CUSTOMER: .

DATE : 2016.08.11 .

REV : REV. 1.0 .

SPECIFICATIONS FOR APPROVAL



Top View Type White SMD LED

MODEL NAME: LEMWS59R80JZ0E0E



Halogen Compliant

APPROVAL	REMARK	APPENDIX

DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED
2016.08.11	2016.08.11	2016.08.11
N.S. Yoon	W.J. Kim	S.H. Lee
0,16	ATT	



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1. Features

- Lighting Color: White

- Lead Frame Type LED Package: 5.6×3.0×0.9 mm (L×W×H) [Unit: mm]

Viewing Angle : 120°Chip Material : InGaN

- Soldering Methods: Reflow Soldering

- Taping: 12 mm conductive carrier tape & antistatic clear cover tape

3,000 pcs/reel, Ф178 mm Reel

2. Outline Dimensions

(Unit:mm) 3.60 2.00 4,70(Window) 1 ⊕ 2 Cathode mark 5.60 Recommendable soldering pattern (For reflow soldering) Internal circuit 5.90 Anode Cathode Pad Configuration 1 Anode Pad 2 Cathode Pad

ullet Tolerances unless otherwise mentioned are ± 0.10 mm

3. Applications

- Interior and Exterior Illumination

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Forward Current	If	200	mA	
Pulse Forward Current*1)	Ifp	260	mA	
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +100	°C	
Junction Temperature	Tj 110 ℃			
Soldering Temperature	JEDEC-J-STD-020D			
ESD Classification	Class 2 (ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001)			

^{*1)} Pulse width ≤10ms and duty cycle ≤10%

5. Electro - Optical Characteristics

(Ta=25℃)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	Vf	If = 65mA	2.70	2.76	3.00	V
Luminous Flux I ¹⁾	.	16 05 4	34.1	34.9	35.8	1
Luminous Flux II ²⁾	Ф۷	If = 65mA	32.4	33.2	34.1	lm
Color	Cx / Cy	If = 65mA	Refer to '6. Bin structure'		-	
Viewing Angle	2Θ1/2	If = 65mA	-	120	-	deg
Color Rendering Index (Ra)	Ra	If = 65mA	80	-	-	-
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Solder Point	Rth j-s	If = 65mA	-	15	-	°C/W
Typical Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage	ΔVf / ΔTj	If = 65mA	-1.0	-	-3.0	mV/℃

^{*1)} These values are measured by a standard of LED component level

^{*} Although all LEDs are tested by LG Innotek equipment, some values may vary slightly depending on the conditions of the test equipment.



^{*} Operating the LED beyond the listed maximum ratings may affect device reliability and cause permanent damage. These or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions are not implied. The exposure to the absolute maximum rated conditions may affect device reliability.

^{*} The LEDs are not designed to be driven in reverse bias.

^{*2)} These values are measured by a standard of assembly level

^{**} These values are measured by the LG Innotek optical spectrum analyzer within the following tolerances. Luminous Flux (Φ v): $\pm 7\%$, Forward Voltage (Vf): ± 0.1 V, Color Value: ± 0.005 , CRI Value: ± 2 ,

5. Electro - Optical Characteristics

By a standard of LED component level

(Ta=25°C)

If (mA)	Vf (V)	Power (W)	Φv (lm)	lm/W
30	2.67	0.080	16.4	205
65	2.76	0.179	34.9	195
100	2.84	0.284	52.3	184
150	2.94	0.441	75.8	171
200	3.03	0.606	97.7	161

By a standard of assembly level

If (mA)	Vf (V)	Power (W)	Φv (lm)	lm/W
30	2.67	0.080	15.6	195
65	2.76	0.179	33.2	186
100	2.84	0.284	49.8	175
150	2.94	0.441	72.2	164
200	3.03	0.606	93.0	154

6. Bin Structure

Forward Voltage Bins(@65mA)

Bin	Vf (V)			
DIII	Min.	Max.		
8A	2.70	2.75		
8B	2.75	2.80		
9A	2.80	2.85		
9B	2.85	2.90		
0A	2.90	2.95		
0B	2.95	3.00		

Color Bins (@65mA)

Bin	Сх	Су	Α	В	Theta
J3S	0.3828	0.3803	0.00313	0.00134	53.43

■ Luminous Flux Bin(@65mA)

Bin	Φv (lm)			
БШ	Min.	Max.		
R5	32.4	34.1		

^{*}Flux is binned by a standard of assembly level

CRI Bin(@65mA)

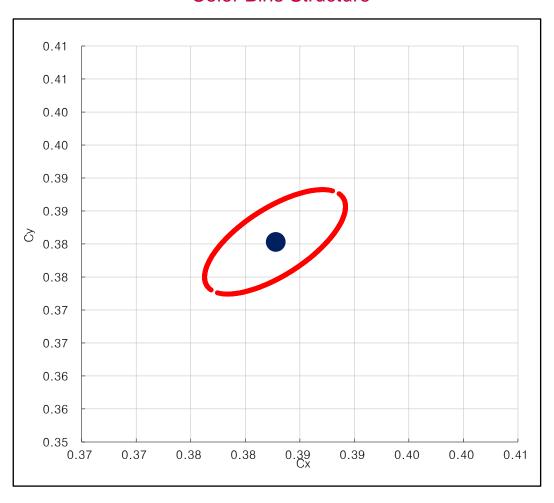
Bin	С	RI
DIII	Min.	Max.
80	80	-

Bin structure: Please refer to the following example.

Bin Code: R5-J11-0A

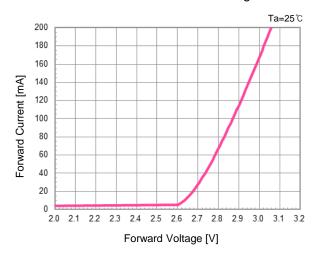
(Φv Bin = R5, Color Bin = J11, Vf Bin = 0A)

Color Bins Structure

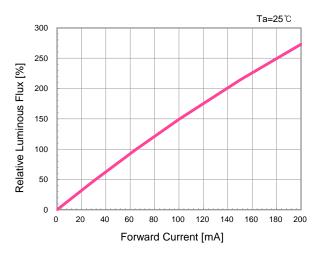


7. Typical Characteristic Curves

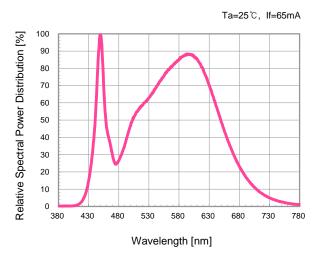
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



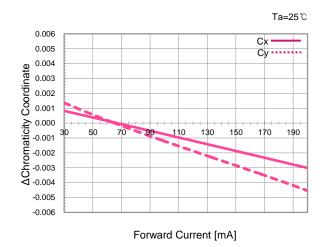
Relative Luminous Flux vs. Forward Current



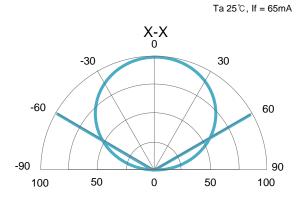
Spectrum



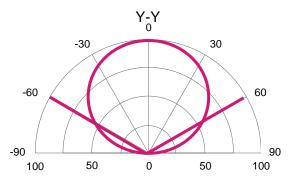
Chromaticity Coordinate vs. Forward Current



Radiation Characteristics

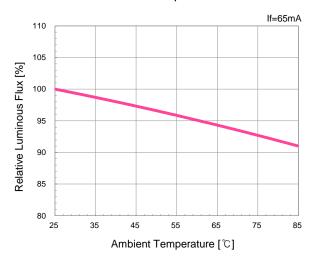


Ta 25℃, If = 65mA

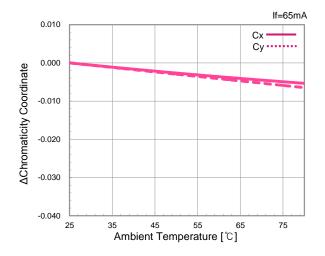


7. Typical Characteristic Curves

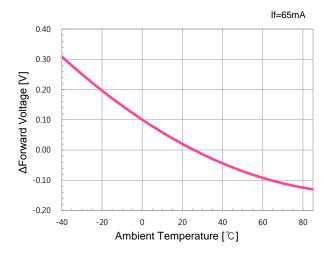
■ Luminous Flux vs. Temperature



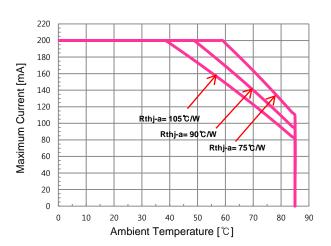
Chromaticity Coordinate vs. Temperature



■ Forward Voltage vs. Temperature



Derating Curve



* The ambient temperature values for each graph are obtained with LG Innotek equipment.

8. Reliability Test Items and Conditions

8-1. Failure Criteria

Items	Symbols	Test Conditions	Crit	eria
ILGITIS	Symbols	rest Conditions	Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	Vf	If = 65mA	-	Initial Value \times 1.1
Luminous Flux	Фу	If = 65mA	Initial Value × 0.7	-

8-2. Reliability Test

No	Items	Test Conditions	Test Hours /Cycles	Sample Size	Ac/Re
1	Room Temperature Operating Life (RTOL)	Ta = 25℃, If = 200mA	1,000 Hours	20 pcs	0/1
2	Wet High Temperature Operating Life (WHTOL)	Ta = 60 ℃, RH = 90% If = 200mA	1,000 Hours	20 pcs	0/1
3	High Temperature Operating Life (HTOL)	Ta = 85℃, If = 200mA	1,000 Hours	20 pcs	0/1
4	Low Temperature Operating Life (LTOL)	Ta = -40 ℃, If = 200mA	1,000 Hours	20 pcs	0/1
5	High Temperature Storage Life (HTSL)	Ta = 100℃	1,000 Hours	20 pcs	0/1
6	Low Temperature Storage Life (LTSL)	Ta = -40°C	1,000 Hours	20 pcs	0/1
7	Wet High Temperature Storage Life (WHTSL)	Ta = 85 ℃, RH = 85%	1,000 Hours	20 pcs	0/1
8	Temperature Cycle (TC)	-40℃(30min) ~ 100℃(30min)	100 Cycles	20 pcs	0/1
9	Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)	Tsld = $260 ^{\circ}$ C (Pre treatment $60 ^{\circ}$,60% 168 hours)	3 Times	20 pcs	0/1
10	Vibration	100~2000~100Hz Sweep 4min. 200m/s², 3 directions	48 Minutes	20 pcs	0/1

^{*} All samples are tested using LG Innotek Standard Metal PCB (25x25x1.6 mm³(L×W×H)) except MSL test.

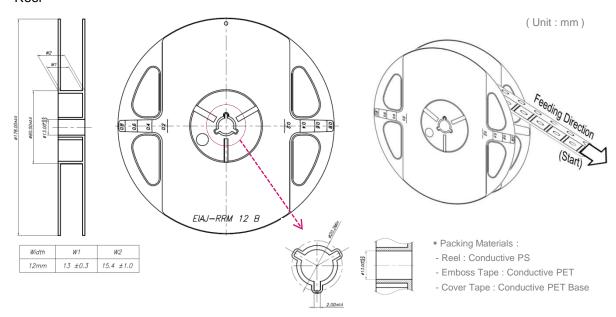
^{*} All samples must pass each test item and all test items must be satisfied.



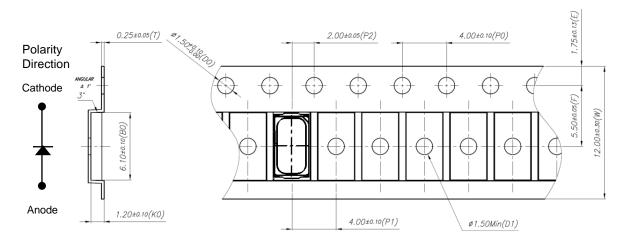
9. Packing and Labeling of Products

9-1. Taping Outline Dimensions

■ Reel



Tape



■ Taping Arrangement

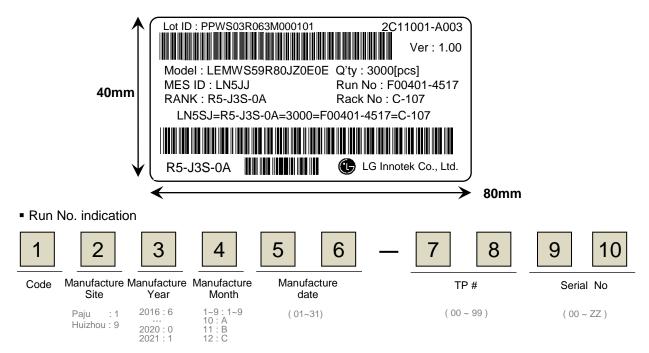


9. Packing and Labeling of Products

9-2. Label Structure

*. Label A

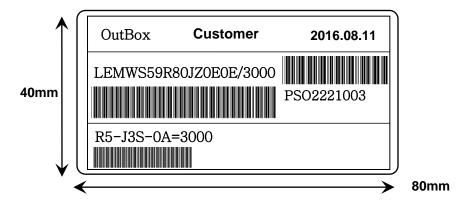
Specifying Model Name, Rank, Rack, Quantity and Run number



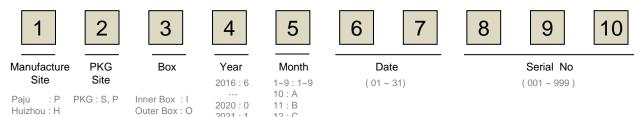
9. Packing and Labeling of Products

9-2. Label Structure

X. Label C Specifying Customer, Date, Model Name, Quantity, Customer Part no, Outbox ID, Rank/Rank Q'ty



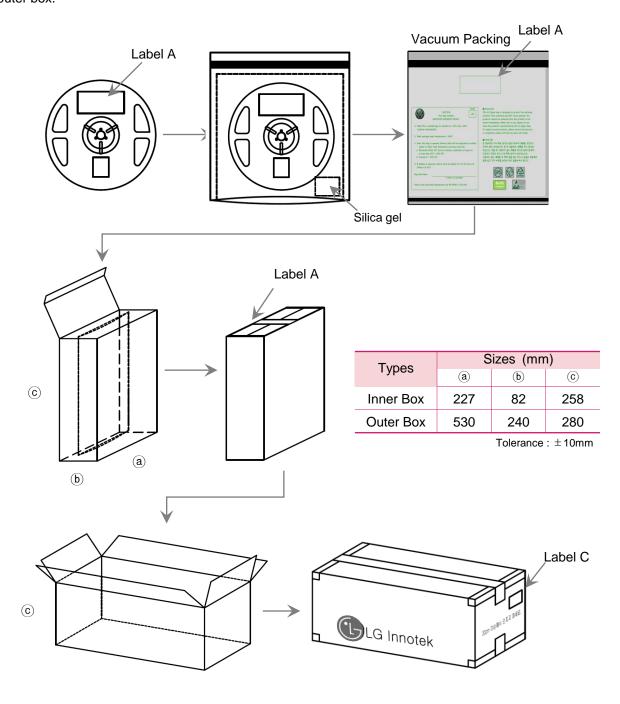
■ Box ID. indication



9. Packing and Labeling of Products

9-3. Packing Structures

Reeled products are packed in a sealed-off and moisture-proof aluminum bag with desiccants (silica gel). Max four aluminum bags are packed in an inner box and six inner boxes are packed in an outer box.



10. Cautions on Use

10-1. Moisture-Proof Package

- -. The moisture in the SMD package may vaporize and expand during soldering.
- -. The moisture can damage the optical characteristics of the LEDs due to the encapsulation.

10-2. During Storage

Conditions		Temperature	Humidity	Time	
Storage	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	5℃ ~ 30℃	< 50%RH	Within 1 Year from the Delivery Date	
Ciorago	After Opening Aluminum Bag	5℃ ~ 30℃	< 60%RH	≤ 672 hours	
Baking		65 ± 5℃	< 10%RH	10 ~ 24 hours	

- -. The LEDs should be stored in a clean environment. If the LEDs are stored for 3 months or more after being shipped from LGIT, a sealed container with a nitrogen gas should be used for storage.
- -. When storing the LEDs after opening aluminum bag, reseal with a moisture absorbent material inside

10-3. During Usage

- -. The LED should be avoided direct contact with hazardous materials such as sulfur, chlorine, phthalate, acid, solvent, etc. These materials(S, Cl, VOCs, etc.) may cause sulfurization of silver lead-frame or encapsulant silicone discoloration in LED.
 - VOCs(Volatile Organic Compounds) can be generated from adhesives glue, cleaning flux, molding hardener or organic additive which used in luminaires fixtures and they(VOCs) may cause a significant lumen degradation of LED in luminaires when they exposed to heat or light.
 - To prevent this phenomenon, materials used in luminaires must be carefully selected by users.
- -. The metal parts(Including silver plated metal) on the LED can rust when exposed to corrosive gases. Therefore, exposure to corrosive gases must be avoided during operation and storage.
- -. The metal parts(Including silver plated metal) also can be affected not only by the corrosive gases emitted inside of the end-products but by the gases penetrated from outside environment.
- -. Extreme environments such as sudden ambient temperature changes or high humidity that can cause condensation must be avoided.

10-4. Cleaning

- -. Do not use brushes for cleaning or organic solvents (i.e. Acetone, TCE, etc..) for washing as they may damage the resin of the LEDs.
- -. Isopropyl Alcohol(IPA) is the recommended solvent for cleaning the LEDs under the following conditions.
 - Cleaning Condition: IPA, 25°C max. × 60sec max.
- -. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended.
- -. Pretests should be conducted with the actual cleaning process to validate that the process will not damage the LEDs.



10. Cautions on Use

10-5. Thermal Management

- -. The thermal design of the end product must be seriously considered, particularly at the beginning of the system design process.
- -. The generation of heat is greatly impacted by the input power, the thermal resistance of the circuit boards and the density of the LED array combined with other components.

10-6. Static Electricity

- Wristbands and anti-electrostatic gloves are strongly recommended and all devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded when handling the LEDs, which are sensitive against static electricity and surge.
- -. Precautions are to be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.
- -. Unusual characteristics such as significant increase of current leakage, decrease of turn-on voltage, or non-operation at a low current can occur when the LED is damaged.

10-7. Recommended Circuit

- -. The current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating when designing the circuits.
- -. In general, there can be various forward voltages for LEDs. Different forward voltages in parallel via a single resistor can result in different forward currents to each LED, which also can output different luminous flux values. In the worst case, the currents can exceed the absolute maximum ratings which can stress the LEDs. Matrix circuit with a single resistor for each LED is recommended to avoid the luminous flux fluctuations.

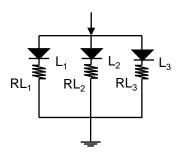


Fig.1 Recommended Circuit in Parallel Mode : Separate resistors must be used for each LED.

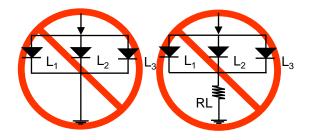


Fig.2 Abnormal Circuit

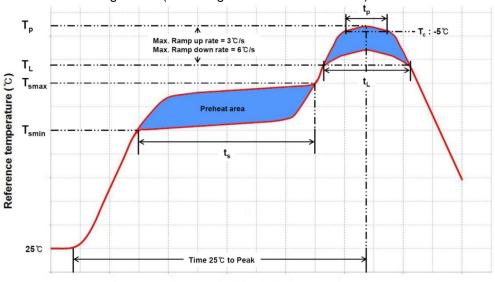
Circuits to Avoid: The current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation in LED forward voltage.

- -. The driving circuits must be designed to operate the LEDs by forward bias only.
- -. Reverse voltages can damage the zener diode, which can cause the LED to fail.
- -. A constant current LED driver is recommended to power the LEDs.

10. Cautions on Use

10-8. Soldering Conditions

- -. Reflow soldering is the recommended method for assembling LEDs on a circuit board.
- -. LG Innotek does not guarantee the performance of the LEDs assembled by the dip soldering method.
- -. Recommended Soldering Profile (according to JEDEC J-STD-020D)



Time (sec)

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly	Pb-Based Assembly
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Preheat / Soak} \\ \text{Temperature Min } (T_{smin}) \\ \text{Temperature Max } (T_{smax}) \\ \text{Maximum time} (t_s) \text{ from } T_{smin} \text{ to } T_{smax} \end{array}$	150℃ 200℃ 60~120 seconds	100℃ 150℃ 60~120 seconds
Ramp-up rate $(T_L \text{ to } T_p)$	3°C/ second max.	3°C/ second max.
Liquidus temperature (T _L)	217℃	183℃
Time (t_L) maintained above T_L	60~150 seconds	60~150 seconds
Maximum peak package body temperature (T_p)	260℃	235℃
Time(t_p) within $5^{\circ}\!$	30 seconds	20 seconds
Ramp-down rate $(T_p \text{ to } T_L)$	6°C/second max.	6℃/second max.
Maximum Time 25 ℃ to peak temperature	8 minutes max.	6 minutes max.

- -. Reflow or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above diagrams.
- -. A rapid cooling process is not recommended for the LEDs from the peak temperature.
- -. The silicone encapsulant at the top of the LED package is a soft surface, which can easily be damaged by pressure. Precautions should be taken to avoid strong pressure on the silicone resin when leveraging the pick and place machines.
- -. Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.



10. Cautions on Use

10-9. Soldering Iron

- -. The recommended condition is less than 5 seconds at 260 $^{\circ}$ C.
- -. The time must be shorter for higher temperatures. (+10 $^{\circ}$ C \rightarrow -1sec).
- -. The power dissipation of the soldering iron should be lower than 15W and the surface temperature of the device should be controlled at or under 230 °C.

10-10. Eye Safety Guidelines

- -. Do not directly look at the light when the LEDs are on.
- -. Proceed with caution to avoid the risk of damage to the eyes when examining the LEDs with optical instruments.

10-11. Manual Handling

-. Use Teflon-type tweezers to grab the base of the LED and do not apply mechanical pressure on the surface of the encapsulant.





11. Disclaimers

- -. LG Innotek is not responsible for any damages or accidents caused if the operating or storage. conditions exceed the absolute maximum ratings recommended in this document.
- -. The LEDs described in this document are intended to be operated by ordinary electronic equipment.
- The LEDs should not be used at any lighting products together with the other LEDs, which has a different part number. If required, please contact any sales person.
- -. It is recommended to consult with LG Innotek when the environment or the LED operation is non-standard in order to avoid any possible malfunctions or damage to product or risk of life or health.
- Disassembly of the LED products for the purpose of reverse engineering is prohibited without prior
 written consent from LG Innotek. All defected LEDs must be reported to LG Innotek and are not to
 be disassembled or analyzed.
- -. The product information can be modified and upgraded without prior notice.

History of Revision

Revision	Date	Contents Revision	Remark
Rev. 1.0	2016.08.11	New Establishment	

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for High Power LEDs - White category:

Click to view products by LG manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

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