

## ANT-5GWWS1-SMA Cellular Sub-6 5G Antenna

The 5GWWS1 is a dipole, blade-style antenna for 5G New Radio, LTE, and cellular IoT (LTE-M, NB-IoT) applications. As a 5G NR antenna, the 5GWWS1 excels in the 617 MHz to 960 MHz low band, and 1710 MHz to 2690 MHz and 3300 MHz to 5000 MHz midband ranges for CBRS private networking, 4.9 GHz public safety and emerging 2.5 GHz and C-band applications.

The hinged design allows for the antenna to be positioned for optimum performance and reduces the potential for damage from impact compared to a fixed whip design. The antenna attaches with an SMA plug (male pin) connector.



### Features

- Performance at 3300 MHz to 3800 MHz
  - VSWR:  $\leq 1.9$
  - Peak Gain: 2.7 dBi
  - Efficiency: 66%
- Performance at 617 MHz to 960 MHz
  - VSWR:  $\leq 3.0$
  - Peak Gain: 0.7 dBi
  - Efficiency: 53%
- Hinged design with detents for straight, 45 degree and 90 degree positioning
- SMA plug (male pin)

### Applications

- Worldwide 5G/4G/3G/2G
- Cellular IoT: LTE-M (Cat-M1) and NB-IoT
- Private cellular networks
  - Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS)
- 4.9 GHz Public Safety
- Emerging 5G C-Band applications
- Emerging 5G 2.5 GHz EBS applications
- Internet of Things (IoT) devices

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
ANT-5GWWS1-SMA	Cellular 5G, blade-style antenna with SMA plug (male pin)

Available from Linx Technologies and select distributors and representatives.

Electrical Specifications

ANT-5GWWS1	Frequency Range	VSWR (max.)	Peak Gain (dBi)	Avg. Gain (dBi)	Efficiency (%)
LTE 71	617 MHz to 698 MHz	3.0	0.7	-3.1	53
LTE 12, 13, 14, 17, 26, 28, 29	698 MHz to 803 MHz	1.9	0.4	-3.0	53
LTE 5, 8, 20	791 MHz to 960 MHz	2.8	0.6	-4.0	53
LTE 1, 2, 3, 4, 25, 66	1710 MHz to 2200 MHz	1.9	4.0	-2.0	68
LTE 30, 40	2300 MHz to 2400 MHz	1.9	4.0	-3.4	48
LTE 7, 41	2496 MHz to 2690 MHz	2.9	4.1	-3.3	57
LTE 22, 42, 43, 48, 49, 52	3300 MHz to 3800 MHz	1.9	2.7	-2.1	66
GPS/GNSS	1553 MHz to 1609 MHz	1.4	3.3	-3.3	48
CBRS	3550 MHz to 3700 MHz	1.7	2.4	-1.4	76
C-Band	3700 MHz to 4200 MHz	3.1	2.2	-2.9	58
Public Safety	4940 MHz to 4990 MHz	1.9	3.5	-2.6	56
<b>Polarization</b>	Linear				
<b>Radiation</b>	Omnidirectional				
<b>Max Power</b>	5 W				
<b>Wavelength</b>	1/2-wave				
<b>Electrical Type</b>	Dipole				
<b>Impedance</b>	50 Ω				
<b>Connection</b>	SMA Plug (male pin)				
<b>Operating Temperature Range</b>	-20 °C to +65 °C				
<b>Weight</b>	14.9 g (0.53 oz)				
<b>Dimensions</b>	135.7 mm x 20.1 mm x 10.0 mm (5.34 in x 0.79 in x 0.39 in)				

Electrical specifications and plots measured with the antenna in a straight orientation.

Product Dimensions

Figure 1 provides dimensions of the 5GWWS1. The antenna whip can be tilted 90 degrees, and has a detent at 45 degrees enabling the antenna to be oriented in any direction. The rotating base allows for continuous positioning through 360 degrees even while installed.

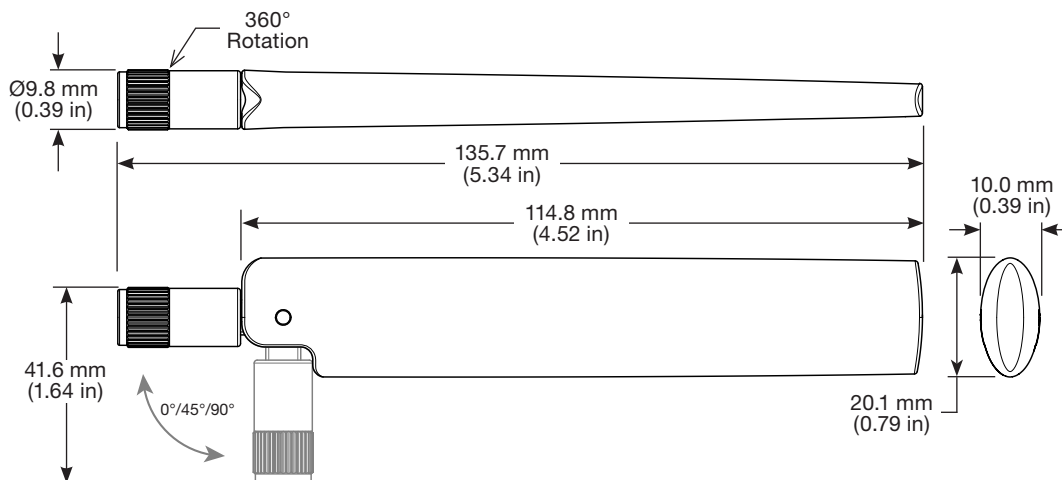


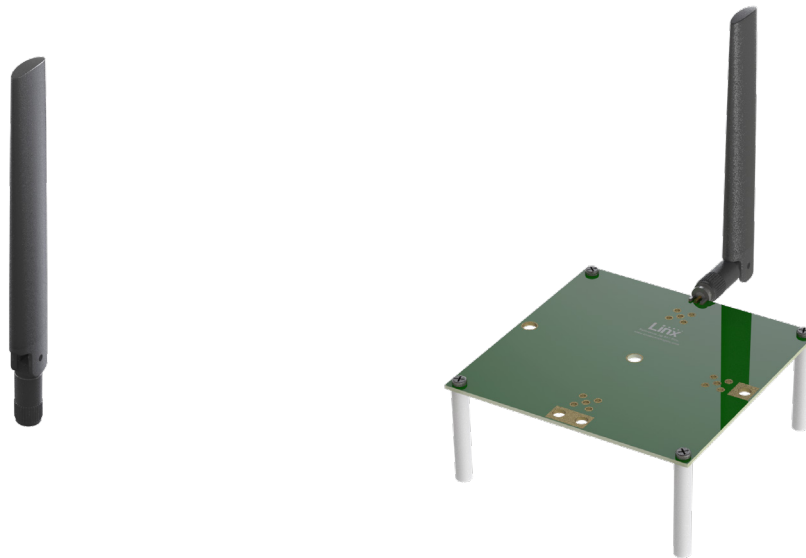
Figure 1. ANT-5GWWS1-SMA Antenna Dimensions

Packaging Information

The 5GWWS1 antennas are individually sealed in a clear plastic bag. 600 bags per carton, 400 mm x 300 mm x 230 mm (15.7 in x 11.8 in x 9.1 in), total weight 10.1 kgs (22.3 lb). Distribution channels may offer alternative packaging options.

Antenna Orientation

The 5GWWS1 antenna is characterized in two antenna orientations as shown in Figure 2. The antenna straight orientation characterizes use of an antenna attached to an enclosure-mounted connector which is connected by cable to a printed circuit board. Although the antenna is a dipole not requiring a ground plane for function, characterization with an adjacent ground plane (102 mm x 102 mm) provides insight into antenna performance when attached directly to a printed circuit board mounted connector. The two orientations represent the most common end-product use cases.



Straight, without ground plane

On edge of ground plane, bent 90 degrees

Figure 2. ANT-5GWWS1-SMA on evaluation PCB

Straight, No Ground Plane

The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented straight, as shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3. ANT-5GWWS1-SMA Straight, No Ground Plane (Straight)

VSWR

Figure 4 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.

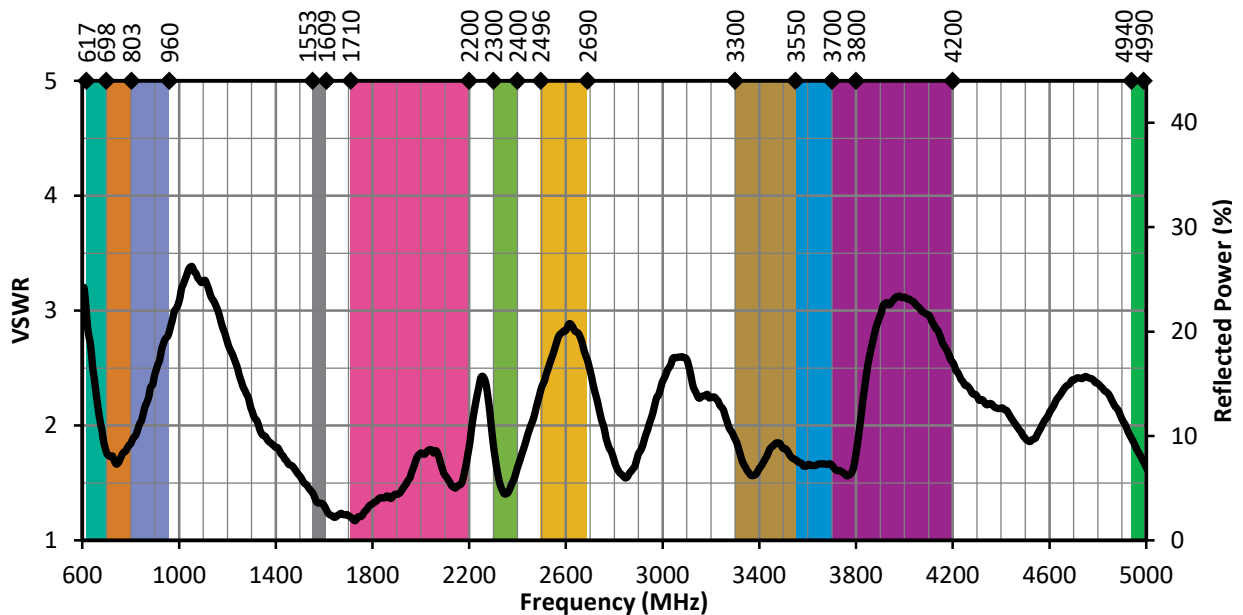


Figure 4. 5GWWS1 VSWR, Straight

Return Loss

Return loss (Figure 5), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.

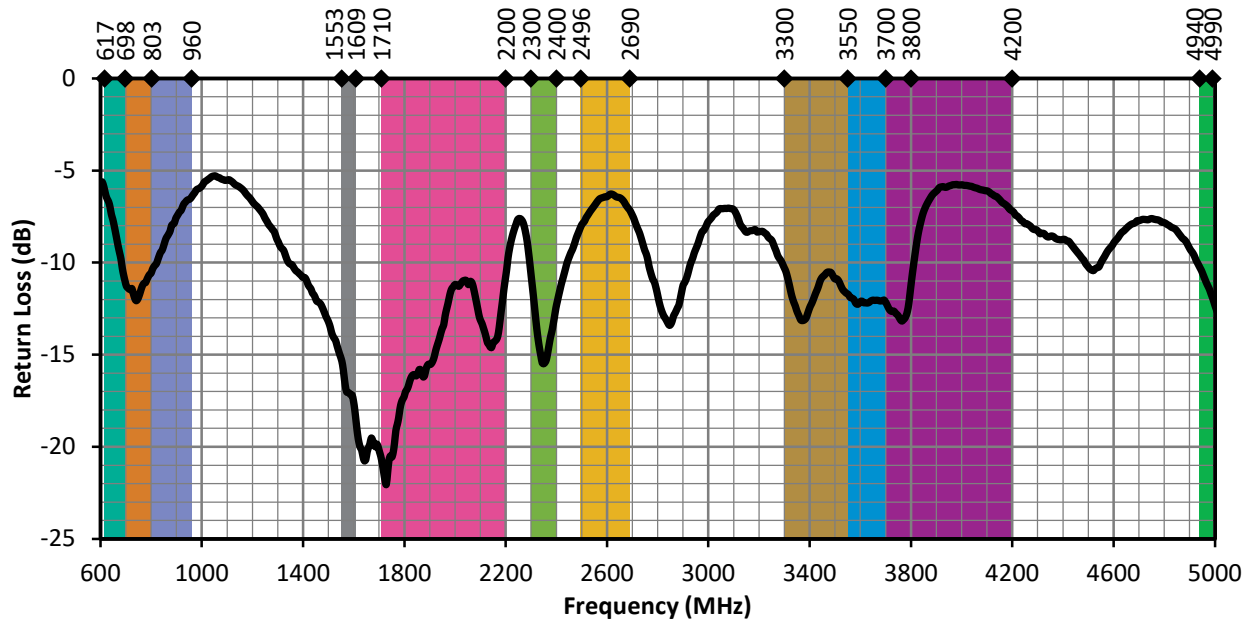


Figure 5. 5GWWS1 Return Loss, Straight

Peak Gain

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 6. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.

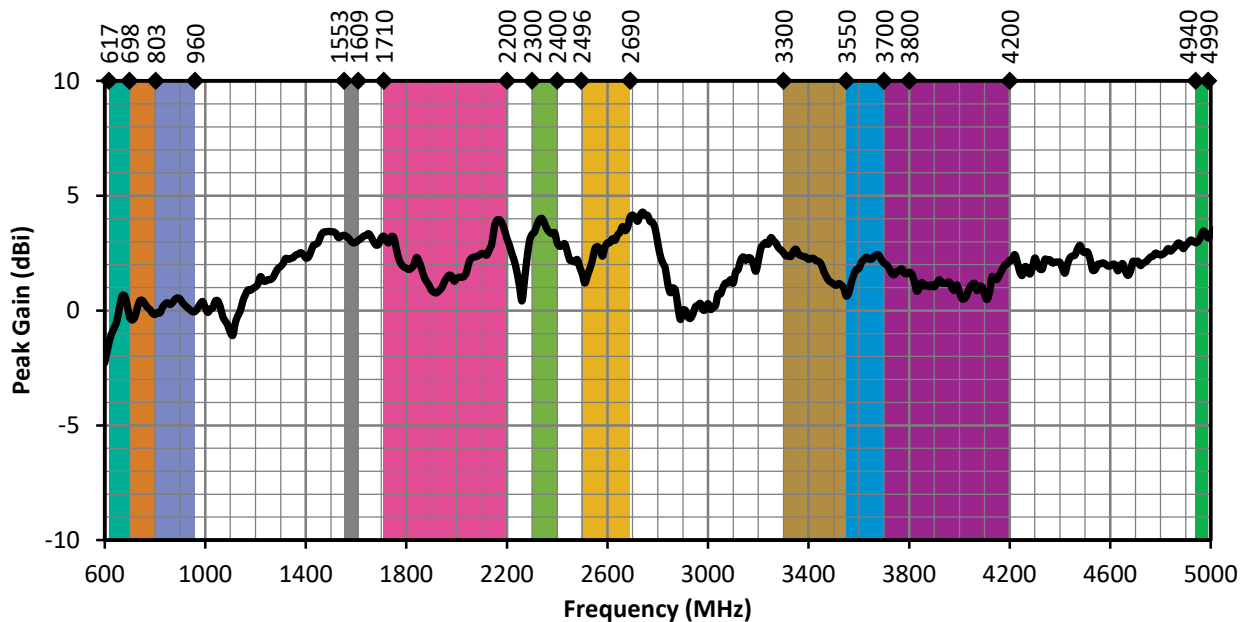


Figure 6. 5GWWS1 Peak Gain, Straight

Average Gain

Average gain (Figure 7), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.

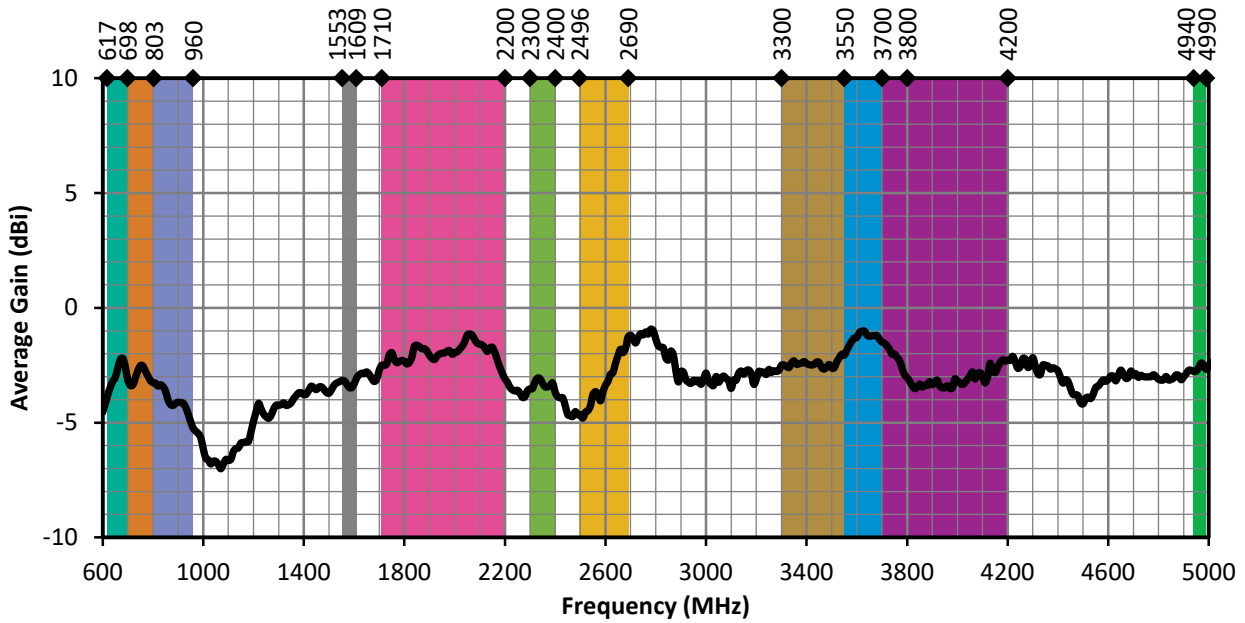


Figure 7. 5GWWS1 Antenna Average Gain, Straight

Radiation Efficiency

Radiation efficiency (Figure 8), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.

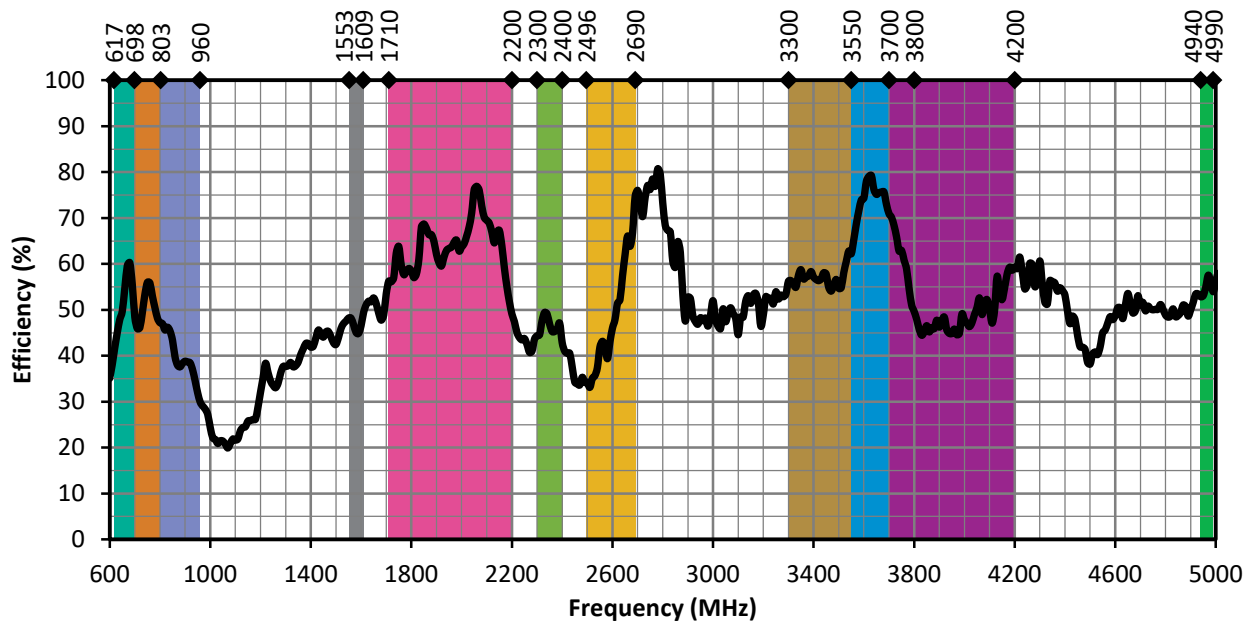


Figure 8. 5GWWS1 Antenna Efficiency, Straight

Radiation Patterns

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for a straight orientation are shown in Figure 9 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

Radiation Patterns - Straight



XZ-Plane Gain

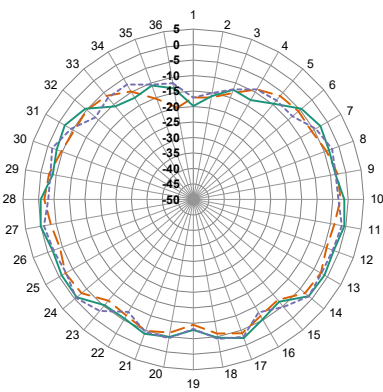


YZ-Plane Gain

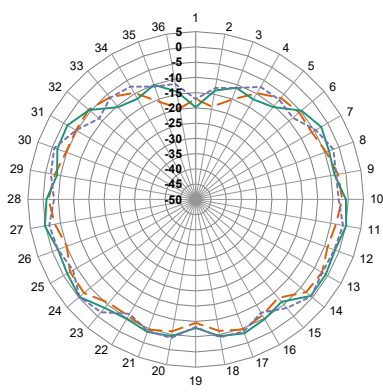


XY-Plane Gain

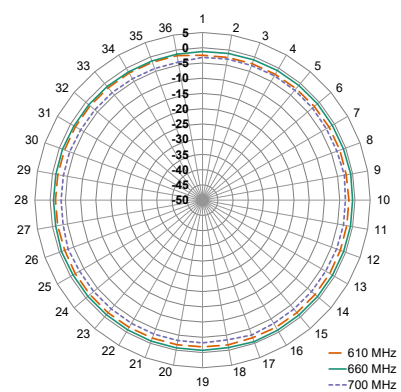
617 MHz to 698 MHz (660 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



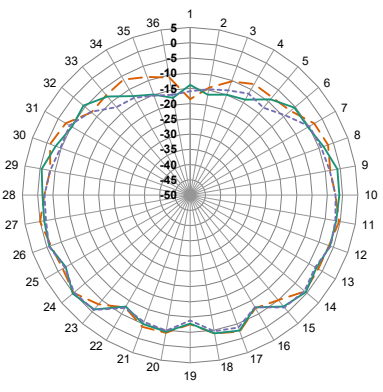
YZ-Plane Gain



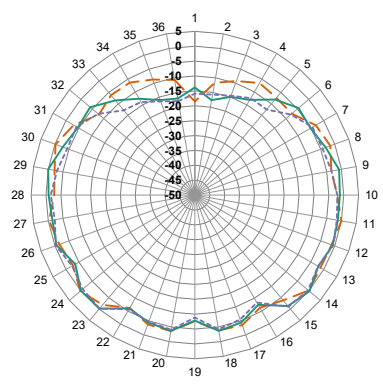
XY-Plane Gain

— 610 MHz  
— 660 MHz  
- - - 700 MHz

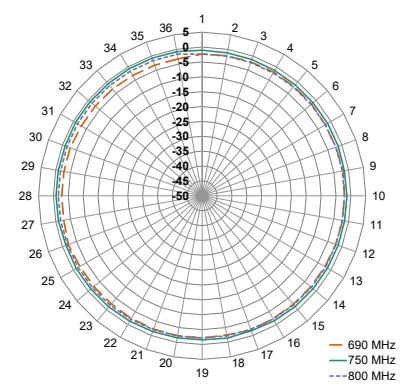
698 MHz to 803 MHz (750 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



YZ-Plane Gain

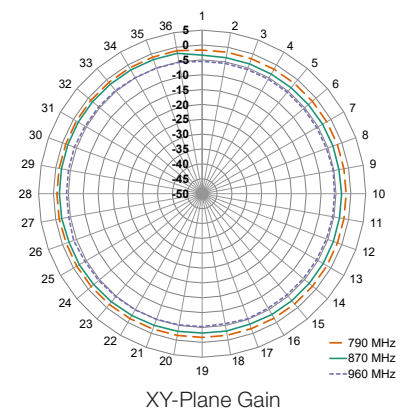
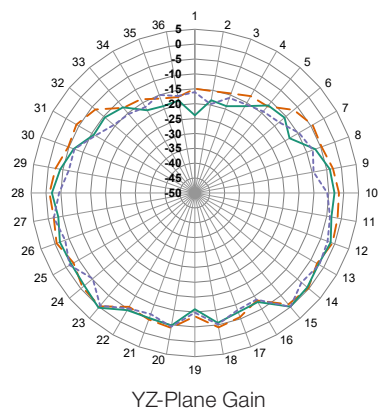
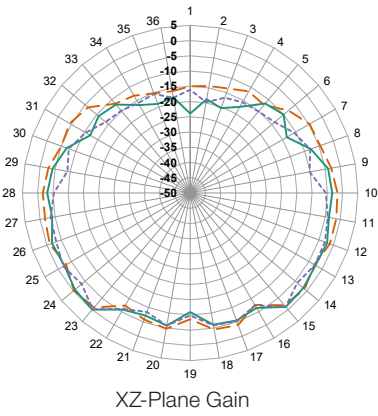


XY-Plane Gain

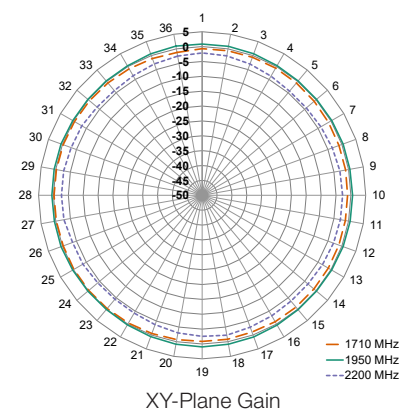
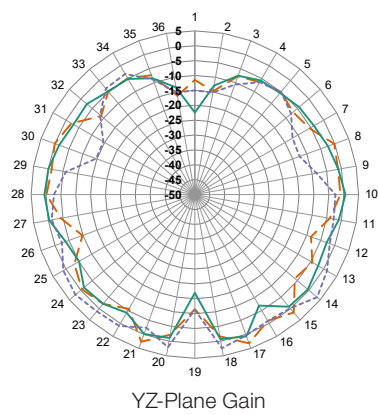
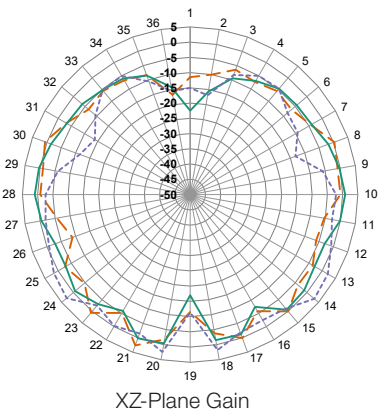
— 690 MHz  
— 750 MHz  
- - - 800 MHz

Radiation Patterns - Straight

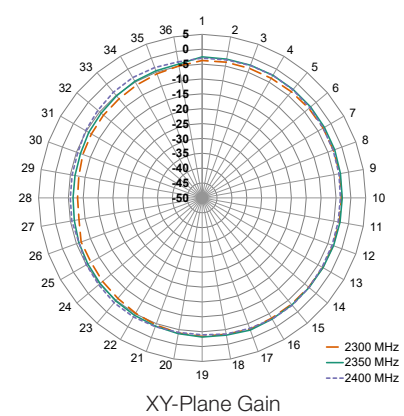
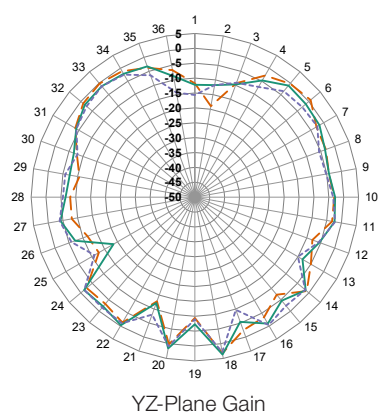
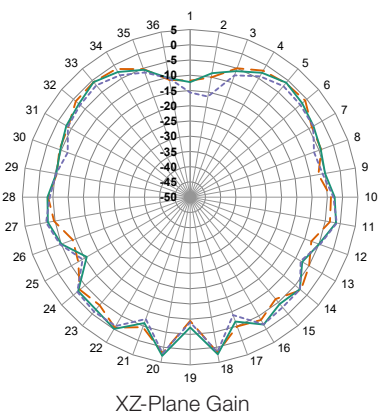
791 MHz to 960 MHz (870 MHz)



1710 MHz to 2200 MHz (1950 MHz)



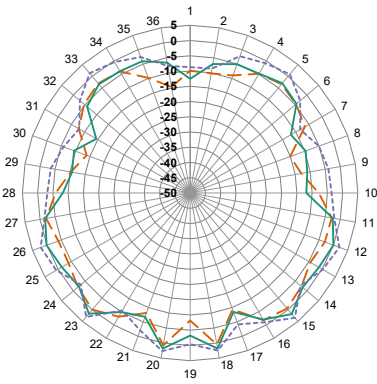
2300 MHz to 2400 MHz (2350 MHz)



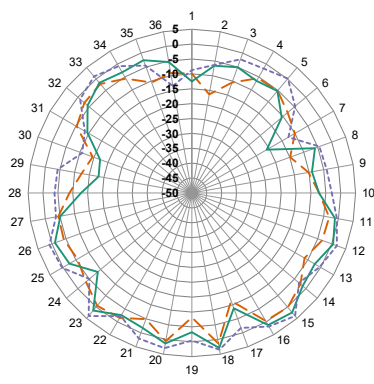


Radiation Patterns - Straight

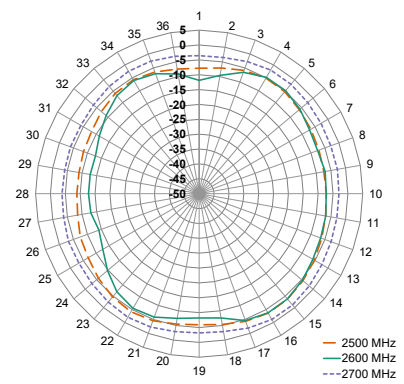
2496 MHz to 2690 MHz (2600 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain

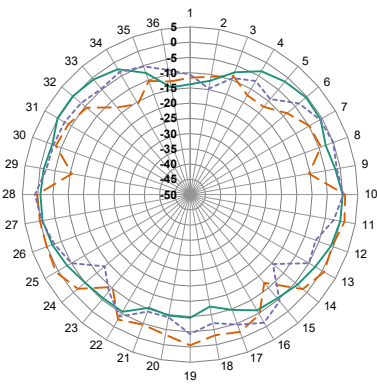


YZ-Plane Gain

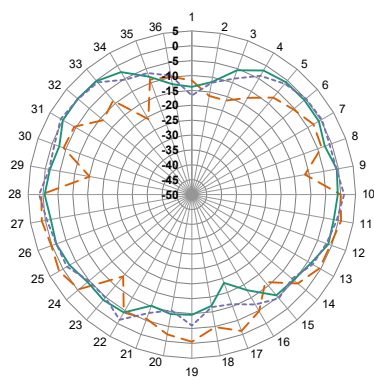


XY-Plane Gain

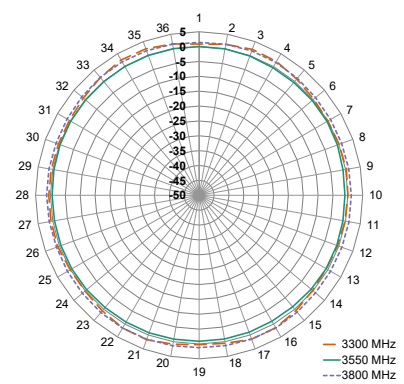
3300 MHz to 3800 MHz (3550 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain

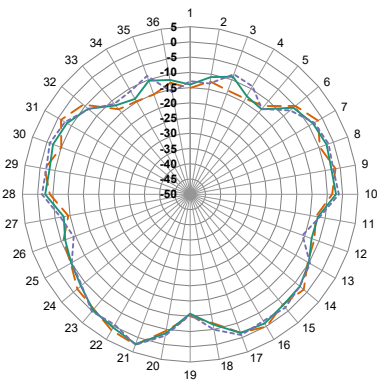


YZ-Plane Gain

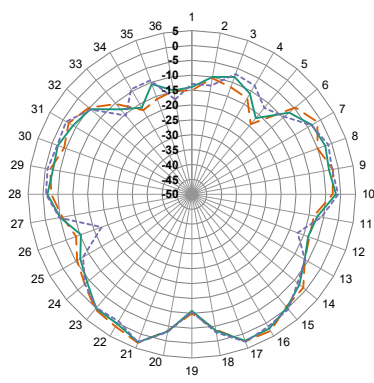


XY-Plane Gain

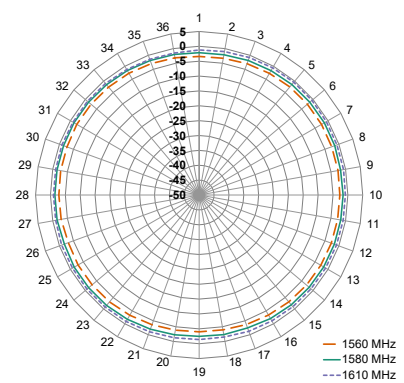
1553 MHz to 1609 MHz (1580 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



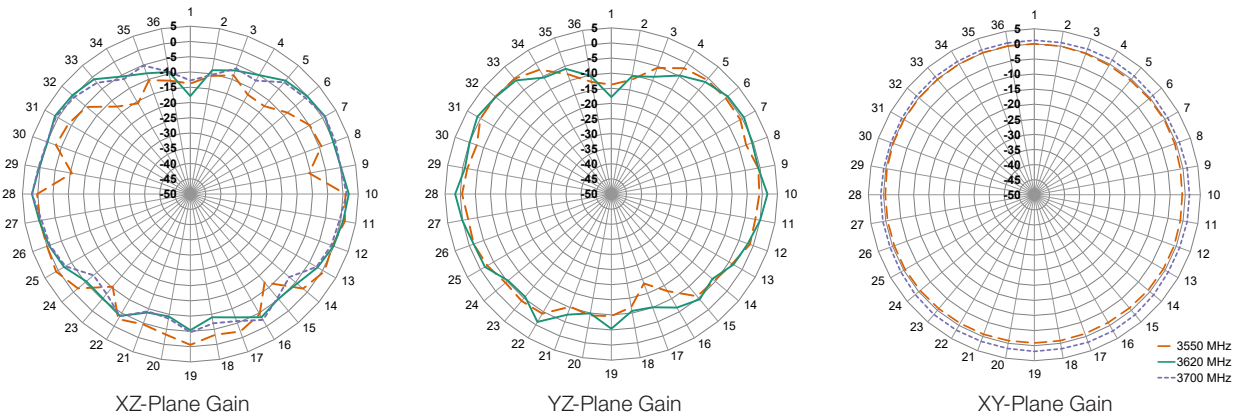
YZ-Plane Gain



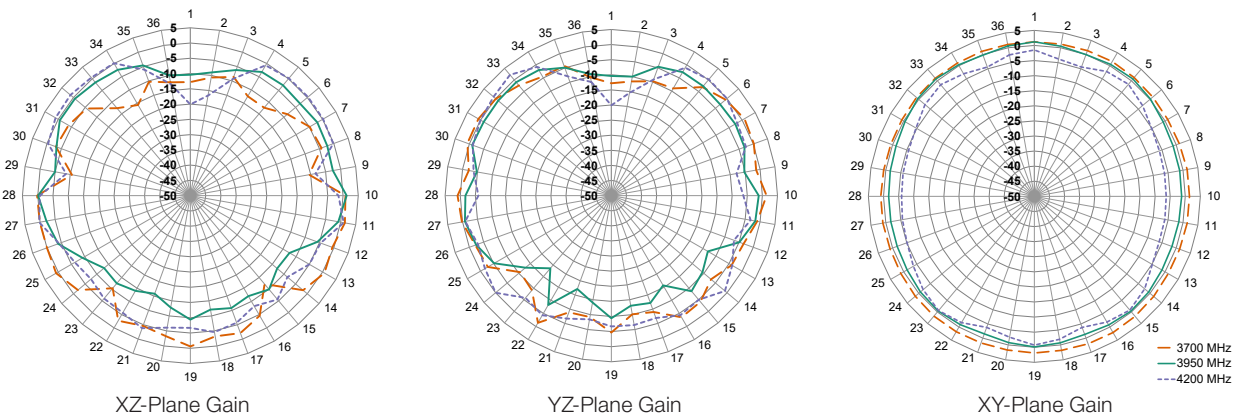
XY-Plane Gain

Radiation Patterns - Straight

3550 MHz to 3700 MHz (3620 MHz)



3700 MHz to 4200 MHz (3950 MHz)



4940 MHz to 4990 MHz (4960 MHz)

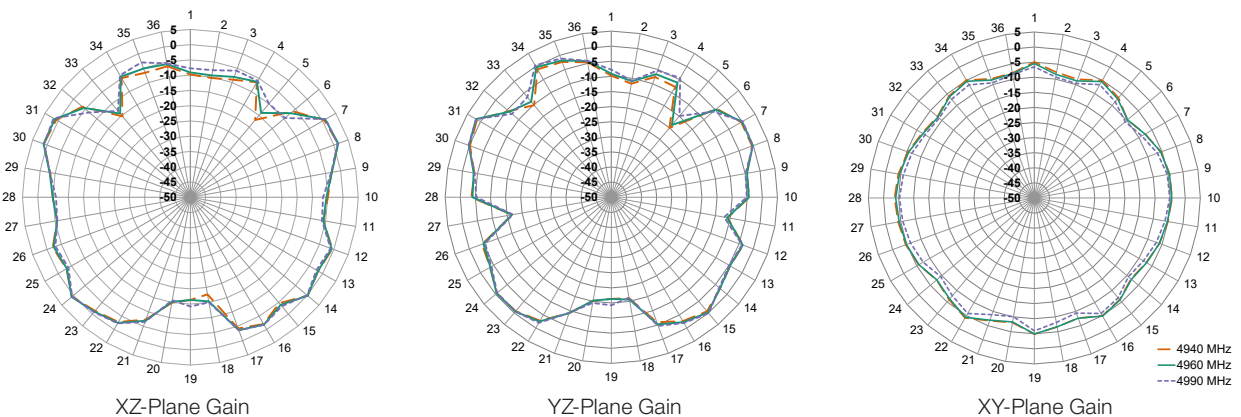


Figure 9. Radiation Patterns for ANT-5GWWS1-SMA, Straight

Edge of Ground Plane, Bent 90 Degrees

The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented at the edge of the ground plane, bent 90 degrees (Edge-Bent), as shown in Figure 10.

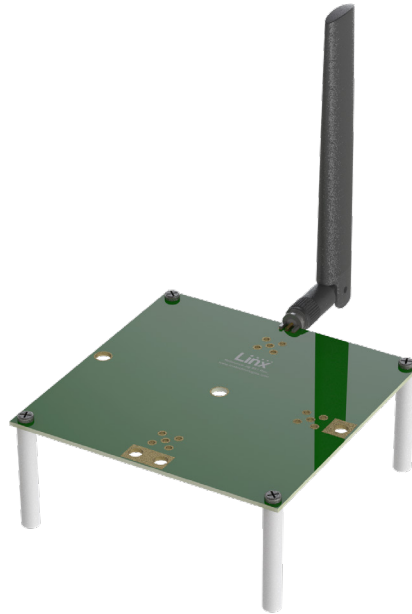


Figure 10. ANT-5GWWS1-SMA on Edge of Ground Plane, Bent 90 Degrees (Edge-Bent)

VSWR

Figure 11 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.

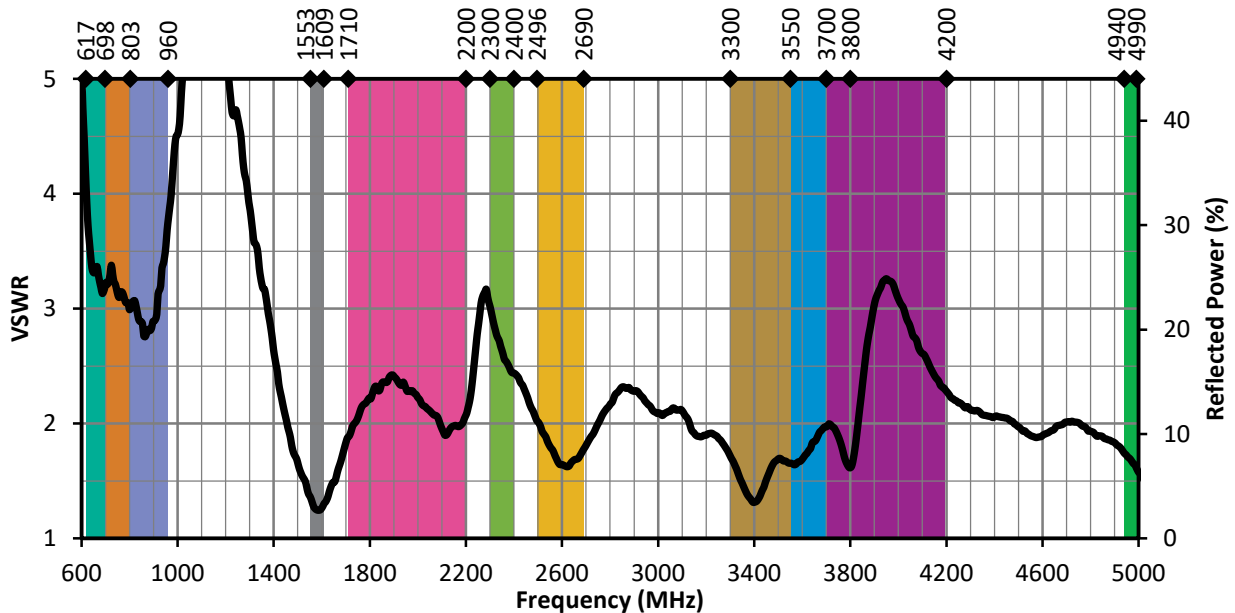


Figure 11. 5GWWS1 VSWR, Edge-Bent

Return Loss

Return loss (Figure 12), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.

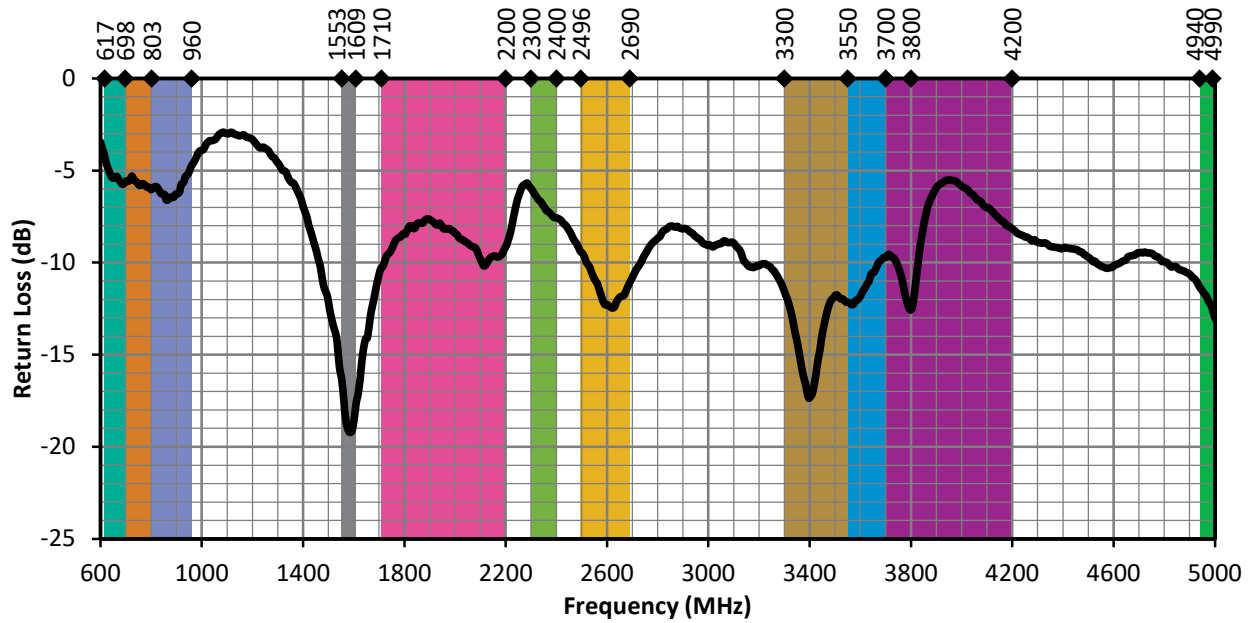


Figure 12. 5GWWS1 Return Loss, Edge-Bent

Peak Gain

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 13. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.

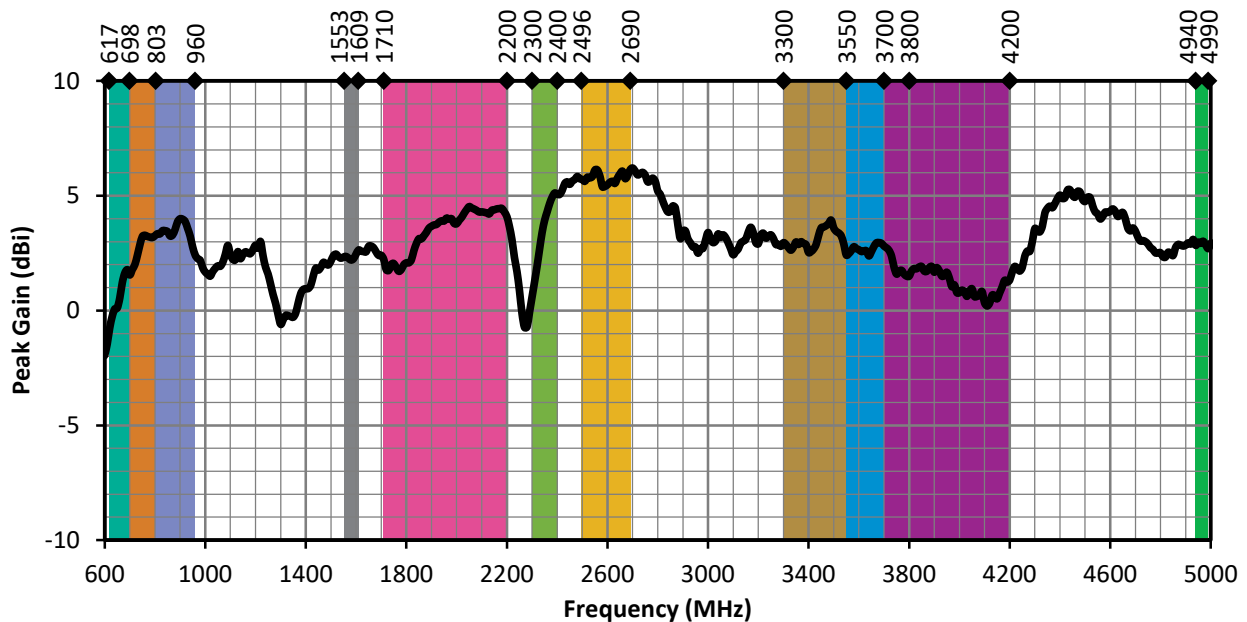


Figure 13. 5GWWS1 Peak Gain, Edge-Bent

### Average Gain

Average gain (Figure 14), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.

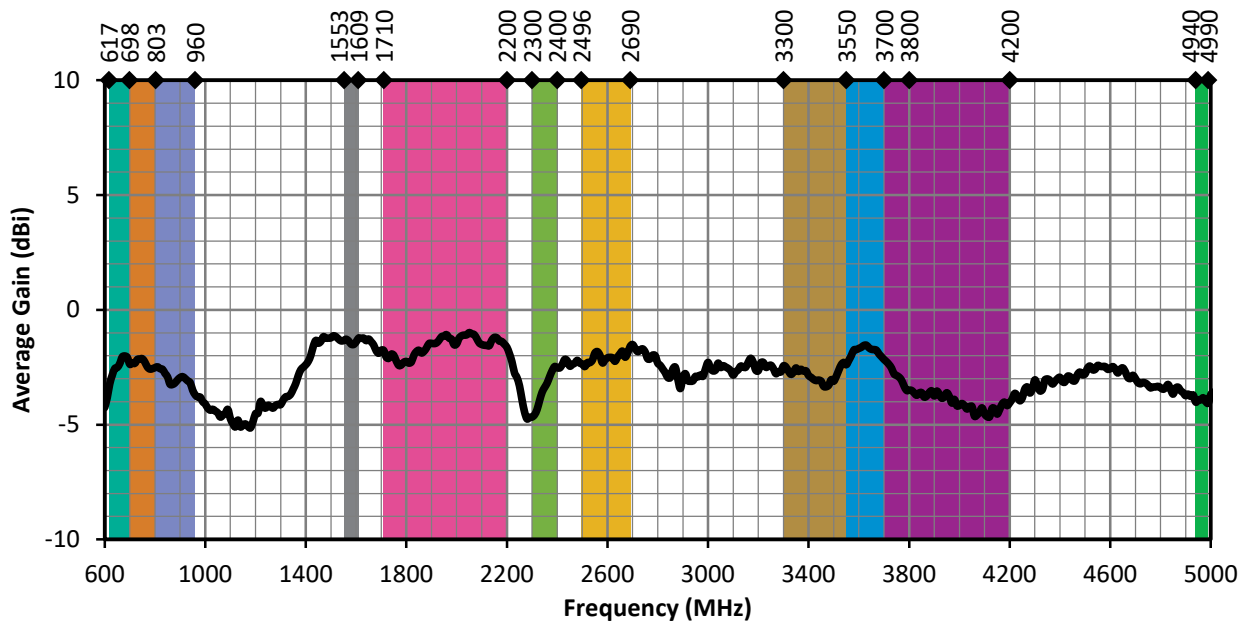


Figure 14. 5GWWS1 Antenna Average Gain, Edge-Bent

### Radiation Efficiency

Radiation efficiency (Figure 15), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.

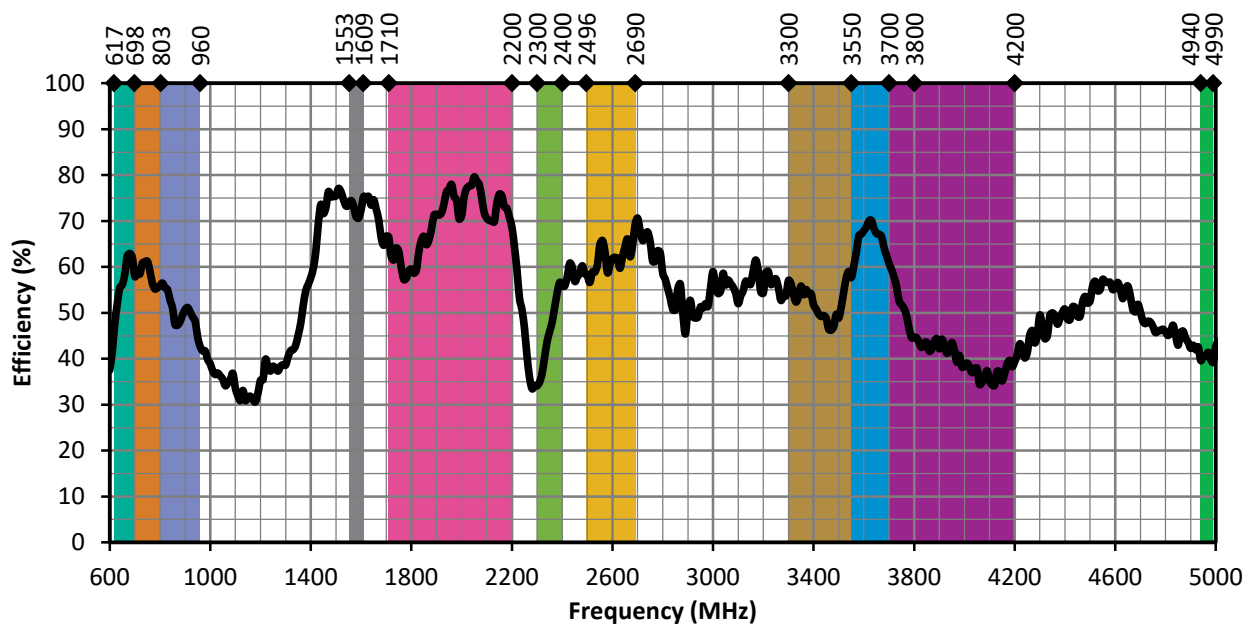


Figure 15. 5GWWS1 Antenna Efficiency, Edge-Bent

Radiation Patterns

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for an Edge-Bent orientation are shown in Figure 16 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

Radiation Patterns - Edge-Bent



XZ-Plane Gain

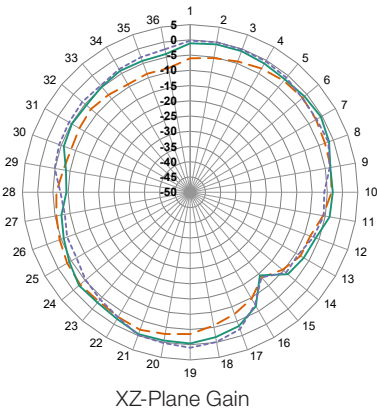


YZ-Plane Gain

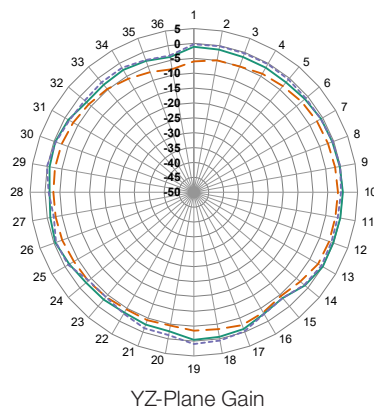


XY-Plane Gain

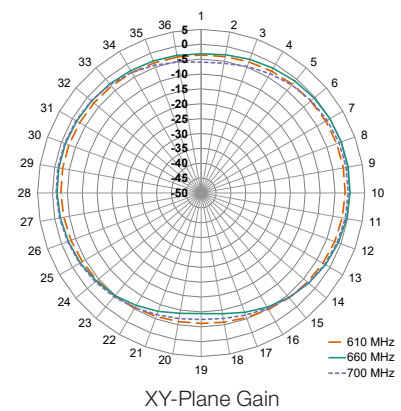
617 MHz to 698 MHz (660 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain

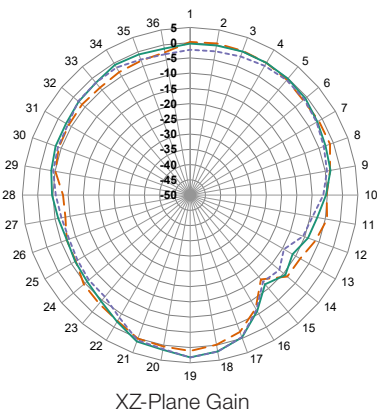


YZ-Plane Gain

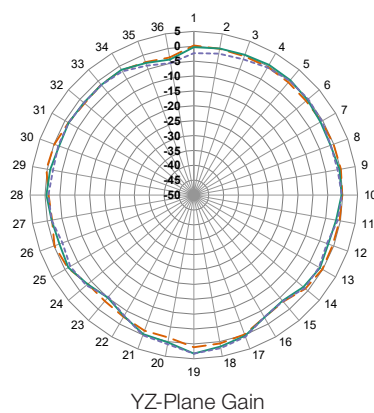


XY-Plane Gain

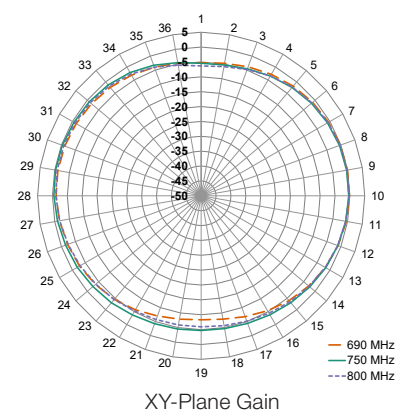
698 MHz to 803 MHz (750 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



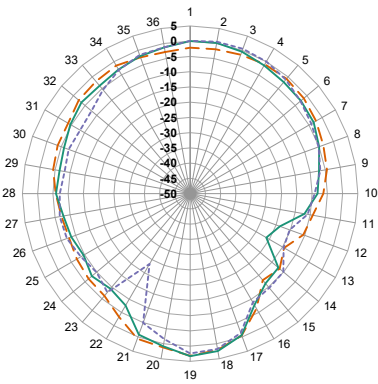
YZ-Plane Gain



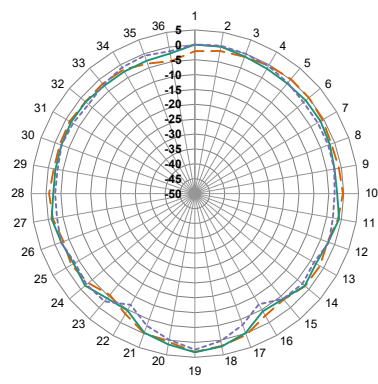
XY-Plane Gain

Radiation Patterns - Edge-Bent

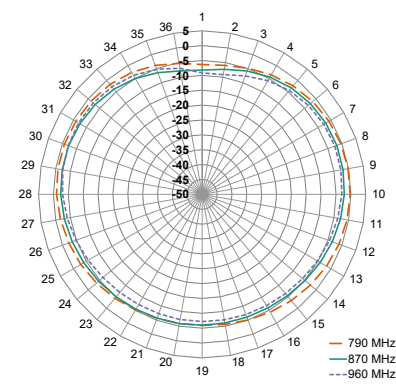
791 MHz to 960 MHz (870 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



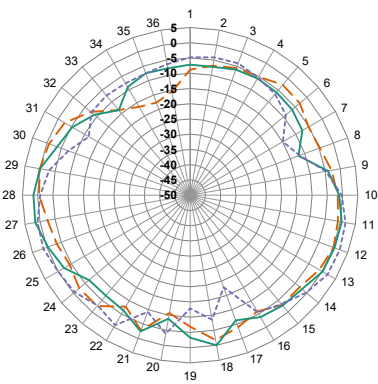
YZ-Plane Gain



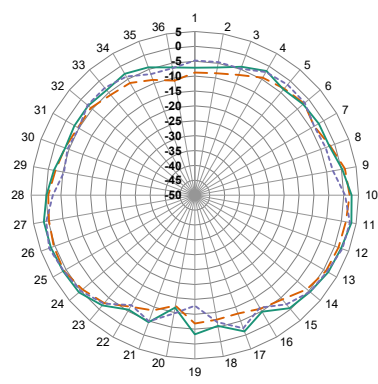
XY-Plane Gain

— 790 MHz  
— 870 MHz  
- - 960 MHz

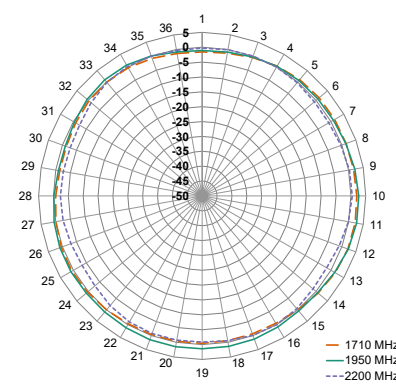
1710 MHz to 2200 MHz (1950 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



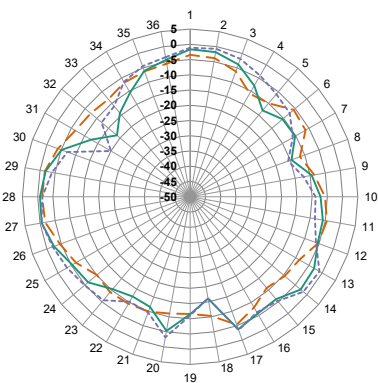
YZ-Plane Gain



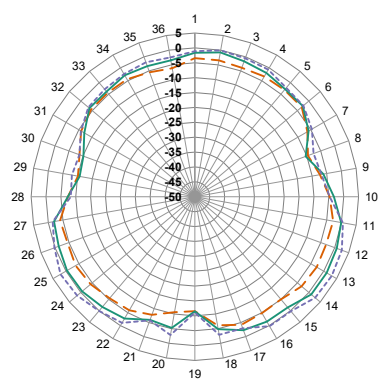
XY-Plane Gain

— 1710 MHz  
— 1950 MHz  
- - 2200 MHz

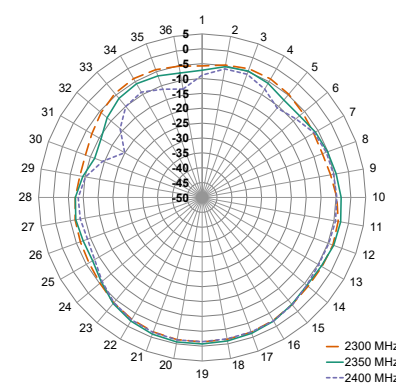
2300 MHz to 2400 MHz (2350 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



YZ-Plane Gain

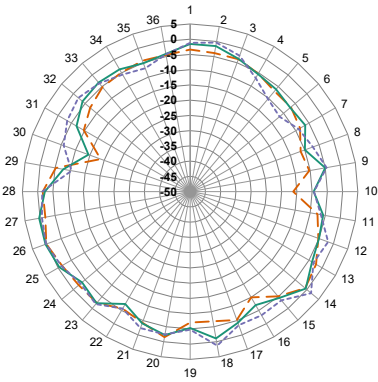


XY-Plane Gain

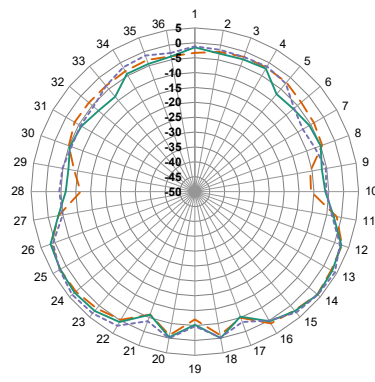
— 2300 MHz  
— 2350 MHz  
- - 2400 MHz

Radiation Patterns - Edge-Bent

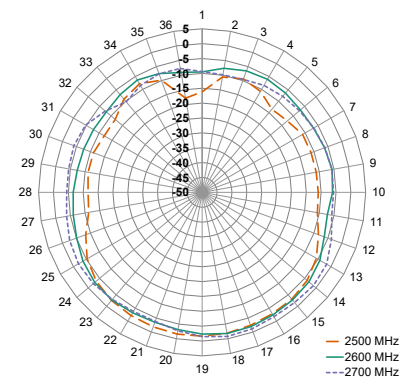
2496 MHz to 2690 MHz (3620 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain

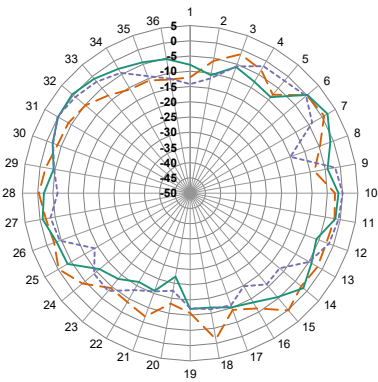


YZ-Plane Gain

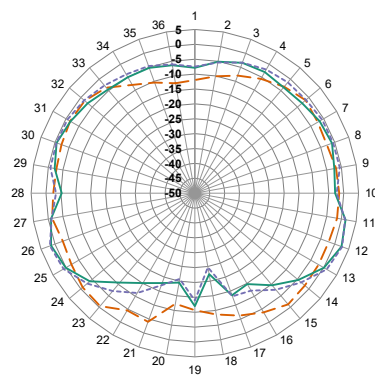


XY-Plane Gain

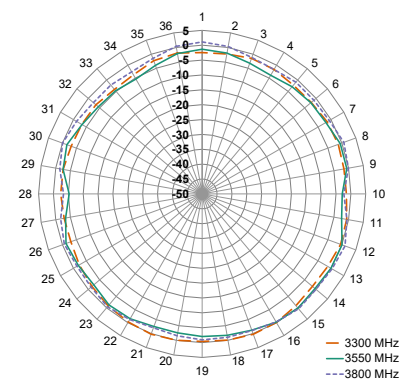
3300 MHz to 3800 MHz (3550 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain

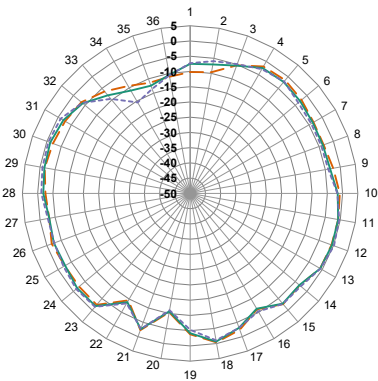


YZ-Plane Gain

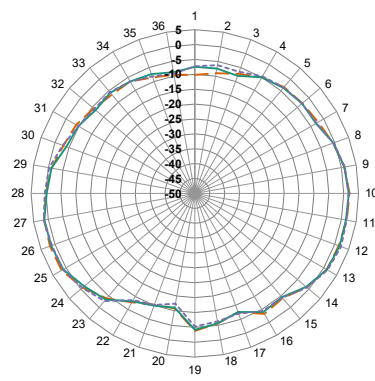


XY-Plane Gain

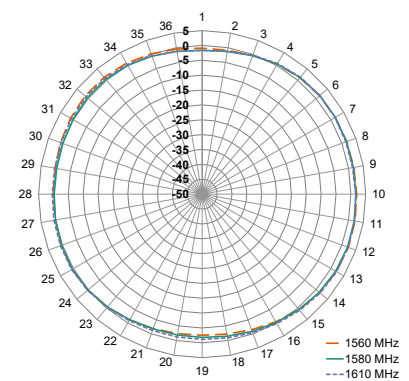
1553 MHz to 1609 MHz (1580 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



YZ-Plane Gain

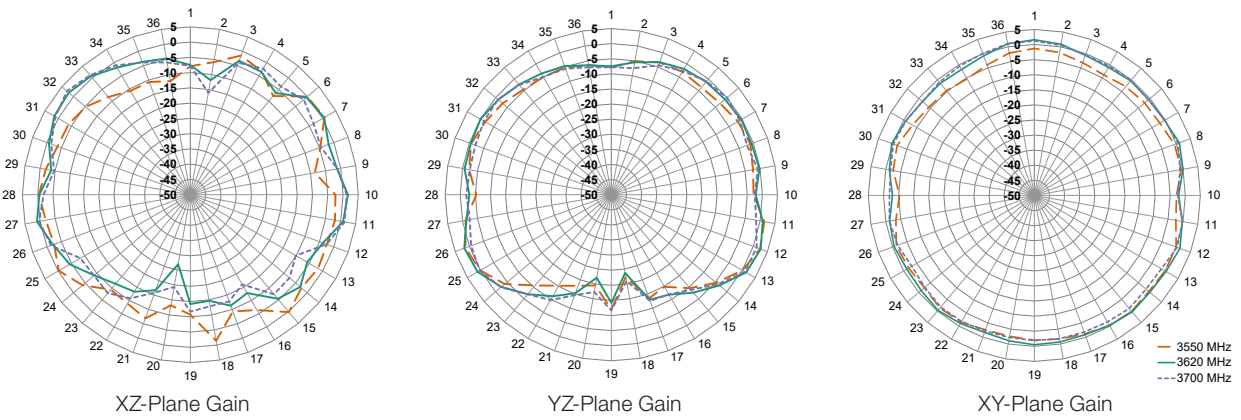


XY-Plane Gain

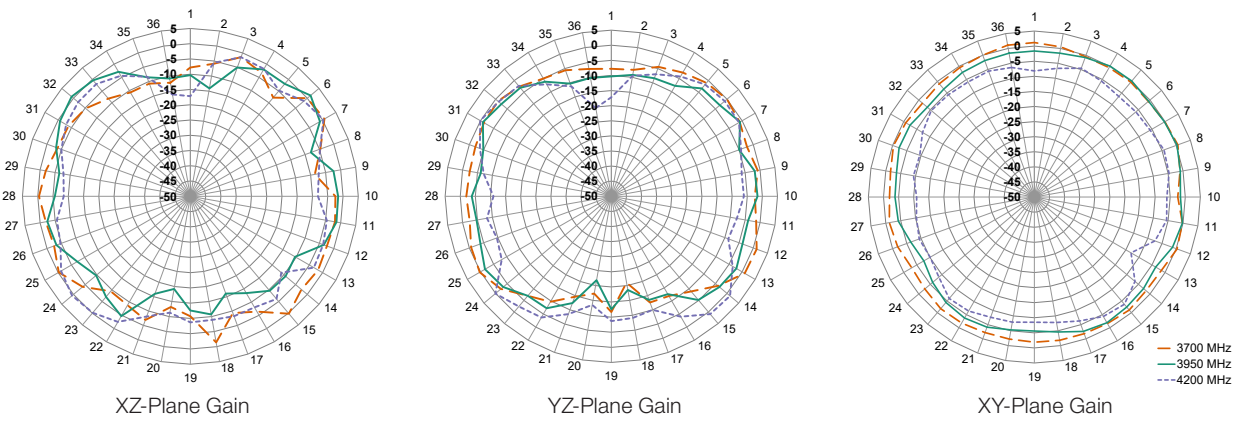


Radiation Patterns - Edge-Bent

3550 MHz to 3700 MHz (3620 MHz)



3700 MHz to 4200 MHz (3950 MHz)



4940 MHz to 4990 MHz (4960 MHz)

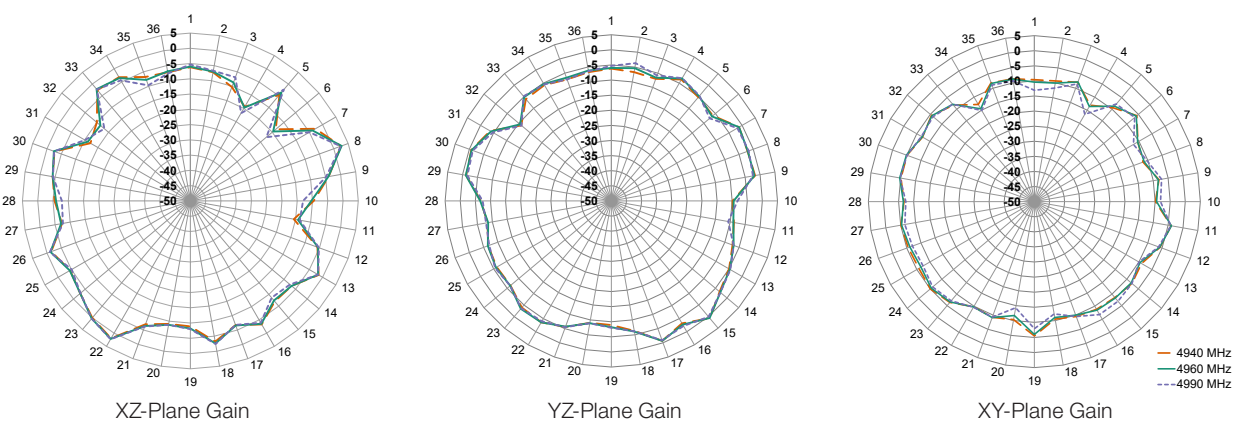


Figure 16. Radiation Patterns for ANT-5GWWS1-SMA, Edge-Bent

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