ETA, +105°C



Overview

The KEMET ETA radial aluminum electrolytic capacitors are designed for long life (4,000 – 10,000 hours), high reliability, and low impedance applications.

Applications

Typical applications include SMPS, power supplies, adaptors, chargers, monitors, and computers.

Benefits

- · Long life, up to 10,000 hours
- Low impedance
- Operating temperature of up to 105°C
- · Safety vent on the capacitor base



Part Number System

ETA	157	M	6R3	Α	C3	AA
Series	Capacitance Code (pF)	Tolerance	Rated Voltage (VDC)	Electrical Parameters	Size Code	Packaging
Radial Aluminum Electrolytic	First two digits represent significant figures for capacitance values. Last digit specifies the number of zeros to be added.	M = ±20%	6R3 = 6.3 010 = 10 016 = 16 025 = 25 035 = 35	A = Standard	See Dimension Table	See Ordering Options Table



Ordering Options Table

Diameter	Length	Packaging Type	Lead Type	Lead Length (mm)	Lead and Packaging Code						
	Standard Bulk Packaging Options										
4 - 22	All	Bulk (bag)	Straight	20/15 Minimum	AA						
		Та	ipe & Reel								
4 - 5	All	Tape & Reel	Formed to 2.5 mm	H ₀ = 16 ±0.75	LA						
4 - 8	All	Tape & Reel	2.5 mm lead spacing	H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75	KA						
4 - 8	All	Tape & Reel	Formed to 5 mm	$H_0 = 16 \pm 0.75$	JA						
10	≤ 20	Tape & Reel	Straight	H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75	KA						
		Ar	nmo Pack								
4 - 8	All	Ammo	Formed to 5 mm	$H_0 = 16 \pm 0.75$	DA						
4 - 8	All	Ammo	Straight	H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75	EA						
4 - 5	All	Ammo	Formed to 2.5 mm	$H_0 = 16 \pm 0.75$	FA						
10 - 13	All	Ammo	5 mm lead spacing	H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75	EA						
16	All	Ammo	7.5 mm lead spacing	H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75	EA						
18 ≤ 25 Ammo 7.5 mm lead spacing $H_0 = 18.5 \pm 0.75$ EA											
		Contact KEMET for oth	er lead and packaging op	otions							

Environmental Compliance

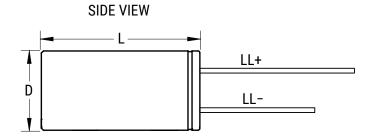
As an environmentally conscious company, KEMET is working continuously with improvements concerning the environmental effects of both our capacitors and their production. In Europe (RoHS Directive) and in some other geographical areas like China, legislation has been put in place to prevent the use of some hazardous materials, such as lead (Pb), in electronic equipment. All products in this catalog are produced to help our customers' obligations to guarantee their products and fulfill these legislative requirements. The only material of concern in our products has been lead (Pb), which has been removed from all designs to fulfill the requirement of containing less than 0.1% of lead in any homogeneous material. KEMET will closely follow any changes in legislation world wide and make any necessary changes in its products, whenever needed.

Some customer segments such as medical, military and automotive electronics may still require the use of lead in electrode coatings. To clarify the situation and distinguish products from each other, a special symbol is used on the packaging labels for RoHS compatible capacitors.

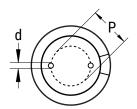
Due to customer requirements, there may appear additional markings such as lead free (LF) or lead-free wires (LFW) on the label.



Dimensions - Millimeters



TERMINAL END VIEW



Size Code	I	D L		L	Р		d		LL+/LL-
Size Code	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	Minimum
C3	5	±0.5	11.0	+1.5/-0	2.0	±0.5	0.5	Nominal	20/15
E3	6.3	±0.5	11.0	+1.5/-0	2.5	±0.5	0.5	Nominal	20/15
G3	8	±0.5	11.0	+1.5/-0	3.5	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
G4	8	±0.5	15.0	+2.0/-0	3.5	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
G6	8	±0.5	20.0	+2.0/-0	3.5	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
Н9	10.0	±0.5	12.5	+1.5/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
H2	10	±0.5	15.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
H4	10	±0.5	20.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
Н5	10	±0.5	25.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
H6	10	±0.5	30.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
L2	13.0	±0.5	16.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
L3	13	±0.5	20.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
L4	13	±0.5	25.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
L8	13	±0.5	30.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
L6	13	±0.5	35.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
L7	13	±0.5	40.0	+2.0/-0	5.0	±0.5	0.6	Nominal	20/15
M5	16.0	±0.5	20.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
М7	16	±0.5	25.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
M2	16	±0.5	32.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
М3	16	±0.5	36.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
M4	16	±0.5	40.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
N4	18.0	±0.5	20.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
N5	18.0	±0.5	25.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
N1	18	±0.5	32.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
N2	18	±0.5	36.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15
N3	18	±0.5	40.0	+2.0/-0	7.5	±0.5	0.8	Nominal	20/15



Performance Characteristics

ltem	Performance Characteristics
Capacitance Range	33 – 8,200 μF
Capacitance Tolerance	±20% at 120 Hz/20°C
Rated Voltage	6.3 – 35 VDC
Life Test	4,000 – 10,000 hours (see conditions in Test Method & Performance)
Operating Temperature	-40°C to +105°C
Lookogo Current	I ≤ 0.01 CV or 3 μA, whichever is greater
Leakage Current	C = rated capacitance (µF), V = rated voltage (VDC). Voltage applied for 2 minutes at 20°C.

Impedance Z Characteristics at 120 Hz

Rated Voltage (VDC)	6	10	16	25	35
Z (-25°C)/Z (20°C)	4	3	2	2	2
Z (-40°C)/Z (20°C)	8	6	4	3	3

Compensation Factor of Ripple Current (RC) vs. Frequency

Capacitance Range (μF)	120 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz
6.8 - 180	0.40	0.75	0.90	1.00
220 - 560	0.50	0.85	0.94	1.00
680 - 1,800	0.60	0.87	0.95	1.00
2,200 - 3,900	0.75	0.90	0.95	1.00
≥ 4,700	0.85	0.95	0.98	1.00



Test Method & Performance

Conditions		Shelf Life Test				
Temperature	105°C			105°C		
	Can Ø ≤ 6.3 mm	V ≤ 10 VDC	4,000 hours			
	Can Ø ≤ 6.3 mm	V ≥ 16 VDC	5,000 hours			
Took Duration	Can Ø = 8, 10 mm	V ≤ 10 VDC	6,000 hours	1 000 have		
Test Duration	Can Ø = 8, 10 mm	V ≥ 16 VDC	7,000 hours	1,000 hours		
	Can Ø ≥ 12.5 mm	V ≤ 10 VDC	8,000 hours			
	Can Ø ≥ 12.5 mm	V ≥ 16 VDC	10,000 hours			
Ripple Current	Maximum ripple current s	specified at 100 KHz 105°C		No ripple current applied		
Voltage	The sum of DC voltage an voltage of the capacitor	nd the peak AC voltage mus	t not exceed the rated	No voltage applied		
Performance	The following specif	The following specifications will be satisfied when the capacitor is restor				
Capacitance Change	Within ±25% of the initial value					
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 200% of the specified value					
Leakage Current	Does not exceed specifie	d value				

Shelf Life

The capacitance, ESR and impedance of a capacitor will not change significantly after extended storage periods, however, the leakage current will very slowly increase.

KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in high temperatures or where there is a high level of humidity. The suitable storage condition for KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors is +5 to +35°C and less than 75% in relative humidity. KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in damp conditions such as water, saltwater spray or oil spray. KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in an environment full of hazardous gas (hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid gas, nitrous acid, chlorine gas, ammonium, etc.) KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored under exposure to ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation.

If a capacitor has been stored for more than 18 months under these conditions and it shows increased leakage current, then a treatment by voltage application is recommended.

Re-Age (Reforming) Procedure

Apply the rated voltage to the capacitor at room temperature for a period of one hour, or until the leakage current has fallen to a steady value below the specified limit. During re-aging a maximum charging current of twice the specified leakage current or 5 mA, whichever is greater, is suggested.



Table 1 - Ratings & Part Number Reference

VDC	VDC Surge Voltage	Rated Capacitance 120 Hz 20°C (µF)	Case Size D x L (mm)	DF 120 Hz 20°C (tan δ %)*	RC 100 kHz 105°C (mA)	Z 100 kHZ 20°C (Ω)	LC 20°C 2 Minutes (µA)	Part Number
6.3	8	150	5 x 11	22	210	0.58	9.5	ETA157M6R3AC3(1)
6.3	8	330	6.3 x 11	22	340	0.22	20.8	ETA337M6R3AE3(1)
6.3	8	680	8 x 11	22	640	0.13	42.8	ETA687M6R3AG3(1)
6.3	8	820	10 x 12.5	22	865	0.080	51.7	ETA827M6R3AH9(1)
6.3	8	1,000	8 x 15	22	840	0.087	63.0	ETA108M6R3AG4(1)
6.3	8	1,200	8 x 20	22	1,050	0.069	75.6	ETA128M6R3AG6(1)
6.3	8	1,200	10 x 15	22	1,210	0.060	75.6	ETA128M6R3AH2(1)
6.3	8	1,500	10 x 20	22	1,400	0.046	94.5	ETA158M6R3AH4(1)
6.3	8	1,800	13 x 16	22	1,450	0.049	113.4	ETA188M6R3AL2(1)
6.3	8	2,200	10 x 25	22 22	1,650	0.042	138.6 170.1	ETA228M6R3AH5(1)
6.3 6.3	8	2,700 3,300	10 x 30 13 x 20	22	1,910 1,900	0.031 0.035	207.9	ETA278M6R3AH6(1) ETA338M6R3AL3(1)
6.3	8	3,900	13 x 25	22	2,230	0.033	245.7	ETA398M6R3AL4(1)
6.3	8	4,700	13 x 30	22	2,650	0.024	296.1	ETA478M6R3AL8(1)
6.3	8	5,600	13 x 35	22	2,880	0.024	352.8	ETA568M6R3AL6(1)
6.3	8	5,600	16 x 20	22	2,530	0.027	352.8	ETA568M6R3AM5(1)
6.3	8	6,800	13 x 40	22	3,350	0.017	428.4	ETA688M6R3AL7(1)
6.3	8	6,800	16 x 25	22	2,930	0.021	428.4	ETA688M6R3AM7(1)
6.3	8	6,800	18 x 20	22	2,860	0.026	428.4	ETA688M6R3AN4(1)
6.3	8	8,200	16 x 32	22	3,450	0.017	516.6	ETA828M6R3AM2(1)
10	13	100	5 x 11	19	210	0.58	10.0	ETA107M010AC3(1)
10	13	220	6.3 x 11	19	340	0.220	22.0	ETA227M010AE3(1)
10	13	470	8 x 11	19	640	0.130	47.0	ETA477M010AG3(1)
10	13	680	8 x 15	19	840	0.087	68.0	ETA687M010AG4(1)
10	13	680	10 x 12.5	19	865	0.080	68.0	ETA687M010AH9(1)
10	13	1,000	8 x 20	19	1,050	0.069	100.0	ETA108M010AG6(1)
10	13	1,000	10 x 15	19	1,210	0.060	100.0	ETA108M010AH2(1)
10	13	1,200	10 x 20	19	1,400	0.046	120.0	ETA128M010AH4(1)
10	13	1,500	10 x 25	19	1,650	0.042	150.0	ETA158M010AH5(1)
10 10	13	1,500	13 x 16	19 19	1,450	0.049	150.0	ETA158M010AL2(1)
10	13 13	2,200 2,200	10 x 30 13 x 20	19	1,910 1,900	0.031 0.035	220.0 220.0	ETA228M010AH6(1) ETA228M010AL3(1)
10	13	3,300	13 x 25	19	2,230	0.033	330.0	ETA338M010AL4(1)
10	13	3,900	13 x 30	19	2,650	0.024	390.0	ETA398M010AL8(1)
10	13	3,900	16 x 20	19	2,530	0.027	390.0	ETA398M010AM5(1)
10	13	4,700	13 x 35	19	2,880	0.020	470.0	ETA478M010AL6(1)
10	13	5,600	13 x 40	19	3,350	0.017	560.0	ETA568M010AL7(1)
10	13	5,600	16 x 25	19	2,930	0.021	560.0	ETA568M010AM7(1)
10	13	5,600	18 x 20	19	2,860	0.026	560.0	ETA568M010AN4(1)
10	13	6,800	16 x 32	19	3,450	0.017	680.0	ETA688M010AM2(1)
10	13	6,800	18 x 25	19	3,140	0.019	680.0	ETA688M010AN5(1)
10	13	8,200	16 x 36	19	3,610	0.015	820.0	ETA828M010AM3(1)
10	13	8,200	18 x 32	19	4,170	0.015	820.0	ETA828M010AN1(1)
16	20	56	5 x 11	16	210	0.58	9.0	ETA566M016AC3(1)
16	20	120	6.3 x 11	16	340	0.22	19.2	ETA127M016AE3(1)
16	20	330	8 x 11	16	640	0.130	52.8	ETA337M016AG3(1)
16	20	470 470	8 x 15	16	840	0.087	75.2	ETA477M016AG4(1)
16 16	20 20	470 680	10 x 12.5 8 x 20	16 16	865 1,050	0.080 0.069	75.2 108.8	ETA477M016AH9(1) ETA687M016AG6(1)
16	20	680	10 x 15	16	1,210	0.069	108.8	ETA687M016AG6(1) ETA687M016AH2(1)
16	20	1,000	10 x 13	16	1,400	0.046	160.0	ETA108M016AH4(1)
16	20	1,000	13 x 16	16	1,450	0.049	160.0	ETA108M016AL2(1)
16	20	1,200	10 x 25	16	1,650	0.042	192.0	ETA128M016AH5(1)
16	20	1,500	10 x 30	16	1,910	0.031	240.0	ETA158M016AH6(1)
16	20	1,500	13 x 20	16	1,900	0.035	240.0	ETA158M016AL3(1)
16	20	2,200	13 x 25	16	2,230	0.027	352.0	ETA228M016AL4(1)
VDC	VDC Surge	Rated Capacitance	Case Size	DF	RC	Z	LC	Part Number

⁽¹⁾ Insert packaging code. See Ordering Options Table for available options.

^{*} When capacitance exceeds 1,000 μ F, the DF value (%) is increased by 2% for every additional 1,000 μ F.



Table 1 - Ratings & Part Number Reference cont.

	VDO	Rated		DE	DO.	7	100000	
	VDC	Capacitance	Case Size	DF	RC	Z	LC 20°C	
VDC	Surge	120 Hz 20°C	D x L (mm)	120 Hz 20°C	100 kHz	100 kHZ	2 Minutes	Part Number
	Voltage	(μF)	D X L (IIIIII)	(tan δ %)*	105°C (mA)	20°C (Ω)	(μ A)	
16	20		10 00	16	0.650	0.004	400.0	ETA278M016AL8(1)
16 16	20 20	2,700 2,700	13 x 30 16 x 20	16 16	2,650 2,530	0.024 0.027	432.0 432.0	ETA278M016AL8(1) ETA278M016AM5(1)
16	20	3,300	13 x 35	16	2,880	0.027	528.0	ETA338M016AL6(1)
16	20	3,900	13 x 40	16	3,350	0.017	624.0	ETA398M016AL7(1)
16	20	3,900	16 x 25	16	2,930	0.021	624.0	ETA398M016AM7(1)
16	20	3,900	18 x 20	16	2,860	0.026	624.0	ETA398M016AN4(1)
16	20	4,700	16 x 32	16	3,450	0.017	752.0	ETA478M016AM2(1)
16	20	4,700	18 x 25	16	3,140	0.019	752.0	ETA478M016AN5(1)
16	20	5,600	16 x 36	16	3,610	0.015	896.0	ETA568M016AM3(1)
16	20	5,600	18 x 32	16	4,170	0.015	896.0	ETA568M016AN1(1)
16	20	6,800	16 x 40	16	4,080	0.013	1088.0	ETA688M016AM4(1)
16	20	8,200	18 x 36	16	4,220	0.014	1312.0	ETA828M016AN2(1)
25	32	47	5 x 11	14	210	0.58	11.8	ETA476M025AC3(1)
25 25	32 32	100 220	6.3 x 11 8 x 11	14 14	340 640	0.22 0.13	25.0 55.0	ETA107M025AE3(1) ETA227M025AG3(1)
25	32	330	8 x 15	14	840	0.13	82.5	ETA337M025AG3(1) ETA337M025AG4(1)
25	32	330	10 x 12.5	14	865	0.087	82.5	ETA337M025AG4(1) ETA337M025AH9(1)
25	32	470	8 x 20	14	1,050	0.069	117.5	ETA477M025AG6(1)
25	32	470	10 x 15	14	1,210	0.060	117.5	ETA477M025AH2(1)
25	32	680	10 x 20	14	1,400	0.046	170.0	ETA687M025AH4(1)
25	32	680	13 x 16	14	1,450	0.049	170.0	ETA687M025AL2(1)
25	32	820	10 x 25	14	1,650	0.042	205.0	ETA827M025AH5(1)
25	32	1,000	10 x 30	14	1,910	0.031	250.0	ETA108M025AH6(1)
25	32	1,000	13 x 20	14	1,900	0.035	250.0	ETA108M025AL3(1)
25	32	1,500	13 x 25	14	2,230	0.027	375.0	ETA158M025AL4(1)
25	32	1,800	13 x 30	14	2,650	0.024	450.0	ETA188M025AL8(1)
25	32	1,800	16 x 20	14	2,530	0.027	450.0	ETA188M025AM5(1)
25	32	2,200	13 x 35	14	2,880	0.020	550.0	ETA228M025AL6(1)
25	32 32	2,200	18 x 20	14 14	2,860	0.026	550.0 675.0	ETA228M025AN4(1)
25 25	32	2,700 2,700	13 x 40 16 x 25	14	3,350 2,930	0.017 0.021	675.0	ETA278M025AL7(1) ETA278M025AM7(1)
25	32	3,300	16 x 32	14	3,450	0.021	825.0	ETA338M025AM2(1)
25	32	3,300	18 x 25	14	3,140	0.019	825.0	ETA338M025AN5(1)
25	32	3,900	16 x 36	14	3,610	0.015	975.0	ETA398M025AM3(1)
25	32	3,900	18 x 32	14	4,170	0.015	975.0	ETA398M025AN1(1)
25	32	4,700	16 x 40	14	4,080	0.013	1175.0	ETA478M025AM4(1)
25	32	4,700	18 x 36	14	4,220	0.014	1175.0	ETA478M025AN2(1)
25	32	5,600	18 x 40	14	4,280	0.012	1400.0	ETA568M025AN3(1)
35	44	33	5 x 11	12	210	0.58	11.6	ETA336M035AC3(1)
35	44	56	6.3 x 11	12	340	0.22	19.6	ETA566M035AE3(1)
35	44	150	8 x 11	12	640	0.13	52.5	ETA157M035AG3(1)
35	44	220	8 x 15	12	840	0.087	77.0	ETA227M035AG4(1)
35 35	44 44	220 270	10 x 12.5 8 x 20	12 12	865 1,050	0.080 0.069	77.0 94.5	ETA227M035AH9(1) ETA277M035AG6(1)
35	44	330	10 x 15	12	1,050	0.069	115.5	ETA337M035AH2(1)
35	44	470	10 x 13	12	1,400	0.046	164.5	ETA477M035AH4(1)
35	44	470	13 x 16	12	1,450	0.049	164.5	ETA477M035AL2(1)
35	44	560	10 x 25	12	1,650	0.042	196.0	ETA567M035AH5(1)
35	44	680	10 x 30	12	1,910	0.031	238.0	ETA687M035AH6(1)
35	44	680	13 x 20	12	1,900	0.035	238.0	ETA687M035AL3(1)
35	44	1,000	13 x 25	12	2,230	0.027	350.0	ETA108M035AL4(1)
35	44	1,200	13 x 30	12	2,650	0.024	420.0	ETA128M035AL8(1)
35	44	1,200	16 x 20	12	2,530	0.027	420.0	ETA128M035AM5(1)
35	44	1,500	13 x 35	12	2,880	0.020	525.0	ETA158M035AL6(1)
35 35	44 44	1,800 1,800	13 x 40 16 x 25	12 12	3,350 2,930	0.017 0.021	630.0 630.0	ETA188M035AL7(1) ETA188M035AM7(1)
VDC	VDC Surge	Rated Capacitance	Case Size	DF	RC	z	LC	Part Number

⁽¹⁾ Insert packaging code. See Ordering Options Table for available options.

^{*} When capacitance exceeds 1,000 μ F, the DF value (%) is increased by 2% for every additional 1,000 μ F.



Table 1 - Ratings & Part Number Reference cont.

VDC	VDC Surge Voltage	Rated Capacitance 120 Hz 20°C (µF)	Case Size D x L (mm)	DF 120 Hz 20°C (tan δ %)*	RC 100 kHz 105°C (mA)	Z 100 kHZ 20°C (Ω)	LC 20°C 2 Minutes (µA)	Part Number
35	44	1,800	18 x 20	12	2,860	0.026	630.0	ETA188M035AN4(1)
35	44	2,200	16 x 32	12	3,450	0.017	770.0	ETA228M035AM2(1)
35	44	2,200	18 x 25	12	3,140	0.019	770.0	ETA228M035AN5(1)
35	44	2,700	16 x 36	12	3,610	0.015	945.0	ETA278M035AM3(1)
35	44	2,700	18 x 32	12	4,170	0.015	945.0	ETA278M035AN1(1)
35	44	3,300	16 x 40	12	4,080	0.013	1155.0	ETA338M035AM4(1)
35	44	3,300	18 x 36	12	4,220	0.014	1155.0	ETA338M035AN2(1)
35	44	3,900	18 x 40	12	4,280	0.012	1365.0	ETA398M035AN3(1)
VDC	VDC Surge	Rated Capacitance	Case Size	DF	RC	Z	LC	Part Number

⁽¹⁾ Insert packaging code. See Ordering Options Table for available options.

^{*} When capacitance exceeds 1,000 μ F, the DF value (%) is increased by 2% for every additional 1,000 μ F.



Mounting Positions (Safety Vent)

In operation, electrolytic capacitors will always conduct a leakage current, which causes electrolysis. The oxygen produced by electrolysis will regenerate the dielectric layer but, at the same time, the hydrogen released may cause the internal pressure of the capacitor to increase. The overpressure vent, or safety vent, ensures that the gas can escape when the pressure reaches a certain value. All mounting positions must allow the safety vent to work properly.

Installing

- As a general principle, lower-use temperatures result in a longer, useful life of the capacitor. For this reason, it should be
 ensured that electrolytic capacitors are placed away from heat-emitting components. Adequate space should be allowed
 between components for cooling air to circulate, particularly when high ripple current loads are applied. In any case, the
 maximum category temperature must not be exceeded.
- Do not deform the case of the capacitors or use capacitors with a deformed case.
- Verify that the connections of the capacitors are able to insert on the board without excessive mechanical force.
- If the capacitors require mounting through additional means, the recommended mounting accessories shall be used.
- Verify the correct polarization of the capacitor on the board.
- · Verify that the space around the pressure relief device is according to the following guideline:

Case Diameter	Space Around Safety Vent
≤ 16 mm	> 2 mm
> 16 to ≤ 40 mm	> 3 mm
> 40 mm	> 5 mm

It is recommended that capacitors always be mounted with the safety device uppermost or in the upper part of the capacitor.

- If the capacitors are stored for a long time, the leakage current must be verified. If the leakage current is superior to the value listed in this catalog, the capacitors must be reformed. In this case, they can be reformed by application of the rated voltage through a series resistor approximately 1 k Ω for capacitors with $V_R \le 160$ V (5 W resistor) and 10 k Ω for the other rated voltages.
- In the case of capacitors connected in a series, a suitable voltage sharing must be used.

 In the case of balancing resistors, the approximate resistance value can be calculated as: R = 60/C.

KEMET recommends, nevertheless, to ensure that the voltage across each capacitor does not exceed its rated voltage.



Electrical Ratings: Capacitance (ESC)



Simplified equivalent circuit diagram of an electrolytic capacitor

The capacitive component of the equivalent series circuit, (equivalent series capacitance - ESC), is determined by applying an alternate voltage of ≤ 0.5 V at a frequency of 120 or 100 Hz and 20°C (IEC 384-1, 384-4).

Temperature Dependence of the Capacitance

Capacitance of an electrolytic capacitor depends upon temperature: with decreasing temperature the viscosity of the electrolyte increases, thereby reducing its conductivity.

Capacitance will decrease if temperature decreases. Furthermore, temperature drifts cause armature dilatation and, therefore, capacitance changes (up to 20% depending on the series considered, from 0 to 80°C). This phenomenon is more evident for electrolytic capacitors than for other types.

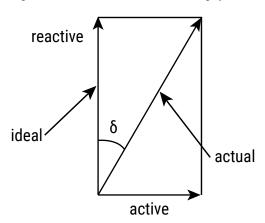
Frequency Dependence of the Capacitance

Effective capacitance value is derived from the impedance curve, as long as impedance is still in the range where the capacitance component is dominant.

C =
$$\frac{1}{2\pi \text{ fZ}}$$
 C = capacitance (F)
f = frequency (Hz)
Z = impedance (Ω)

Dissipation Factor tan δ (DF)

Dissipation Factor $\tan \delta$ is the ratio between the active and reactive power for a sinusoidal waveform voltage. It can be thought of as a measurement of the gap between an actual and ideal capacitor.



Tan δ is measured with the same set-up used for the series capacitance ESC.

Tan $\delta = \omega \times ESC \times ESR$ where:

ESC = Equivalent series capacitance

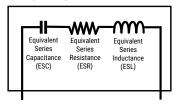
ESR = Equivalent series resistance



Equivalent Series Inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance or self inductance results from the terminal configuration and internal design of the capacitor.

Capacitor Equivalent Internal Circuit



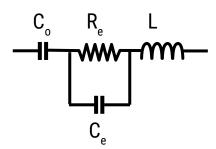
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)

Equivalent series resistance is the resistive component of the equivalent series circuit. ESR value depends on frequency and temperature, and is related to the tan δ by the following equation:

Tolerance limits of the rated capacitance must be taken into account when calculating this value.

Impedance (Z)

Impedance of an electrolytic capacitor results from a circuit formed by the following individual equivalent series components:



C_o = Aluminum oxide capacitance (surface and thickness of the dielectric.)

 R_e = Resistance of electrolyte and paper mixture (other resistances not depending on the frequency are not considered: tabs, plates, etc.)

C_a = Electrolyte soaked paper capacitance.

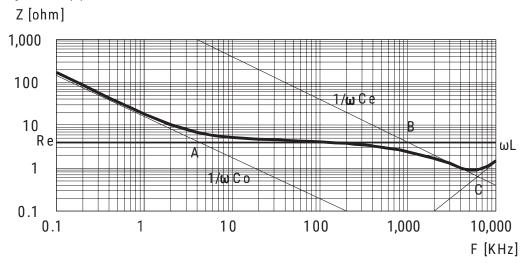
L = Inductive reactance of the capacitor winding and terminals.

Impedance of an electrolytic capacitor is not a constant quantity that retains its value under all conditions; it changes depending on frequency and temperature.

Impedance as a function of frequency (sinusoidal waveform) for a certain temperature can be represented as follows:



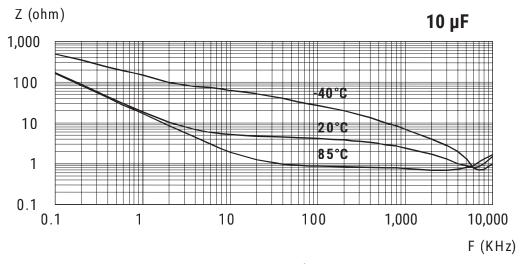
Impedance (Z) cont.



- · Capacitive reactance predominates at low frequencies.
- With increasing frequency, capacitive reactance $Xc = 1/\omega C_o$ decreases until it reaches the order of magnitude of electrolyte resistance $R_o(A)$
- At even higher frequencies, resistance of the electrolyte predominates: Z = R_a (A B)
- When the capacitor's resonance frequency is reached (ω_0), capacitive and inductive reactance mutually cancel each other $1/\omega C_p = \omega L$, $\omega_0 = 1/SQR(LC_p)$
- Above this frequency, inductive reactance of the winding and its terminals (XL = Z = ωL) becomes effective and leads to an increase in impedance

Generally speaking, it can be estimated that $C_a \approx 0.01 C_o$.

Impedance as a function of frequency (sinusoidal waveform) for different temperature values can be represented as follows (typical values):



 $R_{_{\rm e}}$ is the most temperature-dependent component of an electrolytic capacitor equivalent circuit. Electrolyte resistivity will decrease if temperature rises.

In order to obtain a low impedance value throughout the temperature range, R_e must be as little as possible. However, R_e values that are too low indicate a very aggressive electrolyte, resulting in a shorter life of the electrolytic capacitor at high temperatures. A compromise must be reached.



Leakage Current (LC)

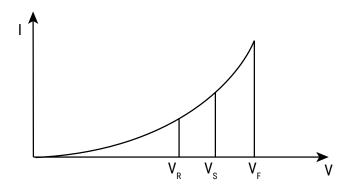
Due to the aluminum oxide layer that serves as a dielectric, a small current will continue to flow even after a DC voltage has been applied for long periods. This current is called leakage current.

A high leakage current flows after applying voltage to the capacitor then decreases in a few minutes, for example, after prolonged storage without any applied voltage. In the course of continuous operation, the leakage current will decrease and reach an almost constant value.

After a voltage-free storage the oxide layer may deteriorate, especially at a high temperature. Since there are no leakage currents to transport oxygen ions to the anode, the oxide layer is not regenerated. The result is that a higher than normal leakage current will flow when voltage is applied after prolonged storage.

As the oxide layer is regenerated in use, the leakage current will gradually decrease to its normal level.

The relationship between the leakage current and voltage applied at constant temperature can be shown schematically as follows:



Where:

V_r = Forming voltage

If this level is exceeded, a large quantity of heat and gas will be generated and the capacitor could be damaged.

V_D = Rated voltage

This level represents the top of the linear part of the curve.

V_s = Surge voltage

This lies between V_R and V_F . The capacitor can be subjected to V_S for short periods only.

Electrolytic capacitors are subjected to a reforming process before acceptance testing. The purpose of this preconditioning is to ensure that the same initial conditions are maintained when comparing different products.

Ripple Current (RC)

The maximum ripple current value depends on:

- Ambient temperature
- Surface area of the capacitor (heat dissipation area) $\tan\delta$ or ESR
- Frequency

The capacitor's life depends on the thermal stress.



Frequency Dependence of the Ripple Current

ESR and, thus, the tan δ depend on the frequency of the applied voltage. This indicates that the allowed ripple current is also a function of the frequency.

Temperature Dependence of the Ripple Current

The data sheet specifies maximum ripple current at the upper category temperature for each capacitor.

Expected Life Calculation

Expected life depends on operating temperature according to the following formula: $L = Lo \times 2^{(To-T)/10}$ Where:

L: Expected life

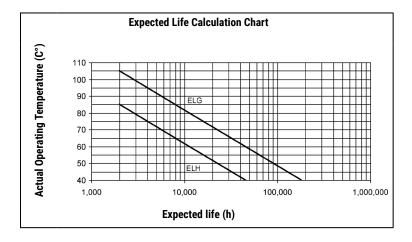
Lo: Load life at a maximum permissible operating

temperature

T: Actual operating temperature

To: Maximum permissible operating temperature

This formula is applicable between 40°C and To.



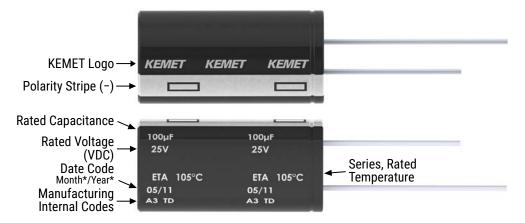


Packaging Quantities

			Вι	ılk	Auto-in	sertion
Size Code	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	Standard Leads	Cut Leads	Ammo	Tape & Reel
C3	5.0	11.0	10,000	15,000	2,000	2,600
E3	6.3	11.0	10,000	15,000	2,000	2,200
G3	8.0	11.0	6,000	8,000	1,000	1,500
G4	8.0	15.0	5,000	5,000	1,000	1,500
G6	8.0	20.0	4,000	4,000	1,000	1,500
Н9	10.0	12.5	4,000	4,000	700	1,200
H2	10.0	15.0	3,000	4,000	700	1,200
H8	10.0	16.0	3,000	4,000	700	1,200
H4	10.0	20.0	2,400	3,000	700	1,200
H5	10.0	25.0	2,400	2,400	500	
Н6	10.0	30.0	2,000	2,000	500	
L2	13.0	16.0	2,400	2,400	500	
L3	13.0	20.0	2,000	2,000	500	
L4	13.0	25.0	1,600	1,600	500	
L8	13.0	30.0	1,200	1,200	500	
L6	13.0	35.0	1,000	500	500	
L7	13.0	40.0	1,000	500	500	
М7	16.0	25.0	1,000	500	300	
M2	16.0	32.0	800	500	300	
М3	16.0	36.0	600	500	300	
M4	16.0	40.0	600	500	300	
N4	18.0	20.0	800	500	300	
N5	18.0	25.0	800	500	300	
N1	18.0	32.0	500	500		
N2	18.0	36.0	500	500		
N3	18.0	40.0	500	500		



Marking



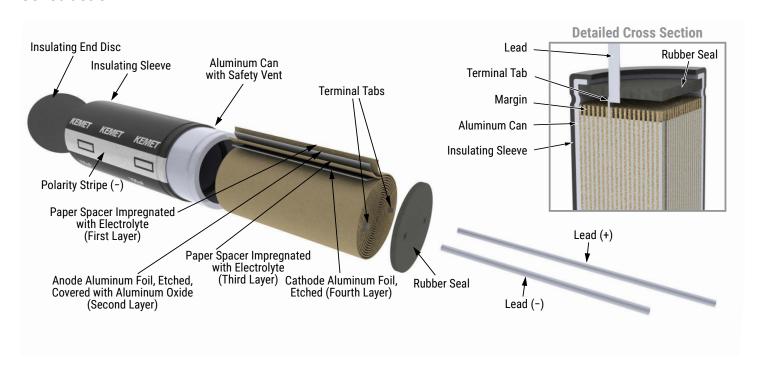
*Y = Year

Code	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

*M = Month

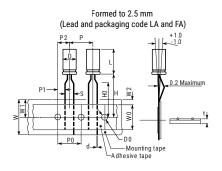
Code	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

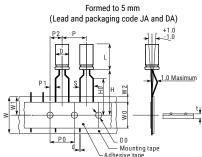
Construction



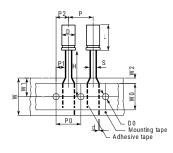


Taping for Automatic Insertion Machines

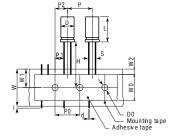




Straight Leads (Diameter: 4 - 8 mm) Lead and packaging code EA and KA





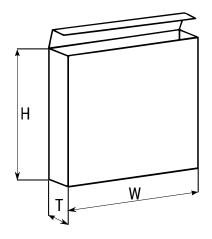


Dimensions (mm)	D	L	S	d	P	P0	P1	P2	W	W0	W 1	W2	НО	H1	I	DO	t
Tolerance	+0.5		+0.8/-0.2	±0.05	±1.0	±0.3	±0.7	±1.3	+1/-0.5	±0.5	Maximum	Maximum	±0.75	±0.5	Maximum	±0.2	±0.2
	4	5 – 7	2.5	0.45	12.7	12.7	5.1	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
Formed to 2.5 mm	5	≤ 7	2.5	0.45	12.7	12.7	5.1	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
2.3 111111	Э	> 7	2.5	0.50	12.7	12.7	5.1	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
	4	5 – 7	5.0	0.45	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
	5	≤ 7	5.0	0.45	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
		>7	5.0	0.50	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
Formed to 5 mm	6	≤ 7	5.0	0.50	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
3 111111		> 7	5.0	0.50	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
	8	≤ 7	5.0	0.50	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
		> 7	5.0	0.50	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	16.0	18.5		4	0.7
	4	5 - 7	1.5	0.45	12.7	12.7	5.6	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5			4	0.7
	5	≤ 7	2.0	0.45	12.7	12.7	5.35	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5			4	0.7
		> 7	2.0	0.50	12.7	12.7	5.35	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5			4	0.7
Ctroight loods		≤ 7	2.5	0.50	12.7	12.7	5.1	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5			4	0.7
Straight leads	6	> 7	2.5	0.50	12.7	12.7	5.1	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5			4	0.7
	8	≤ 7	3.5	0.50	12.7	12.7	4.6	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5			4	0.7
	g	> 7	3.5	0.50	12.7	12.7	4.6	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5			4	0.7
	10	≤ 20	5.0	0.60	12.7	12.7	3.85	6.35	18	12	11	3	18.5		1	4	1.0

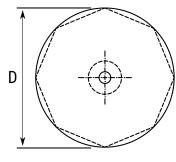


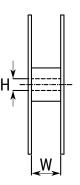
Lead Taping & Packaging











			Ammo		Reel				
Diameter	Length	Н	W	T	D	Н	W		
			Maximum	Maximum	±2	±0.5	+1/-0.1		
4	All	230	340	42					
5	≤ 7	230	340	42					
5	11	275	340	42					
6.3	≤ 7	235	340	45		30			
6.3	11	230	340	48	350		50		
8	≤ 7	270	340	48	350		50		
8	11	235	340	48					
8	>11 ≤ 20	240	340	57					
10	≤ 13	250	340	52					
10	>13 ≤ 20	256	340	57					
10	>20	250	340	60					
12	All	270	340	57					
13	All	285	340	62	NA	NA	NA		
16	All	265	340	62					
18	All	288	340	65					



Construction Data

The manufacturing process begins with the anode foil being electrochemically etched to increase the surface area and then "formed" to produce the aluminum oxide layer. Both the anode and cathode foils are then interleaved with absorbent paper and wound into a cylinder. During the winding process, aluminum tabs are attached to each foil to provide the electrical contact.

The deck, complete with terminals, is attached to the tabs and then folded down to rest on top of the winding. The complete winding is impregnated with electrolyte before being housed in a suitable container, usually an aluminum can, and sealed. Throughout the process, all materials inside the housing must be maintained at the highest purity and be compatible with the electrolyte.

Each capacitor is aged and tested before being sleeved and packed. The purpose of aging is to repair any damage in the oxide layer and thus reduce the leakage current to a very low level. Aging is normally carried out at the rated temperature of the capacitor and is accomplished by applying voltage to the device while carefully controlling the supply current. The process may take several hours to complete.

Damage to the oxide layer can occur due to variety of reasons:

- Slitting of the anode foil after forming
- Attaching the tabs to the anode foil
- Minor mechanical damage caused during winding

A sample from each batch is taken by the quality department after completion of the production process. This sample size is controlled by the use of recognized sampling tables defined in BS 6001.

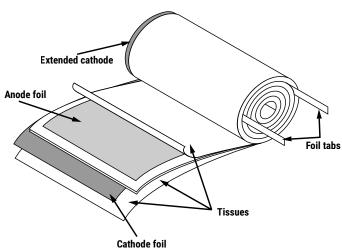
The following tests are applied and may be varied at the request of the customer. In this case the batch, or special procedure, will determine the course of action.

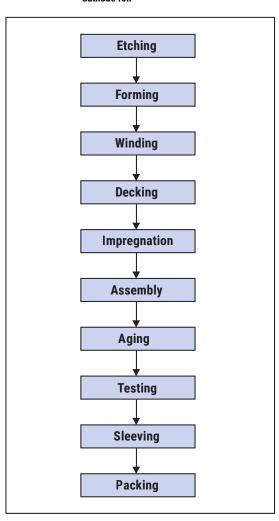
Electrical:

- · Leakage current
- Capacitance
- ESR
- Impedance
- · Tan Delta

Mechanical/Visual:

- Overall dimensions
- Torque test of mounting stud
- Print detail
- · Box labels
- Packaging, including packed quantity







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Although all product-related warnings, cautions and notes must be observed, the customer should not assume that all safety measures are indicted or that other measures may not be required.

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EKZH160ETD152MJ20S EKMA350ELL100ME07D ESMG160ETD101ME11D EKMG350ETD471MJ16S 35YXA330MEFC10X12.5

RGA221M2ABK-1320G ERR1HM1R0D110T ERR1CM222W200T TM1081EMF202RB RXQ271M2EBK-1836 RXW103M1CBK-1840

B41896C5278M B41851A8107M000 EKMA160ETD470MF07D 510D476M035CC3DE3 SK228M025AH5AAKPLP LKMK2502W101MF

450MXH330MEFCSN25X45 450MXK330MA2RFC22X50