Kingbright

WP132XSEC/J4-AMT

T-1 (3mm) Solid State Lamp

DESCRIPTIONS

- The Orange source color devices are made with AlGaInP Light Emitting Diode
- · Electrostatic discharge and power surge could damage the LEDs
- It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs
- All devices, equipments and machineries must be electrically grounded

FEATURES

- · Low power consumption
- Popular T-1 diameter package
- · General purpose leads
- · Reliable and rugged
- · Long life solid state reliability
- · Available on tape and reel
- · RoHS compliant

APPLICATIONS

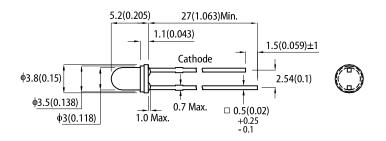
- · Traffic signaling
- · Backlighting (illuminated advertising, general
- · Interior and exterior automotive lighting
- · Substitution of micro incandescent lamps
- Reading lamps
- Signal and symbol luminaire for orientation
- Marker lights (e.g. Steps, exit ways, etc)
- · Decorative and entertainment lighting
- · Indoor and outdoor commercial and residential architectural lighting

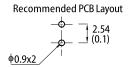
ATTENTION

Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices



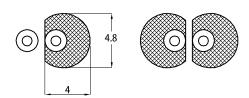
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PATTERN

(units: mm; tolerance: \pm 0.1)



- All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
 Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
- Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
 The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.



SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) @ 20mA [2]			Viewing Angle [1]
		Lens Type	Code.	Min.	Max.	201/2
WP132XSEC/J4-AMT			Z	2700	3100	
			ZA	3100	3600	
			ZB	3600	4200	
			ZC	4200	5000	
	Super Bright Orange	Water Clear	ZD	5000	6000	50°
	(AlGaInP)	vvaler Clear	Water Clear *Y *2300 *	*2700	50	
			*Z			
			*ZA	*3100	*3600	
			*ZB	*3600	*4200	
			*ZC	*4200	*5000	_

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T_A=25°C

Parameter	Cours had	Funithing Colon	Value			Unit
Parameter	Symbol Emitting Color		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Wavelength at Peak Emission I _F = 20mA	λ_{peak}	Super Bright Orange	-	611	-	nm
Dominant Wavelength I _F = 20mA	λ _{dom} ^[1]	Super Bright Orange	598	-	612	nm
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX I _F = 20mA	Δλ	Super Bright Orange	-	17	-	nm
Capacitance	С	Super Bright Orange	-	27	-	pF
Forward Voltage I _F = 20mA	V _F ^[2]	Super Bright Orange	-	2.2	2.8	V
Reverse Current (V _R = 5V)	I _R	Super Bright Orange	-	-	10	uA
Temperature Coefficient of λ_{peak} I_F = 20mA, -10°C \leq T \leq 85°C	TC_{\lambdapeak}	Super Bright Orange	-	0.14	-	nm/°C
Temperature Coefficient of λ_{dom} I_F = 20mA, -10°C $\leq T \leq 85^{\circ}C$	TC _{λdom}	Super Bright Orange	-	0.04	-	nm/°C
Temperature Coefficient of V_F I_F = 20mA, -10°C \leq T \leq 85°C	TC _V	Super Bright Orange	-	-2.0	-	mV/°C

^{1. 61/2} is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.
* Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

^{1.} The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd:±1nm.)
2. Forward voltage:±0.1V.
3. Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
4. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T_A=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	P _D	140	mW
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Junction Temperature	T _j	115	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-40 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +115	°C
DC Forward Current	I _F	50	mA
Peak Forward Current	I _{FM} ^[1]	150	mA
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	3000	V
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient)	R _{th JA} [2]	450	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point)	R _{th JS} [2]	160	°C/W

SUPER BRIGHT ORANGE

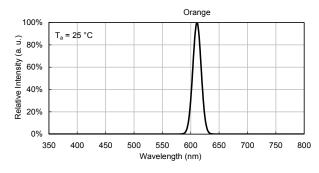
Notes:
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

Results from mounting

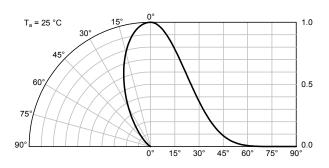
2. R_{th JA}, R_{th JS} Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size ≥ 16 mm² per pad).
3. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

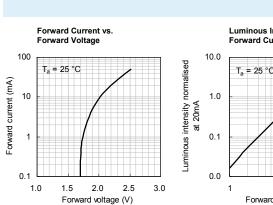
TECHNICAL DATA

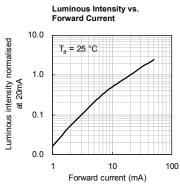
RELATIVE INTENSITY vs. WAVELENGTH

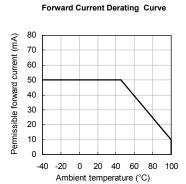


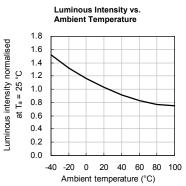
SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





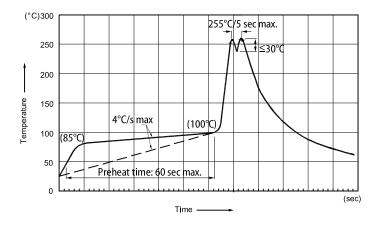








RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING PROFILE



Notes:

- Notes:

 1. Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C

 2. Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).

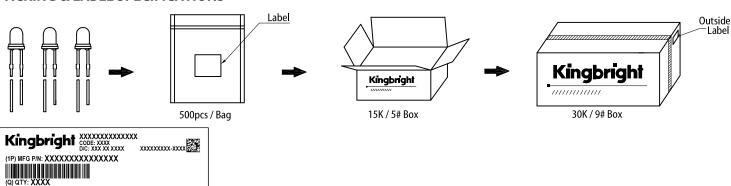
 3. Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.

 4. Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.

 5. SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.

- 6. No more than one wave soldering pass

PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS



NATE CODE: XXXX (4L) COO: XX

II LITY: XXXXXXXXXXXXX



PRECAUTIONS

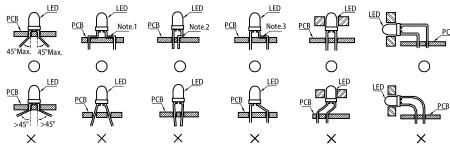
Storage conditions

- 1. Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient
- 2. LEDs should be stored with temperature ≤ 30°C and relative humidity < 60%.
- 3. Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening. Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85 ~ 100°C.

LED Mounting Method

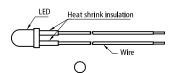
1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures.

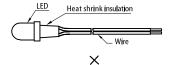
Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

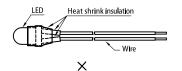


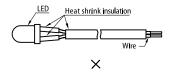
" Correct mounting method " x " Incorrect mounting method

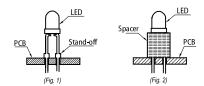
2. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat-shrink tube to prevent short-circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure.







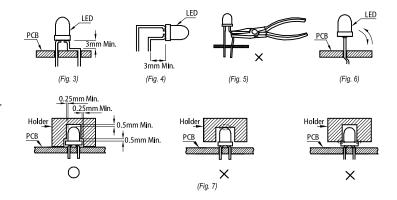




- 3. Use stand-offs (Fig.1) or spacers (Fig.2) to securely position the LED above the PCB.
- Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (Fig. 3, Fig. 4).
- 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 5)

Lead Forming Procedures

- 1. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 6)
- 2. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering. (Fig. 7)
- 3. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 4. Through-hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 5. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.





RELIABILITY TEST ITEMS AND CONDITIONS

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below

LOT TOLERANCE PERCENT DEFECTIVE (LTPD): 10%

No.	Test Item	Standards	Test Condition	Test Times / Cycles	Number of Damaged
1	Continuous operating test	-	T_a = 25°C, I_F = maximum rated current *	1,000 h	0 / 22
2	High Temp. operating test	EIAJ ED-4701/100(101)	T _a = 100°C, I _F = derated current at 100°C	1,000 h	0 / 22
3	Low Temp. operating test	-	T _a = -40°C, I _F = maximum rated current *	1,000 h	0 / 22
4	High temp. storage test	EIAJ ED-4701/100(201)	T _a = maximum rated storage temperature	1,000 h	0 / 22
5	Low temp. storage test	EIAJ ED-4701/100(202)	T _a = -40°C	1,000 h	0 / 22
6	High temp. & humidity storage test	EIAJ ED-4701/100(103)	T _a = 60°C, RH = 90%	1,000 h	0 / 22
7	High temp. & humidity operating test	EIAJ ED-4701/100(102)	$T_a = 60$ °C, RH = 90% $I_F =$ derated current at 60°C	1,000 h	0 / 22
8	Resistance to Soldering Heat	EIAJ ED-4701/300 302	TSId=260±5°C, 10 sec	1 times	0 / 18
9	Thermal shock operating test	-	Ta = -40°C(15min) ~ 100°C(15min) IF = derated current at 100°C	500 cycles	0 / 22
10	Thermal shock test	-	$T_a = -40^{\circ}C(15min) \sim 100^{\circ}C(15min)$	500 cycles	0 / 22
11	Electric Static Discharge (ESD)	EIAJ ED-4701/100(304)	C = 100pF, R2 = 1.5KΩ V = 3000V	Once each Polarity	0 / 22
12	Vibration test	-	a = 196m/s², f = 100~2KHz, t = 48min for all xyz axes 4 times		0 / 22

^{*:} Refer to forward current vs. derating curve diagram

FAILURE CRITERIA

Items	Symbols	Conditions	Failure Criteria
luminous Intensity	I _V	I _F = 20mA	Testing Min. Value < Spec. Min. Value x 0.5
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F = 20mA	Testing Max. Value ≥ Spec. Max. Value x 1.2
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R = Maximum Rated Reverse Voltage	Testing Max. Value ≥ Spec. Max. Value x 2.5
High temp. storage test	-	-	Occurrence of notable decoloration, deformation and cracking

- The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.

 The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
- When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.
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SLR-342MC3F SLX-LX3044GD SLX-LX3044ID SLX-LX3044YD 1.90690.3330000 SSS-LX4673ID-410B 1L0532Y24I0TD001 2647SYGD/S530-E2 HLMP-1301-G00FG HLMP1385 LTL-10224W LTL-1224A LTL-1234A LTL-2251AT LTL-403HR LTL-4222 LU7-E-B
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WP1503SRC/J4 WP153GDT WP153YDT WP1543SGC WP1543SURC WP53MGD WP7113HD