



The easy Radio Intelligent Controller (eRIC) radio transceiver module is based on the Texas Instruments CC430F5137 System-on-Chip device to provide an intelligent radio sub-system that combines a high performance RF transceiver, RF band pass filters (BPF), an MSP430 microcontroller, 32Kb flash memory, non-volatile flash storage, temperature sensor, and a low drop voltage regulator. The device operates on the International licence exempt Industrial, Scientific and Medical (ISM) radio bands.

eRIC thus extends the proven easyRadio product line by offering a low cost RF transceiver intended for high volume applications. The compact form factor, surface mount packaging and external antenna connector simplify product design and manufacture and provide for flexible placement of the module within an end product.

Features

- Default 'easyRadio' Protocol Embedded
- ISM Frequency Bands
- Radio Certified FCC/IC/CE
- Small 15x20x2.2mm Surface Mount Device (SMD)
- Low power operation modes
- eROS Operating System & Application partitions
- Configurable & programmable User I/O
- AES 128 bit data encryption
- Built in Temperature Sensor

Benefits

Simple serial data in/data out user interface and configuration

868MHz (UK & Europe), 915MHz (USA & Canada)

Certified for ETSI (Europe) & FCC Certified (USA) requirements

Simplifies product design and manufacture

Battery powered applications

Can eliminate need for external application processor

Minimises external hardware requirements for custom applications

Secure communications

Environment monitor

easyRadio Operating System (eROS)

eRIC's processor memory is partitioned and embedded with a protected version of the easyRadio Operating System (eROS) that handles all the complex radio functions and thus eliminates the need for the user to program multiple control registers and understand their interaction. The other partition provides an optional user accessible application code area.

Radio parameters such as frequency, channel, output power and data rate are passed by the application code and radio data is sent and received in the background by simply calling predefined functions.

Also provided is a simple to use API that replaces low level chip specific code with intuitive pin commands that allow the multiple general purpose I/O pins and internal function blocks to be configured and interfaced to external hardware. These built in functions make customisation easy for the novice and powerful for advanced programmers. This architecture can eliminate the need for a separate application microcontroller and thus minimises cost and power consumption for simple 'sense and control' RF nodes such as might be employed within the 'Internet of Things'.

By default (factory settings) the application code area is pre-programmed with a subset of the familiar easyRadio command and communication software that allows key operating parameters such as operating frequency, RF power output and host communication settings to be (optionally) pre-configured using the 'easyRadio Companion' software or to be dynamically changed using simple serial commands sent from the host processor. This allows multiple eRIC devices to communicate free from interference with each other and other local RF devices.

In the default application mode, data is sent to and received from host processors or devices using 3.3V logic level serial data (inverted) with packet sizes up to 250 bytes.



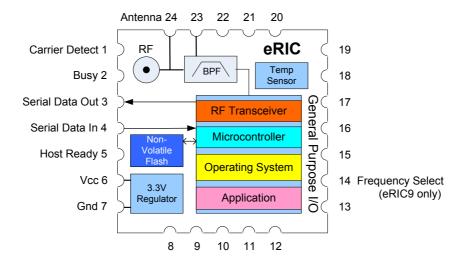


Figure I eRIC Transceiver Block Diagram

Pin/Pad Description

Pad No	Name	Description	Notes			
I	CD	Carrier Detect	Indicates presence of any RF carrier within the receiver bandwidth			
		Digital output	Idle – Low, Carrier Present – High			
			Optional A-D Input			
2	Busy	Clear to Send (CTS) function	Indicates that transceiver is ready to receive serial data from the			
		Digital output	Host.			
			Low – Transceiver Ready, High – Transceiver not Ready			
			Optional A-D Input			
2	RF Rx	Demodulated receiver data	Only active when RAW Data mode is enabled			
(Option)	Data	Digital output				
3	SDO	Rx Serial Data Out (Default)	Digital output - Connect to Host serial input			
4	SDI	Tx Serial Data In (Default)	Digital input - Connect to Host serial output			
5	Host	Request to Send (RTS) function	Used to indicate that Host is ready to receive serial data from the			
	Ready	Digital input	Transceiver			
			Low - Host Ready, High - Host Not Ready			
			Weak (35k) pull down enabled. Optional A-D Input			
6	Vcc	Operating Supply Voltage	+2.4V to +6V. Supply should be 'clean', noise and ripple free			
7	Gnd	Power Ground	0V			
8	JTAG	JTAG pins	Reserved Use – Do not connect			
9	Reset	Reset & JTAG use	Restricted Use – Internal pull-up. Connect to Gnd for Reset			
10	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O				
11, 12	GPIO	Bootloader & General purpose	When connected together invokes the bootloader function on			
		digital I/O	reset. Do not connect for normal operation.			
13	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O				
14	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O	eRIC4 only – see variant below:			
	Input	Frequency Select EU/US	eRIC9 only. Pin High - 869.75 MHz, Pin Low - 915.00MHz			
			Internal pull-up enabled			
15 - 21	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O	Mappable secondary function			
22	GPIO	General purpose digital I/O	Optional A-D Input. Mappable secondary function			
23	RF Gnd	RF Ground – 0V	Connect to antenna ground and local ground plane. Internally			
			connected to Power Ground 0V			
24	RF	50R RF Input/Output	Connect to suitable antenna via 50R PCB trace or use the			
			alternative UFL connector			

Notes

GPIO Pins/pads are configured (by default) on power up or Reset as Inputs with internal weak pull downs. Therefore, exercise caution when connecting to any external circuitry.

Pins/pad I-7 are physically (pin/pad sequence) and electrically compatible with easyRadio eRA400/900 Transceivers. Interrupt function available on Pins/pad I, 2, 3, 4, 5, 22

Mappable functions are UART, SPI, I2C, TimerA, , Compare/Capture I/O. See the eROS Developers Manual for further details and description of these functions.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating Temperature Range -40° C to +85° C
Storage Temperature Range -40° C to +85° C
Supply Voltage - Vcc -0.3 to +6.0 Volts
All Other Pins/Pads w.r.t 0V Gnd Antenna 50V p-p @ < 10MHz

Performance Data: Supply +3.6 Volt ± 5%, Temperature 20° C

DC Parameters	Pin	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage (Vcc)	6	2.4	3.6	6.0	Volts	
Internal Regulator (Vreg)		2.95	3.3	3.65	Volts	
Transmit supply current	6		32	33	mA	+12dBm RF power output
Receive supply current	6		15		mA	Continuous mode @ 250kbps
Sleep Mode current	6		1.8		uA	TBA
Initial Power Up Time			5	50	mS	
Logic Levels		•	•	•	•	
Data Output Logic I	All		3.1		Volts	10k load to 0V Gnd
Data Output Logic 0			0.1		Volts	10k load to internal +Vreg supply
Data Output Current		6		15	mA	Under software control Hi/Lo drive
Data Input Logic I		2.0		3.6	Volts	
Data Input Logic 0		0		0.2	Volts	
Input Pull-ups/Downs			100		kΩ	Under software control
'						To internal +Vreg or 0V Gnd
RF Parameters			I		·L	<u> </u>
Antenna Impedance	24		50		Ohms	Via UFL connector or pads
Operating Frequency		779	869.75	902	MHz	See Configuration Command set
8 - 4 7		902	915.00	928	MHz	
Modulation		FSK Wid	eband MSK	at 500kb	DS	
Transmitter						-
RF Power Output 869MHz	24	-30	Set by	+7	dBm	50Ω load – 869MHz
·			user			
RF Power Output 915MHz	24	-30	Set by	-3	dBm	50Ω load – 915MHz <= 100Kbps
·			user			'
RF Power Output 915MHz	24	-30	Set by	+12	dBm	50Ω load – 915MHz >=250Kbps
·			user			·
Frequency Accuracy			±10	±15	ppm	Overall
FSK Deviation (Min)			±5.2		kHz	1.2kbps 58kHz filter bandwidth
FSK Deviation (Max)			±127		kHz	250kbps, 540kHz Filter bandwidth
Harmonics & Spurious	24		-47	< -36	dBm	Meets EN 300 220-3
Emissions						
Over Air Data Rate		1.2	38.4	500	Kbps	Configurable
Receiver		•	•	•	•	
Receive Sensitivity						
868/915MHz	24		-109		dBm	At 1.2kbps Over Air data rate
868/915MHz	24		-81		dBm	At 500kbps Over Air data rate
Host Serial Data Rate	3, 4	2.4	19.2	115.2	Kbps	Host interface (UART)
Mechanical			1			
Size		15 x	20 × 2.2		mm	
Pin/Pad Pitch	2.54				mm	Standard 0.1 Inch
Weight	1.5				grams	
- 0 -						ecifications are subject to change without notic

eRIC9_Datasheet_I.3(14.07.15).docx Page 3 of I2



Notes

When power is first applied to the module the processor retrieves 'calibration' data for the RF section that compensates for temperature and power supply voltage variations. The transceiver will then be ready to transmit or receive (default) and would normally be left in this state, ready to receive data.

The internal Vreg is not brought out to a specific pin/pad. Should there be need to connect external pull up resistors then connection should be made to a spare GPIO pin/pad configured as a 'High' Output.

Power Supply

The supply used to power the transceiver should be 'clean' and free from ripple and noise (<20mV p-p total). It is suggested that I00nF ceramic capacitors be used to de-couple the supply close to the power pins of the transceiver. The use of 'switch mode' power supplies should generally be avoided as they can generate both conducted and radiated high frequency noise that can be very difficult to eliminate. This noise may considerably reduce the performance of any radio device that is connected or adjacent to such a supply.

Antennas

The eRIC transceiver can be used with the various common types of antenna that match the 50Ω RF Input/Output such as a monopole (whip), a tuned helical antenna, a PCB loop antenna or a ceramic 'chip' antenna.

For FCC compliance, eRIC9 has been tested and approved for use with the following antennas:

Monopole antennas are resonant with a length corresponding to one quarter of the electrical wavelength (Lambda/4). They are very easy to implement and can simply be a 'piece of wire' or PCB track which at 434MHz should be 16.4cms in length. This should be kept straight, in 'free space' and well away from all other circuitry, conducting objects and metalwork and should preferably be connected directly to the Antenna pin (24) of the eRIC transceiver.

If the antenna needs to be remote it should be connected via a 50Ω coaxial feeder cable or transmission line. A 50Ω transmission line can be constructed on FR4 board material by using a 3mm wide PCB track over a ground plane and this should be kept as short as possible.

The eRIC transceiver is also fitted with UFL (U.FL) RF Connector wired in parallel with pin 23 (RF Gnd) and pin 24 (RF In/Out). LPRS can supply suitable antennas fitted with matching connectors and low loss cable assemblies.

Helical antennas are also resonant and generally chosen for their more compact dimensions. They are more difficult to optimise than monopole antennas and are critical with regard to any surrounding conducting objects that can easily 'de-tune' them. They operate most efficiently when there is a substantial ground plane for them to radiate against.

PCB loop antennas are the most compact antennas but are less effective than the other types. They are also more difficult to design and must be carefully 'tuned' for best performance.

Chip antennas are attractive as they are compact and if used in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications can provide very good performance.

The Internet can provide much useful information on the design of Short Range Device (SRD) Antennas.

Please Note: To meet US FCC requirements the modules must be used with the specified antennas (TBA) that were used for testing.



Mechanical

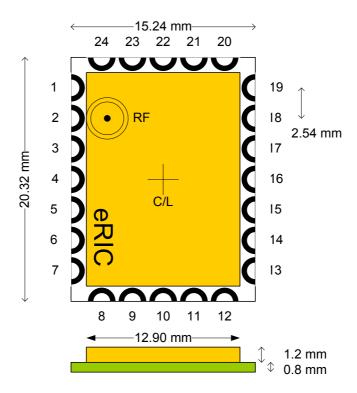


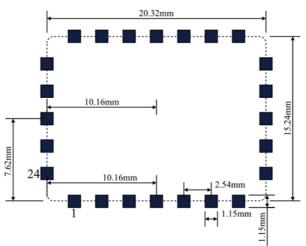
Figure 2 Mechanical Drawing

PCB Layout Notes

Pitch of the castellated connection pads is 2.54mm. Pads 4 & 16 and 10 & 22 are on centre line (C/L) of module

It is recommended that the module is mounted on a double sided PCB and that the area below the module be flooded with additional copper ground plane. This should be connected to pad 23 (RF Ground) and pad 7 (Power Gnd).

The recommended pad layout is shown below. Pads should be solid with no hole.



eRIC is designed for reflow soldering. Please contact LPRS Technical Department for further details and the suggested thermal profiles.



Interface to Microcontroller

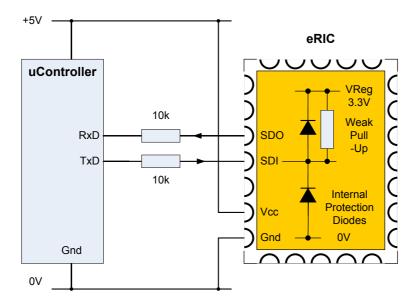


Figure 3 Connection to Host UART and I/O Protection

The transceiver module is powered internally by an on board 3.3V low drop voltage regulator. Any eRIC pin/pad configured as an input should not be connected directly to a voltage greater than 3.3V or less than -0.3V otherwise damage may occur to the module due to excess current flowing through the IC internal protection diodes. To prevent such damage this current should be limited by the use of a suitable (10k typical) series resistor (as shown above).

eRIC output pins can only provide a maximum high voltage of 3.3V (Vreg) and whilst not strictly necessary to use a series resistor in series with outputs it may afford protection under some fault conditions.

The serial data input (or any other pin) must NOT be directly connected to any RS232 level (±15V) devices.

Serial data is inverted i.e. Start Bit is logic low. This allows direct connection to a microcontroller UART (Inverted data) or to RS232 devices via a voltage level translator device such as a Maxim MAX232, which invert the logic of the RS232 signals. Data is sent and received in standard serial 'RS232' format (logic level only) and there is no restriction on the characters (Hex 00 - FF) that may be sent or received.

The host should provide serial data input and output lines. The optional 'handshaking' lines can be used to control the flow of data between the host and eRIC. If handshaking is not being used then Pin5 (Host Ready) should either be left floating (internal pull down) or held low.



Serial Data Timing

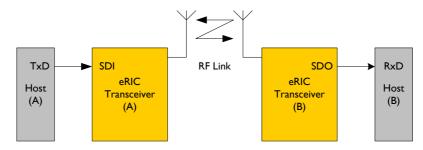


Figure 4 System Block Diagram

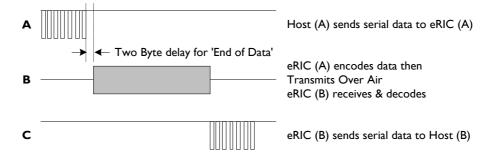


Figure 5 Timing Diagram

Parameter	Values	Notes
Host Serial Data Rate	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 & 115200 baud	Configurable – Default = 19200 baud
Host Character Format	I Start bit, 8 Data bits, No Parity, I Stop bit	10 bits @ 104uS/bit = 0.52mS/character at 19200 baud
'End of Data' Delay	2 x baud Byte duration	Twice character time
RF Transmit Duration	Depends on over air RF data rate Default - 38400 bps	See drawing. Between 2 & 4 bytes of Preamble and other internal data are automatically added to every packet
Buffer Size	I-250 bytes maximum	

Notes

The serial data internal buffer size is limited to a maximum of 250 bytes. Data will be lost if more than 250 bytes are sent in any one transmission. RF transmission begins automatically when the buffer is full or when 'End of Data' (no data for twice the character time) is detected.

- A. Host (A) sends serial data to eRIC (A). The data must be continuously streamed (no breaks) at the selected host baud rate and is loaded into an internal transmit buffer.
- B. After detecting either the 'End of Data' gap or the 'Buffer Full' condition the controller enables the RF transmitter circuitry of the transceiver and sends the data within the buffer together with preamble and other internal data across the RF link. Any eRIC transceiver operating in receive mode and within range that 'hears' the transmission will receive and decode the data, check for data integrity and place it into their receive buffers.
- C. Data within the receive buffer of eRIC (B) will be sent to Host (B) at the selected baud rate.

Host (A) must allow time for the complete 'Over Air' transmission and for the receiving Host (B) to unload (and process) the data before sending new data. (See Figure 5). There is no automatic 'RF handshaking' provided by the eRIC transceivers. Radio transmission and reception is bi-directional (half duplex) i.e. transmit OR receive (but not simultaneously) and there is no automatic confirmation of the satisfactory reception of the data.

The user application should therefore, either send the data repetitively to provide some redundancy or devise a scheme of acknowledgements (Acks) and re-tries to increase the security and reliability of the transmitted data should need be.



easyRadio eRIC Configuration Command Set

Key operating parameters of eRIC can be changed and configured by sending the 'text' (ASCII character) commands detailed below. These commands can executed using 'easyRadio Companion' software, any 'Terminal' software operating on a PC or from the host microcontroller.

The commands should be sent exactly as shown: i.e. case sensitive with no spaces between characters. Commands are not executed until the Acknowledgement (ACK) sequence is sent to and processed by the module.

To send the commands follow this procedure:

- 1. Send Command from host: e.g. ER_CMD#U5 (Set UART BAUD to 38400)
- 2. Wait for the completion of the echo of the Command from the module. e.g. ER_CMD#U5
- 3. Send the ACK command as the three upper case ASCII characters 'A' 'C' 'K' in sequence with no spaces

Host Serial Cor	nmunication Settings	5						
Command	UART Data Rate	√	Indicates Fa	ctory Default	setting			Note
ER CMD#UI	2400			, = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =				
ER CMD#U2	4800							
ER CMD#U3	9600							
ER CMD#U4	19200	1						
ER CMD#U5	38400	Ė						
ER CMD#U8	115200							
ER_CMD#U?	Get UART Value		Poturns the co	urrent UART v	alue			
LIX_CI ID#O:	Get OAKT Value			#U2 - No 'ACK				
Transmit RF Po	wer Settings	1	L.g. LIX_CI ID	#02 - NO ACI	C 13 required			
			eRIC4	eRIC9	eRIC9	eRIC9	Units	
			433MHz	869.75 –	908 –	Other	J.I.i.es	
			1331 11 12	870MHz	922 MHz	frequencies		
ER CMD#P0	Minimum Power		0	-2	0	0	dBm	
ER CMD#PI		<u> </u>	Ī	- <u>-</u> -I	ī	Ī	dBm	
ER CMD#P2			2	0	2	2	dBm	1
ER CMD#P3			3	i	3	3	dBm	1
ER CMD#P4		1	4	2	4	4	dBm	+
ER CMD#P5		1	5	3	5	5	dBm	
ER CMD#P6			6	4	6	6	dBm	
ER CMD#P7			7	5	7	7	dBm	
ER CMD#P8			8	6	8	8	dBm	
_	Maximum Power	1	9	7	9	9	dBm	
ER_CMD#P9	Get RF Power	-		•	,) 9	abm	
ER_CMD#P?				urrent RF powe				
RF Channel Set	output value		E.g. EK_CIND	#P9 No ACK is	required			
ER CMD#Cx	Where x = Channel	1	E.g.					
LK_CMD#CX	Number in Decimal.			5 – 434.500MHz	7			
	Only channels (0-9)			5 – 434.30011112 5 – 870.250MHz				
	implemented at			5 – 915.500MHz				
	present.		Tor Charmers	7 - 713.3001 II IZ	-			
ER CMD#C0	present.	1	Sets hase fred	uency to: 434 0	00MHz 869 75	MHz, 915.000MF	17	
ER CMD#CI-8					alues at 100kHz		14	
ER CMD#C9		1			tz (434.000 + 90			1
ER CMD#C?	Get Channel Value			urrent channel				1
Σ.(_O: 1DπO:	Coc Chamilei Value			#C9 - No ACK				
RF Frequency S	ettings	<u> </u>						1
ER CMD#F	Set Absolute		Sets the absol	ute frequency t	o xxxxxxxx in l	Hex		
xxxxxxxx	Frequency					equency to 45800	00000Hz.	
ER CMD#F?	Get current				y value as 8 byt			
	Frequency value				4C8680 which i			
Over-Air Data	, ,					··-		
ER CMD#B0			1200 bps					
ER CMD#BI			2400 bps					1
ER CMD#B2		1	4800 bps					
ER CMD#B3			9600 bps					1
ER_CMD#B4			19200 bps					
ER_CMD#B5		1	38400 bps					
ER CMD#B6		Ι	76800 bps					
ER CMD#B7		1	100000 bps					+
	I		100000 phs					1



ER CMD#B8			250000 bps	
ER_CMD#B8 ER_CMD#B9			500000 bps	
ER_CMD#B9	Get the Over-Air		Returns the current Over-Air data rate value as command setting value	
EK_CMD#b!	data rate value		E.g. ER_CMD#B5 - not the integer bps value No ACK is required	
Radio Receive -	Power Saving		No ACK is required	
Nadio Neccive	On Time		Typical Average Receiver Current	
ER CMD#D0	100%	1	16mA	VI.I
ER CMD#DI	12.50%		2mA	VI.I
ER CMD#D2	6.25%		ImA	VI.I
ER CMD#D3	3.33%		500uA	VI.I
ER CMD#D4	1.56%		250uA	VI.I
ER CMD#D5	0.78%		125uA	VI.I
ER_CMD#D6	0.39%		63uA	VI.I
ER_CMD#D7	0.20%		32uA	VI.I
Radio Transmit	- Power Saving			
ER_CMD#d0		*	This setting must be used in conjunction with the receive power saving setting: ER_CMD#dx >= ER_CMD#Dx E.g. If the receiver is set by command ER_CMD#D4, the communication would fail if transmitter is set with command less than ER_CMD#d4. It will only work if the transmitter is set with command ER_CMD#d4 or above	VI.I
Group ID Setti	ngs		above	
ER_CMD#L7	Enable Group ID (2 bytes)		E.g. ER_CMD#L74578 sets the group ID as 0x4578	VI.I
ER_CMD#L7 0000	Disable Group ID			VI.I
ER CMD#L7?	Get Group ID value		Returns the 4 byte Group ID number in Hex	VI.I
EEPROM Settin		1	Treating the 19/ce ereap is number in thex	, , , , ,
ER_CMD#L8?	Get the Serial		Returns the 4 byte module Serial Number in Hex	VI.I
	Number of the module		E.g. 40000056	
ER_CMD#L4	Writes data to		E.g. ER_CMD#L4FE2A - Write the data 0x2A at EEPROM address 0xFE	VI.I
xxxx	EEPROM at location		Where xxxx is the address followed by the data in hexadecimal	
ER_CMD#L4 xx?	Returns the EEPROM data located at address xx		E.g. ER_CMD#L4FE? Returns data as 0x2A Where xx is the EEPROM address in hexadecimal from 0-FF EEPROM is only 256Bytes and ranges from 0x00-0xFF	VI.I
Miscellaneous	•			
ER_CMD#R0	Reset Radio		Reset all the radio settings and retrieve all the (Default) radio settings P9, C0, D0, d0, U5, B5, L70000	
Test Modes	•			
ER_CMD#T0	Upper FSK		Transmit continuous upper FSK Carrier	
ER_CMD#TI			Transmit continuous modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate.	
ER_CMD#TIU			Transmit continuous Un-calibrated modulated Carrier at selected Over Air data rate.	VI.4
ER_CMD#T2	Lower FSK		Transmit continuous lower FSK Carrier	
ER_CMD#T3	Get Firmware		Returns firmware revision string in ASCII	
	Revision		e.g. eRIC400xxxx	
ER_CMD#T4	RAW Data mode		Output the demodulated received data on Pin 2	
ER_CMD#T5	Packet Mode		Set the radio into normal packet data mode	VI.I
ER_CMD#T6	Carrier Off		End continuous transmit modes	
ER_CMD#T7	Get Temperature		Returns internal chip temperature in decimal Degrees C. e.g. 20.5°C	
ER_CMD#T8	Last Packet RSSI		Returns the Received Signal Strength Indication of the last packet in dBm with sign (only in Packet Mode) e.g74dBm	VI.I
ER_CMD#T9	Get live RSSI		Returns the live RSSI value in dBm with sign e.g102dBm	
AES Settings	1	, .		T
ER_CMD#A1xy	Sets AES command		For Eg; To set AES as encryption with key(0123456789ABCDEF), the	VI.4
ууууууууууууу	when $x = I$ with both		command should be: ER_CMD#A110123456789ABCDEF(AES is enabled with both	
			EK UNIUMALIUI / 1456 / XYAK(I)EE/ AEN IS Anahlad with hoth	1
	encryption and			
,,,,,,,,,	decryption enabled.		encryption and decryption)	

eRIC9_Datasheet_I.3(14.07.15).docx Page 9 of I2



eRIC9 Radio Transceiver

Data Sheet

	enabled with only encryption and when x = 3 ,AES is enabled with only decryption. y is 16 bit key.	decryption) ER_CMD#A10. (AES Off)	
ER_CMD#A1?	Returns AES details	Replies back like ER_CMD#A1x where x tells whether AES is ON(x=1) or OFF(x=0) or On with only encryption (x=2) or On with only decryption(x=3).	VI.4

Notes



FCC INFORMATION (USA) FCC STATEMENT

- 1. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

CAUTION: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

OEM INTEGRATION INSTRUCTIONS:

The module was tested under the FCC rules for a Modular Approval and therefore the following shall apply:

- Provided that the antenna, antenna to module cable and tuning network have not been changed in any way, If the antenna used does not meet the restrictions, additional testing is required. The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following:

"Contains FCC ID: SLW-ERIC9".

- The End User/ Manufacturer, will not need to repeat the intentional emissions testing (actual radio certification), however the unintentional emissions testing will need to meet the FCC requirements with the module installed into the final assembly or product.
- However, in many cases, the module may need to be retuned, due to the affects of the product enclosure and assemblies within this enclosure, and the de-tuning affect that this may have on the radio circuitry. In this case and if other radio exist, C2PC is required.
- In the event that the OEM modules Kit is modified in any way, the radio transmitter is integrated into the OEM's final product, Radio Certification is required for the final product.
- The software provided for firmware upgrade will not be capable to affect any RF parameters as certified for the FCC for this module, in order to prevent compliance issues.

IC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- (I) l'appareil nedoit pas produire de brouillage, et
- (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement."

EN / CANADA

OEM INTEGRATION INSTRUCTIONS:

The module was tested under the IC rules for a Modular Approval and therefore the following shall apply:

- Provided that the antenna, antenna to module cable and tuning network have not been changed in anyway, If the antenna used does not meet the restrictions, additional testing is required. The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following:
- "Contains IC: 11377A-ERIC9"
- The End User/ Manufacturer, will not need to repeat the intentional emissions testing (actual radio certification), however the unintentional emissions testing will need to meet the RSS210 requirements with the module installed into the final assembly or product.

FR / CANADA

L'intégration OEM INSTRUCTIONS:

Le module a été testé selon les règles de circuits intégrés pour une approbation modulaire et donc applique les dispositions suivantes:

- Pourvu que l'antenne, l'antenne au module câble et réseau d'accord n'a pas été modifié en toutAinsi, si l'antenne utilisée ne respecte pas les restrictions, des tests supplémentaires sont nécessaires. Le produit final doivent être étiquetés dans un endroit visible par le texte suivant:

"Contient IC: 11377A-ERIC9".

- L'utilisateur final / Fabricant, ne sera pas nécessaire de répéter les tests d'émissions intentionnelle (radio réelle certification), cependant les tests d'émissions non-intentionnelle devra répondre aux exigences de la FCC avec le module installé dans l'assemblage ou du produit final.



Product Order Codes

Name	Description	Frequency	Order Code
eRIC400	UK/European Transceiver Module (Can Marked '4')	433MHz	eRIC4
eRIC900	Europe/US Transceiver Module (Can Marked '9')	868/915MHz	eRIC9
eRIC Dev Kit	eRIC Development Kit including two eRIC400 modules	433MHz	eRIC4-DK
eRIC Dev Kit	eRIC Development Kit including two eRIC900 modules	868/915MHz	eRIC9-DK

Document History

Issue	Date	Notes/Comments
Preliminary 0.1 to 0.2	July 2013	Preliminary internal draft
Preliminary 0.30 to 0.36	July/August 2013	Additions, amendments and minor corrections
VI.0	January 2014	First release
VI.I	June 2014	This version
VI.3	July 2015	Updated For FCC/IC including statements

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