Surface Mount Solid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors A765 105°C





Overview

KEMET's Surface Mount Solid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors offer longer life and greater stability across a wide range of temperatures. This highly conductive solid polymer electrolyte eliminates the risk of drying out and, due to its low ESR properties, is able to withstand higher ripple currents during normal operation. This series is ideally suited for industrial and commercial applications. For AEC-Q200 qualified parts please visit KEMET's <u>A768 Datasheet.</u>

Applications

Typical applications include mobile phone chargers, computer motherboards, servers, and consumer electronics.

Benefits

- · Surface mount form factor
- Miniature
- · Ultra low impedance
- High ripple current
- 105°C/2,000 hours
- RoHS compliant
- Halogen-free



Part Number System

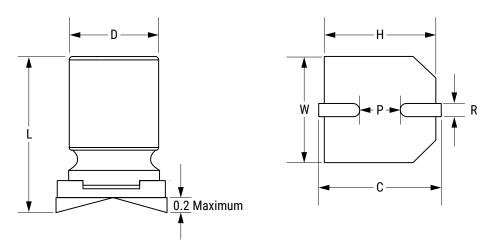
Α	765	EB	397	М	0E	LA	E	020
Capacitor Class	Series	Size Code	Capacitance Code (pF)	Tolerance	Rated Voltage (VDC)	Packaging	Electrical Parameters	ESR
A = Aluminum	Surface Mount Solid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors 105°C 2,000 hours Ultra Low Impedance	See Dimension Table	First two digits represent significant figures for capacitance values. Last digit specifies the number of zeros to be added.	M = ±20%	2.5 = 0E 4 = 0G 6.3 = 0J 10 = 1A 16 = 1C 25 = 1E	LA = Tape & Reel	E = Standard/ESR	Last 3 digits represent significant figures for ESR values. (mΩ)



Ordering Options Table

Packaging Type	Packaging Code					
Standard Packaging Options						
Tape & Reel	LA					
Contact KEMET for other Lead and Packaging options						

Dimensions – Millimeters



Size		D		L	١	N	I	н	(C	R	Р
Code	Nominal	Tolerance		Nominal								
BC	5	±0.5	6.0	±0.3	5.3	±0.2	5.3	±0.2	6.0	±0.2	0.5 - 0.8	1.4
BG	5	±0.5	7.0	±0.3	5.3	±0.2	5.3	±0.2	6.0	±0.2	0.5 - 0.8	1.4
EB	6.3	±0.5	5.7	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 - 0.8	2.0
EG	6.3	±0.5	7.0	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 - 0.8	2.0
EK	6.3	±0.5	8.0	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 - 0.8	2.0
EN	6.3	±0.5	9.7	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 - 0.8	2.0
KE	8	±0.5	6.7	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.3	±0.2	9.0	±0.2	0.8 - 1.1	3.1
KG	8	±0.5	7.0	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.3	±0.2	9.0	±0.2	0.8 - 1.1	3.1
KH	8	±0.5	7.5	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.3	±0.2	9.0	±0.2	0.8 - 1.1	3.1
KN	8	±0.5	9.7	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.3	±0.2	9.0	±0.2	0.8 - 1.1	3.1
MN	10	±0.5	10.0	±0.3	10.3	±0.2	10.3	±0.2	11.0	±0.2	0.8 - 1.1	4.6
MU	10	±0.5	12.6	±0.3	10.3	±0.2	10.3	±0.2	11.0	±0.2	0.8 - 1.1	4.6



Environmental Compliance



All Part Numbers in this datasheet are Reach and RoHS compliant, and Halogen-Free.

As an environmentally conscious company, KEMET is working continuously with improvements concerning the environmental effects of both our capacitors and their production. In Europe (RoHS Directive) and in some other geographical areas like China, legislation has been put in place to prevent the use of some hazardous materials, such as lead (Pb), in electronic equipment. All products in this catalog are produced to help our customers' obligations to guarantee their products and fulfill these legislative requirements. The only material of concern in our products has been lead (Pb), which has been removed from all designs to fulfill the requirement of containing less than 0.1% of lead in any homogeneous material. KEMET will closely follow any changes in legislation worldwide and make any necessary changes in its products, whenever needed.

Some customer segments such as medical, military and automotive electronics may still require the use of lead in electrode coatings. To clarify the situation and distinguish products from each other, a special symbol is used on the packaging labels for RoHS compatible capacitors.

Due to customer requirements, there may appear additional markings such as LF = Lead-free or LFW = Lead-free wires on the label.

Performance Characteristics

ltem	Performance Characteristics			
Capacitance Range	47 – 2,700 μF			
Rated Voltage	2.5 – 25 VDC			
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +105°C			
Capacitance Tolerance	±20% at 120 Hz/20°C			
Life Test	2,000 hours (see conditions in Test Method & Performance)			
	≤ Specified Value			
Leakage Current	C = Rated capacitance (μ F), V = Rated voltage (VDC), Voltage applied for 2 minutes at 20°C.			

Compensation Factor of Ripple Current (RC) vs. Frequency

Frequency	120 Hz ≤ f < 1 kHz	1 kHz ≤ f < 10 kHz	10 kHz ≤ f < 100 kHz	100 kHz ≤ f < 500 kHz
Coefficient	0.05	0.30	0.70	1.00



Test Method & Performance

Conditions	Load Life Test	Shelf Life Test
Temperature	105°C	105°C
Test Duration	2,000 hours	168 hours
Ripple Current	No ripple current applied	No ripple current applied
Voltage	The sum of DC voltage and the peak AC voltage must not exceed the rated voltage of the capacitor	No voltage applied
Performance	The following specifications will be satisfied when the ca	pacitor is restored to 20°C.
Capacitance Change	Within ±20% of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed specified value	
Damp Heat	The following specifications will be satisfied when the ca after application of rated voltage for 1,000 hours at	•
Capacitance Change	Within ±20% of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed specified value	
Surge Voltage (Rated Voltage x 1.15(V))	The following specifications will be satisfied when the capa cycles, each consisting of charge with the surge voltages seconds through a protective resistor (Rc = 1 kΩ) 5 minutes, 30 seconds.	specified at 105°C for 30
Capacitance Change	Within ±20% of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed specified value	
Resistance to Soldering Heat	Measurement for solder temperature profile at capac	citor top and terminal.
Capacitance Change	Within ±10% of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 130% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 130% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed specified value	



Shelf Life & Re-Ageing

Shelf Life

Solderability is 12 months

The capacitance, ESR and impedance of a capacitor will not change significantly after extended storage periods, however the leakage current will slowly increase.

- This series should not be stored in high temperatures or where there is a high level of humidity.
- The suitable storage condition is +5 to +35°C and less than 75% in relative humidity.
- Do not store in damp conditions such as water, saltwater spray or oil spray.

• Do not store in an environment full of hazardous gas (hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid gas, nitrous acid, chlorine gas, ammonium, etc.)

•Do not store under exposure to ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation.

If a capacitor has been stored for more than 12 months under these conditions and it shows increased leakage current, then a treatment by voltage application is recommended. The Capacitor should be soldered within 7 days after unpack.

MSL Rating 2A

Re-age Procedure

Apply the rated DC voltage to the capacitor at 105°C for a period of 120 minutes through a 1 k Ω series resistor.



Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference

VDC	VDC Surge Voltage	Rated Capacitance 120 Hz 20°C (µF)	Case Size D x L (mm)	ESR 100 kHz 20°C (mΩ)	RC 100 kHz 105°C (mA)	LC 20°C 2 Minutes (µA)	KEMET Part Number
2.5	2.9	330	6.3 x 5.7	14	3,160	165	A765EB337M0ELAE014
2.5	2.9	390	6.3 x 5.7	20	2,800	300	A765EB397M0ELAE020
2.5	2.9	470	6.3 x 7	20	3,200	300	A765EG477M0ELAE020
2.5	2.9	560	6.3 x 8	20	3,200	300	A765EK567M0ELAE020
2.5	2.9	680	6.3 x 9.7	12	4,300	340	A765EN687M0ELAE012
2.5	2.9	820	8 x 9.7	12	4,880	410	A765KN827M0ELAE012
2.5	2.9	1,000	8 x 9.7	12	4,260	500	A765KN108M0ELAE012
2.5	2.9	1,200	8 x 9.7	12	5,100	600	A765KN128M0ELAE012
2.5	2.9	1,500	8 x 9.7	10	3,400	750	A765KN158M0ELAE010
2.5	2.9	2,700	10 x 12.6	12	5,070	1,350	A765MU278M0ELAE012
4	4.6	270	6.3 × 5.7	15	3,160	216	A765EB277M0GLAE015
4	4.6	330	6.3 × 5.7	14	3,160	264	A765EB337M0GLAE014
4	4.6	390	6.3 × 5.7	14	3,160	312	A765EB397M0GLAE014
4	4.6	470	8 × 6.7	14	3,950	376	A765KE477M0GLAE014
4	4.6	560	8 x 7.5	16	3,220	448	A765KH567M0GLAE016
4	4.6	680	8 x 9.7	12	4,520	544	A765KN687M0GLAE012
4	4.6	820	8 x 9.7	12	5,220	656	A765KN827M0GLAE012
4	4.6	1,000	8 x 9.7	12	5,220	800	A765KN108M0GLAE012
4	4.6	1,200	8 x 9.7	12	3,500	960	A765KN128M0GLAE012
4	4.6	1,500	10 x 12.6	12	5,440	1,200	A765MU158M0GLAE012
4	4.6	1,800	10 × 10	10	5,500	1,440	A765MN188M0GLAE010
6.3	7.2	100	5 x 6	25	1,700	300	A765BC107M0JLAE025
6.3	7.2	150	6.3 x 5.7	20	2,500	300	A765EB157M0JLAE020
6.3	7.2	180	6.3 x 5.7	20	2,800	300	A765EB187M0JLAE020
6.3	7.2	220	5 x 7	20	2,700	300	A765BG227M0JLAE020
6.3	7.2	220	6.3 x 5.7	20	2,800	300	A765EB227M0JLAE020
6.3	7.2	270	6.3 x 7	20	2,800	340	A765EG277M0JLAE020
6.3	7.2	330	6.3 x 7	17	2,570	415	A765EG337M0JLAE017
6.3	7.2	390	8 x 9.7	30	3,220	491	A765KN397M0JLAE030
6.3	7.2	470	8 x 7.5	16	3,220	592	A765KH477M0JLAE016
6.3	7.2	560	8 x 9.7	12	5,000	706	A765KN567M0JLAE012
6.3	7.2	680	8 x 9.7	12	5,000	857	A765KN687M0JLAE012
6.3	7.2	820	8 x 9.7	10	3,350	1,033	A765KN827M0JLAE010
6.3	7.2	1,000	8 x 9.7	12	4,770	1,260	A765KN108M0JLAE012
6.3	7.2	1,200	8 x 9.7	12	4,770	1,512	A765KN128M0JLAE012
6.3	7.2	1,500	10 x 12.6	10	4,100	1,890	A765MU158M0JLAE010
VDC	VDC Surge	Rated Capacitance	Case Size	ESR	RC	LC	KEMET Part Number

(1) Electrical Parameters code. See Part Number System for available options.



Table 1 - Ratings & Part Number Reference cont.

VDC	VDC Surge Voltage	Rated Capacitance 120 Hz 20°C (µF)	Case Size D x L (mm)	ESR 100 kHz 20°C (mΩ)	RC 100 kHz 105°C (mA)	LC 20°C 2 Minutes (μΑ)	KEMET Part Number
10	11.5	120	6.3×5.7	18	2,900	240	A765EB127M1ALAE018
10	11.5	150	6.3 x 5.7	22	2,320	300	A765EB157M1ALAE022
10	11.5	180	8 x 9.7	20	3,500	360	A765KN187M1ALAE020
10	11.5	220	8 x 9.7	20	3,500	440	A765KN227M1ALAE020
10	11.5	270	8 x 9.7	20	3,600	540	A765KN277M1ALAE020
10	11.5	330	8 x 7.5	17	2,350	660	A765KH337M1ALAE017
10	11.5	390	8×9.7	17	4,000	780	A765KN397M1ALAE017
10	11.5	680	10 x 12.6	13	3,800	1,360	A765MU687M1ALAE013
10	11.5	680	10 × 10	13	4,820	1,360	A765MN687M1ALAE013
10	11.5	1,500	10 x 12.6	14	5,400	3,000	A765MU158M1ALAE014
16	18.4	56	6.3×5.7	25	2,440	179	A765EB566M1CLAE025
16	18.4	68	6.3×5.7	25	2,440	218	A765EB686M1CLAE025
16	18.4	100	6.3 x 5.7	25	2,500	320	A765EB107M1CLAE025
16	18.4	150	6.3 x 7	27	2,530	480	A765EG157M1CLAE027
16	18.4	180	8 x 7.5	16	2,800	576	A765KH187M1CLAE016
16	18.4	220	8 x 9.7	16	3,700	704	A765KN227M1CLAE016
16	18.4	270	8 x 9.7	16	3,890	864	A765KN277M1CLAE016
16	18.4	330	8 x 9.7	16	3,890	1,056	A765KN337M1CLAE016
16	18.4	390	8 x 9.7	16	3,890	1,248	A765KN397M1CLAE016
16	18.4	470	10 x 12.6	16	4,720	1,504	A765MU477M1CLAE016
16	18.4	560	10 x 12.6	18	4,200	1,792	A765MU567M1CLAE018
16	18.4	680	10 x 12.6	18	4,200	2,176	A765MU687M1CLAE018
16	18.4	820	10 x 12.6	18	4,200	2,624	A765MU827M1CLAE018
16	18.4	1,000	10 x 12.6	18	4,300	3,200	A765MU108M1CLAE018
25	28.8	10	8 x 7.0	35	1,600	125	A765KG106M1ELAE035
25	28.7	47	6.3 x 5.7	40	1,200	300	A765EB476M1ELAE040
25	28.7	56	8 x 9.7	75	1,300	300	A765KN566M1ELAE075
25	28.7	82	8 x 9.7	29	2,700	410	A765KN826M1ELAE029
25	28.7	100	8 x 9.7	24	3,300	500	A765KN107M1ELAE024
25	28.7	150	10 x 12.6	50	3,800	750	A765MU157M1ELAE050
25	28.7	180	10 x 12.6	50	3,800	900	A765MU187M1ELAE050
25	28.7	220	10 x 12.6	50	3,800	1,100	A765MU227M1ELAE050
25	28.7	270	10 x 12.6	50	3,800	1,350	A765MU277M1ELAE050
25	28.7	330	10 x 12.6	20	2,890	1,650	A765MU337M1ELAE020
VDC	VDC Surge	Rated Capacitance	Case Size	ESR	RC	LC	KEMET Part Number

(1) Electrical Parameters code. See Part Number System for available options.



Installing

Solid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors are prone to a change in leakage current due to thermal stress during soldering. The leakage current may increase after soldering or reflow soldering. Therefore, verify the suitability for use in circuits sensitive to leakage current.

A general principle is that lower temperature operation results in a longer, useful life of the capacitor. For this reason, it should be ensured that electrolytic capacitors are placed away from heat-emitting components. Adequate space should be allowed between components for cooling air to circulate, especially when high ripple current loads are applied. In any case, the maximum rated temperature must not be exceeded.

- · Do not deform the case of capacitors or use capacitors with a deformed case.
- Verify that the connections of the capacitors are able to insert on the board without excessive mechanical force. Excessive force during insertion, as well as after soldering may cause terminal damage and affect the electrical performance.
- Ensure electrical insulation between the capacitor case, negative terminal, positive terminal and PCB.
- If the capacitors require mounting through additional means, the recommended mounting accessories shall be used.
- Verify the correct polarization of the capacitor on the board.

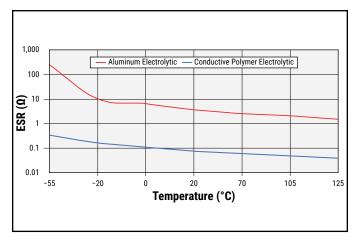
KEMET recommends, to ensure that the voltage across each capacitor does not exceed its rated voltage.

Temperature Stability Characteristics

table characteristics in a very low temperature range allows for less circuits in the design.

Due to a solid polymer electrolyte, Solid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors feature higher conductivity. This results in a lower ESR which, coupled with high capacitance allows an aluminum polymer capacitor to replace several standard electrolytic capacitors, reducing the number of components and maximizing board space.

The ESR of polymer capacitors is nearly constant within its operating temperature range, while the ESR of a standard electrolytic capacitor noticeably changes with temperature.



Temperature Stability Characteristics

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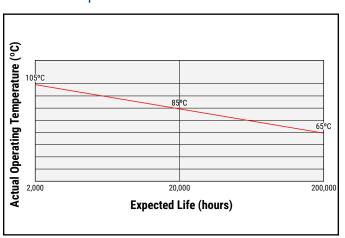
Expected Life Calculation Chart

Expected life depends on operating temperature according to the following formula:

 $L = Lo \times 10^{(To-T)/20}$

Where:

- L: Expected life
- Lo: Life at maximum permissible operating temperature with rated operating voltage applied (hours)
- T: Actual operating temperature
- To: Maximum permissible operating temperature

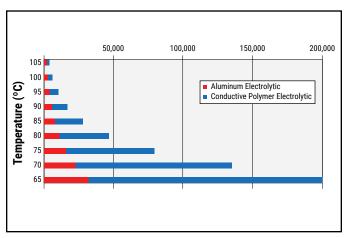


Expected Life Calculation Chart

The effect of derating temperature can be seen in this graph.

In this example, the life expectancy of a 2,000 hour polymer capacitor is significantly greater than that of a 2,000 hour standard electrolytic capacitor.

Capacitor Life (H)

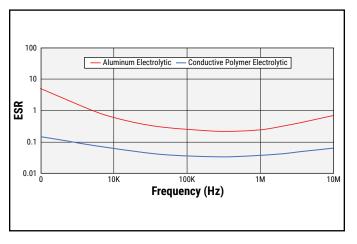




Stability of ESR across Frequency Range

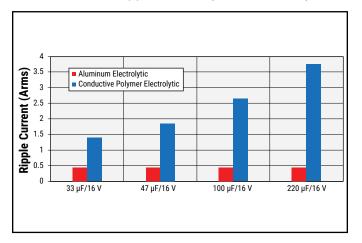
Due to a solid polymer electrolyte, the ESR curve of a solid polymer aluminum capacitor, is lower and more stable than that of a standard electrolytic capacitor.

Stable ESR Values across Frequency



High Resistance to Ripple Current

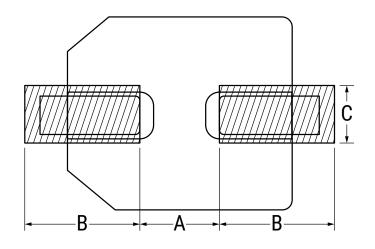
As a result of a lower ESR, solid polymer aluminum capacitors are able to withstand higher ripple currents during normal operation.



Allowable Ripple Current (100 kHz 105°C)

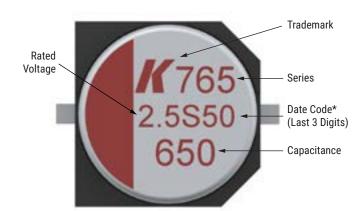


Landing Pad – Millimeters



Diameter	Α	В	С
5	1.4	3	1.6
6.3	1.9	3.5	1.6
8	3.1	4.2	2.2
10	4.5	4.4	2.2

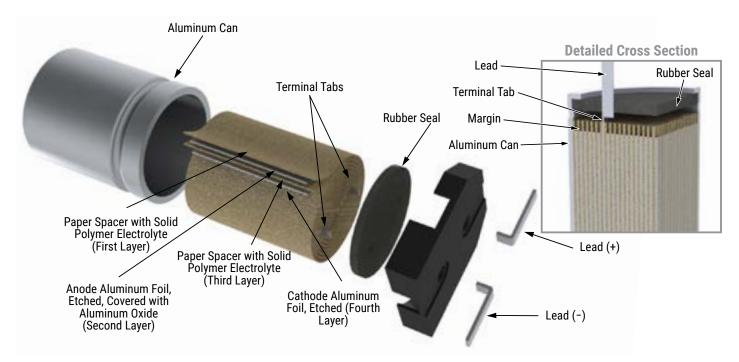
Marking



Date Code*							
1 st Digits = Rated Voltage							
Letter = Year Code	S = 2019						
Final Digits = Week of the Year	01 = 1^{st} week of the Year to 52 = 52^{nd} week of the Year						
Year Code							
S	2019						
Т	2020						
U	2021						
V	2022						
W	2023						
Х	2024						
Y	2025						
Z	2026						



Construction



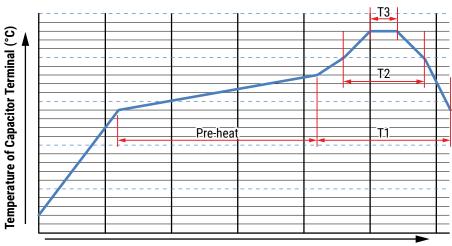


Re-Flow Soldering

The soldering conditions should be within the specified conditions below:

- Do not dip the capacitors body into the melted solder.
- Flux should only be applied to the capacitors terminals.
- Vapour heat transfer systems are not recommended. The system should be thermal, such as infra-red radiation or hot blast.
- Observe the soldering conditions as shown below.
- Do not exceed these limits and avoid repeated reflowing.

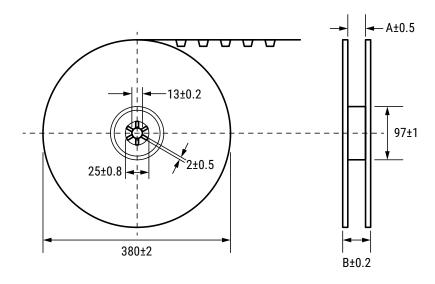
Time Period	Preheating	T1	Т2	Т3				
Thire Ferrou	Treneating		12	Φ<8	Φ≥8			
Temperature (°C)	150 - 180	≥ 200	≤ 230	≤ 260	≤ 240			
Time (seconds) 60 − 180 ≤ 50 ≤ 40 ≤ 40								
Reflow can be performed per the above parameters up to 2x								



Time (Seconds)



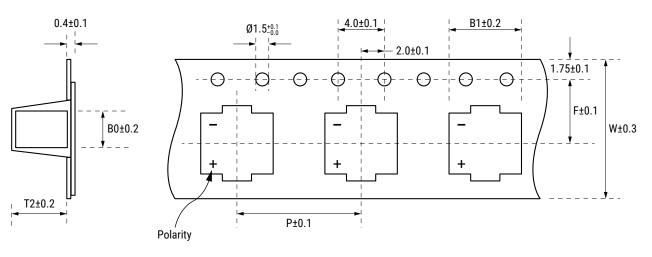
Lead Taping & Packaging



			Reel		Reel		
Size Code	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	Quantity/SPQ	Box Quantity	Α	В	
			Quantity/or Q		±0.5	±0.2	
BC	5	6	1,000	10,000	17	21	
BG	5	7	1,000	10,000	17	21	
EB	6.3	5.7	1,000	10,000	18	22	
EG	6.3	7	1,000	10,000	18	22	
EK	6.3	8	1,000	10,000	18	22	
EN	6.3	9.7	800	8,000	18	22	
KE	8	6.7	1,000	6,000	26	30	
KG	8	7	1,000	6,000	26	30	
КН	8	7.5	500	3,000	26	30	
KN	8	9.7	500	3,000	26	30	
KS	8	12.2	400	2,400	26	30	
MN	10	10	500	3,000	26	30	
MS	10	12.2	400	2,400	26	30	
MU	10	12.6	400	2,400	26	30	
MS (Anti-Vibration)	10	12.4	400	2,400	26	30	



Taping for Automatic Insertion Machines



Size Code	Diameter	Length	W	Р	F	B1	BO	T2
	(mm)	(mm)	±0.3	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2
BC	5	6.0	16.0	12.0	7.5	5.6	5.6	7.1
BG	5	7.0	16.0	12.0	7.5	5.6	5.6	7.1
EB	6.3	5.7	16.0	12.0	7.5	7.0	7.0	7.6
EG	6.3	7.0	16.0	12.0	7.5	7.0	7.0	7.6
EK	6.3	8.0	16.0	12.0	7.5	7.0	7.0	7.6
EN	6.3	9.7	16.0	12.0	7.5	7.0	7.0	9.6
KE	8	6.7	24.0	12.0	11.5	8.6	8.6	6.8
KG	8	7.0	24.0	12.0	11.5	8.6	8.6	8.4
КН	8	7.5	24.0	12.0	11.5	8.6	8.6	8.4
KN	8	9.7	24.0	16.0	11.5	8.6	8.6	10.3
KS	8	12.2	24.0	16.0	11.5	8.6	8.6	12.5
MN	10	10.0	24.0	16.0	11.5	10.7	10.7	10.1
MS	10	12.2	24.0	16.0	11.5	10.7	10.7	12.5
MS (Anti-Vbration)	10	12.4	24.0	16.0	11.5	11.2	10.7	12.7
MU	10	12.6	24.0	16.0	11.5	10.7	10.7	13.1



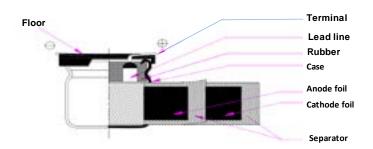
Construction Data

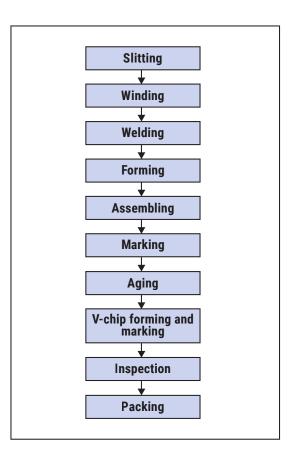
The manufacturing process begins with the anode foil being electrochemically etched to increase the surface area and then 'formed' to produce the aluminum oxide layer. Both the anode and cathode foils are then interleaved with absorbent paper and wound into a cylinder. During the winding process, aluminum tabs are attached to each foil to provide the electrical contact.

The deck, complete with terminals, is attached to the tabs and then folded down to rest on top of the winding. The complete winding is impregnated with a conductive polymer electrolyte before being housed in a suitable container, usually an aluminum can, and sealed. Throughout the process, all materials inside the housing must be maintained at the highest purity and be compatible with the electrolyte.

Each capacitor is aged and tested before being packed. The purpose of aging is to repair any damage in the oxide layer and thus reduce the leakage current to a very low level. Aging is normally carried out at the rated temperature of the capacitor and is accomplished by applying voltage to the device while carefully controlling the supply current. The process may take several hours to complete. Damage to the oxide layer can occur due to variety of reasons:

- · Slitting of the anode foil after forming
- Attaching the tabs to the anode foil
- · Minor mechanical damage caused during winding







Product Safety

THESE NOTES SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PRODUCT DATA SHEET. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE RATINGS AND THE INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET MAY RESULT IN A SAFETY HAZARD.

Warning

When potential lethal voltages e.g. 30 VAC (RMS) or 60 VDC are applied to the terminals of this product, the use of a hazard warning label is recommended.

1. Electrolyte

Conductive polymer aluminum solid electrolytic capacitors contain polymers (electrolytes) which can be hazardous.

1.1 Safety Precautions

In the event of gas venting, avoid contact and inhalation. Wash the affected area with hot water. Use rubber gloves to avoid skin contact. Any contact with the eyes should be liberally irrigated with water and medical advice sought.

2. Intrinsic Properties

2.1 Operating

DC capacitors are polar devices and will operate safely only if correctly connected. Reversing the connections will result in high leakage currents which could subsequently cause short circuit failure and possibly explosion and fire. Correctly polarized operation may result in the above failure modes if:

- · The surge voltage is exceeded
- · The ambient temperature is too high
- Excessive ripple currents are applied

2.2 Non-Operating

Excessive torque or soldering heat may affect the performance of the capacitor or damage the sealing. Electric shock may result if capacitors are not discharged.

3. Disposal

Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are consignable waste under the Special Waste Regulations 1996 (Statutory Instrument 1996 No 972), which complies with the EC Hazardous Waste Directive – Directive 91/689/EEC. The electrolyte should therefore be treated as a hazardous waste and advice should be sought from the local office of the Environmental Agency regarding its disposal.

Due to the construction of an aluminum electrolytic capacitors, high temperature incineration may cause the component to explode due to build-up of internal pressure. In addition, incineration may also cause the emission of noxious fumes. KEMET strongly recommends that if there are any doubts regarding the disposal of conductive polymer aluminum solid electrolytic capacitors, that advice be sought from the local regulating authority.

In addition, KEMET would like to request that users of aluminum electrolytic capacitors respect the needs of the environment and, wherever possible, recover as much of the materials as possible, i.e., aluminum.





4. Unsafe Use

Most failures are of a passive nature and do not represent a safety hazard. A hazard may, however, arise if this failure causes a dangerous malfunction of the equipment in which the capacitor is employed. Circuits should be designed to fail safe under the normal modes of failure.

The usual failure mode is an increase in leakage current or short circuit. Other possible modes are decrease of capacitance, increase in dissipation factor (and impedance) or an open circuit. Capacitors should be used in a well-ventilated enclosure or cabinet.

5. Mounting

Care should be taken when mounting by clamp so that any safety vent in the can is not covered.

6. Fumigation

In many countries throughout the world it is now common practice to fumigate shipments of products in order to control insect infestation, particularly when wooden packaging is used. Currently, methyl bromide is widely used as a fumigant, which can penetrate cardboard packing and polymer bags and, therefore, come into direct contact with equipment or components contained within.

If aluminum electrolytic capacitors become exposed to methyl bromide, then corrosion may occur, depending upon the concentration and exposure time to the chemical.

This failure mode can affect all types of KEMET aluminum electrolytic capacitors. Methyl bromide can penetrate the seals of aluminum electrolytic capacitors and cause internal corrosion of the anode connection, resulting in the component becoming open circuit. The rate of corrosion will depend upon the level of exposure to methyl bromide as well as the subsequent operating conditions, such as voltage and temperature. It may take months or, in some cases, several years before the component becomes open circuit.

7. Dielectric Absorption

A phenomenon known as the dielectric absorption can cause aluminum electrolytic capacitors to recharge themselves. The phenomenon is well known but impossible to predict with any great accuracy, so potentially any electrolytic product could be affected. Thus, a capacitor that has been charged and then completely discharged, will appear to recharge itself if left open circuit; this will manifest itself as a small voltage across the terminals of the capacitor. Generally, the voltages seen are less than 20 VDC, however, higher voltages have on occasion been reported.

In order to avoid any problems caused by this voltage, KEMET recommends that capacitors be discharged before connecting to the terminals.



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Although KEMET designs and manufactures its products to the most stringent quality and safety standards, given the current state of the art, isolated component failures may still occur. Accordingly, customer applications which require a high degree of reliability or safety should employ suitable designs or other safeguards (such as installation of protective circuitry or redundancies) in order to ensure that the failure of an electrical component does not result in a risk of personal injury or property damage.

Although all product-related warnings, cautions and notes must be observed, the customer should not assume that all safety measures are indicted or that other measures may not be required.

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