



# Sensus<sup>™</sup> LED Series

# Pure White Targeted COB Arrays Below the Black Body Locus (BBL) Data Sheet







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## **Features:**

- Matching the human perception of "Pure white" light
- Designed to provide the look and feel of ceramic metal halide lights
- Wide product range from 300lm to over 7,500lm
- 3000K and 3500K, 80 CRI and 90 CRI
- 3 SDCM color binning accuracy
- Excellent optical uniformity and color over angle consistency
- Exceptional long term color stability
- Superior thermal conductivity for uniform heat spreading
- Environmentally friendly: RoHS and REACh compliant
- UL Recognized, File # E465703



# **Applications**

- Retail Shop Lighting
- Spotlights/Track Lights
- CMH replacement LED lamps
- Halogen replacement LED lamps
- Hospitality Lighting
- Architectural and Specialty



# **ELUMINUS**

## Sensus LED™ Series Product Datasheet

# **Technology Overview**

Luminus Chip-on-Board (COB) LED series offers a complete lighting class solution designed for high performance illumination applications. The Sensus LED series has been specially design for retail shop lighting where enhanced red coloring is a preferred lighting standard. The selection covers a wide lumen range from less than 300lm to over 3,000lm, and is focused on the major market color and CRI of 3000K and 80 CRI. These innovative breakthroughs allow illumination engineers and designers to develop lighting solutions with maximum efficacy, brightness and overall quality.

#### Reliability

Designed from the ground up, the Luminus COB LED is one of the most reliable light sources in the world today. Having passed a rigorous suite of environmental and mechanical stress tests, including mechanical shock, vibration, temperature cycling and humidity. Only then are the devices qualified for use in a wide range of lighting application including some of the most demanding commercial applications. Delivered with fully qualified LM-80 test data and TM-21 lifetime results that certify lumen maintenance at 35,000 hours or more, Luminus COB LEDs are ready for the toughest challenges.

#### **UL Recognized Compliance**

Luminus COB arrays are tested in accordance with ANSI/UL 8750 to ensure safe operation for their intended applications.

#### **REACh & RoHS Compliance**

All LED products manufactured by Luminus are REACh and RoHS compliant and free of hazardous materials, including lead and mercury.

# **Understanding Luminus COB LED Test Specifications**

Every Luminus LED is fully tested to ensure it meets the high quality standards customers have come to expect from Luminus' products.

#### **Traceability**

Each Luminus COB LED is marked with a 2D bar code that contains a unique serial number. With this serial number, Luminus has the ability to provide customers with actual test data measurements for a specific LED. In addition, the 2D bar code is linked to manufacturing date codes that enables traceability of production processes and materials.

#### **Testing Temperature**

Luminus COB products are measured at temperatures typical for the LED operating in the fixture. Each device is tested at 85°C junction temperature eliminating the need to scale data sheet specifications to real world situations.

#### **Chromaticity Bin Range**

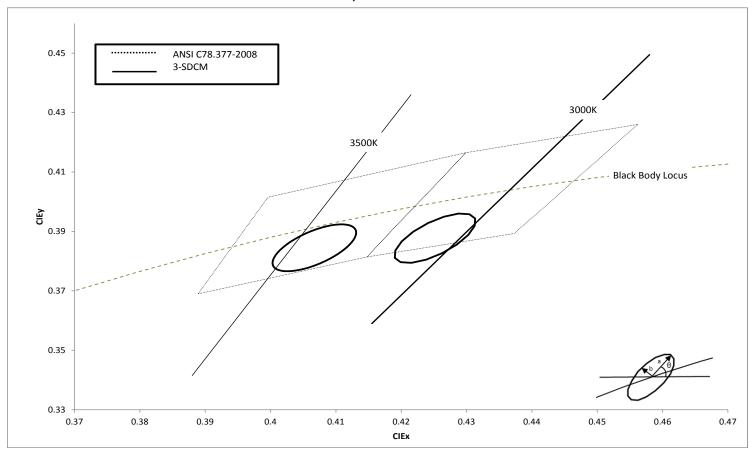
Chromaticity binning delivers color consistency for every order. Standard products are delivered with a 3-step MacAdam ellipse. This ensures color performance matching in the application. These tightly controlled, small distribution bins provide customers predictable, repeatable colors.





# **Chromaticity Bin Structure**

Chromaticity Bins: 1931 CIE Curve



## **Sensus™ LED White Chromaticity Bins**

The following tables describe the ANSI bin center points, the orientation angle for the MacAdam ellipse ( $\theta$ °), and the maximum radii for the ellipses. The ANSI Bin is provided for reference.

	Center Point		3-step Bin			
CCT	CIEx	CIEy	θ (°)	a	b	
3000K	0.4285	0.3933	53.1	0.00834	0.00408	
3500K	0.4067	0.3845	54	0.00927	0.00414	

\*Note: Luminus maintains a +/- 0.005 tolerance on chromaticity (CIEx and CIEy) measurements.



## Sensus<sup>™</sup> LED Series Product Datasheet



# **Product Ordering and Shipping Part Number Nomenclature**

All Sensus LED products are packaged and labeled with part numbers as outlined in the table on page 5 and 6. When shipped, each package will contain only a single flux and chromaticity bin. The part number designation is as follows:

Sensus <sup>™</sup> LED Series								
CXM — XX	- CT $-$ XX $-$ 36 $-$ QQPP $-$ FG $-$ W							

Product Family	Light Emitting Surface Diameter <sup>1</sup>	Color Temperature <sup>2</sup>	Color Render- ing Index (CRI) <sup>3</sup>	Voltage (typical)	Package Configurator	Flux Bin	Chromaticity Bin
CXM: Chip on Board	XX: LES Diameter (mm) Ap- proximate	30	CRI	Volts	AA02 (Basic package)	Lumens	See page 3 for bins

Note 1: XX nomenclature corresponds to the following:

6 = 6.3 mm

7 = 7.5 mm

9 = 9mm

11 = 10.9mm

14 = 13.5mm

18 = 17.5mm

22 = 22mm

Note 2: CT Nomenclature corresponds to the following

30 is 3000K

35 is 3500K

Note 3: XX Color Rendering nomenclature corresponds to the following

80 = 80 CRI

90 = 90 CRI

Note 4: AA02 is a standard package configurator

AC02 is an alternative substrate size

#### **Color Temperature, CRI and R9 Values**

Color Temperatures	XX Value	CRI	R9
3000K, 3500K	80	>80	>0
	90	>90	>50

Note: Luminus part numbers may be accompanied by prefixes or suffixes. The most common is the "Rev01" suffix indicating a part is fully released and carries a full warranty. These additional characters may appear on shipping labels, packing slips and invoices. In all cases the basic part number described above will always be included.







# Sensus<sup>™</sup> LED Series Part Numbers (Typical)

The following tables describe products with typical flux and minimum flux measured at typical currents and specified at  $85^{\circ}$ C. The values at  $25^{\circ}$ C are calculated and shown for reference only. All products are measured and specified at  $85^{\circ}$ C junction temperature.

Output Flux (lm)						Ordering Part Number		
Тур. (85°С)	Min. (85°C)	Typ. (calculated) (25°C)		CRI	Typ. Current (mA)	3-step MacAdam Ellipse		
445	420	495	3000K	80	120	CXM-6-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
585	555	645	3000K	80	160	CHM-6-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
615	585	685	3000K	80	160	CXM-7-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
525	495	580	3000K	90	160	CXM-7-30-90-36-AA02-F2-3		
625	590	695	3000K	80	160	CLM-9-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3		
023	390	093	300010	00	100	CLM-9-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
020	005	1.025	200014			CXM-9-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3		
930	885	1,025	3000K	80	240	CXM-9-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
960	910	1,065	3500K	00	240	CXM-9-35-80-36-AC02-F2-3		
900	910	1,003	3300K			CXM-9-35-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
700	750	070	20001/			CXM-9-30-90-36-AC02-F2-3		
780	750	870	3000K	00	240	CXM-9-30-90-36-AA02-F2-3		
825	785	910	3500K	90	90	90	240	CXM-9-35-90-36-AC02-F2-3
623	763	910	3300K			CXM-9-35-90-36-AA02-F2-3		
1 310	1 245	1 455	200014			CHM-9-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3		
1,310	1,245	1,455	3000K	00	260	CHM-9-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
1 250	1,280	1,501	3500K	80	360	CHM-9-35-80-36-AC02-F2-3		
1,350	1,200	1,301	3300K			CHM-9-35-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
	4.050	4.000	20001/			CHM-9-30-90-36-AC02-F2-3		
1,110	1,050	1,230	3000K			CHM-9-30-90-36-AA02-F2-3		
1.160	1 100	1 205	25001/	90	360	CHM-9-35-90-36-AC02-F2-3		
1,160	1,100	1,285	3500K			CHM-9-35-90-36-AA02-F2-3		
1015	4.770	0.050	200016			CXM-11-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3		
1,865	1,770	2,050	3000K	80	465	CXM-11-30-80-36-AB02-F2-3		
1.500	1 470	1745	200014	00	480	CXM-11-30-90-36-AC02-F2-3		
1,580	1,472	1,745	3000K	90		CXM-11-30-90-36-AB02-F2-3		

\*Note: Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.

Luminus maintains a +/- 2% tolerance on CRI measurements.







# Sensus<sup>™</sup> LED Series Part Numbers (Typical)

The following tables describe products with typical flux and minimum flux measured at typical currents and specified at 85°C. The values at 25°C are calculated and shown for reference only. All product is measured and specified at 85°C junction temperature. Luminus may choose to ship a smaller chromatiticy bin in an order for a larger.

Output Flux (lm)					Ordering Part Number				
Тур. (85°С)	Min. (85°C)	Typ. (calculated) (25°C)	ССТ	CRI	Typ. Current (mA)	3-step MacAdam Ellipse			
1.020	1.020	2.125	20001/			CXM-14-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3			
1,930	1,830	2,135	3000K	80	480	CXM-14-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3			
1,985	1,885	1,105	3500K	00	400	CXM-14-35-80-36-AC02-F2-3			
1,965	1,003	1,103	3300K			CXM-14-35-80-36-AA02-F2-3			
1.625	1.550	1.010	200014			CXM-14-30-90-36-AC02-F2-3			
1,635	1,550	1,810	3000K	00	400	CXM-14-30-90-36-AA02-F2-3			
1 710	1.625	1,000		90	480	CXM-14-35-90-36-AC02-F2-3			
1,710	1,625	1,900	3500K			CXM-14-35-90-36-AA02-F2-3			
2.660	2.525	2.025	20001/	80		CHM-14-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3			
2,660	2,525	2,925	3000K		00	720	CHM-14-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
2.755	2.615	2.020	25001/		720	CHM-14-35-80-36-AC02-F2-3			
2,755	2,615	3,030	3500K				CHM-14-35-80-36-AA02-F2-3		
2 265	2.150	2.405	20001/			CHM-14-30-90-36-AC02-F2-3			
2,265	2,150	2,495	3000K				0.0	720	CHM-14-30-90-36-AA02-F2-3
2 2 4 5	2 225	2.500		90	720	CHM-14-35-90-36-AC02-F2-3			
2,345	2,225	2,580	3500K			CHM-14-35-90-36-AA02-F2-3			
3,210	3,050	3,565		80		CXM-18-30-80-36-AA02-F2-3			
2,735	2,600	3,030	3000K	90	800	CXM-18-30-90-36-AA02-F2-3			
5,130	4,870	5,700		80		CXM-22-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3			
4,360	4,140	4,800	3000K	90	1,280	CXM-22-30-90-36-AC02-F2-3			
7,090	6,735	7,800		80		CHM-22-30-80-36-AC02-F2-3			
6,050	5,745	6,650	3000K	90	1,920	CHM-22-30-90-36-AC02-F2-3			

\*Note: Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.

Luminus maintains a +/- 2% tolerance on CRI measurements.





# **CXM-6 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current (36V) <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>f</sub>		120	355	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			4.3	13	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	Tc			105	°C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		6.3		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		2.33		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

# **CXM-7 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current (36V) <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>f</sub>		160	360	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			5.6	13.5	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	Tc			105	°C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		7.5		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		1.9		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree





# **CHM-6 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current (36V) <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>f</sub>		160	360	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			5.6	13.5	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	Tc			105	۰C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		6.3		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θjc		1.55		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	۰C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

# **CLM-9 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>f</sub>		160	360	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			5.6	13.5	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	Tc			105	۰C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		9.0		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		1.55		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree





# **CXM-9 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

## **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>f</sub>		240	550	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	$V_{f}$	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			8.6	21	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	Tc			100	۰C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		9		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		1.51		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	۰C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

## **CHM-9 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>f</sub>		360	550	mA	
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	32	35	37.5	V	
Power			12.6	21	W	
Operating Case Temperature⁴	Tc			105	°C	
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		9		mm	
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		0.85		°C/W	
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	°C	
Viewing Angle			120		Degree	

# **CXM-11 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>f</sub>		480	960	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			16.8	34	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	T <sub>c</sub>			105	°C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		11		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		N/A		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree





# **CXM-14 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>f</sub>		480	1,090	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	$V_{f}$	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			17.3	41	W
Operating Case Temperature	T <sub>c</sub>			105	۰C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		13.5		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		0.87		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	۰C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

# CHM-14 Operating Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>f</sub>		720	1,090	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	32	35	37.5	V
Power			25.2	41	W
Operating Case Temperature	T <sub>c</sub>			105	°C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		13.5		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θjc		0.46		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	۰C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

## **CXM-18 Operating Characteristics**<sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>f</sub>		800	1,800	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			29	67.5	W
Operating Case Temperature	T <sub>c</sub>			105	°C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		17.5		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	Θјс		0.56		°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree





## CXM-22 Operating Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>f</sub>		1,280	2,900	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	33.5	35	37.5	V
Power			45	109	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	T <sub>c</sub>			105	۰C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		22		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	$\Theta_{jc}$		0.37		°C/W
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub>			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

## CHM-22 Operating Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

#### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>f</sub>		1,920	2,900	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>f</sub>	32	35	37.5	V
Power			67	109	W
Operating Case Temperature⁴	T <sub>c</sub>			105	°C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		22		mm
Thermal Resisitance (junction-to-case)	$\Theta_{jc}$		0.2		°C/W
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub>			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

#### **Operating Characteristics Notes**

- Note 1: Ratings are based on operation at a constant junction temperature of Tj = 85°C.
- Note 2: To prevent damage refer to operating conditions for maximum operating conditions
- $Note \ 3: \quad \textit{Voltage is rated at typical forward current. For voltage at higher drive current, refer to performance graphs.}$
- Note 4: Sensus COB minimum operating current is suggested to be no less than 20% of the typical value. While lower levels will not harm the device, they may result in uneven lighting across the LES area.
- $Note \ 5: \quad \textit{Caution must be taken not to stare at the light emitted from these LEDs. } \textit{Under special circumstances, the high intensity could damage the eye.}$
- Note 6: Data sheets are subject to changes without prior notice. Please refer to the Luminus web site for the latest data sheet revisions.

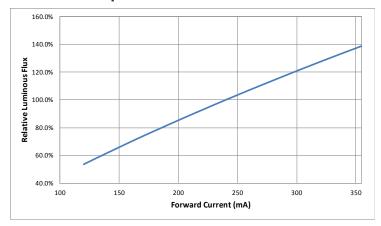




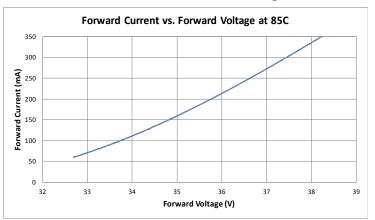


## **CXM-6 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

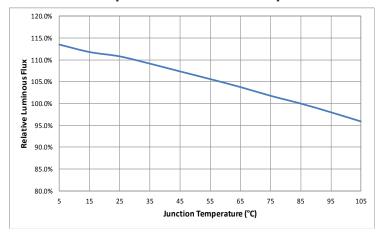
#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



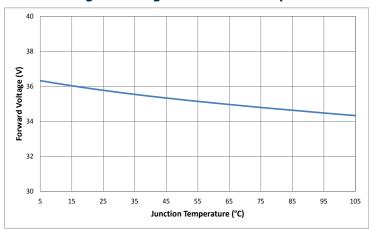
## Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**

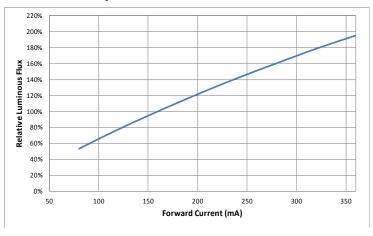


#### **Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**

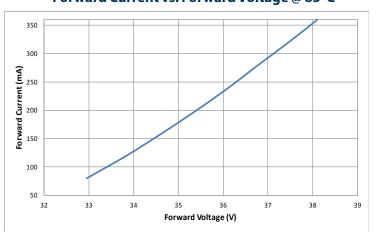


# CHM-6, CXM-7, CLM-9 Optical & Electrical Characteristics

#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



## Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



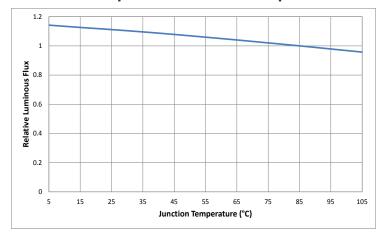




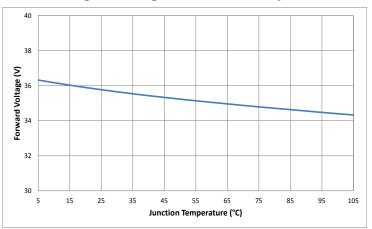


## CHM-6, CXM-7, CLM-9 Optical & Electrical Characteristics

#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**

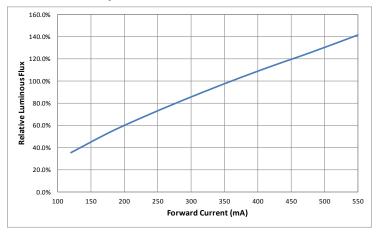


## Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



## **CXM-9 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

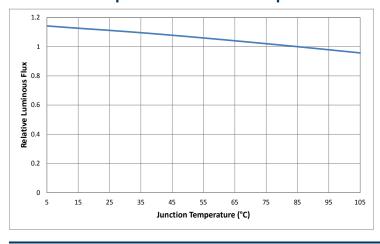
#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



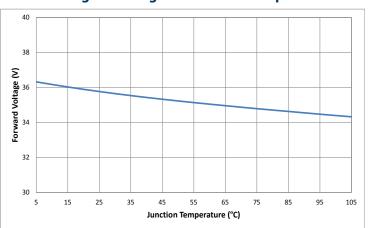
## Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**



#### **Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



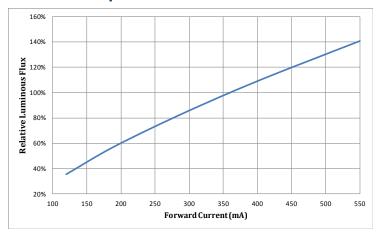




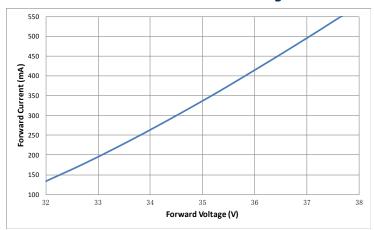


## **CHM-9 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

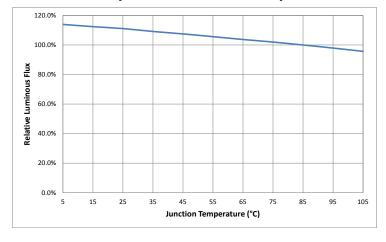
#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



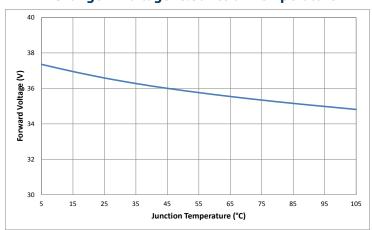
#### Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**

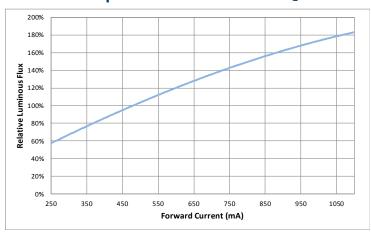


## Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

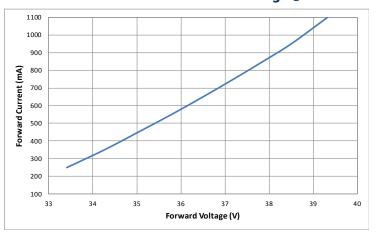


## CXM-11 & CXM-14 Optical & Electrical Characteristics

#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



#### Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



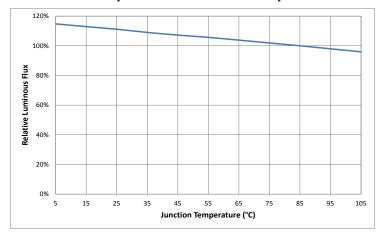




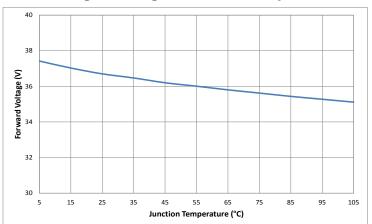


## CXM-11 & CXM-14 Optical & Electrical Characteristics

#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**

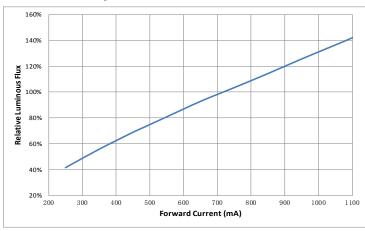


## Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

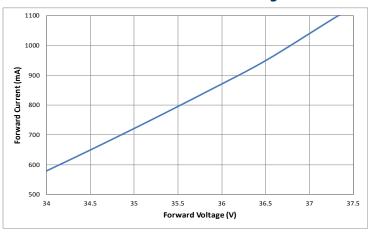


## **CHM-14 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

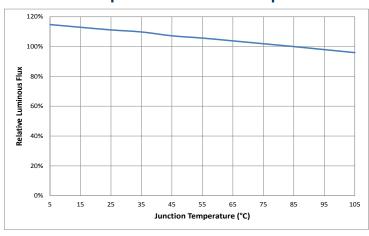
#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



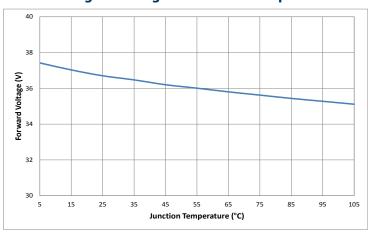
## Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**



#### **Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



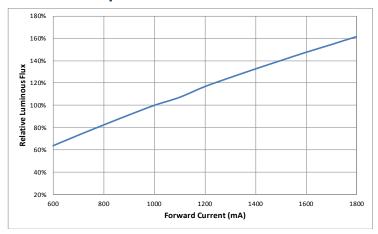




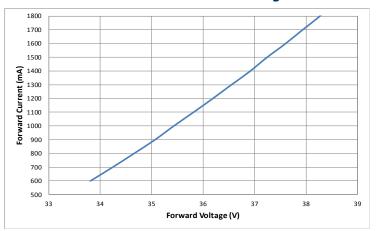


## **CXM-18 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

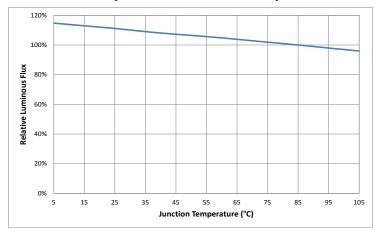
#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



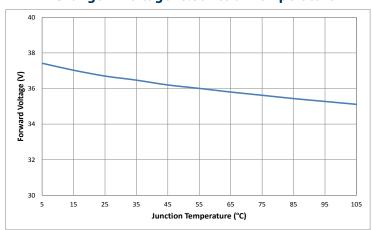
#### Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**

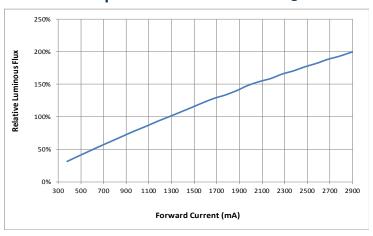


## Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

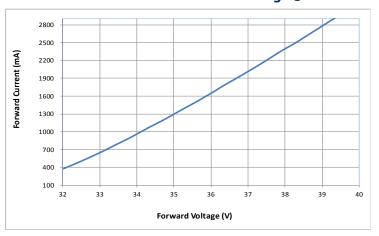


## **CXM-22 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



#### Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



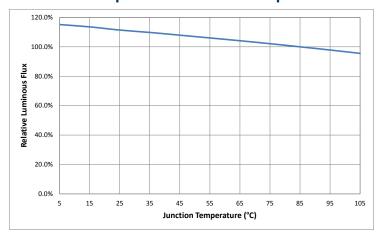




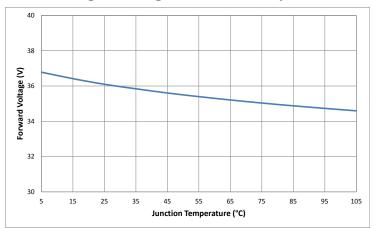


## **CXM-22 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**

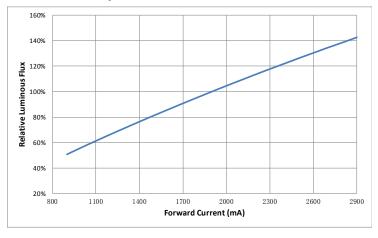


## Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

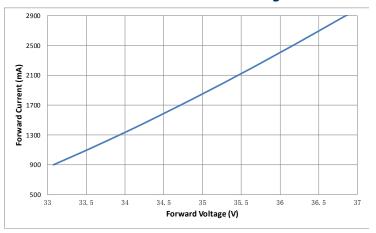


## **CHM-22 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**

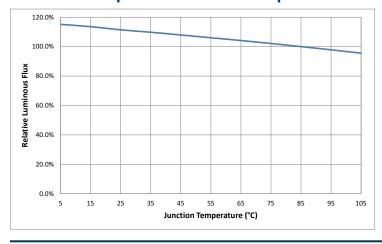
#### Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C



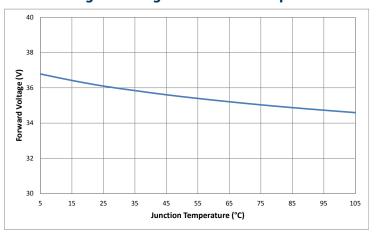
## Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C



#### **Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**



#### **Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



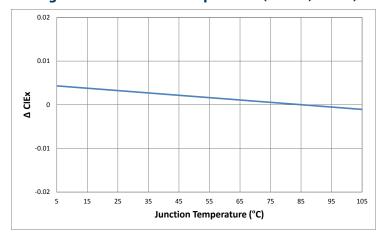




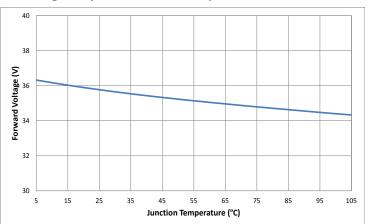


## **Chromaticity Shift Characteristics**

#### Change CIEx vs. Junction Temperature (3000K, 80CRI)

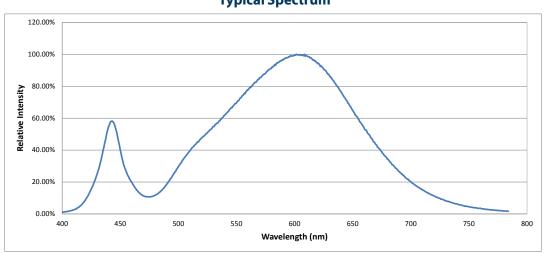


## Change CIEy vs. Junction Temperature (3000K, 80CRI)

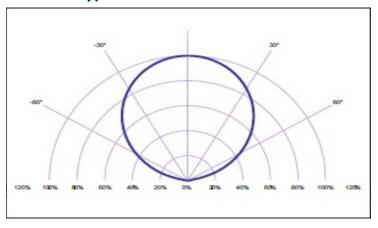


# **Optical Characteristics**

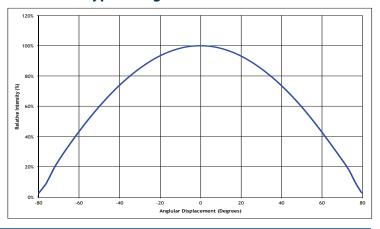
#### **Typical Spectrum**



## **Typical Polar Radiation Pattern**



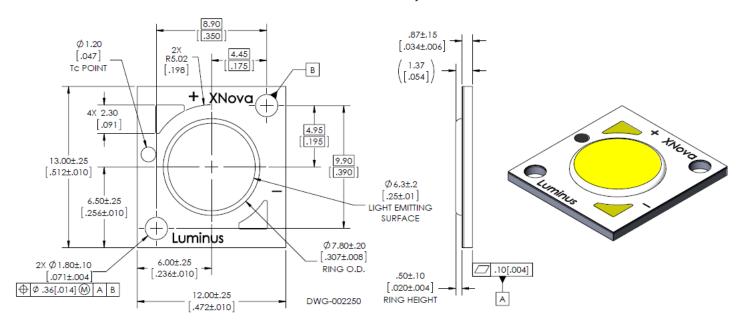
## **Typical Angular Radiation Pattern**



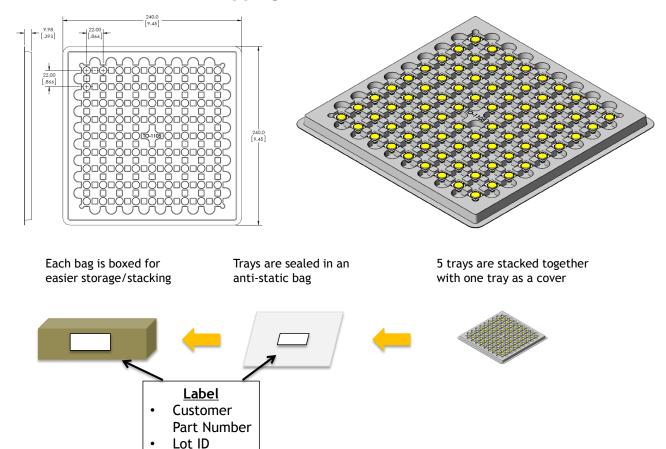




## **Mechanical Dimensions, CXM/CHM-6**



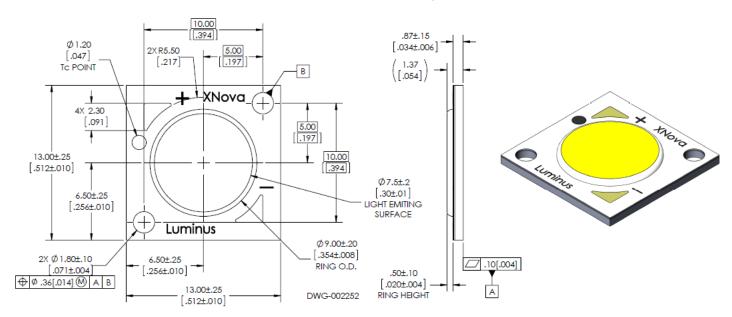
# **Shipping Container, CXM-6**



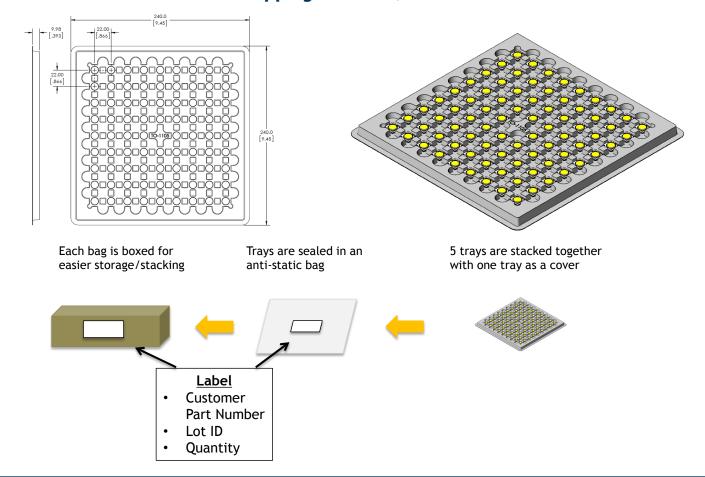
Quantity



# **Mechanical Dimensions, CXM-7**

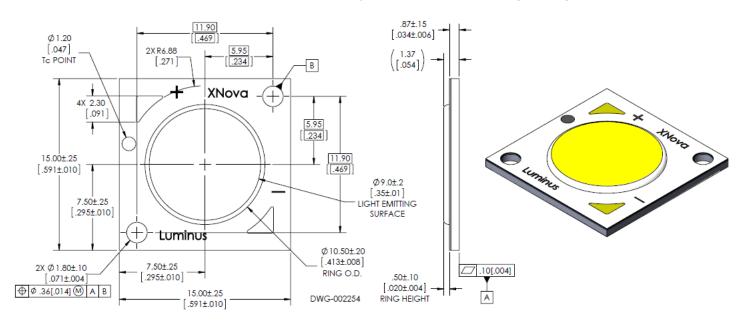


# **Shipping Container, CXM-7**

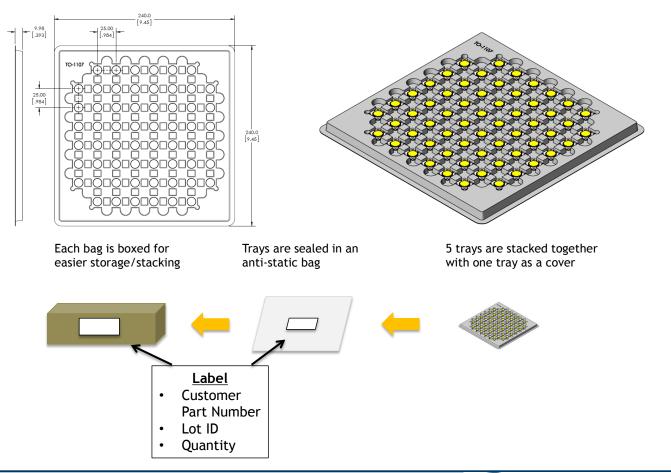




## Mechanical Dimensions, CLM/CXM/CHM-9 (AA00)

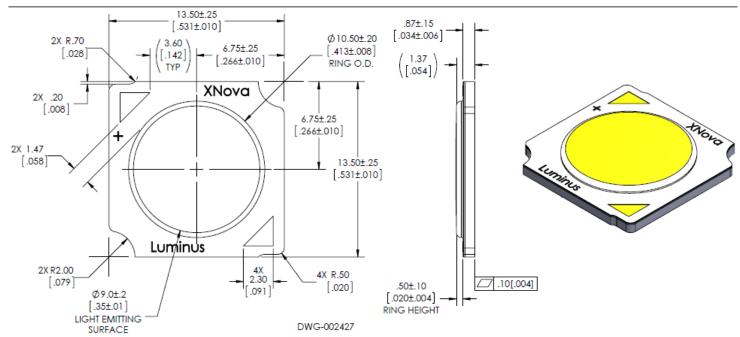


# **Shipping Container, CLM/CXM/CHM-9 (AA00)**

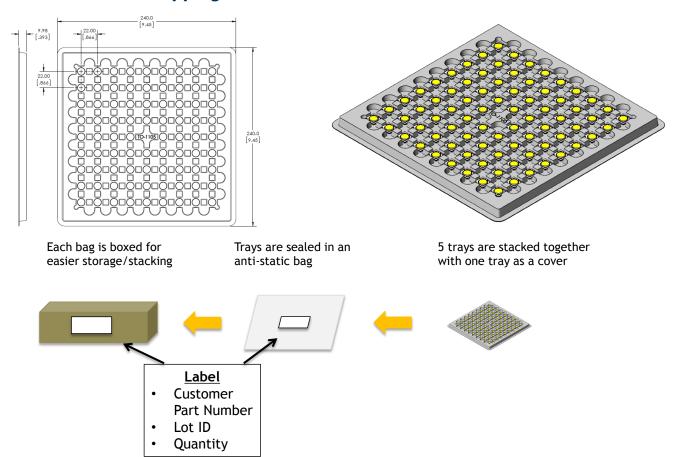




# **Mechanical Dimensions, CLM/CXM/CHM-9 (AC00)**

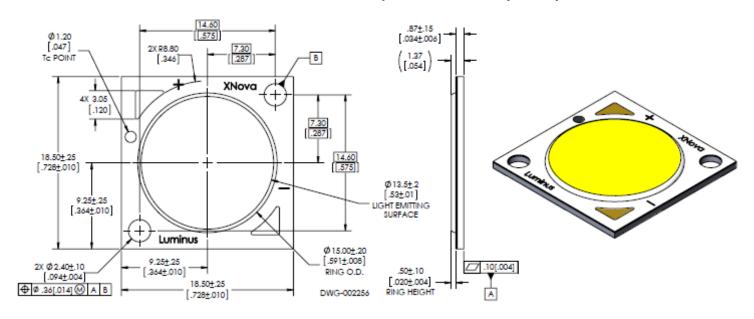


# **Shipping Container, CLM/CXM/CHM-9 (AC00)**

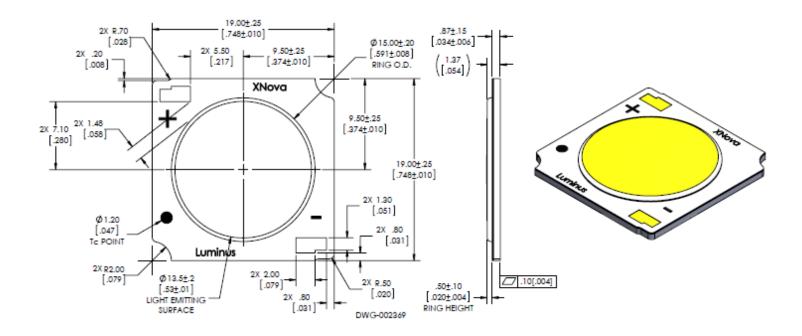




# Mechanical Dimensions, CXM/CHM-14 (AA00)



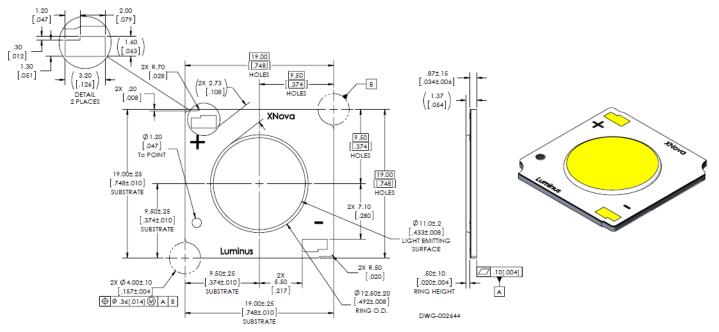
# **Mechanical Dimensions CXM/CHM-14(AC00)**



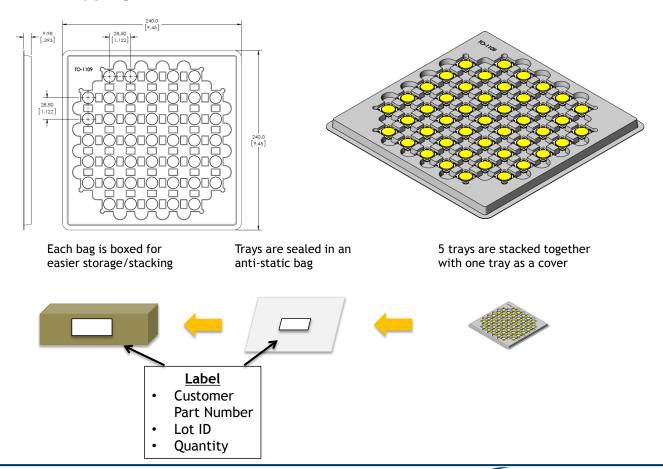




# **Mechanical Dimensions CXM-11 (AC00)**

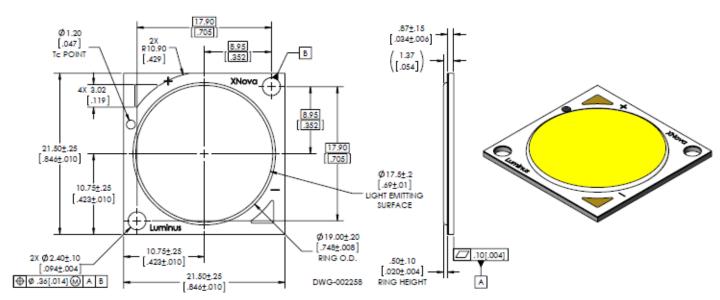


# Shipping Container, CXM-11 & CXM/CHM-14 (AA00 and AC00)

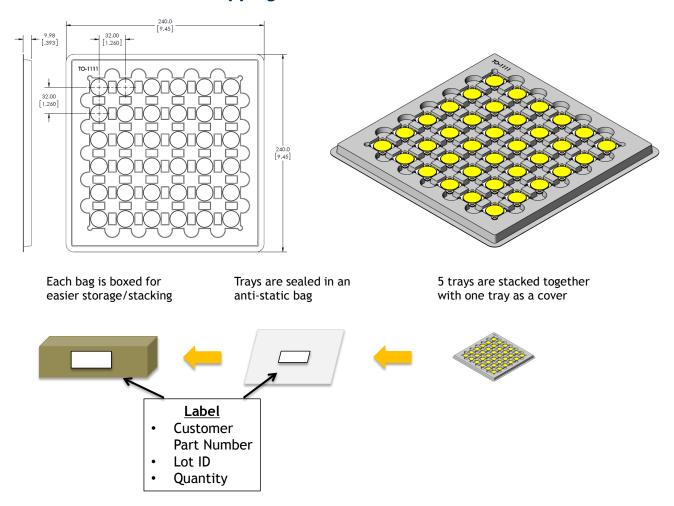




## **Mechanical Dimensions, CXM-18**

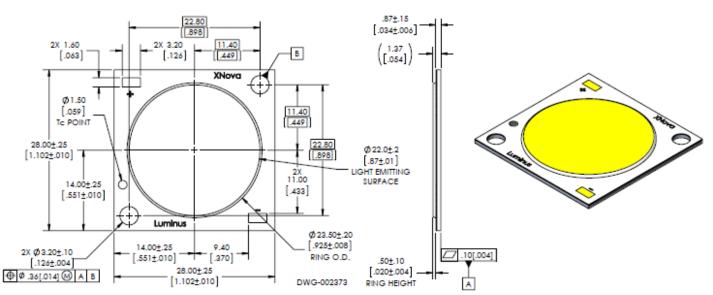


# **Shipping Container, CXM-18**

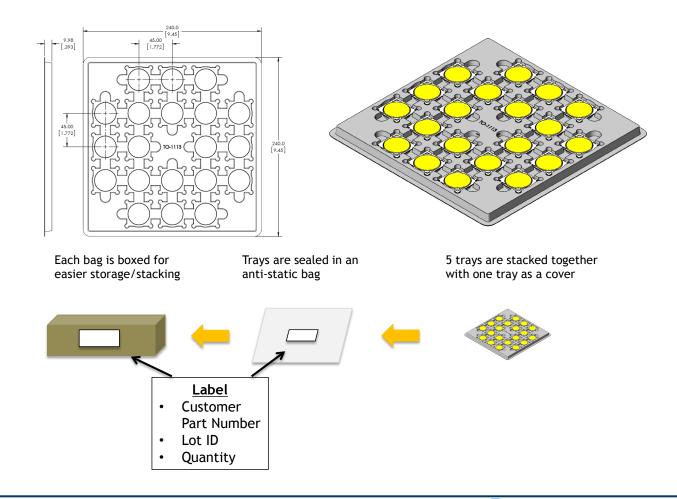




## **Mechanical Dimensions, CXM/CHM-22**



# **Shipping Container, CXM/CHM-22**



## Sensus<sup>™</sup> LED Series Product Datasheet



# **Handling Notes for Luminus COBs**

Luminus products are designed for robust performance in general lighting application. However, care must be taken when handling and assembling the LEDs into their fixtures. To avoid damaging Luminus COBs please follow these guide lines.

The following is an overview of the application notes detailing some of the practices to follow when working with these devices. More detailed information is available on the Luminus web site at www.luminus.com.

#### **General Handling**

Devices are made to be lifted or carried with tweezers on two adjacent corners opposite the contact pads. At no time should the devices be handled by or should anything come in contact with the light emitting surface (LES) area. This area includes the yellow colored circular area and the ring surrounding it. There are electrical connections under the LES which if damaged will cause the device to fail.

In addition, the ring frame itself should not be used for moving, lifting or carrying the device. Also do not attach any optics or mechanical holders to the ring as it is not capable to handle the mechanical stress.

#### **Static Electricity**

Luminus COBs are electronic devices which can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). Please use appropriate measures to assure the devices do not experience ESD during their handling and or storage. ESD protection guidelines should be used at all times when working with Luminus COBs.

Storage: Luminus products are delivered in ESD shielded bags and should be stored in these bags until used.

Assembly: Individuals handling Luminus COBs during assembly should be trained in ESD protection practices. Assemblers should maintain constant conductive contact with a path to ground by means of a wrist strap, ankle straps, mat or other ESD protection system.

Transporting: When transporting the devices from one assembly area to another, ESD shielded carts and carriers should be used.

#### **Electrical Contact**

Luminus COBs are designed with contact pads on their top surface. These pads are clearly marked with + and – polarity. Wires can be soldered to the contact pads for electrical connections or other solderless connector products are available.

If wires are being soldered to the COB product, we recommend attaching these wires prior to mounting the devices to a heat sink. Please contact Luminus for specific recommendations on how to solder wires if not familiar with the standard practice. Luminus can also offer design recommendations for jigs to allow easily soldering multiple products in rapid succession.

#### **Chemical Compatibility**

The resin material used to form the LES can getter hydrocarbons from the surrounding environment. As a results, certain chemical compounds are not recommended for use with the Luminus products. Use of these compounds can cause damage to the light output of the device and may permanently damage the device. Please refer to www.luminus.com for a list of the compounds not recommended for use with the Luminus COB products.

#### Thermal Interface Material (TIM)

Proper thermal management is critical for successful operation of any LED system. Excess operating temperature can reduce the light output of the device. And excessive heating can cause permanent damage to the device. Proper TIM material is a crucial component for effective heat transfer away from the LED during normal operation. Please refer to www.luminus.com for specific recommendations for TIM solutions.



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