

## SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

# 規格書

**CUSTOMER:** DATE:

(客戶):志盛翔 (日期):2019-03-01

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : KM  $400V120\mu F(\phi 18x35)$ 

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLI	IER
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)
李婷	刘渭清

CUSTO	OMER
APPROVAL	SIGNATURE
(批准)	(签名)

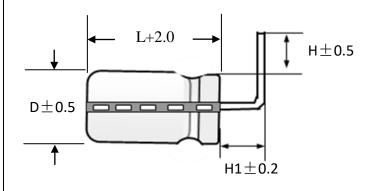
## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

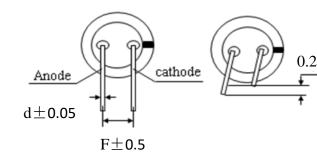
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ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

## Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics





Shape Cod

PC Type

No	SAMXON Part No.	WV (Vdc)	Cap. (μF)	Cap. tolerance	Temp. range(°C)	tan <b>δ</b> (120Hz, 20°C)	Leakage Current (μΑ,2min)	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 120Hz (mA rms)	Load lifetime (Hrs)
1	EKM127M2GL35PC**P	400	120	-20%~+20%	-25~105	0.24	1480	570	2000

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**Attachment: Application Guidelines** 

## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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12~15

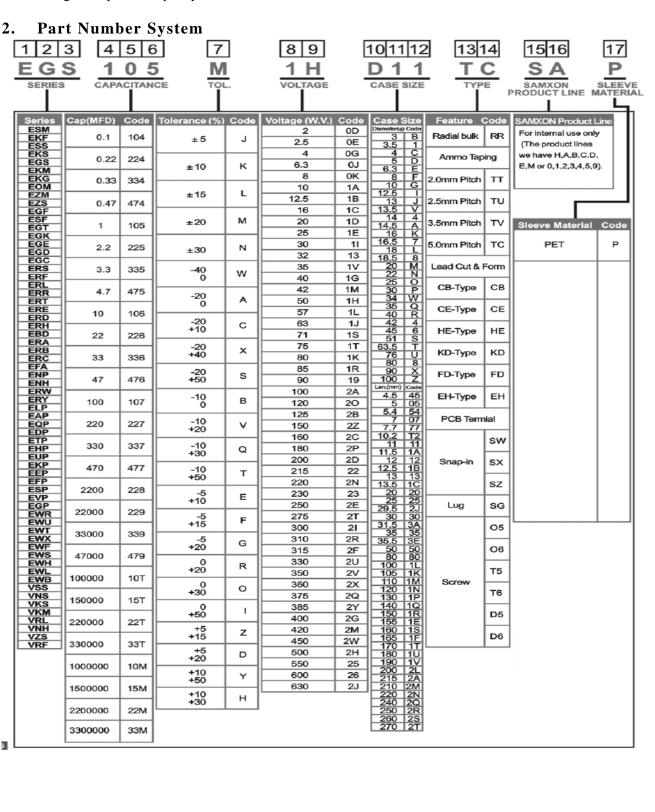
### CONTENTS **Sheet** 4 Application 1. 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current $4.4 an\delta$ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')"

## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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### 1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.



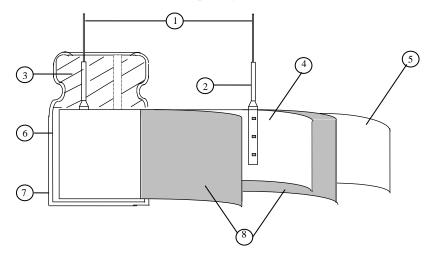
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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#### 3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

#### 4. Characteristics

#### Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature :  $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

#### Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

	ITEM				P	ERFOR	MANC	Е			
	Rated voltage	WV (V.DC)	6.3	10		16	25	35	50	63	100
	(WV)	SV (V.DC)	8	13		20	32	44	63	79	125
4.1		WV (V.DC)	160	200	220	250	250	100	420	450	
	Surge voltage (SV)	SV (V.DC)	160 200	200 250	220	300		400	420	500	
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<condition> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with</criteria></condition>	requenc oltage empera	ture :	Not 1 20±	2℃	an 0.5V				
4.3	Leakage current	<condition> Connecting to minutes, and  <criteria> Refer to Table</criteria></condition>	he capa then, m			-		stor (1	kΩ ±1	0Ω) in s	series for
4.4	tanδ	<condition> See 4.2, Nor  <criteria> Refer to Tabl</criteria></condition>	m Capa	citance	, for n	neasurir	ng frequ	ency, vo	ltage ar	nd temper	rature.
4.5	Terminal strength	0.51 Over 0.	ength of capacitor rength of apacitor 2~3 second rer of lease mm and 5mm to	r, applie of Term, applie onds, a ad wire less 0.8mn	inals. d forcend the	Tensile (l	e force N (cgf) (0.51)	rminal (1)° to its	Bendin (1 2.5 5 (	from the position  g force N  kgf)  (0.25)  0.51)	rubber) f within 2-

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

		<condition></condition>							
		STEP Test	ing Tempe	erature(°C)			Time		
		1	20±2	2	Time	to read	ch thermal ed	quilibriu	m
		2	-40(-25)	±3	Time	to read	ch thermal ed	- quilibriu	m
		3	20±		_		ch thermal ed	•	
		4	105±				ch thermal ed	•	
		5	20±2				ch thermal ed	_	
		<criteria></criteria>	20 ± .	<u></u>	Tillic	to reac	on thermal ec	quinoriui	.11
		a. $\tan \delta$ shall be with	hin the lim	nit of Item	4 4The l	aakana	current mea	cured ch	all not
		more than 8 times of			+.+111C I	cakage	current mea	isuicu sii	an not
	Temperature	b. In step 5, tanδ sl	-		it of Ite	n 4 4T	he leakage o	nirrent s	hall no
	characteristi	more than the specifi		inii tiic iiii	nt or iter	.11 7,71	ne reakage e	ourrent si	nan no
4.6	cs	c. At-40°C (-25°C),		e (z) ratio s	hall not	exceed	I the value of	f the follo	owing
		table.	mpedanee	(2) 14410 1	nun not	0,10000	the varae of	tile form	5 W 1111 B
		Working Voltage (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	5	4	3	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	10	8	6	4	3	3	3
		Z-40 C/Z+20 C	10	o	0	4	3	3	3
		Working Voltage (V)	100	160~220	250-	-350	400~420	450	
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	2	3	4	1	6	15	
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	3						
			1000	T 4 110	_ '			1	
		For capacitance value	$e > 1000 \mu$	F, Add 0.3	per and	ther 10	000µ F for Z	Z-25/Z+2	0℃.
		For capacitance value	e > 1000µ		-		•		
		For capacitance value Capacitance, tanδ, and	·	Add 1.0	per ano	ther 10	000µ F for Z		
		Capacitance, $tan\delta$ , and	·	Add 1.0	per ano	ther 10	000µ F for Z		
		•	nd impedai	Add 1.0	per ano e measur	ther 10 red at 1	000µ F for Z 120Hz.	-40°C/Z-	+20°C.
		Capacitance, tanδ, an   Condition> According to IEC603	nd impedar	Add 1.0 nce shall b	per ano e measures, The ca	ther 10 red at 1	000µ F for Z 20Hz.	a tempe	+20°C.
		Capacitance, $\tan \delta$ , and $<$ Condition> According to IEC603 $105 \ \ \ \pm 2$ with DC b	nd impedar 84-4No.4. bias voltago	Add 1.0 nce shall b	per ano e measures, The ca	ther 10 red at 1 apacito	000µ F for Z 20Hz. or is stored at rent for Tabl	a temper	+20°C. rature €
		Capacitance, tanδ, an   Condition> According to IEC603	nd impedar 884-4No.4. bias voltage voltage sl	Add 1.0 nce shall b	s, The ca	red at 1 apacito le curr e rated	2000µ F for Z 20Hz. For is stored at the rent for Tabl	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	rature of sum of then the
	Load	Capacitance, $\tan \delta$ , and $<$ Condition> According to IEC603 $105 \% \pm 2$ with DC bd DC and ripple peak	84-4No.4. bias voltage sl ted after 16	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours rec	s, The ca	red at 1 apacito le curr e rated	2000µ F for Z 20Hz. For is stored at the rent for Tabl	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	rature of sum of then the
4.7	Load life	Capacitance, tanδ, and  Condition> According to IEC603  105 °C ± 2 with DC to DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria>	184-4No.4. bias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable:	s, The ca ated ripp acceed the	ther 10 red at 1 red	or is stored at rent for Tabl working vo	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	rature of sum of then the
4.7		Capacitance, tanδ, an <condition> According to IEC603  105 ℃ ±2 with DC to DC and ripple peak product should be tes result should meet the</condition>	184-4No.4. bias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable:	s, The ca ated ripp acceed the	ther 10 red at 1 red	or is stored at rent for Tabl working vo	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	rature of sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, and  Condition> According to IEC603  105 °C ± 2 with DC to DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the Criteria>	84-4No.4. voltage sl ted after 10 e following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable:	per ano e measures, The ca ated ripp acced the covering	ther 10 red at 1 apacito ole curre rated time at 1 apacito ole curre	2000µ F for Z 20Hz. For is stored at tent for Tabl I working von a atmospherical	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	rature of sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tanδ, and <condition> According to IEC603 105 °C ±2 with DC to DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic should should should should meet the <criteria></criteria></criteria></condition>	nd impedar 884-4No.4. bias voltage voltage sl ted after 10 e following all meet th	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours reag table:	per ano e measures, The cated ripp acced the covering grequire 4.3 shall	ther 10 red at 1 red	2000µ F for Z 20Hz. For is stored at tent for Table I working vor at atmospherical	a temper e 1. (The oltage) T	rature of sum of then the
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		<criteria></criteria>	4 6 11
		The characteristic shall meet	
	Shelf	Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
4.8	life	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.
4.0	test	tanδ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Remark: If the capacitors are	stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may
		increase. Please apply voltage	e through about 1 k $\Omega$ resistor, if necessary.
		<condition></condition>	
			e capacitor connected with a (100 $\pm$ 50)/ $C_R$ ( $k\Omega$ ) resistor
			tted to 1000 cycles, each consisting of charge of 30 $\pm 5$ s
		followed discharge of 5 min	
		The test temperature shall b	
		C <sub>R</sub> :Nominal Capacitance (	J F)
4.0	Surge	<criteria></criteria>	N
4.9	test	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Attention:	
			ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to such
		over voltage as often applied	
4.10	Vibration test	perpendicular directions.  Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter g in place with a bracket.  4mm or less	: 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30°
		Appearance of	To be soldered  Items shall be tested:  No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting.  No damage of tab terminals or electrodes.  No mechanical damage in terminal. No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case.  The markings shall be legible.

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

		<condition></condition>		***	
		The capacitor shall be tes		conditions:	
		Soldering temperature	: 245±3°C		
	Solderability	Dipping depth	: 2mm		
4.11	test	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5mr	n/s	
		Dipping time < Criteria >	: 3±0.5s		
		Coating quality	A minimu immersed	m of 95% of the surface bein	ng
		<condition></condition>			
		Terminals of the capacito	r shall be immersed in	to solder bath at $260\pm5$ °C f	for10=
		1seconds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C for	or $3^{+1}_{-0}$ seconds to 1.5~2.0	Omm from the body of capac	citor .
		Then the capacitor shall b	e left under the normal	temperature and normal hur	midity
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before mea	surement.		
4.12	solder heat	<criteria></criteria>	X	.1 '.0' 1 1	
	test	Leakage current		the specified value.	
		Capacitance Change		of initial value.	
		tanδ		the specified value.	
		Appearance	There shall be	no leakage of electrolyte.	
		<condition></condition>			
				.4.7methods, capacitor shall	l be
		placed in an oven, the con			
			emperature	Time	
		(1)+20°C		≤ 3 Minutes	
	Change of	(2)Rated low temper	ature (-40°C) (-25°C)	$30\pm2$ Minutes	
4.13	temperature	(3)Rated high tempe	rature (+105°C)	$30\pm2$ Minutes	
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, to	tal 5 cycle		
		<criteria></criteria>			
		The characteristic shall m			
		Leakage current	Not more than the	•	
		tanδ	Not more than the	•	
		Appearance	There shall be no l	eakage of electrolyte.	
		<condition> Humidity Test:</condition>			
		•	1No 4 12 methods, cans	acitor shall be exposed for 50	00 + 8
		•	-	C, the characteristic change	
		meet the following requir		c, the characteristic change	c silali
		<criteria></criteria>			
	Damp heat	Leakage current	Not more than the spe	ecified value.	
4.14	test	Capacitance Change	Within ±20% of init	ial value.	
		tanδ	Not more than 120%	of the specified value.	
		Appearance	There shall be no leak	tage of electrolyte.	
	i l		<del></del>	<del></del>	

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

4.15	Vent test	with vent.  D.C. test  The capacitor is current selected <table 3="">  Diameter (m  22.4 or les  Over 22.4  <criteria>  The vent shall op</criteria></table>	ss 1	larity re	versed	to a DC	power	source.	Γhen a
		at 120Hz and o Table-1 The combined	permissible ripple currean be applied at maximulation of D.C voltage and shall not reverse volultipliers:  Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap.(µ F)	mum op and the oltage.	erating	tempera	ature		eed the
4.16	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	6.3~100	~47 68~470 ≥560 0.47~220 ≥270	0.75 0.80 0.85 0.80 0.90	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.35 1.23 1.10 1.25 1.10	1.57 1.34 1.13 1.40 1.13	2.00 1.50 1.15 1.60 1.15	
			210	0.70	1.00	1.10	1.13	1.13	ı

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds
Haavy matals	Lead and lead compounds
Heavy metals	Mercury and mercury compounds
	Hexavalent chromium compounds
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)
	Other chlorinated organic compounds
	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)
Asbestos	
Specific azo com	pounds
Formaldehyde	
Beryllium oxide	
Beryllium coppe	er
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)
Perfluorooctane s	sulfonates (PFOS)
Specific Benzotri	azole

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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#### **Attachment: Application Guidelines**

#### 1. Circuit Design

#### 1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
  - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
  - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

#### 1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

#### 1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

#### (1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

#### (2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

#### (3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

#### (4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

#### 1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

#### (1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

#### (2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

#### 1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

#### (1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

#### (2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

#### (3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

#### (4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

#### (5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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#### (6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

#### 1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

#### 1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

#### CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

#### 2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately 1kΩ.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result.

#### 2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

#### 2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

### 2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

#### 2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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- 2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder
- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

#### 2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

#### 2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

#### 3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

#### 4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

#### 5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a  $1000\Omega$ , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

#### 5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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