

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): 志盛翔 (日期) 2020-8-26

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : KM 25V2200μF(φ12.5x20)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

| SUPPLIER | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PREPARED (拟定) | CHECKED (审核) | | | | | |
| 郭梦玉 | 吴仁奎 | | | | | |

| CUSTOMER | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| APPROVAL (批准) | SIGNATURE (签名) | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| | | SPECIFICAT | | | ALTERN. R | ATION HIST | ΓORY |
|------|------|------------|------|----------|--------------|------------|----------|
| Rev. | Date | Mark | Page | Contents | Purpose | Drafter | Approver |
| | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 1 |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES SAM

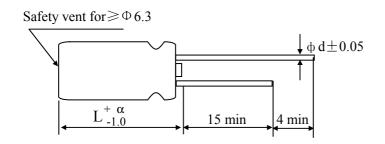
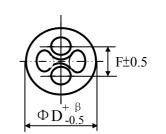


Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics



| α | L<20 : α=1.5 |
|---|--------------|
| β | ΦD<20 : β |

* If it is flat rubb surface.

| No. | SAMXON Part No. | WV (Vdc) | Cap. (μF) | Cap. tolerance | Temp. range($^{\circ}$ C) | tanδ (120Hz, 20℃) | Leakage Current (μΑ,2min) | Max Ripple Current at 105°C 120Hz (mA rms) | Load lifet e (Hi |
|-----|--------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 1 | EKM228M1EI20RR**P | 25 | 2200 | -20%~+20% | -40~105 | 0.18 | 550 | 1176 | 200 |

| | Issued-date: 2015-06-11 | | Specification Sheet – KM | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|
| | Version | 01 | | Page | 2 |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | |

4.13 Change of temperature

4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current)

Attachment: Application Guidelines

4.14 Damp heat test

6. Taping Dimension

Substances')"

5. Forming Dimension

4.15 Vent test

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

14

15~17

18

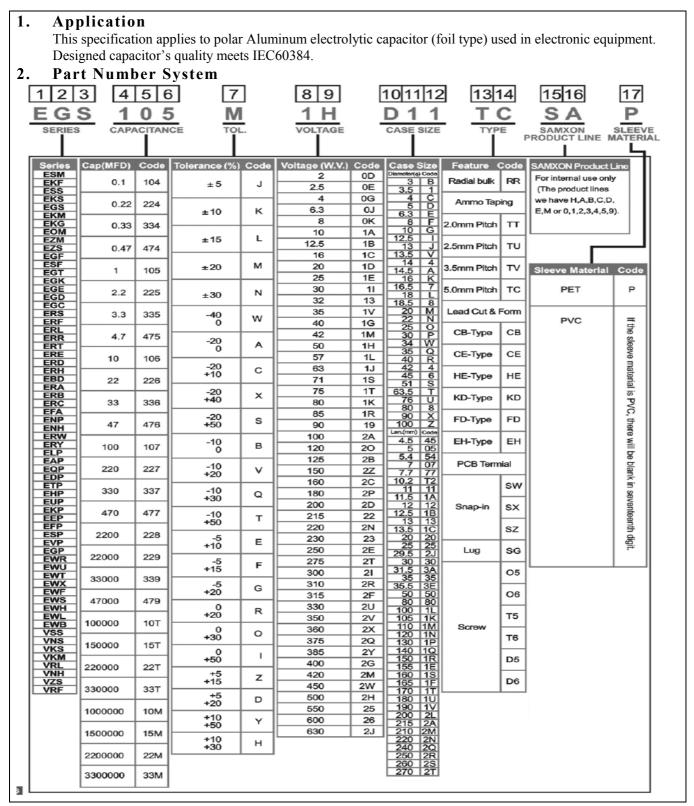
19~24

CONTENTS **Sheet** Application 1. 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 6~13 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 $tan \delta$ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 3 | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | |

7. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES



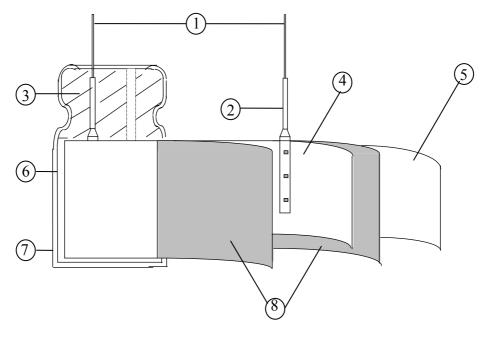
| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 4 | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



| No | Component | Material |
|----|------------------|--|
| 1 | Lead line | Tinned CP wire (Pb Free) |
| 2 | Terminal | Aluminum wire |
| 3 | Sealing Material | Rubber |
| 4 | Al-Foil (+) | Formed aluminum foil |
| 5 | Al-Foil (-) | Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil |
| 6 | Case | Aluminum case |
| 7 | Sleeve | PVC/PET |
| 8 | Separator | Electrolyte paper |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 5 |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are

as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 6 | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| Tabl | e 2 ITEM | | | | PEI | RFOR | MANCE | 3 | | | |
|------|---|--|--|---------|--------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|------------------|------------|
| | Rated voltage (WV) | WV (V.DC) | WV (V.DC) 6.3 10 16 25 35 50 63 | | | | | | | 63 | 100 |
| | (| SV (V.DC) | 8 | 13 | 2 | 0 | 32 | 44 | 63 | 79 | 125 |
| 4.1 | Course and to an | WV (V.DC) | 160 | 200 | 220 | 250 | 350 | 400 | 420 | 450 | |
| | Surge voltage (SV) | SV (V.DC) | 200 | 250 | 270 | 300 | | 450 | 470 | 500 | |
| 4.2 | Nominal capacitance (Tolerance) | Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with</criteria> | Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance. | | | | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Leakage current | <pre><condition> Connecting t minutes, and <criteria> Refer to Tabl</criteria></condition></pre> | the capa then, m | | _ | | | stor (1k | z Ω ± 10 | Ω) in se | ries for 2 |
| 4.4 | tan δ | <condition> See 4.2, Nor <criteria> Refer to Tabl</criteria></condition> | m Capa | citance | for mo | easuri | ng frequ | ency, vo | oltage an | nd tempera | ature. |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 7 | | | | | |
| | STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| | | Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminal Fixed the capacitor, applied a seconds. Bending Strength of Termina Fixed the capacitor, applied a for 90° within 2~3 seconds, a 2~3 seconds. | force to the terminal is. Sorce to bent the terminal is | nal (1 \sim 4 mm from the rubber |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|--|
| 4.5 Terminal strength | | Diameter of lead wire 0.5mm and less Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm | Tensile force N (kgf) 5 (0.51) 10 (1.0) | Bending force N (kgf) 2.5 (0.25) 5 (0.51) |
| | | <criteria></criteria> | | ge or looseness at the terminal |
| 4.6 | Temperature characteristics | Condition> STEP Testing Temper 1 20±2 2 -40(-25) 3 20±2 4 105± 5 20±2 Criteria> a. tan δ shall be within the late leakage current means | Time to $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{\pm 3}{2}$ Time to $\frac{1}{2}$ | Time reach thermal equilibrium |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 8 | | | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| | | b | At-40°C (-25°C), imped | | 1 | 1 | | | | | T |
|-----|---------------|----|--|---|---|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------|----------|------------|
| | | - | Working Voltage (V) | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | | 35 | 50 | 63 |
| | | | Z-25°C/Z+20°C | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | | Z-40°C/Z+20°C | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4.6 | | Г | Working Voltage (V) | 100 | 160~22 | 20 250 | 0~350 | 400 |)~420 | 450 | |
| | | | Z-25°C/Z+20°C | 2 | 3 | | 4 | | 6 | 15 | |
| | | | Z-40°C/Z+20°C | 3 | | | | _ | | | |
| | |] | For capacitance value > | | , Add 0.5 | per ano | ther 100 | 00 µ F | for Z- | -25°C/Z | ±20°C, |
| | | | 1 | | * | per and | | | | | |
| | | (| Capacitance, $tan \delta$, and | impedan | ce shall b | e measu | red at 12 | 20Hz. | | | |
| | | • | <condition></condition> | | | | | | | | |
| | | | According to IEC6038 | | | | - | | | | |
| | | | at a temperature of 10: | $5^{\circ}C \pm 2 \text{ v}$ | with DC l | bias volt | age plu | s the r | rated r | ipple cu | irrent for |
| | | | Table 1. (The sum of | | | _ | | | | | _ |
| | | | voltage) Then the pr | | | | | | | overing | time at |
| | Load | | atmospheric conditions | s. The resi | alt should | l meet th | e follow | ving ta | able: | | |
| 4.7 | life | | <criteria></criteria> | .11 4 41 | - C-11: | | | | | | |
| | test | | The characteristic sha | | ue in 4.3 | | | | | | |
| | | | Leakage current Capacitance Change | | $\frac{\text{de in 4.3}}{\text{hin } \pm 20^{\circ}}$ | | | | | | |
| | | | tan 8 | | | | | | iod vol | 110 | |
| | | | Appearance | Not more than 200% of the specified value. There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. | | | | | | | |
| | | | Арреаганес | 1110 | ic shall b | c no ica | kage of | CICCII | Olyte. | | |
| | | <(| Condition> | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | The capacitors are then | stored wit | h no volta | age appl | ied at a | tempe | erature | of 105 | ±2°C for |
| | | | 1000+48/0 hours. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Following this period to | | | | | om the | e test | chambe | r and be |
| | | | allowed to stabilized at | | | | | 41 4 | | | a |
| | | | Next they shall be connected to a series limiting resistor($1k\pm 100 \Omega$) with D.C. rated voltage applied for 30min. After which the capacitors shall be discharged, and then | | | | | | | | |
| | Chalf | | voltage applied for 30n | | which th | ne capac | itors sh | all be | disch | arged, a | ind then, |
| 4.8 | Shelf life | | ested the characteristics Criteria | . | | | | | | | |
| 7.0 | test | | The characteristic shall | meet the | following | require | nents. | | | | |
| | | | Leakage current | | e in 4.3 sl | | | | | | |
| | | | Capacitance Change | With | in ±20% | of initi | al value |) . | | | |
| | | | tan δ | | nore than | | | | l value | | |
| | | | Appearance | | e shall be | | | | | | |
| | | | Remark: If the capacito | | | | | | - | nt mav | increase. |
| | | | Please apply vo | | | | | | | | |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 9 | | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| 4.9 | Surge test | |
|------|---------------|---|
| 4.10 | Vibration | Condition> The following conditions shall be applied for 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency range : 10Hz ~ 55Hz Peak to peak amplitude : 1.5mm Sweep rate : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed in place with a bracket. Within 30° 4mm or less Within 30° |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 10 | | | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| | | Inner construction | No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting. |
|------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Appearance | No damage of tab terminals or electrodes. No mechanical damage in terminal. No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case. The markings shall be legible. |
| 4.11 | Solderability test | Soldering temperature Dipping depth Dipping speed Dipping time <criteria> Coating quality</criteria> | ted under the following conditions: : 245±3°C : 2mm : 25±2.5mm/s : 3±0.5s A minimum of 95% of the surface being immersed |
| 4.12 | Resistance to solder heat test | 260 ± 5 °C for 10 ± 1 secon the body of capacitor . | or shall be immersed into solder bath at ds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 3^{+1}_{-0} seconds to $1.5 \sim 2.0$ mm from the left under the normal temperature and normal refore measurement. Not more than the specified value. Within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value. Not more than the specified value. There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 11 | | | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| | | Condition> Temperature Cycle: According to IEC6038 oven, the condition ac | 4-4No.4.7methods, cap | acitor sha | all be placed in an |
|------|----------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------|
| | | Te | emperature | Т | Time |
| | | (1)+20°C | | €3 | Minutes |
| | | (2)Rated low tempera | ature (-40°C) (-25°C) | 30 ± 2 | Minutes |
| | | (3)Rated high temper | rature (+105°C) | 30 ± 2 | Minutes |
| | | (1) to (3)=1 cycle, tot | tal 5 cycle | | |
| 4.13 | Change of temperature test | Criteria> The characteristic shall Leakage current tan δ Appearance | Not more than the s Not more than the s There shall be no le | pecified pecified | value. |
| | Damp heat | Condition> Humidity Test: According to IEC60384 be exposed for 500±81 40±2°C, the characteris Criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tan δ | hours in an atmosphere | of 90~95 ne follow cified val al value. | %R H .at ing requirement. |

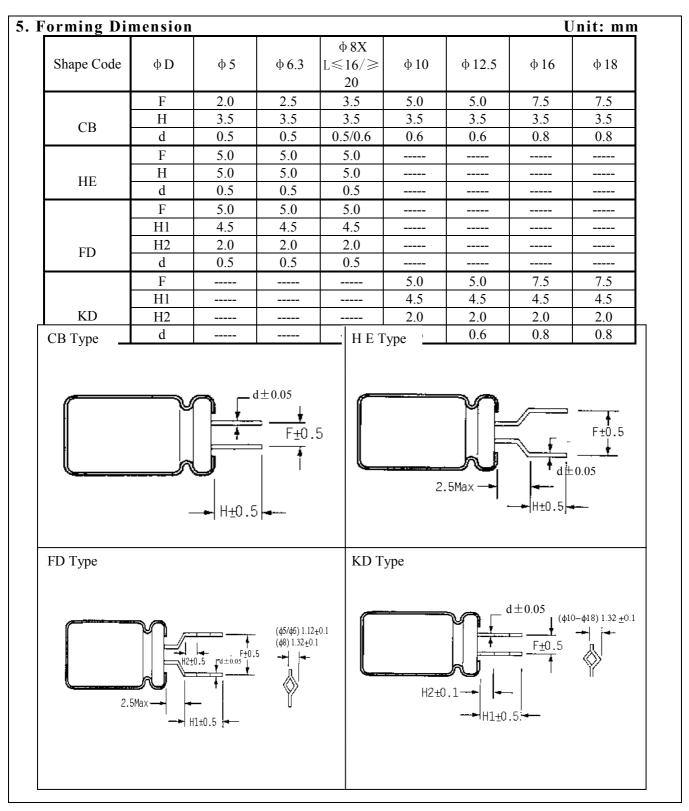
| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 12 | | | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| | Vent | ≥Ø6.3 with ven D.C. test The capacitor is | s connected with its po selected from below to | olarity re | eversed | to a 100 | | | |
|------|----------|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 4.15 | 22.4 1 1 | | | | | | | - | |
| | Maximum | at 120Hz and ca Table-1 The combined v the rated voltag | permissible ripple curr an be applied at maxin value of D.C voltage a ge and shall not revers altipliers: Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap.(µ F) | num op | erating peak A | tempera | ature | | |
| 4.16 | - | | 6.3~100 | ~47 68~470 ≥560 0.47~220 | 0.75 0.80 0.85 0.80 | 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 | 1.35 1.23 1.10 1.25 | 1.57 1.34 1.13 1.40 | 2.00 1.50 1.15 1.60 |
| | | 160~450 | ≥270 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.10 | 1.13 | 1.15 | |

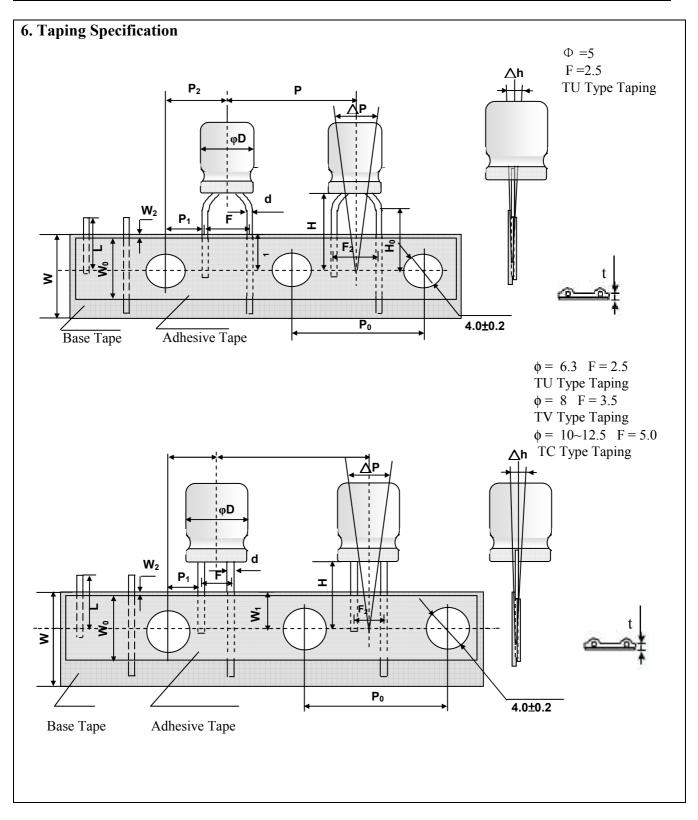
| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 13 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES



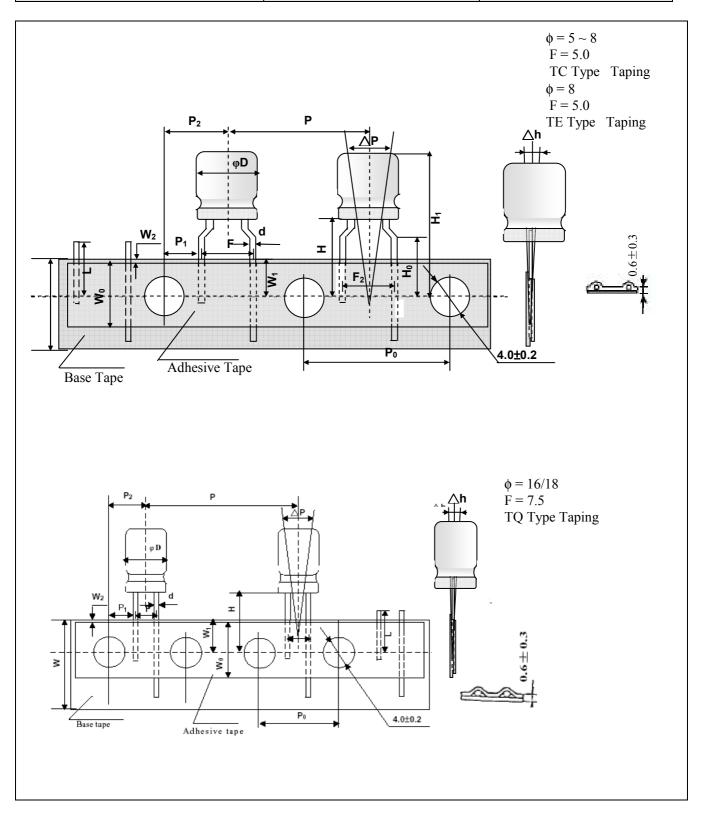
| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 14 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES



| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 15 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES



| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 16 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

| Remark: Maximum Taj | oing Dime | ension: 1 | 8mm Di | ameter | | | | | Į | Jnit: mm |
|--|----------------------|-----------|--------|--------|---------|-------|------|-------|-------|----------|
| Item | Т | U | TV | | Т | C | | TE | TQ | |
| Diameter | D | 5 | 6.3 | 8 | 5 / 6.3 | 8 | 10 | 12.5 | 8 | 16/18 |
| Height | A | 9~15 | 9~15 | 10~20 | 9~15 | 10~20 | 9~30 | 15~35 | 10~20 | 15~40 |
| Lead Diameter | d±0.05 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| Component Spacing | P±1.0 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 15 | 12.7 | 30 |
| Pitch of sprocket holes | $P_0 \pm 0.2$ | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 15 | 12.7 | 15 |
| Distance between centers of terminal | $P_1 \pm 0.5$ | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.85 | 3.85 | 3.85 | 5.0 | 3.85 | 3.75 |
| Feed hole center to component center | $P_2 \pm 1.0$ | | | 6. | 35 | | | 7.5 | 6.35 | 7.5 |
| Distance between centers of component leads | $F_{-0.5}^{+0.8}$ | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 7.5 |
| Carrier tape width | $W_{-0.5}^{+1}$ | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Hold down tape width | \mathbf{W}_0 | | | 7n | nin | | | 12min | 7min | 12min |
| Distance between the center of upper edge of carrier tape and sprocket hole | W ₁ ± 0.5 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Distance between the upper edges of the carrier tape and the hold down tape | W_2 | | | | | 3max | | | | |
| Distance between the abscissa and the bottom of the components body | +0. 75 H -0. 5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 20.0 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 |
| Distance between the abscissa and the reference plane of the components with crimped leads | H ₀ ±0.5 | | | | 16 | 16 | | | 16 | |
| Cut off position of defectives | L | 11 max | | | | | | | | |
| Max. lateral deviation of the component body vertical to the tape plane | Δh | 2 max | | | | | | | | |
| Max. deviation of the component body in the tape plane | ΔP | 1.3 max | | | | | | | | |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 17 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

7.It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

| | Substances | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Cadmium and cadmium compounds | | | | | | | |
| Heavy metals | Lead and lead compounds | | | | | | | |
| Heavy metals | Mercury and mercury compounds | | | | | | | |
| | Hexavalent chromium compounds | | | | | | | |
| | Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) | | | | | | | |
| Chloinated | Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN) | | | | | | | |
| organic | Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT) | | | | | | | |
| compounds | Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP) | | | | | | | |
| | Other chlorinated organic compounds | | | | | | | |
| Duraninatad | Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) | | | | | | | |
| Brominated | Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including | | | | | | | |
| organic | decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE]) | | | | | | | |
| compounds | Other brominated organic compounds | | | | | | | |
| Tributyltin comp | ounds(TBT) | | | | | | | |
| Triphenyltin com | pounds(TPT) | | | | | | | |
| Asbestos | | | | | | | | |
| Specific azo com | pounds | | | | | | | |
| Formaldehyde | | | | | | | | |
| Beryllium oxide | | | | | | | | |
| Beryllium coppe | er | | | | | | | |
| Specific phthalate | es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP) | | | | | | | |
| Hydrofluorocarbo | on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC) | | | | | | | |
| Perfluorooctane s | sulfonates (PFOS) | | | | | | | |
| Specific Benzotri | Specific Benzotriazole | | | | | | | |

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 18 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20 °C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tan δ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).
- 1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 19 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements.

Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2) Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3) Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 20 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~ φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~ φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 21 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about $1 \text{k} \Omega$.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k \Omega$.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result.

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- * (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- * (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- * (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
 - (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

<u>For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.</u>

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve.

For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 22 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- * (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried.
 - The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- * (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;
 - Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.
- . Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.
- . Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.
- Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.
- Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.
- * (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- * (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor.

Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers.

After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- * (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- * (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- * (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 23 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

- * (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- * (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- * (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed $100\,^{\circ}$ C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail.

After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a $1000\,\Omega$, current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes .

If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

- * Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.
- * Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

| Name | | Specification Sheet – KM | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|------|----|--|--|--|
| Version | 01 | | Page | 24 | | | |
| STANDARD MANUAL | | | | | | | |

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors - Leaded category:

Click to view products by Man Yue manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LXY50VB4.7M-5X11 MAL203125221E3 MAL204216159E3 ESMG101ETD100MF11S RBC-25V-10UF-4X7 RE3-35V222MJ6# RFO100V471MJ7P# B41041A2687M8 B41041A7226M8 B41044A7157M6 EKRG250ELL100MD07D EKXG201EC3101ML20S

EKXG351ETD6R8MJ16S EKZM160ETD471MHB5D EPA-201ELL151MM25S NCD681K10KVY5PF NRLF103M25V35X20F

KM4700/16 KME50VB100M-8X11.5 RXJ222M1EBK-1625 SG220M1CSA-0407 ES5107M016AE1DA ESX472M16B MAL211929479E3

40D506F050DF5A TE1202E 36DA273F050BB2A KME25VB100M-6.3X11 511D336M250EK5D 511D337M035CG4D

515D477M035CG8PE3 052687X EKMA500ELL4R7ME07D EKRG100ETC221MF09D NRE-S560M16V6.3X7TBSTF

ERZA630VHN182UP54N MAL214099813E3 MAL211990518E3 MAL204281229E3 NEV680M35EF 686KXM050M ERS1VM222L30OT

EGW2GM150W16OT EGS2GM6R8G12OC EHS2GM220W20OT ERF1VM222L30OT ERF1KM151G20OT EKZE500ELL101MHB5D

EKMM251VSN221MP25S RGA221M1HBK-1016G