

Thyristor Module

V_{RRM} = 2x 1200 V

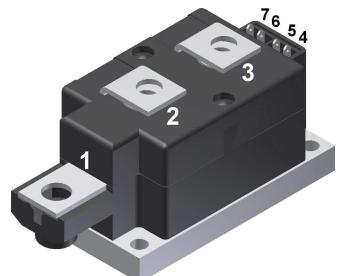
I_{TAV} = 250 A

V_T = 1.08 V

Phase leg

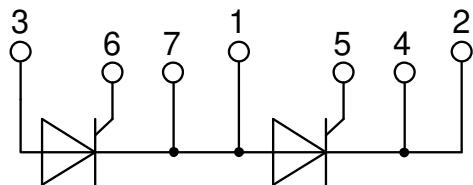
Part number

MCC255-12io1



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al₂O₃-ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chip
- Keyed gate/cathode twin pins

Applications:

- Motor control, softstarter
- Power converter
- Heat and temperature control for industrial furnaces and chemical processes
- Lighting control
- Solid state switches

Package: Y1

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

Disclaimer Notice

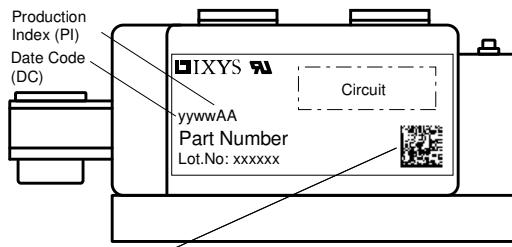
Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics.

Thyristor

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1200 V$ $V_{R/D} = 1200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		1 40	mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 300 A$ $I_T = 600 A$ $I_T = 300 A$ $I_T = 600 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.14 1.36 1.08 1.33	V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 85^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		250	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			450	A
V_{T0} r_T	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		0.80 0.68	V mΩ
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.14	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.04		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		820	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		9.20 9.94 7.82 8.45	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		423.2 410.6 305.8 296.7	kA²s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	438		pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $t_p = 500 \mu s$	$T_C = 140^\circ C$		120 60 20	W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation					
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 860 A$ $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 1 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 1 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 250 A$			100	A/ μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		1000	V/ μs
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		2 3	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		150 220	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		0.25	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $I_G = 0.45 A; di_G/dt = 0.45 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		200	mA
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		150	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	μs
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 300 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s dv/dt = 50 V/\mu s t_p = 200 \mu s$		200		μs

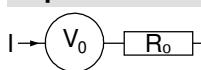
Package Y1

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			600	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		140	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
Weight				680		g
M_D	mounting torque		4.5		7	Nm
M_T	terminal torque		11		13	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	16.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	16.0			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	$t = 1$ second $t = 1$ minute	3600 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3000		V V

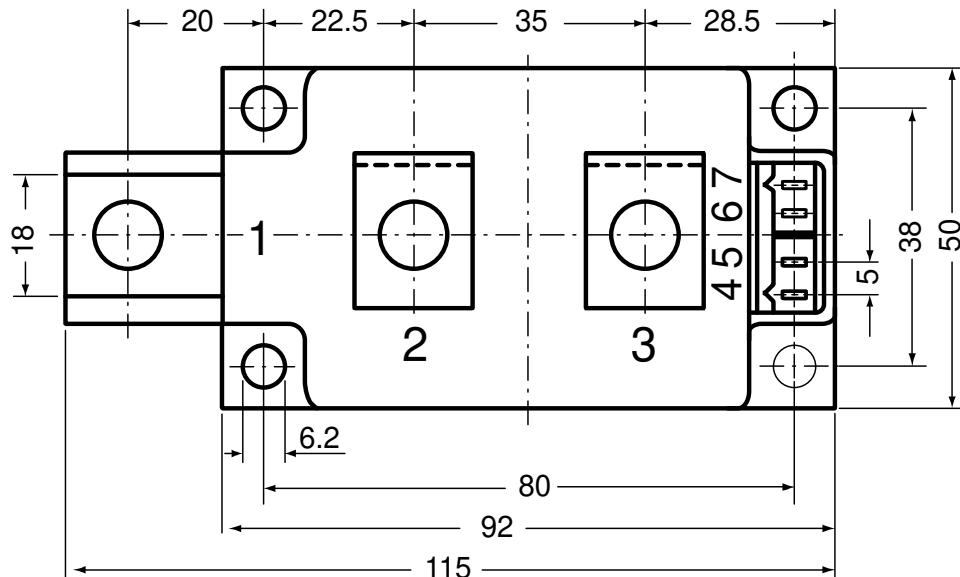
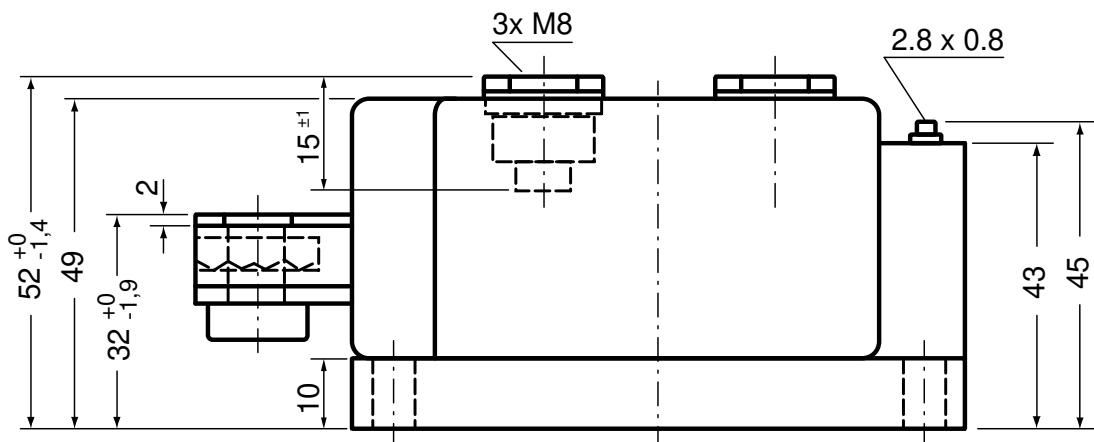


Data Matrix: part no. (1-19), DC + PI (20-25), lot.no.# (26-31), blank (32), serial no.# (33-36)

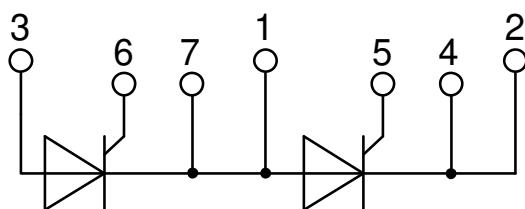
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCC255-12io1	MCC255-12io1	Box	3	509922

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation
* on die level
 $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ\text{C}$

Thyristor

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.8	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	0.5	

Outlines Y1

Optional accessories for modules

Keyed gate/cathode twin plugs with wire length = 350 mm, gate = white, cathode = red

 Type ZY 180L (L = Left for pin pair 4/5) }
 Type ZY 180R (R = Right for pin pair 6/7) } UL 758, style 3751


Thyristor

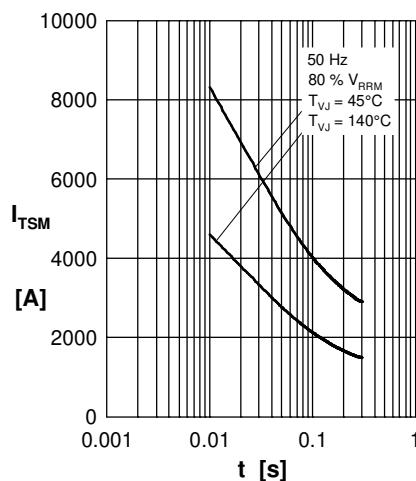


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 $I_{T(SM)}$: Crest value, t : duration

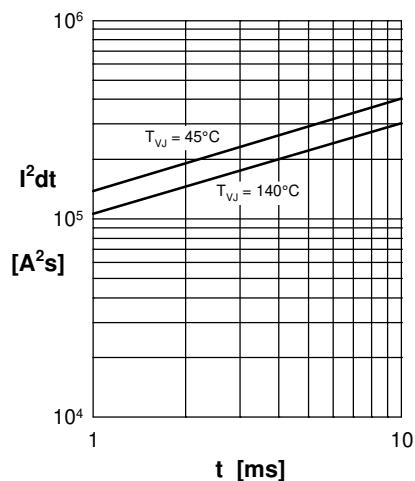


Fig. 2 I^2dt versus time

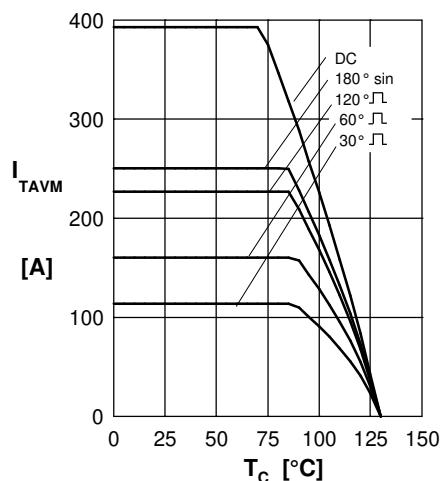


Fig. 3 Max. forward current
at case temperature

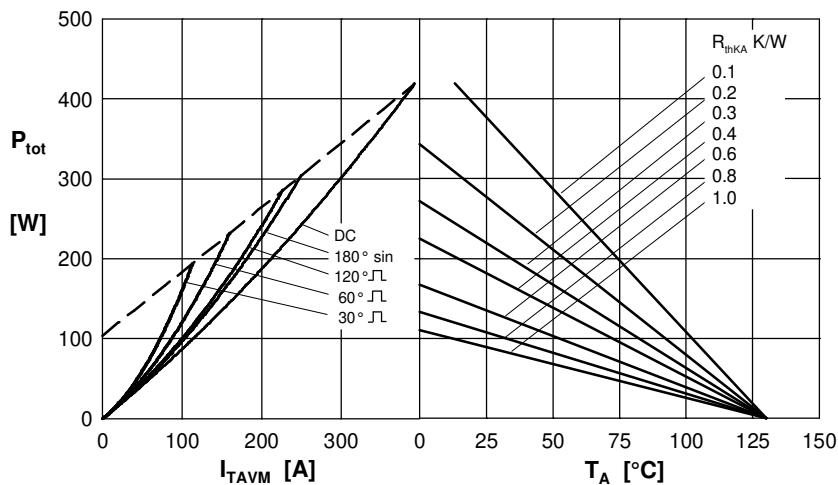


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus on-state current and ambient temperature (per thyristor or diode)

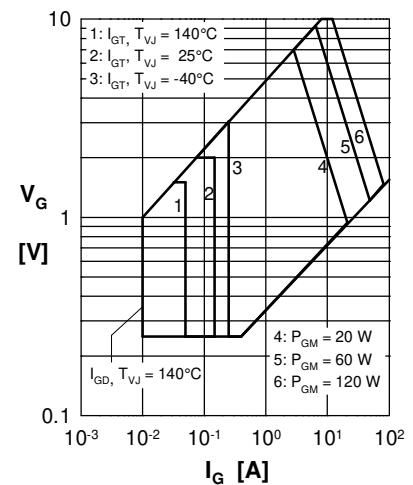


Fig. 5 Surge overload current
 $I_{T(SM)}$: Crest value, t : duration

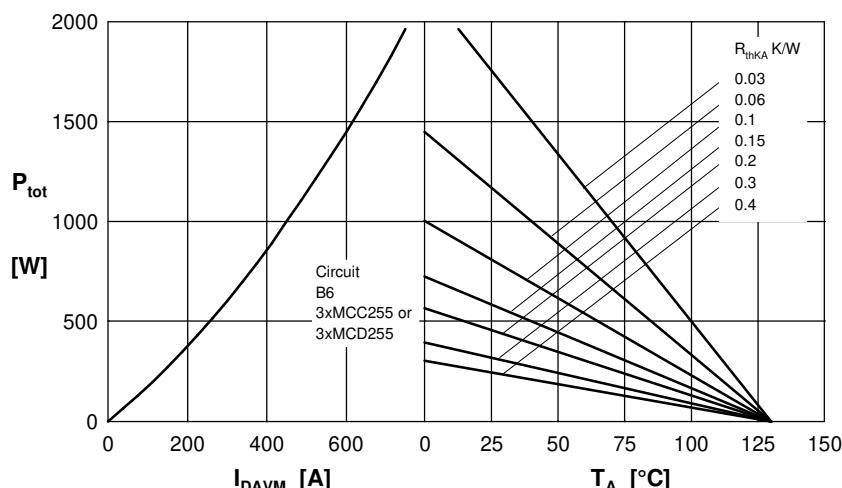


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation
vs. direct output current and ambient temperature

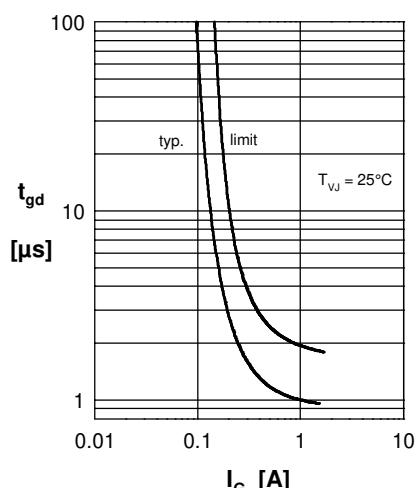


Fig. 7 Gate trigger delay time

Thyristor

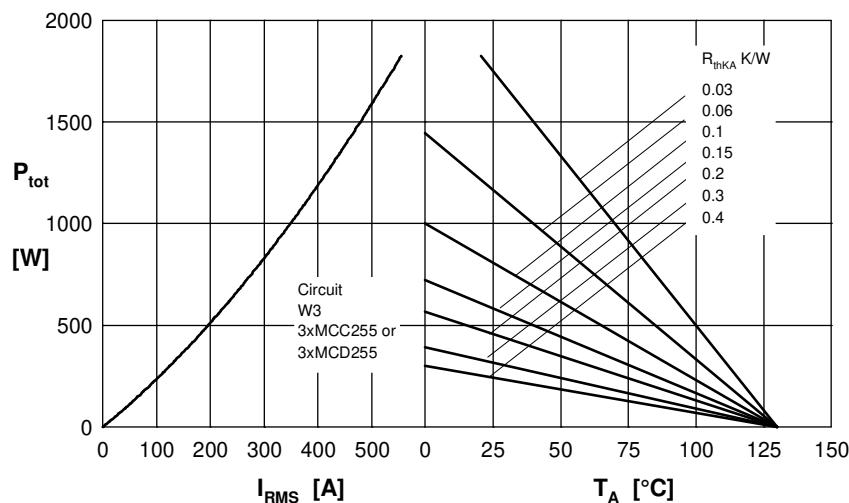


Fig. 8 Three phase AC-controller: Power dissipation versus R_{MS} output current and ambient temperature

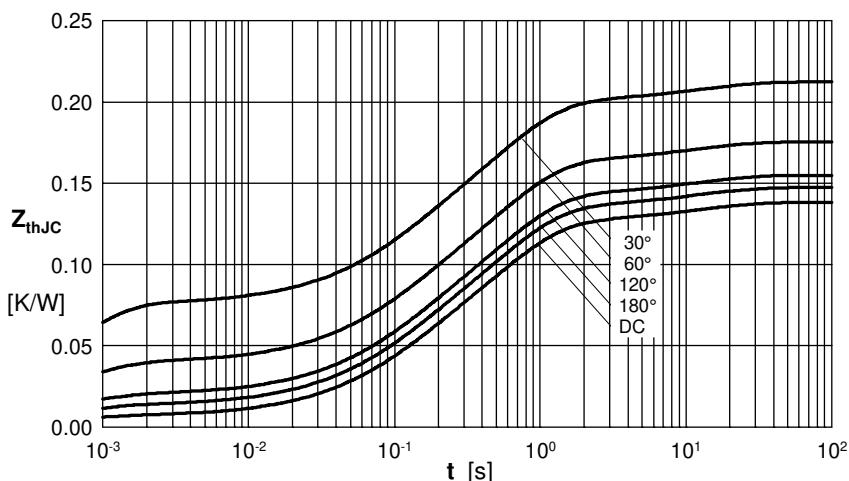


Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per thyristor/diode)

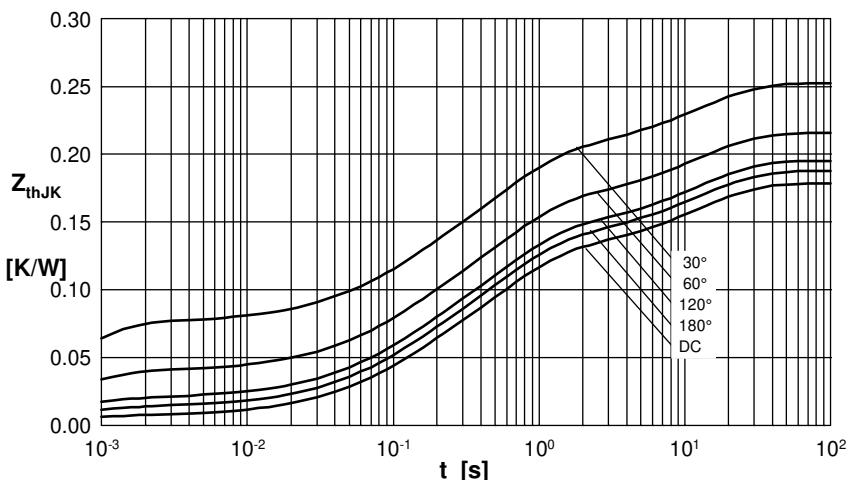


Fig. 10 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per thyristor/diode)

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Discrete Semiconductor Modules category:

Click to view products by IXYS manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

[M252511FV](#) [DD260N12K-A](#) [DD380N16A](#) [DD89N1600K-A](#) [APT2X21DC60J](#) [APT58M80J](#) [B522F-2-YEC](#) [MSTC90-16](#) [25.163.0653.1](#)
[25.163.2453.0](#) [25.163.4253.0](#) [25.190.2053.0](#) [25.194.3453.0](#) [25.320.4853.1](#) [25.320.5253.1](#) [25.326.3253.1](#) [25.326.3553.1](#) [25.330.1653.1](#)
[25.330.4753.1](#) [25.330.5253.1](#) [25.334.3253.1](#) [25.334.3353.1](#) [25.350.2053.0](#) [25.352.4753.1](#) [25.522.3253.0](#) [T483C](#) [T484C](#) [T485F](#) [T485H](#)
[T512F-YEB](#) [T513F](#) [T514F](#) [T554](#) [T612FSE](#) [25.161.3453.0](#) [25.179.2253.0](#) [25.194.3253.0](#) [25.325.1253.1](#) [25.326.4253.1](#) [25.330.0953.1](#)
[25.332.4353.1](#) [25.350.1653.0](#) [25.350.2453.0](#) [25.352.1453.0](#) [25.352.1653.0](#) [25.352.2453.0](#) [25.352.5453.1](#) [25.522.3353.0](#) [25.602.4053.0](#)
[25.640.5053.0](#)