800mA Standalone Linear Li-Ion Battery Charger with Dual LED Display

General Description

The LP4061 is a complete constant-current constant- voltage linear charger for single cell lithium-ion batteries. Its SOT 23-6 & TDFN-8 package and low external component count make the LP4061 ideally suited for portable applications. Furthermore, the LP4061 is specifically designed to work within USB power specifications. No external sense resistor is needed, and no blocking diode is required due to the internal MOSFET architecture. Thermal feedback regulates the charge current to limit the die temperature during high power operation or high ambient temperature. The charge voltage is fixed at 4.2V, and the charge current can be programmed externally with a single resistor. The LP4061 automatically terminates the charge cycle when the charge current drops to 1/10th the programmed value after the final float voltage is reached. Other features include charge current monitor, under-voltage lockout, automatic recharge and a status pin to indicate charge termination and the presence of an input voltage.

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Features

- Programmable Charge Current Up to 800mA
- No MOSFET, Sense Resistor or Blocking Diode Required
- Constant-Current/Constant-Voltage Operation with Thermal Regulation to Maximize
- Charge Rate Without Risk of Overheating
- Charges Single Cell Li-Ion Batteries Directly from USB Port
- Charge Voltage with ±1% Accuracy
- Available in SOT23-6 & TDFN-8 2mmx2mm Package
- Charge Current Monitor Output for Gas Gauging
- Automatic Recharge
- 2.9V Trickle Charge Threshold
- C/10 Charge Termination

OWPOWERSEIL Typical Application Circuit

Order Information

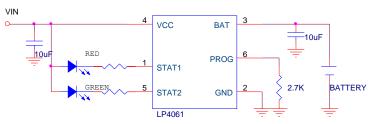
LP4061
F: Pb-Free
Package Type

Package Type B6: SOT23-6

QV:TDFN-8

Applications

- ♦ Portable Media Players/MP3 players
- ♦ Cellular and Smart mobile phone
- ♦ PDA/DSC
- ♦ Bluetooth Applications



Marking Information

| Device | Marking | Package | Shipping | |
|---|---------|---------|----------|--|
| LP4061B6F | LP4061 | SOT23-6 | 3K/REEL | |
| LP4001D0F | BCYWX | 50123-0 | JN/REEL | |
| | LP4061 | TDFN-8 | 4K/REEL | |
| LP4061QVF | BCYWX | I DEN-0 | | |
| Marking indication: | | | | |
| Y:Production year W:Production week X:Production batch. | | | | |



Functional Pin Description

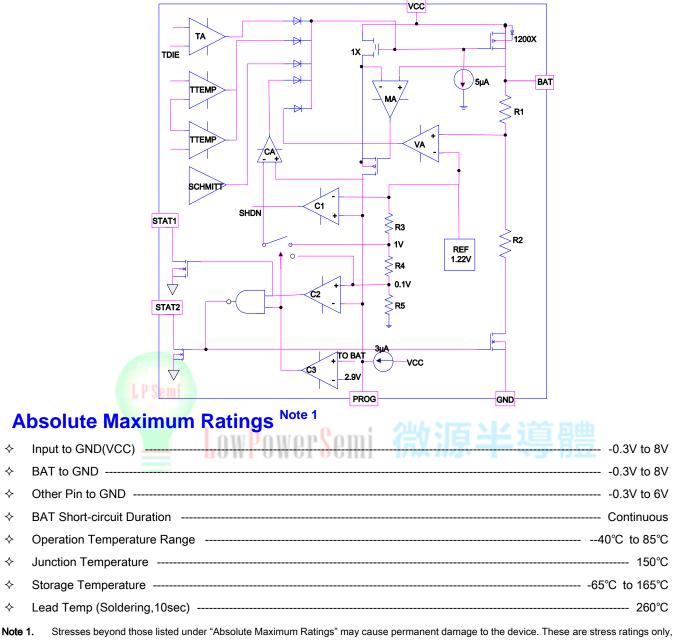
| Package Type | Pin Configurations | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| SOT23-6 &TDFN-8 | STAT1 1 GND 2 BAT 3 | VIEW 6 PROG 5 STAT2 4 VCC 23-6 | VCC 1 STAT2 2 STAT2 2 GND 6 NC 4 5 GND | |
| | | | | |

Pin Description

| Pin | | Name | Description | |
|---------|--------|-------|---|--|
| SOT23-6 | TDFN-8 | Name | Description | |
| 1 | 3 | STAT1 | Open-Drain Charge Status Output. When the battery is charging, the STAT pin is pulled low by an internal N-channel MOSFET. When the charge cycle is completed, the pin is pulled High. | |
| 2 | 5 | GND | | |
| 3 | 8 | BAT | Charge Current Output. Provides charge current to the battery and regulates the final f voltage to 4.2V. An internal precision resistor divider from this pin sets the float volt which is disconnected in shutdown mode. | |
| 4 | 1 | VCC | Positive Input Supply Voltage. It provides power to the charger. VCC can range from 4.35V to 6.5V and should be bypassed with at least a 1μ F capacitor. | |
| 5 | 2 | STAT2 | Open-Drain Charge Status Output. When the battery is charging, the STAT pin is pulled High by an internal N-channel MOSFET. When the charge cycle is completed, the pin is pulled Low. | |
| 6 | 7 | PROG | Charge Current Program, Charge Current Monitor and Shutdown Pin. The charge current programmed by connecting a 1% resistor to ground(RPROG). | |
| | 4/6 | NC | No Connector. | |



Function Block Diagram



and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Thermal Information

| \diamond | Thermal Resistance (SOT23-5, θ JA) 250°C | C/W |
|------------|---|------|
| ¢ | Thermal Resistance (TDFN, θ JA) 76° | C/W |
| ES | SD Susceptibility | |
| \diamond | HBM(Human Body Mode) | 2KV |
| \diamond | MM(Machine Mode) 2 | 200V |



Electrical Characteristics

(VCC=5V, TA =25°C , unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|------|-------|--------|
| Vcc | Input Supply Voltage | | 4.35 | | 6.5 | V |
| | | Charge Mode ,R _{PROG} =10k | | 350 | 2000 | μΑ |
| l | Input Supply Current | Standby Mode (Charge Terminated) | | 200 | 500 | μA |
| Icc | Input Supply Current | Shutdown Mode | | 25 | 50 | μA |
| | | (R _{PROG} NC, V _{CC} <v<sub>BAT, or V_{CC}<v<sub>UV)</v<sub></v<sub> | ROG NC, V _{CC} <v<sub>BAT, or V_{CC}<v<sub>UV)</v<sub></v<sub> | | | |
| VFLOAT | Regulated Output (Float) Voltage | 0°C≤TA≤85°C, I _{BAT} =40mA | 4.158 | 4.2 | 4.242 | V |
| | | R _{PROG} =10k, Current Mode | | 100 | 120 | mA |
| | | R _{PROG} =2k, Current Mode | | 500 | 600 | mA |
| IBAT | BAT Pin Current | Standby Mode, V _{BAT} =4.2V | | -2.5 | -6 | μΑ |
| | | Shutdown Mode (RPROG NC) | | ± 1 | ± 2 | μΑ |
| | | Sleep Mode, V _{CC} =0V | | ± 1 | ± 2 | μΑ |
| I _{TRIKL} | Trickle Charge Current | V _{BAT} <v<sub>TRIKL, R_{PROG}=2k</v<sub> | | 50 | | mA |
| VTRIKL | Trickle Charge Threshold Voltage | R _{PROG} =10k, V _{BAT} Rising | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 | V |
| VTRHYS | Trickle Charge Hysteresis Voltage | R _{PROG} =10k | | 80 | | mV |
| Vuv | Vcc Undervoltage Lockout Threshold | From V _{CC} Low to High | 3.55 | 3.7 | 3.85 | V |
| VUVHYS | V _{CC} Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis | | | 200 | | mV |
| | Vcc-VBAT Lockout Threshold | V _{CC} from Low to High | | 100 | | mV |
| Vasd | Voltage | V _{cc} from High to Low | | 30 | | mV |
| ITERM | C/10 Termination Current Threshold | iorComi 7273034 | 這些 | 10 | | % Ibat |
| VPROG | PROG Pin Voltage | R _{PROG} =10k, Current Mode | 12.0 | 1 | | V |
| Istat | STAT1/2 Pin Weak Pull-Down Current | V _{STAT} =5V | | | 5 | μA |
| VSTAT | STAT1/2 Pin Output Low Voltage | I _{STAT} =5mA | | 0.35 | 0.6 | V |
| ΔV_{RECHRG} | Recharge Battery Threshold Voltage | VFLOAT-VRECHRG | | 150 | | mV |
| TLIM | Junction Temperature in Constant | | | 150 | | ~ |
| | Temperature Mode | | | 150 | | °C |
| Devi | Power FET "ON" Resistance | | | 600 | | |
| Ron | (Between VCC and BAT) | | | 600 | | mΩ |
| tss | Soft-Start Time | IBAT=0 to IBAT=850V/RPROG | | 100 | | μs |



Application Information

The LP4061 is a single cell lithium-ion battery charger using a constant-current/constant-voltage algorithm. It can deliver up to 800mA of charge current (using a good thermal PCB layout) with a final float voltage accuracy of $\pm 1\%$. The LP4061 includes an internal P-channel power MOSFET and thermal regulation circuitry. No blocking diode or external current sense resistor is required; thus, the basic charger circuit requires only two external components. Furthermore, the LP4061 is capable of operating from a USB power source.

Normal Charge Cycle

P Semi

A charge cycle begins when the voltage at the VCC pin rises above the UVLO threshold level and a 1% program resistor is connected from the PROG pin to ground or when a battery is connected to the charger output. If the BAT pin is less than 2.9V, the charger enters trickle charge mode. When the BAT pin voltage rises above 2.9V, the charger enters constant-current mode, where the programmed charge current is supplied to the battery. When the BAT pin approaches the final float voltage, the LP4061 enters constant-voltage mode and the charge current begins to decrease. The charge cycle ends when the charge current drops to 1/10 of the programmed value.

Programming Charge Current

The charge current is programmed using a single resistor from the PROG pin to ground. The battery charge current is 1000 times the current out of the PROG pin. The program resistor and the charge current are calculated using the following equations:

IBAT=1000V/RPROG

The charge current out of the BAT pin can be determined at any time by monitoring the PROG pin voltage using the following equation:

IBAT=VPROG/RPROG×1000

Charge Termination

A charge cycle is terminated when the charge current falls to 1/10th the PROG rammed value after the final float voltage is reached. This condition is detected by using an internal, filtered comparator to monitor the PROG pin. When the PROG pin voltage falls below 100mV for longer than t_{TERM}(typically 1ms), charging is terminated. The charge current is latched off and the LP4061 enters standby mode, where the input supply current drops to 200µA. In this state, all loads on the BAT pin must be supplied by the battery. (Note: C/10 termination is disabled in trickle charging and thermal limiting modes).

Charge Status Indicator (STAT1/2)

The charge status output has two different states: strong pull-down (~5mA) and high impedance. The strong pull-down state indicates that the LP4061 is in a charge cycle. Once the charge cycle has terminated, the pin state is determined by under voltage lockout conditions. High impedance indicates that the LP4061 is in under voltage lockout mode: either V_{CC} is less than 100mV above the BAT pin voltage or insufficient voltage is applied to the VCC pin. A microprocessor can be used to distinguish between these two states.

| Function | STAT1 | STAT2 |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| Charging | Low | High |
| Charge Completed | High | Low |

Charge Termination

An internal thermal feedback loop reduces the programmed charge current if the die temperature attempts to rise above a preset value of approximately 150°C. This feature protects the LP4061 from excessive temperature and allows the user to push the limits of the power handling capability of a given circuit board without risk of damaging the LP4061. The charge current can be set according to typical (not worst-case) ambient temperature with the assurance that the charger will automatically reduce the current in worst-case conditions. SOT power considerations are discussed further in the Applications Information section.



Under voltage Lockout (UVLO)

An internal under voltage lockout circuit monitors the input voltage and keeps the charger in shutdown mode until V_{CC} rises above the under voltage lockout threshold .The UVLO circuit has a built-in hysteresis of 200mV. Furthermore, to protect against reverse current in the power MOSFET, the UVLO circuit keeps the charger in shutdown mode if V_{CC} falls to within 80mV of the battery voltage. If the UVLO comparator is tripped, the charger will not come out of shutdown mode until V_{CC} raises 100mV above the battery voltage.

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Manual Shutdown

At any point in the charge cycle, the LP4061 can be put into shutdown mode by removing R_{PROG} thus floating the PROG pin. This reduces the battery drain current to less than 2µA and the supply current to less than 50µA. A new charge cycle can be initiated by reconnecting the program resistor.

Automatic Recharge

Once the charge cycle is terminated, the LP4061 continuously monitors the voltage on the BAT pin using a comparator with a 2ms filter time (t_{RECHRG}). A charge cycle restarts when the battery voltage falls below 4.05V (which corresponds to approximately 80% to 90% battery capacity). This ensures that the battery is kept at or near a fully charged condition and eliminates the need for periodic charge cycle initiations. STAT1 output enters a strong pull-down state.

Power Dissipation

The conditions that cause the LP4061 to reduce charge current through thermal feedback can be approximated by considering the power dissipated in the IC. Nearly all of this power dissipation is generated by the internal MOSFET—this is calculated to be approximately:

PD=(VCC-VBAT)×IBAT

Where P_D is the power dissipated, V_{CC} is the input supply voltage, V_{BAT} is the battery voltage and I_{BAT} is the charge current. The approximate ambient temperature at which the thermal feedback begins to protect the IC is:

$T_A=150^{\circ}C-P_D\theta_{JA}$

VCC Bypass Capacitor

Many types of capacitors can be used for input bypassing; however, caution must be exercised when using multilayer ceramic capacitors. Because of the self-resonant and high Q characteristics of some types of ceramic capacitors, high voltage transients can be generated under some start-up conditions, such as connecting the charger input to a live power source .Adding a 1.5Ω resistor in series with an X5R ceramic capacitor will minimize start-up voltage transients.

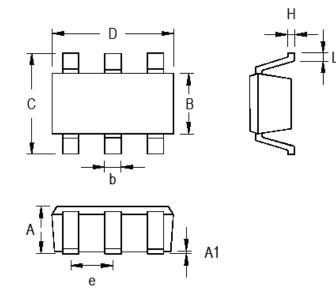
Layout Considerations

- ♦ Follow the PCB layout guidelines for optimal performance of LP4061.
- ✤ For the main current paths as indicated in bold lines, keep their traces short and wide.
- ♦ Put the input capacitor as close as possible to the device pins (VCC and GND).
- Connect all analog grounds to a command node and then connect the command node to the power ground behind the output capacitors.
- ♦ Output not connect loading when charging.



Packaging Information





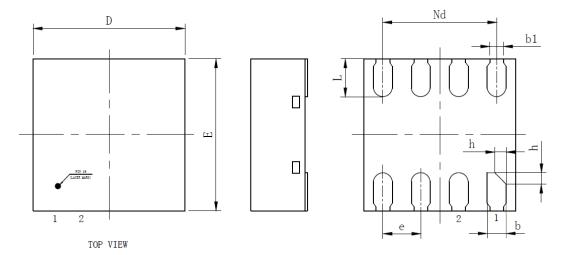
L P Semi

| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | | |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|--|
| Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| А | 0.889 | 1.295 | 0.031 | 0.051 | |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.152 | 0.000 | 0.006 | |
| В | 1.397 | 1.803 | 0.055 | 0.071 | |
| b | 0.250 | 0.560 | 0.010 | 0.022 | |
| С | 2.591 | 2.997 | 0.102 | 0.118 | |
| D | 2.692 | 3.099 | 0.106 | 0.122 | |
| е | 0.838 | 1.041 | 0.033 | 0.041 | |
| Н | 0.080 | 0.254 | 0.003 | 0.010 | |
| L | 0.300 | 0.610 | 0.012 | 0.024 | |

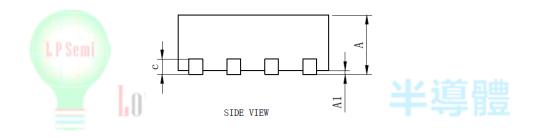








BOTTOM VIEW



| SYMBOL | MILLIMETER | | | | |
|--------|----------------|------|------|--|--|
| SIMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | | |
| А | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.80 | | |
| A1 | 0 0.02 0. | | | | |
| b | 0.18 | 0.30 | | | |
| b1 | 0.18REF | | | | |
| с | 0.203REF | | | | |
| D | 1.90 2.00 2.10 | | | | |
| e | 0. 50BSC | | | | |
| Nd | 1.50BSC | | | | |
| Е | 1.90 2.00 2.1 | | | | |
| L | 0.45 0.50 0.55 | | | | |
| h | 0.10 0.15 0.20 | | | | |

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