ANT-433-PW-LP

Data Sheet



Product Description

The LP Series antennas utilize a helical element which greatly reduces the antenna's size while allowing favorable performance characteristics. These compact antennas are cosmetically attractive and inexpensive, making them ideal for volume applications. The LP Series mounts directly to a PCB with a single screw, eliminating the expense of a connector while meeting FCC Part 15 requirements.

Features

- Very low cost
- · Compact housing
- Excellent performance
- Omni-directional pattern
- Weather-resistant
- Screw-mount
- Use with plastic* or metal enclosures

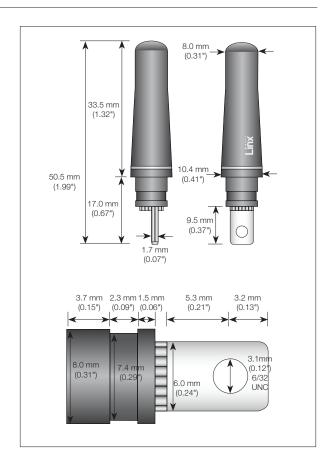
Electrical Specifications

433MHz Center frequency: Bandwidth: 12MHz Wavelength: 1/4-wave VSWR: ≤ 1.9 typical Peak Gain: -1.9dBi Impedance: 50-ohms Screw-mount Connection: Oper. Temp. Range: -20°C to +85°C

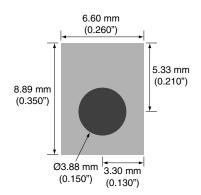
Electrical specifications and plots measured with a 3.81 cm x 8.38 cm (1.5" \times 3.3") reference ground plane

Ordering Information

ANT-433-PW-LP



Recommended Footprint

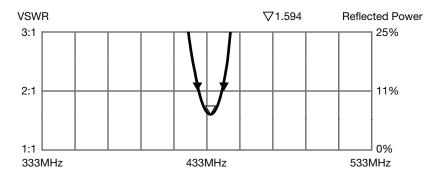


^{*} Requires proximity ground plane

Counterpoise

Quarter-wave or monopole antennas require an associated ground plane counterpoise for proper operation. The size and location of the ground plane relative to the antenna will affect the overall performance of the antenna in the final design. When used in conjunction with a ground plane smaller than that used to tune the antenna, the center frequency typically will shift higher in frequency and the bandwidth will decrease. The proximity of other circuit elements and packaging near the antenna will also affect the final performance. For further discussion and guidance on the importance of the ground plane counterpoise, please refer to Linx Application Note AN-00501: Understanding Antenna Specifications and Operation.

VSWR Graph



What is VSWR?

The Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR) is a measurement of how well an antenna is matched to a source impedance, typically 50-ohms. It is calculated by measuring the voltage wave that is headed toward the load versus the voltage wave that is reflected back from the load. A perfect match will have a VSWR of 1:1. The higher the first number, the worse the match, and the more inefficient the system. Since a perfect match cannot ever be obtained, some benchmark for performance needs to be set. In the case of antenna VSWR, this is usually 2:1. At this point, 88.9% of the energy sent to the antenna by the transmitter is radiated into free space and 11.1% is either reflected back into the source or lost as heat on the structure of the antenna. In the other direction, 88.9% of the energy recovered by the antenna is transferred into the receiver. As a side note, since the ":1" is always implied, many data sheets will remove it and just display the first number.

How to Read a VSWR Graph

VSWR is usually displayed graphically versus frequency. The lowest point on the graph is the antenna's operational center frequency. In most cases, this will be different than the designed center frequency due to fabrication tolerances. The VSWR at that point denotes how close to 50-ohms the antenna gets. Linx specifies the recommended bandwidth as the range where the typical antenna VSWR is less than 2:1.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Antennas category:

Click to view products by Linx Technologies manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

GAN30084EU 930-033-R GW17.07.0250E 1513563-1 EXE902SM APAMPG-117 MAF94383 W3908B0100 W6102B0100 YE572113-30RSMM 108-00014-50 66089-2406 SPDA17RP918 A09-F8NF-M A09-F5NF-M RGFRA1903041A1T W3525BW100 W3593B0100 W3921B0100 SIMNA-868 SIMNA-915 SIMNA-433 W1044 W1049B090 A75-001 WTL2449CQ1-FRSMM CPL9C EXB148BN 0600-00060 TRA9020S3PBN-001 GD5W-28P-NF MA9-7N GD53-25 GD5W-21P-NF EXB144SM C37 MAF94051 GD35-17P-NF P1744 MA9-5N EXD420PL B1322NR QWFTB120 MAF94271 MAF94300 GPSMB301 FG4403 AO-AGSM-OM54 5200232 MIKROE-2349