

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶):志盛翔 (日期): 2017-04-12

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : GT 50V33μF(φ5X11)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPI	JER
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)
李婷	王国华

CUS	TOMER
APPROVAL (批准)	SIGNATURE (签名)

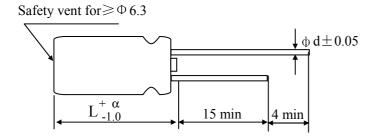
ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

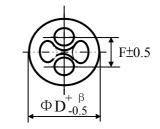
		SPECIFICAT			ALTERN.	ATION HIS ECORDS	TORY
Dar	Data	GT SERIE		Contanta			Annacia
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver

Version 01 Page 1

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics





α	L<20 : α=1.5
β	ΦD<20 : β

* If it is flat rubb surface.

N o.	SAMXON Part No.	WV (Vdc)	Cap. (μF)	Cap. tolerance	Temp. range(°C)	tanδ (120Hz, 20℃)	Leakage Current (μΑ,2min)	Max Ripple Current at 105℃ 100KHz (mA rms)	Impedan at 20°C 100kHz (Ωmax
1	EGT336M1HD11RR**P	50	33	-20%~+20%	-40~105	0.10	16.5	180	0.70

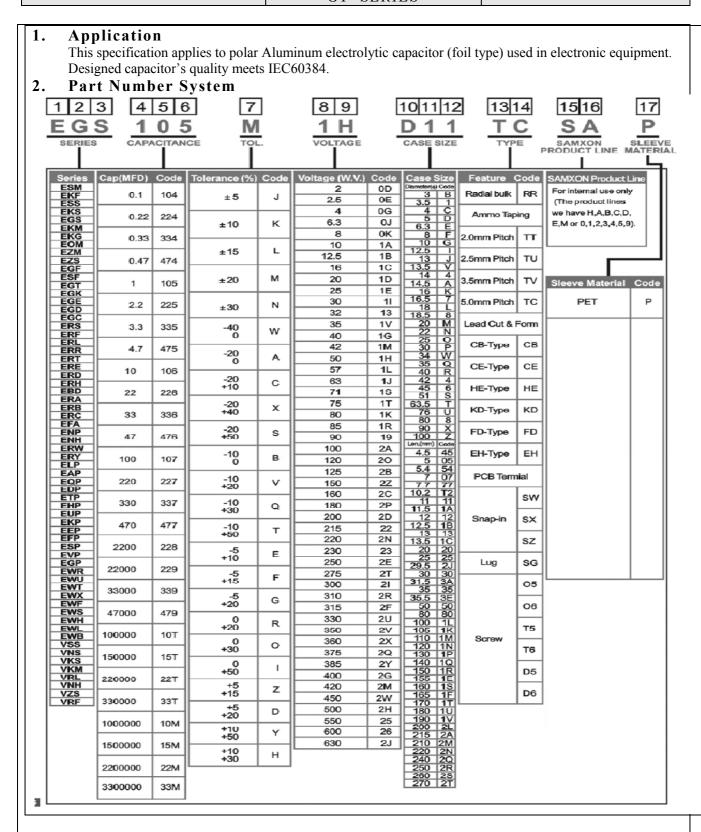
***	0.1	D	
Version	01	Page	2

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

SAMXON

CONTENTS **Sheet** Application 4 1. 2. Part Number System 4 Construction 3. 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 $\tan \delta$ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')" Attachment: Application Guidelines 12~15

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

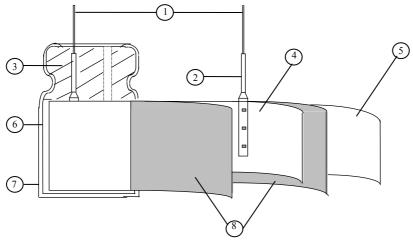


ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

SAMXON

3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C Relative humidity : 45% to 85% Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature $: 20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

Version	01		Page	5
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

	ITEM				PERFO	RMANC	E.			
	Rated voltage (WV)									
4.1		WV (V.DC)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	100
	Surge voltage (SV)	SV (V.DC)	8	13	20	32	44	63	79	125
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	Condition> Measuring Free Measuring Volume Measuring To Criteria> Shall be within	oltage emperat	: N ure : 20)±2℃	han 0.5V				
4.3	Leakage current	<condition> Connecting the minutes, and the condition of the connecting the minutes, and the condition of the connection of the connection</condition>	then, me		•		istor (1	k Ω ± 10	DΩ) in s	eries for
4.4	tan δ	<condition> See 4.2, Norm <criteria> Refer to Table</criteria></condition>	-	itance, fo	r measur	ing frequ	ency, vo	oltage and	d tempera	iture.
4.5	Terminal strength	Condition> Tensile Stre Fixed the conding Stre Fixed the cand seconds. Bending Stre Fixed the cand seconds. Diameter 0.5m Over 0.5 Criteria No notice	ength of apacitor ength of pacitor, 2~3 second er of lead and and and and and and and and and a	f Termina applied f onds, and d wire less 0.8mm	Tens	ent the te tit it for 90 ile force 1 (kgf) 5 (0.51) 0 (1.0)	rminal (10° to its	1~4 mm toriginal properties (kg 2.5 (0 5 (0	from the position of the posit	rubber) fo within 2~

Version	01		Page	6
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

		<condition></condition>								
		STEP	Testi	ng Tempe	rature(°C)			Time		
		1		20 ± 2	2	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibrii	ım
		2		-40(-25)	<u>±3</u>	Time	to reach	thermal e	quilibri	ım
		3		20 ± 2	2	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibri	ım
		4		105±	2	Time	to reach	thermal e	guilibrii	ım
		5		20 ± 2		-	to reach		-	
		<criteria></criteria>							1	
		a. tan δ shall b	e with	in the lim	it of Item	4.4The le	eakage cu	ırrent me	asured s	hall not
		more than 8 tim					C			
	Temperature	b. In step 5, ta	n δ sha	all be with	nin the lin	it of Iter	n 4.4The	leakage	current	shall no
4.6	characteristi	more than the s								
4.0	cs	c. At- 40° C (-25 table.	5°C), iı	mpedance	(z) ratio s	hall not o	exceed th	e value o	of the fol	lowing
		Working Voltage	e (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	8	6	4	3	3	3	3
		Working Voltage	e (V)	100				l		I.
		Z-25°C/Z+20		2						
		Z-40°C/Z+20		3						
		For capacitance			i FAdd 0 '	5 ner ano	ther 1000) u F for	Z- 25/ Z +	20℃
		r or capacitance	rarac	10001	. ,					
						_				
		Capacitance, tan	δ , and	d impedan	Add 1.0	per anot	her 1000	μF for Z		
		<condition></condition>			Add 1.0	per anot e measur	her 1000 ed at 120	μF for Z Hz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20℃.
					Add 1.0	per anot e measur	her 1000 ed at 120	μF for Z Hz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20℃.
		Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with	C6038	34-4No.4.3	Add 1.0 ace shall b	per anote measures, The carated ripp	her 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is le curren	F for Z Hz. s stored a	z-40°C/z	Z+20°C. erature content to the sum of
		Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple	CC6038 DC bi	34-4No.4. as voltage voltage sh	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall be a shall be a shall be a shall not explus the a	b per anote e measures, The ca ated ripp	pacitor is le curren	μ F for Z	t a tempole 1. (The voltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum
		Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should I	CC6038 DC bi peak	34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall be a shall be a shall not explus the real not explusive shours recommend to the shall be a shal	b per anote e measures, The ca ated ripp	pacitor is le curren	μ F for Z	t a tempole 1. (The voltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum
4.7	Load	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should I result should me	CC6038 DC bi peak	34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall be a shall be a shall not explus the real not explusive shours recommend to the shall be a shal	b per anote e measures, The ca ated ripp	pacitor is le curren	μ F for Z	t a tempole 1. (The voltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the the sum of the the sum of
4.7	life	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria>	CC6038 DC bi peak be teste eet the	34-4No.4. as voltage voltage sh ed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall be a shall be a shall not explain the	b per anote measureds, The carated ripp acceed the covering to	pacitor is le curren e rated w ime at at	μ F for Z	t a tempole 1. (The voltage)	Z+20°C. erature content the sum of
4.7		Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris	DC bi peak be teste be teste eet the	34-4No.4 as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ace shall be 13 method plus the	s, The ca ated ripp acced the covering t	pacitor is le curren e rated with ments.	F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab yorking v mospher	t a tempole 1. (The voltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the the sum of the the sum of
4.7	life	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage	DC bit peak be testiceet the tic sha	34-4No.4 as voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ace shall be a plus the reall not explain the real stable: e followin Value in	b per anote measures, The capated ripp acceed the covering to grequire 4.3 shall	pacitor is le curren e rated with at at ments.	μ F for Z Hz. s stored a t for Tab yorking v mospher	t a tempole 1. (The voltage)	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the the sum of the the sum of
4.7	life	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should I result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita	DC bit peak be testiceet the tic sha	34-4No.4 as voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall not expluse the real not expluse the real shall not expluse the shours real stable: The following the following within the shall not expluse the s	ls, The carated ripp acceed the covering to g require 4.3 shall	pacitor is le curren e rated wime at at ments.	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	t a tempole 1. (The conditions of the second of the conditions of	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of then the the sum of the the sum of
4.7	life	<condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitatan δ</criteria></condition>	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren	34-4No.4 as voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall not explus the real not explusive following table: e following Value in Within 1.0 Not more	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200	pacitor is le curren e rated wrime at at ments. be satisfi initial value of the	F for ZoHz. S stored at for Tabyorking with mospher sied alue.	t a tempole 1. (The leading of the condite	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of the the the sum of the the sum of the the the sum of the the the sum of the sum
4.7	life	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should I result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren	34-4No.4 as voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall not expluse the real not expluse the real shall not expluse the shours real stable: The following the following within the shall not expluse the s	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200	pacitor is le curren e rated wrime at at ments. be satisfi initial value of the	F for ZoHz. S stored at for Tabyorking with mospher sied alue.	t a tempole 1. (The leading of the condite	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of the the the sum of the the sum of the the the sum of the the the sum of the sum
4.7	life	<condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should Iresult should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tan δ Appearan</criteria></condition>	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren	34-4No.4 as voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall not explus the real not explusive following table: e following Value in Within 1.0 Not more	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200	pacitor is le curren e rated wrime at at ments. be satisfi initial value of the	F for ZoHz. S stored at for Tabyorking with mospher sied alue.	t a tempole 1. (The leading of the condite	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of the the the sum of the the sum of the the the sum of the the the sum of the sum
4.7	life	<condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should I result should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitat tan δ Appearan <condition></condition></criteria></condition>	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the nange	Add 1.0 ace shall be 13 method e plus the reall not explain the shall not explain the following table: e following Value in Within 15 Not more the shall not explain the shall	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le curren e rated wrime at at ments. be satisficinitial value of the leakage of the satisficial value of the leakage of the satisficial value of the leakage of the satisficial value of the satisficial value of the leakage of the satisficial value of the satis	s stored a t for Tab yorking v mospher	t a tempole 1. (The late of the second it is condited as the late of the late	erature of the sum of Then the ions. The
4.7	life	<condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should Iresult should me <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tan δ Appearan</criteria></condition>	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the thange	Add 1.0 ace shall be a shall not explus the real not expluse the real not expluse the following table: There shall be a shall not expluse the real not expluse in the shall not expluse the following table: There shall be a shall not expluse the following table: There shall be a shall not expluse the following table: There shall be a shall be a shall not expluse the following table to the following table table to the following table tab	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le curren e rated wrime at at ments. be satisfi initial va 10% of the leakage of the data at a telescore data at a	F for ZoHz. S stored at for Tabyorking with the specifie of electro	t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condited d value. lyte.	erature of the sum of Then the thions. The
4.7	life	<condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitatan δ Appearan <condition> The capacitors and</condition></condition>	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the tt mange stored witlowing this	Add 1.0 ace shall be 13 method plus the real not expense of hours recognized the following table: Within \(\frac{1}{2} \) Within \(\frac{1}{2} \) There shall the no voltates period to the shall be considered to the following table: Where \(\frac{1}{2} \)	by per another measures, The capacide state of the covering to	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial valued at a telegraph of the leakage of the data at a telegraph of the leakage of the data at a telegraph of the leakage of the data at a telegraph of the leakage of the data at a telegraph of the leakage of the data at a telegraph of the leakage of the	F for ZoHz. S stored at t for Tab yorking womospher Sed alue. E specific of electro	t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condited a value. Iyute.	± 2°C form the test
	life test	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should In result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitat tan δ Appearan Condition> The capacitors an 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connected.	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the nange stored will lowing this yed to state a series l	Add 1.0 ace shall be a last the no voltas period to be a last timiting re-	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 alge applie room ten esistor(1k	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	From For Zorking was mospher died alue. Sepecifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8	t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condited divalue. In the divided by the condited divided by the condited divided by the condited by the condi	±2°C form the test
4.7	life test Shelf life	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the nange stored will lowing this yed to state a series l	Add 1.0 ace shall be a last the no voltas period to be a last timiting re-	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 alge applie room ten esistor(1k	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	From For Zorking was mospher died alue. Sepecifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8	t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condited divalue. In the divided by the condited divided by the condited divided by the condited by the condi	±2°C form the test Next the d voltage
	life test	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should In result should me Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitat tan δ Appearan Condition> The capacitors an 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connected.	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the nange stored will lowing this yed to state a series l	Add 1.0 ace shall be a last the no voltas period to be a last timiting re-	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 alge applie room ten esistor(1k	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	From For Zorking was mospher died alue. Sepecifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8	t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condited divalue. In the divided by the condited divided by the condited divided by the condited by the condi	±2°C form the test Next the d voltage
	life test Shelf life	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the nange stored will lowing this yed to state a series l	Add 1.0 ace shall be a last the no voltas period to be a last timiting re-	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 alge applie room ten esistor(1k	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	From For Zorking was mospher died alue. Sepecifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8	t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condited divalue. In the divided by the condited divided by the condited divided by the condited by the condi	±2°C form the test
	life test Shelf life	Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteris	DC bi peak be teste eet the tic sha curren nce Ch	as voltage shed after 16 following ll meet the nange stored will lowing this yed to state a series l	Add 1.0 ace shall be a last the no voltas period to be a last timiting re-	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 alge applie room ten esistor(1k	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	From For Zorking was mospher died alue. Sepecifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8 With Electromagnetic for 4~8	t a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condited divalue. In the divided by the condited divided by the condited divided by the condited by the condi	±2°C form the test

Version	01		Page	7
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

		<criteria></criteria>	4 6 11
		The characteristic shall meet	
	Shelf	Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
4.8	life	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 25\%$ of initial value.
7.0	test	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		increase. Please apply voltag	e stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may e through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary.
			pe 15~35℃.
4.0	Surge		Not more than the energified value
4.9	test	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within ±15% of initial value.
		tan δ	Not more than the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Attention:	
		over voltage as often applied	age at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to su
4.10	Vibration test	Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter g in place with a bracket. 4mm or les	e : 1.5mm : $10\text{Hz} \sim 55\text{Hz} \sim 10\text{Hz}$ in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fix Within 30°
		After the test, the following	items shall be tested: No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting.

Version	01		Page	8
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

		<condition></condition>		
		The capacitor shall be test	ted under the following : 245±3°C	
		Soldering temperature		
	G . 1.1 1. 114	Dipping depth	: 2mm	
4.11	Solderability	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5n	nm/s
	test	Dipping time <criteria></criteria>	: 3±0.5s	
		<criteria></criteria>	A minim	um of 95% of the surface being
		Coating quality	immerse	9
			minerse	
		<condition></condition>		
		-		nto solder bath at 260 ± 5 °C for 10
		1 seconds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C fo	$r3^{+1}_{-0}$ seconds to 1.5~2	2.0mm from the body of capacitor.
				al temperature and normal humidit
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before meas	surement.	
4.12	solder heat	<criteria></criteria>		
	test	Leakage current	Not more than	n the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	% of initial value.
		tan δ	Not more than	n the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be	e no leakage of electrolyte.
		G. W.I		
		<condition></condition>	ding to IEC60294 AN	In 17 mathods, canacitar shall be
		placed in an oven, the con		No.4.7methods, capacitor shall be
		• -	Time	
		(1)+20°C	emperature	≤3 Minutes
		(2)Rated low tempera	30 ± 2 Minutes	
	Change of	(3)Rated high temper		30 ± 2 Minutes
4.13	temperature	· / U		30 ½ 2 Williates
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, tot Criteria>	al 5 cycle	
		The characteristic shall m	eet the following rea	urement
		Leakage current	Not more than th	
		tan δ	Not more than th	*
		Appearance		leakage of electrolyte.
			The blan of ho	
		<condition> Humidity Test:</condition>		
		-	No 4.12 methods, car	pacitor shall be exposed for 500 ± 8
				2° C, the characteristic change shall
		meet the following require		2 C, the characteristic change shall
		<criteria></criteria>		
	Damp heat	Leakage current	Not more than the s	pecified value.
4.14	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of in	
		tan δ	Not more than 120%	6 of the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no le	-

Version	01		Page	9
---------	----	--	------	---

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

4.15	Vent test	22.4 or less Over 22.4 <criteria> The vent shall operate with no pieces of the capacitor and/or or other capacitor.</criteria>	ith its poable is aparent (A) 1 10 dangero	plarity revoplied.	versed to	a DC po		Then a
	Maximum	Condition> The maximum permissible r at 120Hz and can be applied Table-1 The combined value of D.C rated voltage and shall not r Frequency Multipliers: Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap. (μ F)	d at maxi voltage	mum ope	erating te	mperatur	e	ceed the
	permissible	15~33	0.45	0.55	0.70	0.90	1.00	
4.16	(ripple	39~330	0.60	0.70	0.85	0.95	1.00	
	current)	390~1000	0.65	0.75	0.90	0.98	1.00	
		1200~3900	0.75	0.80	0.95	1.00	1.00	

Version 01	Page	10
------------	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

SAMXON

5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances				
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds				
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds				
Tieavy illetais	Mercury and mercury compounds				
	Hexavalent chromium compounds				
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)				
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)				
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)				
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)				
	Other chlorinated organic compounds				
D : 1	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)				
Brominated	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including				
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])				
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds				
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)				
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)				
Asbestos					
Specific azo com	pounds				
Formaldehyde					
Beryllium oxide					
Beryllium coppe	er				
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)				
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)				
Perfluorooctane s	ulfonates (PFOS)				
Specific Benzotri	azole				

Version	01		Page	11
---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

SAMXON

Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2) Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

 $\phi 6.3 \sim \phi 16$ mm:2mm minimum, $\phi 18 \sim \phi 35$ mm:3mm minimum, $\phi 40$ mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

Version 01	01		Page	12
------------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

SAMXON

(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about $1k\Omega$.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result.

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

Version 01 Page 13		1 ()1			113
--------------------	--	-------	--	--	-----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

SAMXON

2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

Version 01 Page 14	Version	01		Page	14
--------------------	---------	----	--	------	----

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

SAMXON

The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

Version 01 Page 15	
--------------------	--

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors - Leaded category:

Click to view products by Man Yue manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LXY50VB4.7M-5X11 MAL203125221E3 MAL204216159E3 ESMG101ETD100MF11S RBC-25V-10UF-4X7 RE3-35V222MJ6# RFO100V471MJ7P# B41041A2687M8 B41041A7226M8 B41044A7157M6 EKRG250ELL100MD07D EKXG201EC3101ML20S

EKXG351ETD6R8MJ16S EKZM160ETD471MHB5D EPA-201ELL151MM25S NCD681K10KVY5PF NRLF103M25V35X20F

KM4700/16 KME50VB100M-8X11.5 RXJ222M1EBK-1625 SG220M1CSA-0407 ES5107M016AE1DA ESX472M16B MAL211929479E3

40D506F050DF5A TE1202E 36DA273F050BB2A KME25VB100M-6.3X11 511D336M250EK5D 511D337M035CG4D

515D477M035CG8PE3 052687X EKMA500ELL4R7ME07D EKRG100ETC221MF09D NRE-S560M16V6.3X7TBSTF

ERZA630VHN182UP54N MAL214099813E3 MAL211990518E3 MAL204281229E3 NEV680M35EF 686KXM050M ERS1VM222L30OT

EGW2GM150W16OT EGS2GM6R8G12OC EHS2GM220W20OT ERF1VM222L30OT ERF1KM151G20OT EKZE500ELL101MHB5D

EKMM251VSN221MP25S RGA221M1HBK-1016G