## Current Transducer LF 1005-S

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).


## Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

| X | Accuracy @ $\mathrm{I}_{\text {PN }}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 0.4$ |  | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\varepsilon_{\text {L }}$ | Linearity error | < 0.1 |  | \% |
|  | Offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_{\text {P }}=0, \mathbf{T}_{\text {a }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Typ | Max |  |
| 10 |  |  | $\pm 0.4$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {о }}$ | Magnetic offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{p}}=0$ and specified $\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{M}}$, after an overload of $3 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{PN}}$ |  | $\pm 0.2$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OT }}$ | Temperature variation of $\mathrm{I}_{0} \quad-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 0.3$ | $\pm 0.5$ | mA |
|  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\pm 0.8$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | Response time ${ }^{1)}$ to $90 \%$ of $\mathbf{I P N}$ step di/dt accurately followed | < 1 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| di/dt |  | > 100 |  | A/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| BW | Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB) | DC .. 150 |  | kHz |

## General data

| $\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Ambient operating temperature |  | $-40 . .+85$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | Ambient storage temperature |  | $-45 \ldots+100$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | Secondary coil resistance @ | $\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 48 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 51 | $\Omega$ |
| $\boldsymbol{m}$ | Mass |  | 550 | g |
|  | Standards |  | EN 50178: 1997 |  |

[^0]
## $I_{P N}=1000 \mathrm{~A}$



## Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.


## Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.


## Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.


## Application Domain

- Industrial.

Current Transducer LF 1005-S

## Isolation characteristics

| $\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{d}}$ | Rms voltage for AC isolation test, $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{mn}$ | 3.8 | kV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\widehat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathrm{w}}$ | Impulse withstand voltage $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 16 | kV |
|  |  | Min |  |
| dCp | Creepage distance | 20.6 | mm |
| dCI | Clearance distance | 19.6 | mm |
| CTI | Comparative Tracking Index (Group IIIa) | 175 |  |

## Application examples

According to EN 50178 and CEI 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

|  | EN 50178 | CEI 61010-1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $d C p, d C I, \hat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathrm{w}}$ | Rated isolation voltage | Nominal voltage |
| Single isolation | 1500 V | 2000 V |
| Reinforced isolation | 1000 V | 1000 V |

## Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.


Caution, risk of electrical shock
When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.
This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.
Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LF 1005-S (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)


## Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
- Transducer fastening Vertical position

2 holes $\varnothing 5.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ 2 M5 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque 4 Nm or 2.96 Lb . - Ft. or $\quad 4$ holes $\varnothing 4.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ 4 M4 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque 3.2 Nm or 2.37 Lb . - Ft. or 4 holes $\varnothing 2.25 \mathrm{~mm}$ depth 10 mm $4 \times$ PT KA30 screws long 10 mm
Recommended fastening torque 0.9 Nm or 0.66 Lb . - Ft.

- Transducer fastening Horizontal position

4 holes $\varnothing 5.3 \mathrm{~mm}$
4 M5 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque 4 Nm or 2.96 Lb . Ft . or

Fastening torque, maxi

- Primary through-hole or
- Connection of secondary

4 holes $\varnothing 2.25 \mathrm{~mm}$ depth 16 mm $4 \times$ PT KA30 screws long 16 mm 1 Nm or 0.74 Lb . Ft.
$40.5 \times 13 \mathrm{~mm}$
$\varnothing 38 \mathrm{~mm}$
Molex 6410
3 Tin plated pins.

## Remarks

- $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{S}}$ is positive when $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{P}}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.


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[^0]:    Note : ${ }^{1)}$ With a di/dt of $100 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$.

