

WP835/2IDT

5 mm x 10 mm Light Bar



DESCRIPTION

• The High Efficiency Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode

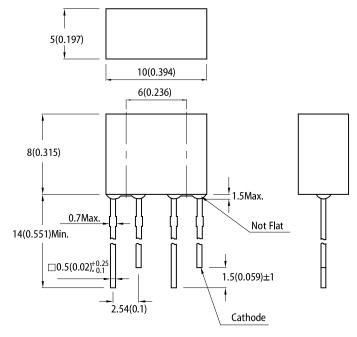
FEATURES

- Uniform light emitting area
- · Easily mounted on P.C. boards or industry standard sockets
- Flush mountable
- Excellent on/off contrast
- · Can be used with panels and legend mounts
- Mechanically rugged
- · Bottom surface of epoxy is not flat
- RoHS compliant

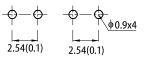
APPLICATIONS

- Status indicator
- Illuminator
- Signage applications
- Decorative and entertainment lighting
- · Commercial and residential architectural lighting

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



Recommended PCB Layout



Notes.

- All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
 Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.

 Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
 The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice

SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	lv (mcd) @ 10mA ^[2]		Viewing Angle ^[1]	
Fait Number			Min.	Тур.	201/2	
WP835/2IDT	High Efficiency Red (GaAsP/GaP)	Red Diffused	5	8	140%	
			*2	*5	140°	

Notes

- 1. 01/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
 2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.
 * Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T_A=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Value		Unit
Falameter		Emitting Color	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Wavelength at Peak Emission I_F = 10mA	λ_{peak}	High Efficiency Red	627	-	nm
Dominant Wavelength $I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	λ_{dom} ^[1]	High Efficiency Red	617	-	nm
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX I _F = 10mA	Δλ	High Efficiency Red	45	-	nm
Capacitance	С	High Efficiency Red	15	-	pF
Forward Voltage I_F = 10mA	V _F ^[2]	High Efficiency Red	1.9	2.3	V
Reverse Current (V _R = 5V)	I _R	High Efficiency Red	-	10	μA

Notes:

The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd : ±1nm.)
 Forward voltage: ±0.1V.
 Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
 Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T_A=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Power Dissipation	P _D	75	mW	
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V	
Junction Temperature	Tj	125	°C	
Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +85	°C	
DC Forward Current	I _F	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current	۱ _{FM} ^[1]	160	mA	
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	8000	V	
Lead Solder Temperature ^[2]		260°C For 3 Seconds		
Lead Solder Temperature ^[3]		260°C For 5 Seconds		

Notes: 1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width. 2. 2mm below package base. 3. 5mm below package base. 4. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

TECHNICAL DATA

20

16

12

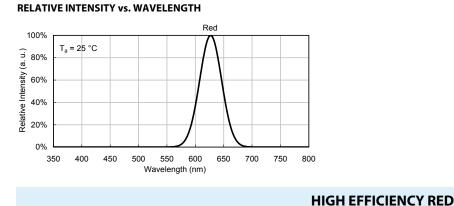
8

4

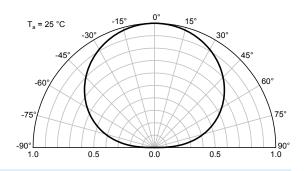
0

1.3 1.5

Forward current (mA)



SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



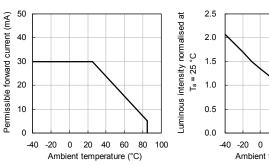
Forward Current vs. Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Voltage Forward Current 2.5 Luminous intensity normalised at T_a = 25 °C 2.0

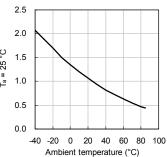
10 mA

T_a = 25 °C 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 0 8 20 4 12 16 Forward current (mA)



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature





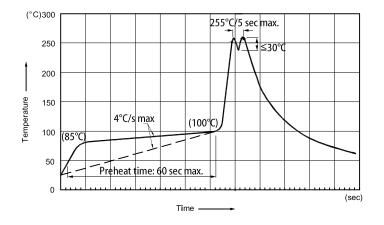
RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING PROFILE

1.9

2.1 2.3

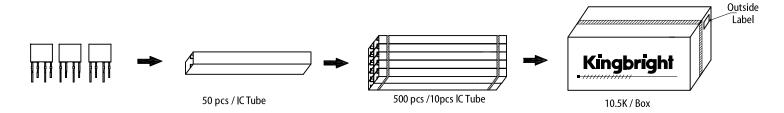
1.7

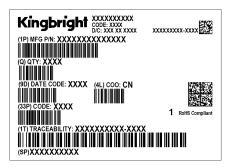
Forward voltage (V)



- Notes: 1. Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$
- Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
- Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
 Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
 No more than one wave soldering pass.

PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS





PRECAUTIONS

Storage conditions

- 1. Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
- 2. LEDs should be stored with temperature \leq 30°C and relative humidity < 60%.
- 3. Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening. Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85 ~ 100°C.

LED Mounting Method

LED

Stand-of

(Fig. 1)

Space

 The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the

Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.



2. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat-shrink tube to prevent short-circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure.



- 3. Use stand-offs (Fig.1) or spacers (Fig.2) to securely position the LED above the PCB.
 - 4. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (*Fig. 3*, *Fig. 4*).
 - 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (*Fig.* 5)

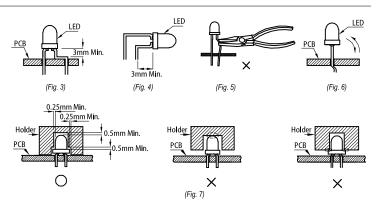
LED

(Fig. 2)

WP835/2IDT

Lead Forming Procedures

- 1. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 6)
- 2. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering. (Fig. 7)
- 3. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 4. Through-hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 5. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.



PRECAUTIONARY NOTES

- The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications. 2
- 3. When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues. The information in this document applies to typical usage in consumer electronics applications. If customer's application has special reliability requirements or have life-threatening
- 4. liabilities, such as automotive or medical usage, please consult with Kingbright representative for further assistance
- 5 The contents and information of this document may not be reproduced or re-transmitted without permission by Kingbright. 6 onNotes
- All design applications should refer to Kingbright application notes available at http:

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for LED Bars and Arrays category:

Click to view products by Kingbright manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

 SSA-LXB10GW-18751
 SSA-LXB10YW
 SSA-LXH1025I1G7XXD
 LTL-2450Y
 CSS-414G-11
 SSA-LXB10IW
 SSB-LX2301SIW
 TOS

 4102BR-N
 SSA-LXB10-IYG8W-1
 ADI-AL4554-470
 LPB-R0112051S
 DI-5GWB
 LTA-1000E
 LTL-57173HR
 HLMP-2655-EF000
 HLMP

 2820-FG000
 KB-2600ID
 L-1043GDT
 L-875/4IDT
 L-875/4SRDT
 DC10EGWA
 LF1B-NA3P-2THWW2-3M
 LF1B-NC3P-2THWW2-3M

 LTL-2500G
 LTL-2685HR
 SSA-LXB10GW
 LTA-1000HR
 HLMP-2685
 HLMP-2400
 HLMP-2300
 L-875/4YDT
 SSB-LX100SRW
 SSB

 LX2620IW
 SSB-LX2400YW
 LPB-S01110101S
 DC10SURKWA
 LF1B-NA4P-2THWW2-3M
 LF1B-NB3P-2THWW2-3M
 KB2450SYKW

 KB2835CGKD
 L-1043IDT
 L-1043YDT
 L-835/2GDT
 LF1B-NF3P-2THWW2-3M
 HLCP-B100
 HLMP-2800
 HLCP-H100

 HLMP-2300-EF000
 HLMP-2400-EF000
 HLMP-2400-EF000
 HLMP-2400-EF000
 HLMP-2400-EF000