_{VJ}$	<i>virtual junction temperature</i>		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	<i>operation temperature</i>		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	<i>storage temperature</i>		-40		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				2		g
$M_d$	<i>mounting torque</i>		0.4		0.6	Nm
$F_c$	<i>mounting force with clip</i>		20		60	N

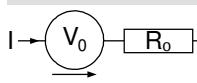
**Product Marking**

**Part description**

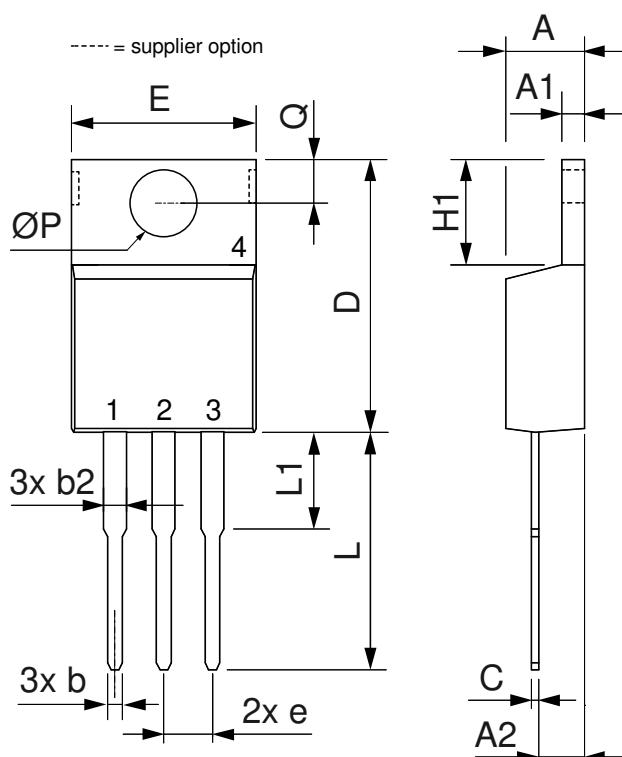
C = Thyristor (SCR)  
 L = High Efficiency Thyristor  
 A = (up to 1200V)  
 30 = Current Rating [A]  
 MT = 1~ Triac  
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
 N = Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII  
 PB = TO-220AB (3)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CLA30MT1200NPB	CLA30MT1200NPB	Tube	50	517031

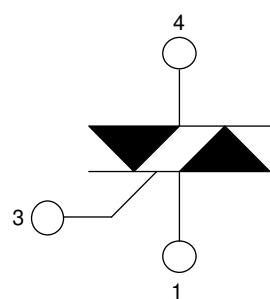
Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CLA30MT1200NPZ	TO-263AB (D2Pak) (2HV)	1200

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**
*\* on die level*
 $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ 

	<b>Thyristor</b>	
$V_0$		
$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.89 V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	27 mΩ

**Outlines TO-220**


Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.32	4.82	0.170	0.190
A1	1.14	1.39	0.045	0.055
A2	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
b	0.64	1.01	0.025	0.040
b2	1.15	1.65	0.045	0.065
C	0.35	0.56	0.014	0.022
D	14.73	16.00	0.580	0.630
E	9.91	10.66	0.390	0.420
e	2.54	BSC	0.100	BSC
H1	5.85	6.85	0.230	0.270
L	12.70	13.97	0.500	0.550
L1	2.79	5.84	0.110	0.230
ØP	3.54	4.08	0.139	0.161
Q	2.54	3.18	0.100	0.125



### Thyristor

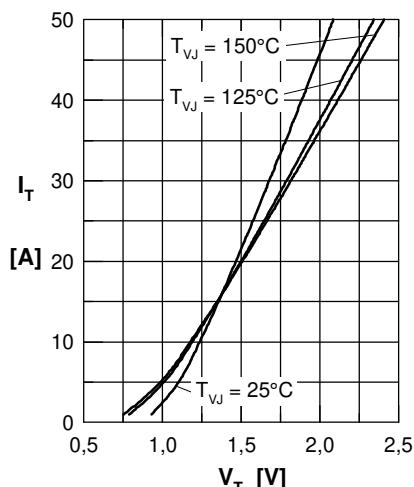


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

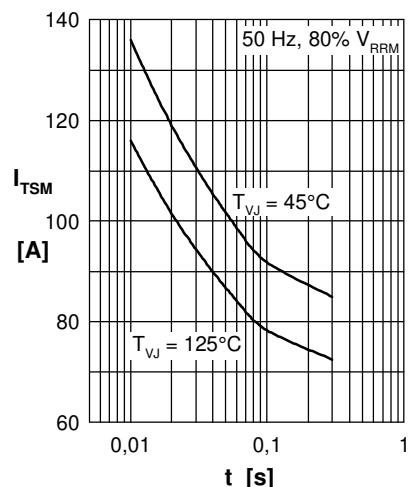


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

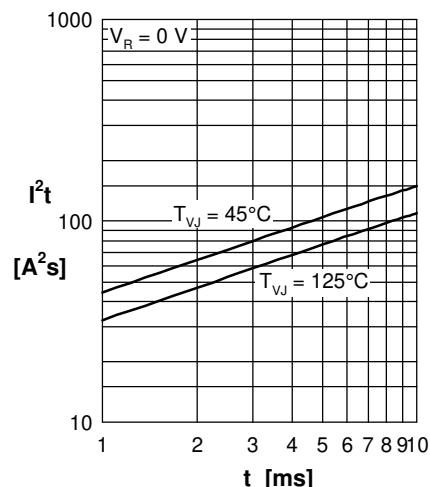


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)

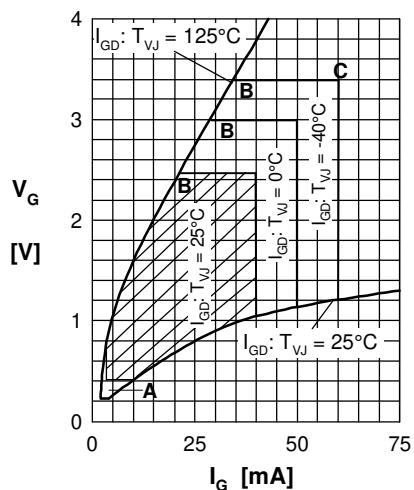


Fig. 4 Gate trigger characteristics

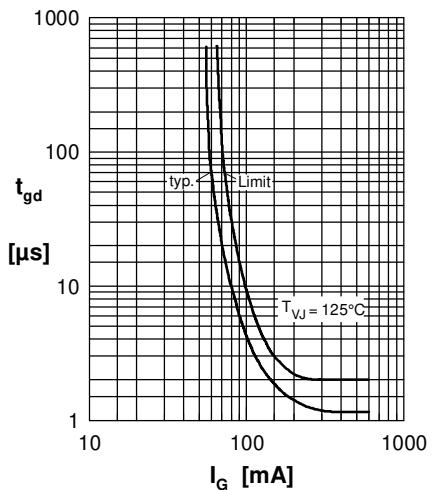


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time

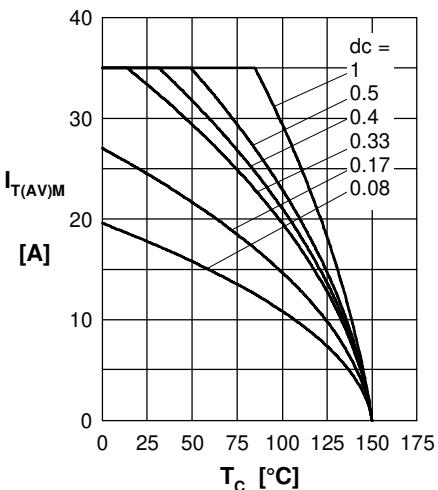


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

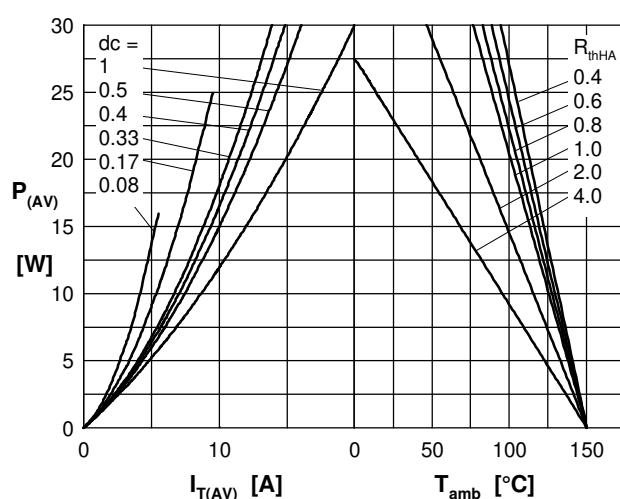


Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current  
Fig. 7b and ambient temperature

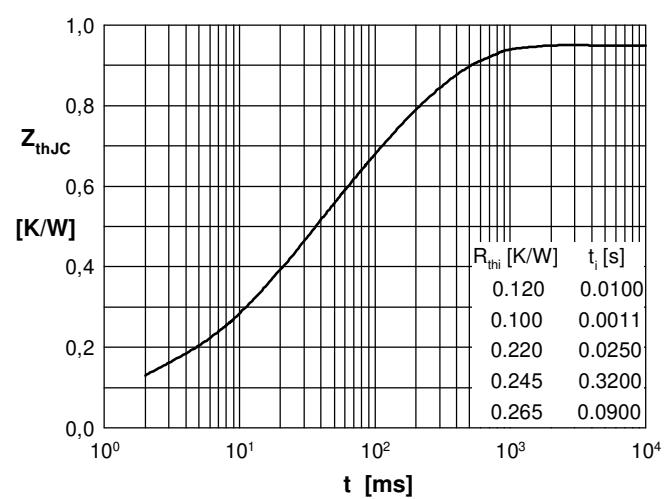


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance

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