

Date: - 28 Jun, 2019

Data Sheet Issue:-1

Fast Recovery Diode Types M0659LC400 to M0659LC450

(Old Type No.: SM30-45CXC364)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	VOLTAGE RATINGS	MAXIMUM LIMITS	UNITS
V _{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1)	4000 - 4500	V
V _{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1)	4000 - 4500	V

	OTHER RATINGS	MAXIMUM LIMITS	UNITS
I _{F(AV)M}	Maximum average forward current, T _{sink} =55°C, (note 2)	659	А
I _{F(AV)M}	Maximum average forward current. T _{sink} =100°C, (note 2)	312	А
I _{F(AV)M}	Maximum average forward. T _{sink} =100°C, (note 3)	178	А
I _{F(RMS)}	Nominal RMS forward current, T _{sink} =25°C, (note 2)	1315	А
I _{F(d.c.)}	D.C. forward current, T _{sink} =25°C, (note 4)	1108	А
I _{FSM}	Peak non-repetitive surge t_p =10ms, V_{RM} =60% V_{RRM} , (note 5)	7620	A
I _{FSM2}	Peak non-repetitive surge t_p =10ms, V_{RM} ≤10V, (note 5)	8470	А
l²t	$I^{2}t$ capacity for fusing t _p =10ms, V _{RM} =60%V _{RRM} , (note 5)	290×10 ³	A ² s
l²t	I^2t capacity for fusing t_p =10ms, $V_{\text{RM}}{\leq}10V,$ (note 5)	359×10 ³	A ² s
T _{j op}	Operating temperature range	-40 to +125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-40 to +150	°C

Notes:-

1) De-rating factor of 0.13% per °C is applicable for T_j below 25°C.

2) Double side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.

3) Single side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.

4) Double side cooled.

5) Half-sinewave, 125°C T_j initial.

Characteristics

	PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TEST CONDITIONS (Note 1)	UNITS	
V	Maximum peak forward voltage	-	-	3.0	I _{FM} =1400A	V	
V _{FM} Maximum peal	Maximum peak forward voltage	-	-	2.95	I _{FM} =1320A		
V _{T0}	Threshold voltage	-	-	1.71		V	
r⊤	Slope resistance	-	-	0.925		mΩ	
.,	/ _{FRM} Maximum forward recovery voltage	-	-	110	di/dt = 1000A/µs, T _j =25°C	V	
VFRM		-	-	180	di/dt = 1000A/µs	V	
I _{RRM} Peak reve	Pack reverse ourrent	-	-	100	Rated V _{RRM}		
	Peak reverse current	-	-	100	Rated V _{RRM} , T _j =25°C	mA	
Q _{rr}	Recovered charge	-	800	-		μC	
Q _{ra}	Recovered charge, 50% Chord	-	270	350	I _{FM} =1000A, t _p =1000μs, di/dt=60A/μs,	μC	
l _{rm}	Reverse recovery current	-	130	-	V _r =50V, 50% Chord.	А	
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time, 50% Chord	-	4.2	-		μs	
R _{thJK}	Thermal resistance, junction to heatsink	-	-	0.033	Double side cooled	K/W	
		-	-	0.066	Single side cooled		
F	Mounting force	10	-	20		kN	
Wt	Weight	-	340	-		g	

Notes:-

Unless otherwise indicated T_j=125°C.
 For other clamp forces consult factory.

Notes on Ratings and Characteristics

1.0 Voltage Grade Table

Voltage Grade	V _{RRM}	V _{RSM}	V _R dc
	(V)	(V)	(V)
40	4000	4100	2000
42	4200	4300	2040
44	4400	4500	2080
45	4500	4600	2100

2.0 De-rating Factor

A blocking voltage de-rating factor of 0.13% per °C is applicable to this device for T_j below 25°C.

3.0 ABCD Constants

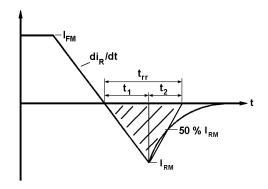
These constants (applicable only over current range of V_F characteristic in Figure 1) are the coefficients of the expression for the forward characteristic given below:

$$V_F = A + B \cdot \ln(I_F) + C \cdot I_F + D \cdot \sqrt{I_F}$$

where I_F = instantaneous forward current.

4.0 Reverse recovery ratings

(i) Q_{ra} is based on 50% I_{rm} chord as shown in Fig.(a) below.



(ii) Q_{rr} is based on a 150 μ s integration time.

$$Q_{rr} = \int_{0}^{150\,\mu s} i_{rr}.dt$$

I.e.

(iii)
$$K Factor = \frac{t_1}{t_2}$$

5.0 Reverse Recovery Loss

The following procedure is recommended for use where it is necessary to include reverse recovery loss.

From waveforms of recovery current obtained from a high frequency shunt (see Note 1) and reverse voltage present during recovery, an instantaneous reverse recovery loss waveform must be constructed. Let the area under this waveform be E joules per pulse. A new sink temperature can then be evaluated from:

$$T_{SINK} = T_{J(MAX)} - E \cdot \left[k + f \cdot R_{th(JK)}\right]$$

Where k = 0.2314 (°C/W)/s

- E = Area under reverse loss waveform per pulse in joules (W.s.)
- f = Rated frequency in Hz at the original sink temperature.

 $R_{th(J-Hs)}$ = d.c. thermal resistance (°C/W)

The total dissipation is now given by:

$$W_{(tot)} = W_{(original)} + E \cdot f$$

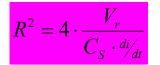
NOTE 1 - Reverse Recovery Loss by Measurement

This device has a low reverse recovered charge and peak reverse recovery current. When measuring the charge, care must be taken to ensure that:

(a) AC coupled devices such as current transformers are not affected by prior passage of high amplitude forward current.

(b) A suitable, polarised, clipping circuit must be connected to the input of the measuring oscilloscope to avoid overloading the internal amplifiers by the relatively high amplitude forward current signal.

(c) Measurement of reverse recovery waveform should be carried out with an appropriate critically damped snubber, connected across diode anode to cathode. The formula used for the calculation of this snubber is shown below:



Where: V_r = Commutating source voltage

- C_s = Snubber capacitance
- R = Snubber resistance

6.0 Snubber Components

When selecting snubber components, care must be taken not to use excessively large values of snubber capacitor or excessively small values of snubber resistor. Such excessive component values may lead to device damage due to the large resultant values of snubber discharge current. If required, please consult the factory for assistance.

7.0 Computer Modelling Parameters

7.1 Device Dissipation Calculations

$$I_{AV} = \frac{-V_o + \sqrt{V_o + 4 \cdot ff^2 \cdot r_s \cdot W_{AV}}}{2 \cdot ff^2 \cdot r_s}$$

Where $V_0 = 1.71 \text{V}$, $r_s = 0.925 \text{m}\Omega$

ff = form factor (normally unity for fast diode applications)

$$W_{AV} = \frac{\Delta T}{R_{th}}$$
$$\Delta T = T_{j(MAX)} - T_{k}$$

7.2 Calculation of VF using ABCD Coefficients

K

The forward characteristic IF Vs VF, on page 6 is represented in two ways;

- the well established V₀ and r_s tangent used for rating purposes and (i)
- (ii) a set of constants A, B, C, and D forming the coefficients of the representative equation for V_F in terms of I_F given below:

$$V_F = A + B \cdot \ln(I_F) + C \cdot I_F + D \cdot \sqrt{I_F}$$

The constants, derived by curve fitting software, are given in this report for hot characteristics. The resulting values for V_F agree with the true device characteristic over a current range, which is limited to that plotted.

	25°C Coefficients	125°C Coefficients
Α	0.1668812	0.0835139
В	0.3207651	0.2646848
С	6.3917×10 ⁻⁴	6.09992×10 ⁻⁴
D	-0.01267094	3.876887×10 ⁻³

8.0 Frequency Ratings

The curves illustrated in figures 8 to 16 are for guidance only and are superseded by the maximum ratings shown on page 1.

9.0 Square wave ratings

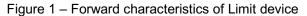
These ratings are given for load component rate of rise of forward current of 100 and 500 A/µs.

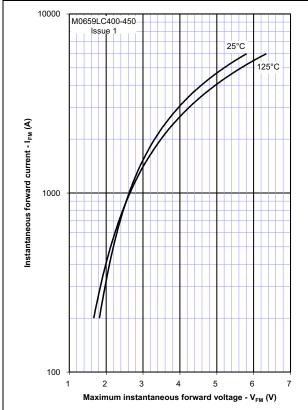
10.0 Duty cycle lines

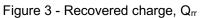
The 100% duty cycle is represented on all the ratings by a straight line. Other duties can be included as parallel to the first.

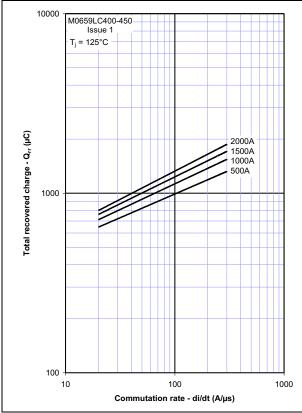
WESTCODE An IXYS Company

<u>Curves</u>









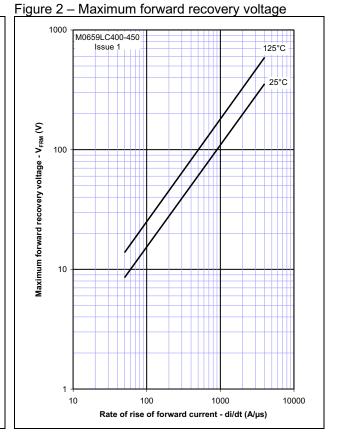
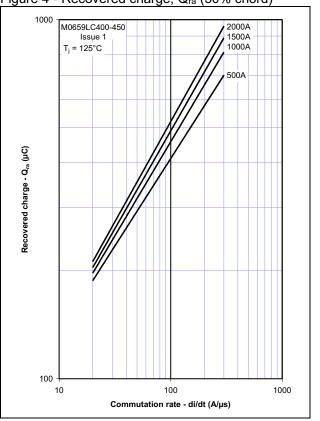
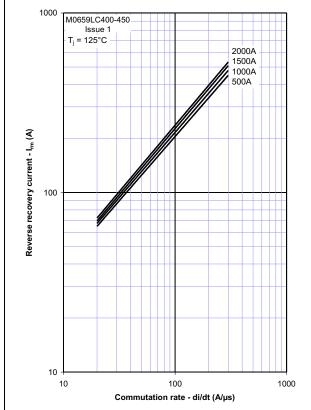
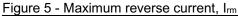


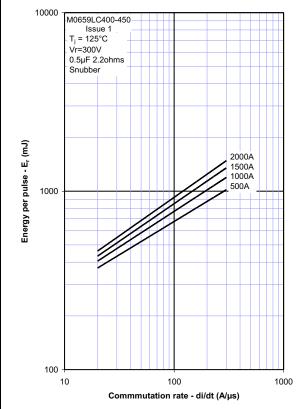
Figure 4 - Recovered charge, Qra (50% chord)











10 M0659LC400-450 Issue 1 T_j = 125°C 2000A 1500A 1000A 500A

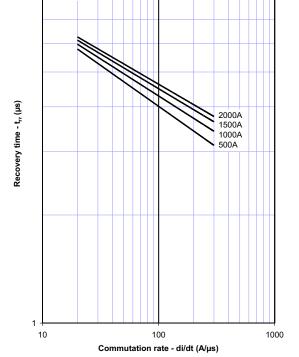


Figure 8 - Sine wave energy per pulse

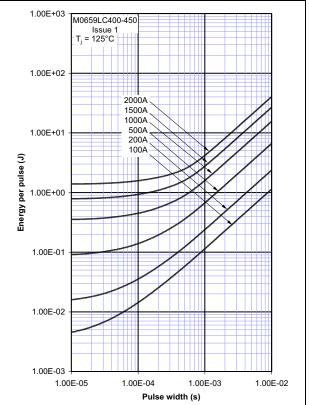
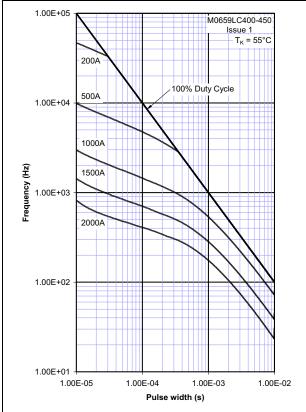
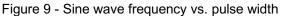
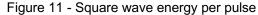
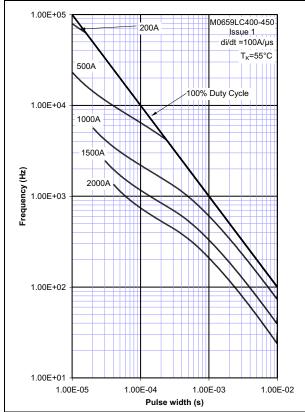


Figure 6 - Maximum recovery time, trr (50% chord)









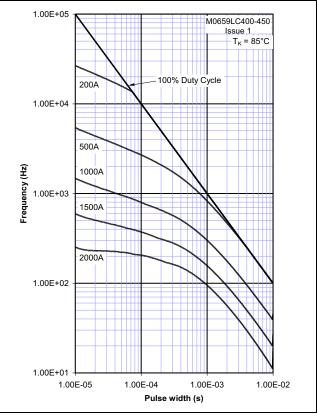


Figure 12 - Square wave energy per pulse

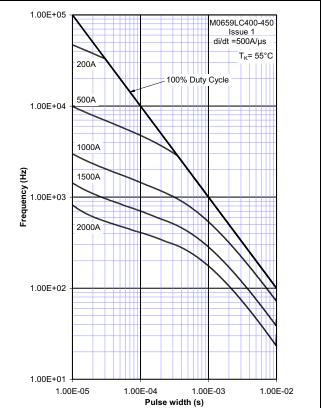


Figure 10 - Sine wave frequency vs. pulse width

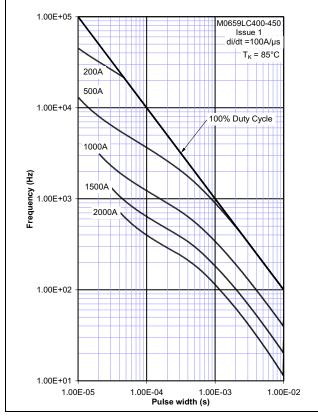
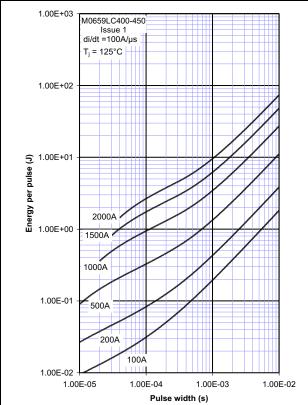


Figure 13 - Square wave frequency vs. pulse width

Figure 15 - Square wave frequency vs. pulse width



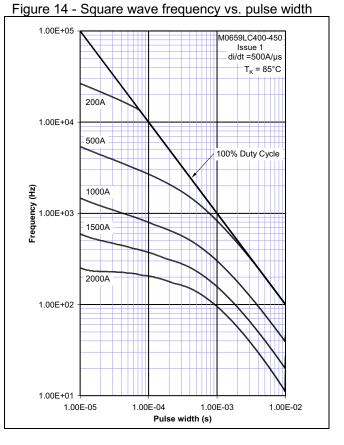
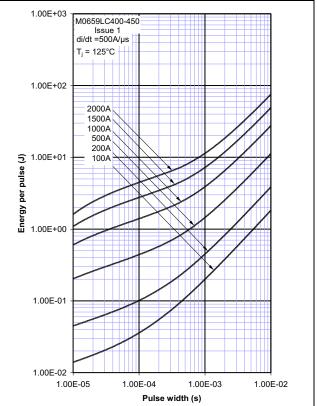
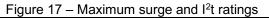


Figure 16 - Square wave frequency vs. pulse width





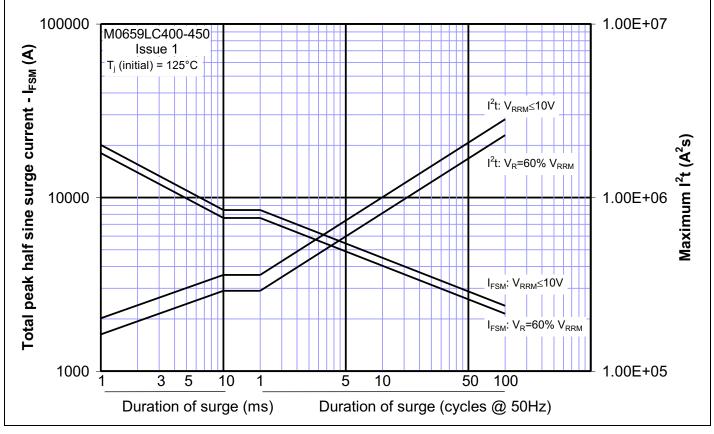
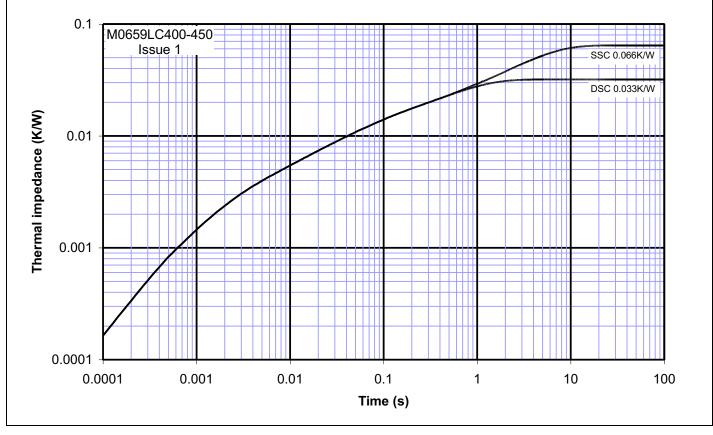
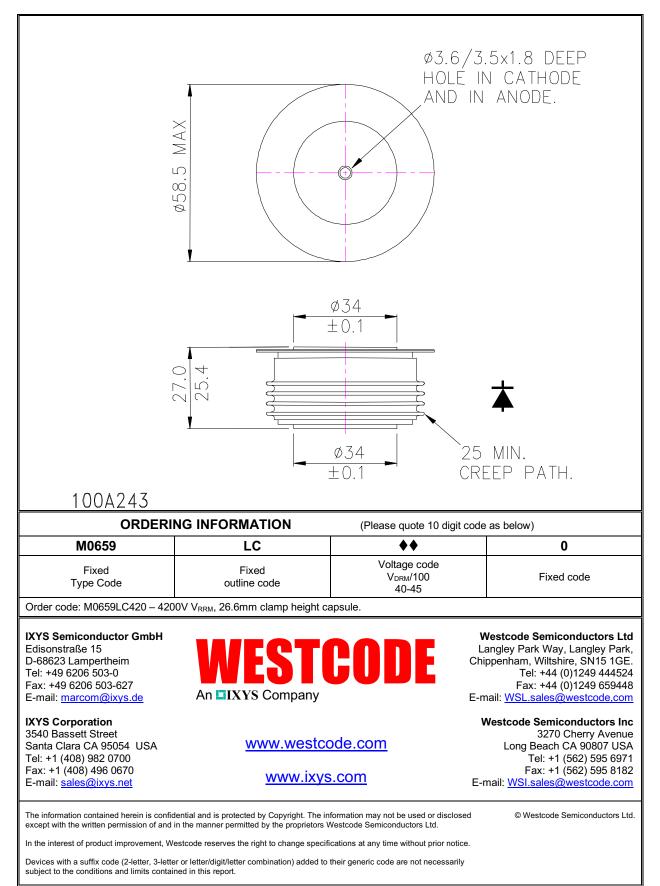


Figure 18 – Transient thermal impedance



Outline Drawing & Ordering Information





Disclaimer Notice - Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Rectifiers category:

Click to view products by IXYS manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

 70HFR40
 RL252-TP
 150KR30A
 1N5397
 NTE5841
 NTE6038
 SCF5000
 1N4002G
 1N4005-TR
 JANS1N6640US
 481235F

 RRE02VS6SGTR
 067907F
 MS306
 70HF40
 T85HFL60S02
 US2JFL-TP
 A1N5404G-G
 ACGRA4007-HF
 ACGRB207-HF

 CLH03(TE16L,Q)
 ACGRC307-HF
 ACEFC304-HF
 NTE6356
 NTE6359
 NTE6002
 NTE6023
 NTE6039
 NTE6077
 85HFR60
 40HFR60

 VS-88-7272PBF
 70HF120
 85HFR80
 D126A45C
 SCF7500
 D251N08B
 SCHJ22.5K
 SM100
 SCPA2
 SCH10000
 SDHD5K
 VS

 12FL100S10
 ACGRA4001-HF
 D1821SH45T
 PR
 D1251S45T
 NTE5990
 NTE6162
 NTE5850