



## 600mA, Ultra-low noise, Small Package, Ultra-Fast CMOS LDO Regulator

### General Description

The LP3989 is designed for portable RF and wireless applications with demanding performance and space requirements. The LP3989 performance is optimized for battery-powered systems to deliver ultra low noise and low quiescent current. Regulator ground current increases only slightly in dropout, further prolonging the battery life. The LP3989 also works with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications, critical in hand-held wireless devices. The LP3989 consumes less than 0.01 $\mu$ A in shutdown mode and has fast turn-on time less than 50 $\mu$ s. The other features include ultra low dropout voltage, high feedback accuracy, current limiting protection, and high ripple rejection ratio. It is available in the 5-lead of SOT23-5 packages.

### Order Information

|        |           |              |
|--------|-----------|--------------|
| LP3989 | □ □ □ □ □ |              |
|        |           | F: Pb-Free   |
|        |           | Package Type |
|        |           | B5: SOT23-5  |
|        |           | Output Type  |
|        |           | 12: 1.2V     |
|        |           | 18: 1.8V     |
|        |           | 25: 2.5V     |
|        |           | 33: 3.3V     |

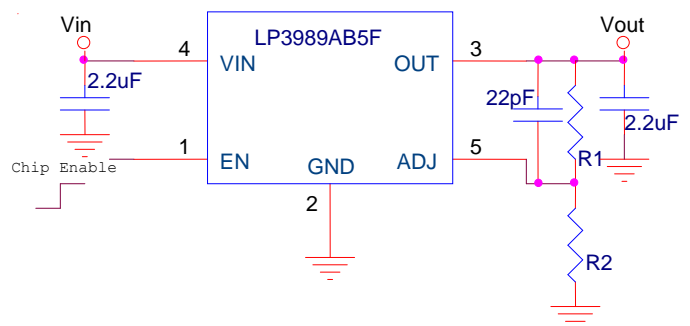
### Features

- ◆ Ultra-Low-Noise for RF Application
- ◆ 2.2V- 6V Input Voltage Range
- ◆ Low Dropout : 280mV @ 400mA
- ◆ 600mA Output Current, 750mA Peak Current
- ◆ High PSRR: -68dB at 1KHz
- ◆ < 0.01 $\mu$ A Standby Current When Shutdown
- ◆ Available in SOT23-5 and SOT223 Package
- ◆ Ultra-Fast Response in Line/Load transient
- ◆ Current Limiting and Thermal Shutdown Protection

### Applications

- ✧ Portable Media Players/MP3 players
- ✧ Cellular and Smart mobile phone
- ✧ LCD
- ✧ DSC Sensor
- ✧ Wireless Card

### Typical Application Circuit



### Marking Information

| Device     | Marking | Package | Shipping |
|------------|---------|---------|----------|
| LP3989AB5F |         | SOT23-5 | 3K/REEL  |



## Functional Pin Description

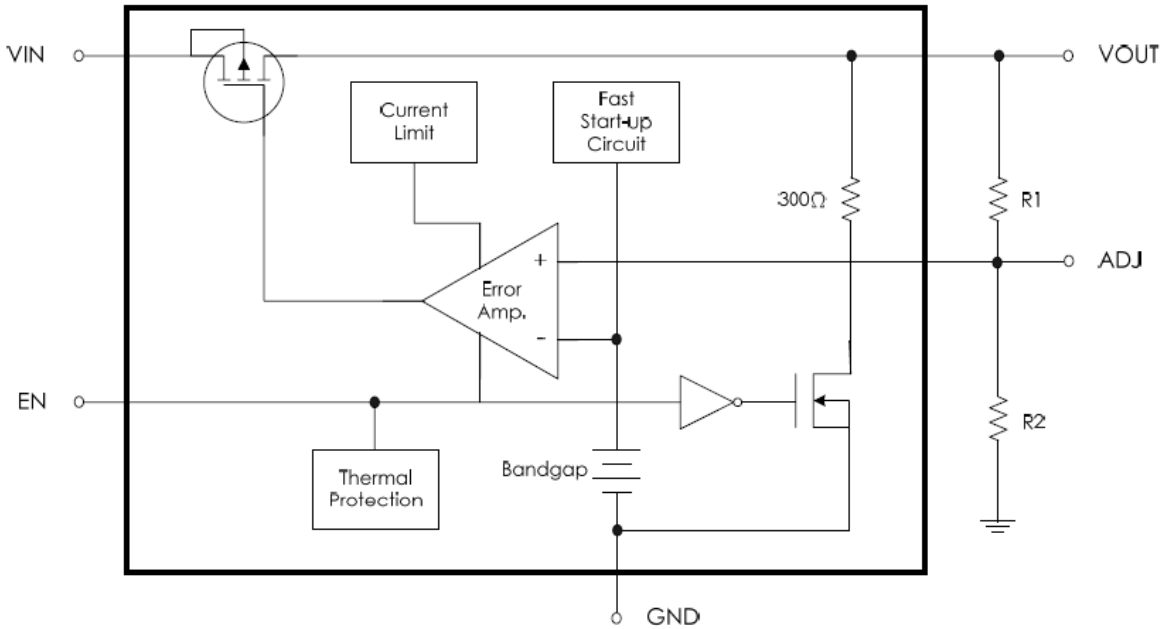
| Package Type | Pin Configurations                         |
|--------------|--|
| SOT23-5      | <p style="text-align: center;">SOT23-5</p> |

## Pin Description

| Pin | Name | Description   |
|-----|------|---|
| 1   | EN   | Chip Enable (Active High). There is an integrated pull low 1MΩ resistor connected to GND when the EN pin is floating. |
| 2   | GND  | Ground.   |
| 3   | VOUT | Output Voltage. $V_{out} = V_{FB} \times (1 + R1/R2)$ , which $V_{FB} = 0.8V$   |
| 4   | VIN  | Power Input Voltage.  |
| 5   | ADJ  | Feedback pin. The reference voltage is 0.8V.  |



### Function Diagram



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

- ◇ Supply Input Voltage ----- -0.3V to 6.5V
- ◇ EN Pin Voltage ----- -0.3V to Vin+0.3V
- ◇ Power Dissipation, PD @ TA = 25°C -----
- ◇ SOT23-5 ----- 500mW
- ◇ Package Thermal Resistance -----
- ◇ SOT23-5, θJA ----- 195°C/W
- ◇ Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) ----- 260°C
- ◇ Storage Temperature Range ----- -40°C to 165°C

#### ESD Susceptibility

- ◇ HBM (Human Body Mode) ----- 2kV
- ◇ MM(Machine-Mode) ----- 200V

#### Recommended Operating Conditions

- ◇ Supply Input Voltage ----- 2.5V to 6V
- ◇ Operation Ambient Temperature Range ----- -20°C to 85°C



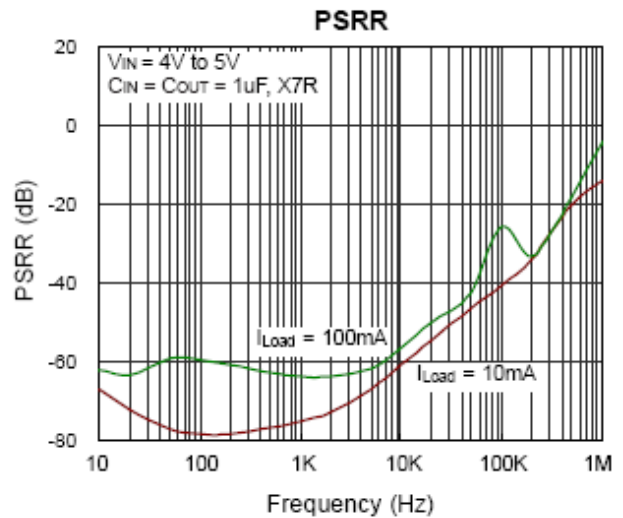
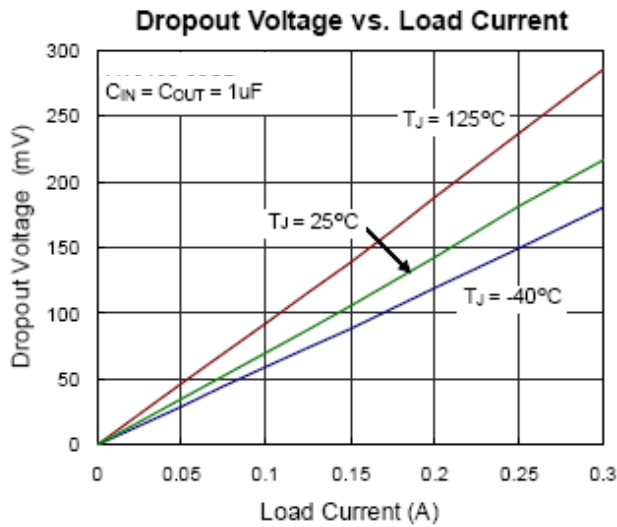
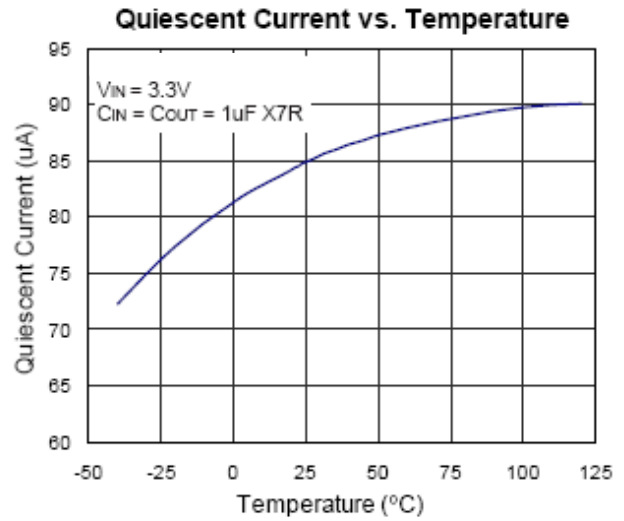
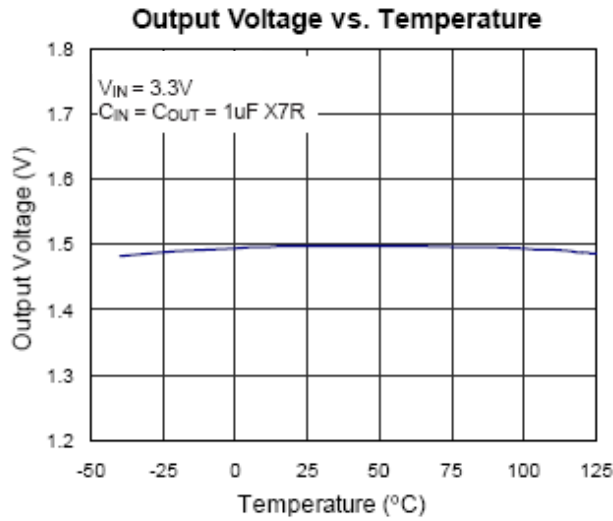
## Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu F$ ,  $C_{FB} = 22pF$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                    |                    | Symbol            | Test Conditions                                       | Min   | Typ. | Max              | Units      |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|-------|------|------------------|------------|
| Output Loading Current       |                    | $I_{LOAD}$        | $V_{EN}=V_{IN}, V_{IN}>2.5V$                          |       | 600  |                  | mA         |
| Current Limit                |                    | $I_{LIM}$         | $R_{LOAD} = 1\Omega$                                  |       | 750  |                  | mA         |
| Adjustable voltage reference |                    | $V_{FB}$          | $I_{OUT}=1mA$   | 0.784 | 0.8  | 0.816            | V          |
| Quiescent Current            |                    | $I_Q$             | $V_{EN} \geq 1.4V, I_{OUT} = 0mA$                     |       | 90   | 130              | $\mu A$    |
| Dropout Voltage              |                    | $V_{DROP}$        | $I_{OUT} = 200mA, V_{OUT} >2.8V$                      |       | 140  | 160              | mV         |
|                              |                    |                   | $I_{OUT} = 400mA, V_{OUT} >2.8V$                      |       | 280  | 320              |            |
|                              |                    |                   | $I_{OUT} = 600mA, V_{OUT} >2.8V$                      |       | 420  | 480              |            |
| Line Regulation              |                    | $\Delta V_{LINE}$ | $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 1V)$ to 5.5V,<br>$I_{OUT} = 1mA$ |       |      | 0.3              | %          |
| Load Regulation              |                    | $\Delta_{LOAD}$   | $1mA < I_{OUT} < 400mA$                               |       |      | 2                | %          |
| Standby Current              |                    | $I_{STBY}$        | $V_{EN} = GND$ , Shutdown                             |       | 0.01 | 1                | $\mu A$    |
| EN Input Bias Current        |                    | $I_{EN}$          | $V_{EN} = 1V$ or 5V                                   | 0.8   |      | 5.3              | $\mu A$    |
| EN Threshold                 | Logic-Low Voltage  | $V_{IL}$          | $V_{IN} = 3V$ to 5.5V,<br>Shutdown                    |       |      | 0.4              | V          |
|                              | Logic-High Voltage | $V_{IH}$          | $V_{IN} = 3V$ to 5.5V,<br>Start-Up                    | 1.4   |      | $V_{IN+}$<br>0.3 |            |
| Output Noise Voltage         |                    |                   | 10Hz to 100kHz,<br>$I_{OUT}=200mA, C_{out}=1\mu F$    |       | 100  |                  | $\mu VRMS$ |
| Power Supply Rejection Rate  | f = 100Hz          | PSRR              | $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,<br>$I_{OUT} = 10mA$              |       | -76  |                  | dB         |
|                              | f = 1kHz           |                   |   |       | -68  |                  |            |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature |                    | $T_{SD}$          |   |       | 150  |                  | $^\circ C$ |



## Typical Operating Characteristics



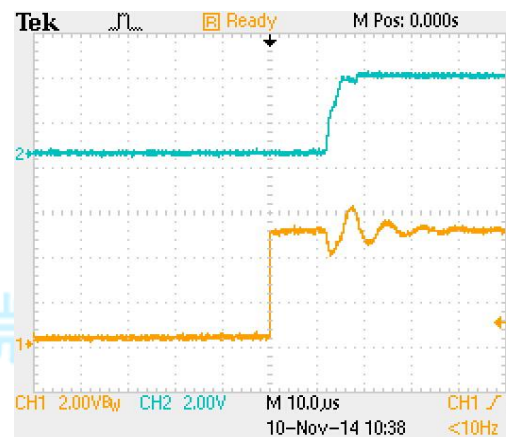


## Applications Information

Like any low-dropout regulator, the external capacitors used with the LP3989 must be carefully selected for regulator stability and performance. Using a capacitor whose value is  $> 2\mu\text{F}$  on the LP3989 input and the amount of capacitance can be increased without limit. The input capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5 inch from the input pin of the IC and returned to a clean analog ground. There is a special attention which is the input capacitance should not be less than output capacitance. Any good quality ceramic or tantalum can be used for this capacitor. The capacitor with larger value and lower ESR (equivalent series resistance) provides better PSRR and line-transient response. The output capacitor must meet both requirements for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR in all LDOs application. The LP3989 is designed specifically to work with low ESR ceramic output capacitor in space-saving and performance consideration. Using a ceramic capacitor whose value is at least  $1\mu\text{F}$  with ESR is  $> 25\text{m}\Omega$  on the LP3989 output ensures stability. The LP3989 still works well with output capacitor of other types due to the wide stable ESR range. Output capacitor of larger capacitance can reduce noise and improve load transient response, stability, and PSRR. The output capacitor should be located not more than 0.5 inch from the  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  pin of the LP3989 and returned to a clean analog ground.

### Start-up Function Enable Function

The LP3989 features an LDO regulator enable/disable function. To assure the LDO regulator will switch on, the EN turn on control level must be greater than 1.4 volts but not above  $V_{\text{IN}}+0.3\text{V}$ . The LDO regulator will go into the shutdown mode when the voltage on the EN pin falls below 0.4 volts. For protecting the system, the LP3989 have a quick-discharge function. If the enable function is not needed in a specific application, it may be tied to  $V_{\text{IN}}$  to keep the LDO regulator in a continuously on state.



### Feedback Capacitor and Voltage

For adjustable version, connecting a  $22\text{pF}$  between output pin and FB pin significantly reduces output voltage ripple, it is critical that the capacitor connection should be direct and PCB traces should be as short as possible.

The output voltage of LDO could be set by the formula below:

$$V_{\text{out}} = V_{\text{FB}} \times (1 + R1/R2)$$

which  $V_{\text{FB}} = 0.8\text{V}$



| V <sub>OUT</sub> (V) | R <sub>2</sub> (KΩ) | R <sub>1</sub> (KΩ) |
|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1.2                  | 51                  | 25.5                |
| 1.5                  | 51                  | 44.6                |
| 1.8                  | 51                  | 63.8                |
| 2                    | 47                  | 70.5                |
| 2.5                  | 47                  | 99.9                |
| 2.8                  | 47                  | 117.5               |
| 3                    | 33                  | 90.8                |
| 3.3                  | 33                  | 103.1               |
| 3.5                  | 33                  | 111.4               |
| 4                    | 33                  | 132.0               |
| 4.2                  | 33                  | 140.3               |
| 4.5                  | 33                  | 152.6               |

Considering the practical application, we may add a small capacitor with R1 in parallel which could be 22pF or 47pF.

#### Thermal Considerations(for SOT23-5)

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in LP3989. When the operation junction temperature exceeds 150°C, the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function turn the pass element off. The pass element turns on again after the junction temperature cools by 25°C. For continue operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature 125°C.

The power dissipation definition in device is:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_Q$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junction and ambient.

The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

Where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum operation junction temperature 125°C,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and the  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance. For recommended operating conditions specification of LP3989, where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die (125°C) and  $T_A$  is the maximum ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$  is layout dependent) for SOT23-5 package is 195°C/W.

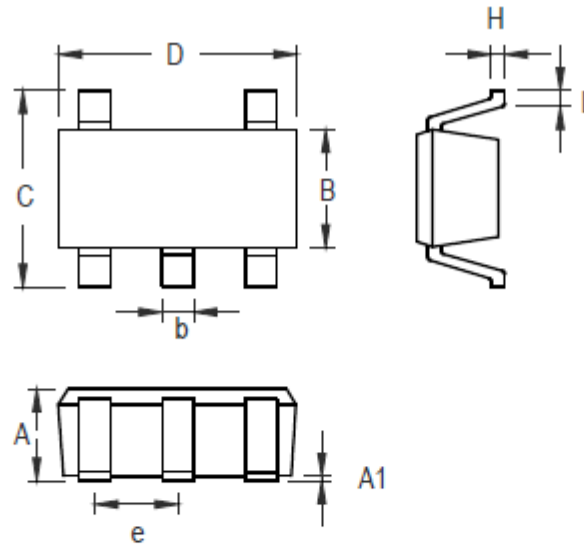
$$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}) / 195 = 500\text{mW (SOT23-5)}$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on operating ambient temperature for fixed  $T_{J(MAX)}$  and thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$ . Considering the PCB thermal feather, the  $P_{D(MAX)}$  may be higher than 500mW.



Packaging Information

SOT23-5



| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
|        | Min                       | Max   | Min                  | Max   |
| A      | 0.889                     | 1.295 | 0.035                | 0.051 |
| A1     | 0.000                     | 0.152 | 0.000                | 0.006 |
| B      | 1.397                     | 1.803 | 0.055                | 0.071 |
| b      | 0.356                     | 0.559 | 0.014                | 0.022 |
| C      | 2.591                     | 2.997 | 0.102                | 0.118 |
| D      | 2.692                     | 3.099 | 0.106                | 0.122 |
| e      | 0.838                     | 1.041 | 0.033                | 0.041 |
| H      | 0.080                     | 0.254 | 0.003                | 0.010 |
| L      | 0.300                     | 0.610 | 0.012                | 0.024 |

SOT-23-5 Surface Mount Package



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