

## Photocouplers LTV-0701 Data Sheet

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## Data Sheet

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## 1. DESCRIPTION

These high gain series couplers use a light emitter diode and an integrated high gain photo detector to provide extremely high current transfer ratio between input and output. Separate pins for the photodiode and output stage result in TTL compatible saturation voltage and high speed operation. Where desired the Vcc and Vo terminals may be tied together to achieve conventional photo darlington operation. A base access terminal allows a gain bandwidth adjustment to be made.

### 1.1 Features

- SO8 package
- High current transfer ratio - 2000\% typical.
- Low input current requirements -0.5 mA

■ High output current -60 mA

- CTR guarantee $-0 \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Instantaneous common mode rejection 10KV/ $\mu$ sec

■ TTL compatible output $-0.1 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OL }}$ typical

### 1.2 Applications

- Digital logic ground isolation
- Low input current line receiver
- Telephone ring detector
- EIA-RS-232C line receiver
- Current loop receiver
- High common mode noise line receiver


### 1.3 Functional Diagram



Truth Table (Positive Logic)

| LED | OUT |
| :---: | :---: |
| ON | L |
| OFF | $H$ |

A $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ bypass Capacitor must be connected between Pin8 and Pin5

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## 2. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



LAND PAIIERN RECOMMENDATION


Part No : LTV-0701

Notes:

1. Date code
2. "V" to represent VDE0884
3. Date code
4. Dimensions are all in Millimeters.

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## 3. TAPING DIMENSIONS



## Quantities Per Reel

| Package Type | LTV-0701 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quantities (pcs) | 2000 |

## Photocouplers LTV-0701

## 4. RATING AND CHARACTERISTICS

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ *1

|  | Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input | Average Forward Input Current | $I_{\text {F }}$ | 20 | mA |
|  | Reverse Input Voltage | $V_{\text {R }}$ | 5 | V |
|  | Power Dissipation | PI | 35 | mW |
| Output | Output Collector Current | 10 | 60 | mA |
|  | Output Collector Voltage | Vo | -0.5~18 | V |
|  | Output Collector Power Dissipation | P。 | 100 | mW |
|  | Isolation Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {iso }}$ | 3750 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {rms }}$ |
|  | Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ | -0.5~7 | V |
|  | Operating Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {opr }}$ | $-55 \sim+85$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | $-55 \sim+125$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Lead Solder Temperature *2 | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {sol }}$ | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

1. Ambient temperature $=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified. Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for long periods of time can adversely affect reliability.
2. $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 seconds. Refer to Lead Free Reflow Profile.

### 4.2 ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Test Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Forward Voltage | $V_{F}$ | - | - | 1.8 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input Forward Voltage <br> Temperature Coefficient | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}} / \Delta \mathrm{Ta}$ | - | -1.8 | - | $\mathrm{mV} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{IF}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Input Reverse Voltage | $B V_{\text {R }}$ | 5.0 | - | - | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | - | 60 | - | pF | $V_{F}=0 ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Detector |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current transfer ratio | CTR | 400 | 1800 | 5000 | \% | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0.5 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{Vcc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{Vo}=0.4 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 500 | 2000 | 2600 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{Vcc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{Vo}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| Logic low output voltage output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | - | 0.06 | 0.1 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0.5 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{Vcc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{0}=2 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 0.4 |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{Vcc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{o}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  |  | - |  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{Vcc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{0}=15 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  |  |  | 0.2 |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=12 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{Vcc}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{0}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Logic high output current | Іон | - | 0.3 | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{Vo}_{\mathrm{o}}=\mathrm{Vcc}=18 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Logic low supply current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {ccL }}$ | - | 0.7 | 1.5 | mA | $\begin{aligned} & I_{F}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{0}=\mathrm{open} \\ & (\mathrm{Vcc}=18 \mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Logic high supply current | Icch | - | 0.07 | 10 | mA | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{open}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & (\mathrm{Vcc}=18 \mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ |

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## 5. SWITCHING SPECIFICATION

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathbf{0} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Vcc}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Test Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Propagation Delay Time to Low Output Level | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | - | - | 25 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0.5 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=4.7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |
|  |  | - | - | 3 |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=12 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=270 \Omega$ |
| Propagation Delay Time to High <br> Output Level | tplh | - | - | 60 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0.5 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=4.7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |
|  |  | - | - | 20 |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=12 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=270 \Omega$ |
| Logic High Common Mode <br> Transient Immunity | \|CM ${ }_{\text {H }}$ | 1 | 10 | - | KV/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA} ;\left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}\right\|=10 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2.2 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| Logic Low Common Mode <br> Transient Immunity | $\mid \mathrm{CM}_{\mathrm{L}}{ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1 | 10 | - | KV/ $/ \mathrm{s}$ | $\begin{aligned} & I_{F}=1.6 \mathrm{~mA} ;\left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}\right\|=10 \mathrm{~V}_{p-\mathrm{p}} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2.2 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |

*All Typical at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## 6. ISOLATION CHARACTERISTIC

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Test Condition |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Input-Output Insulation Leakage <br> Current | $\mathrm{I}_{-\mathrm{O}}$ | - | - | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $45 \% \mathrm{RH}, \mathrm{t}=5 \mathrm{~s}$, <br> $\mathrm{V}_{1-\mathrm{O}}=3 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{DC}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Withstand Insulation Test <br> Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ISO }}$ | 3750 | - | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RMS}}$ | $\mathrm{RH} \leq 50 \%, \mathrm{t}=1 \mathrm{~min}$, <br> $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input-Output Resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LO}}$ | - | $10^{12}$ | - | $\Omega$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1-\mathrm{O}}=500 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}$ |

*All Typical at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Notes

1. AC For 1 Minute, R.H. $=40 \sim 60 \%$. Isolation voltage shall be measured using the following method.
(1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector and emitter on the secondary side.
(2) The isolation voltage tester with zero-cross circuit shall be used.
(3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.
2. For 10 Seconds
3. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) is defined as the ration of output collector current, lo, to the forward LED input current, IF, times 100\%.

## 4. Pin 7 open.

5. Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "output (1)" represents a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output above (1) level (Vo>2.0V).Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "output (0)" represents a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output above ( 0 ) level ( $\mathrm{V} 0<0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ ).
6. Device considered a two terminal device. Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together and Pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.

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## 7. CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

Figure 1: DC and pulsed transfer characteristics


Figure 2: Input current vs. forward voltage


Figure 3: Logic high output current vs. temperature


Figure 4: Current transfer ratio vs. input current


Figure 5: Current transfer ratio vs. temperature


Figure 6: Logic low supply current vs. input forward curren


Figure 7: Propagation delay time vs. temperature


Figure 8: Forward voltage vs. temperature


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## 8. Switching Time Test Circuit



Figure 1: Single Channel Test Circuit for tphl and tplh


Figure 2: Single Channel Test Circuit for Common Mode Transient Immunity

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## 9. TEMPERATURE PROFILE OF SOLDERING

### 9.1 IR Reflow soldering (JEDEC-STD-020C compliant)

One time soldering reflow is recommended within the condition of temperature and time profile shown below. Do not solder more than three times.

| Profile item | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: |
| Preheat <br> - Temperature Min ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{smin}}$ ) <br> - Temperature Max ( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {Smax }}$ ) <br> - Time (min to max) (ts) | $\begin{gathered} 150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ 200^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ 90 \pm 30 \mathrm{sec} \end{gathered}$ |
| Soldering zone <br> - Temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) <br> - Time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & 217^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & 60 \mathrm{sec} \end{aligned}$ |
| Peak Temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{P}}$ ) | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Ramp-up rate | $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{sec}$ max. |
| Ramp-down rate | $3 \sim 6^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{sec}$ |



### 9.2 Wave soldering (JEDEC22A111 compliant)

One time soldering is recommended within the condition of temperature.
Temperature: $260+0 /-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Time: 10 sec .
Preheat temperature: 25 to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Preheat time: 30 to 80 sec .


### 9.3 Hand soldering by soldering iron

Allow single lead soldering in every single process. One time soldering is recommended.
Temperature: $380+0 /-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Time: 3 sec max.

## 10. Notes:

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[^0]:    *All Typical at $T_{A}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

