

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): (日期):2017-08-12

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : KM 400V68μF(φ18x25)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

| SUPPLIER | | | | | | | | |
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| PREPARED (拟定) | CHECKED (审核) | | | | | | | |
| 李婷 | 刘渭清 | | | | | | | |

| CUSTOMER | | | | | | | | |
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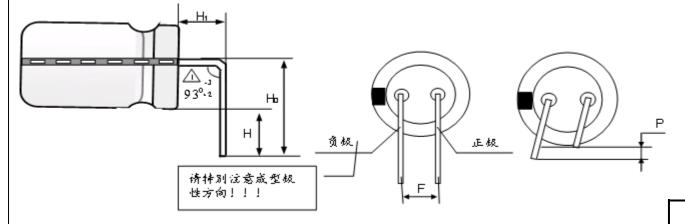
ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics



Shape Co

NC Typ

| N o. | SAMXON Part No. | WV (Vdc) | Cap. (μF) | Cap. tolerance | Temp. range($^{\circ}$ C) | tanδ (120Hz, 20℃) | Leakage Current (μΑ,2min) | Max Ripple Current at 105°C 120Hz (mA rms) | Load lifetime (Hrs) |
|---------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 1 | EKM686M2GL25NC**P | 400 | 68 | -20%~+20% | -25~105 | 0.24 | 856 | 390 | 2000 |

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

SAMXON

12~15

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This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384. 2. Part Number System 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 101112 1314 1516 17 EGS 1 0 5 M 1 H D 1 1 TC SA P SERIES CAPACITANCE TOL. VOLTAGE CASE SIZE TYPE PRODUCT LINE MATERIAL Series Cap(MFD) Code Tolerance (%) Code Voltage (W.V.) Code Case Size Feature Code SAMXON Product Line For internal use only (The product lines we have H.A.B.C.D. EKS 0.22 224 ±10 K 6.3 0 W 6.3 E We have H.A.B.C.D. E.M or 0,1,2,3,4,5,9).

| EGS | <u> </u> | U | <u> </u> | _ | 1 [| | ווע | | _ | <u> 5 A</u> | \mathbf{P} |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------------|----------|----------------|----------|--|--------------|----------|---|--------------|
| SERIES | CAPA | CITAN | CE TOI | | VOLTAGE | | CASE SIZE | TYP | | SAMXON PRODUCT LINE N | SLEE |
| - 1 | | 1 | - 1 | | - 1 | | - 1 | - 1 | | I | L |
| | O (MED.) | <u> </u> | T-1(0) | 0.1 | N-4 04/X | 0-1- | 0 0 | | | | _ |
| Series ESM | Cap(MFD) | Code | Tolerance (%) | Code | Voltage (W.V.) | 0D | Case Size | Feature C | ode | SAMXON Product | |
| EKF | 0.1 | 104 | ±5 | J | 2.5 | 0E | 3 B | Radial bulk | RR | For internal use onl (The product lines | У |
| ESS EKS | | | | | 4 | 0G | 3.5 1 4 C | Ammo Ton | ina | we have H,A,B,C,D |). |
| EGS | 0.22 | 224 | ±10 | ĸ | 6.3 | OJ | 5 D 6.3 E | Ammo Tap | ıı ıg | E,M or 0,1,2,3,4,5,9 | |
| EKM EKG | 0.33 | 334 | | | 8 | 0K | 8 F | 2.0mm Pitch | тт | | ´ |
| EOM | 0.55 | 354 | . 45 | L | 10 | 1A | 10 G 12.5 I | | | L | |
| EZM EZS | 0.47 | 474 | ±15 | - | 12.5 | 1B | 13 J | 2.5mm Pitch | TU | _ | |
| EGF ESF | | _ | | | 16 | 1C | 14 14 1 | 11 1 | | | |
| EGT | 1 | 105 | ±20 | м | 20 25 | 1D 1E | 14.5 A | 3.5mm Pitch | TV | Sleeve Material | Cod |
| EGK EGE | | | | | 30 | 11 | 16 K 16.5 7 | 5.0mm Pitch | тс | PET | _P |
| EGD | 2.2 | 225 | ±30 | N | 32 | 13 | 18 L | 5.0mm Filan | 10 | "" | " |
| EGC ERS | 3.3 | 335 | -40 | | 35 | 1V | 18.5 8 20 M | Lead Cut & F | -orm | | - |
| ERF | 5.5 | 333 | -40 | w | 40 | 1G | 22 N | | | PVC | ₹ |
| ERL ERR | 4.7 | 475 | | | 42 | 1M | 20 M 22 N 25 O 30 P 34 W | CB-Type | СВ | | 8 90 |
| ERT | | | -20 0 | A | 50 | 1H | 18.5 8 20 M 22 N 25 O 30 P 34 W 35 Q | 05.5 | | | the sleeve |
| ERE ERD | 10 | 106 | | | 57 | 1L | 1 40 I K | CE-Type | CE | | 6 |
| ERH | | | -20 +10 | С | 63 | 1J | 42 4 45 6 | HE-Type | HE | | material |
| EBD ERA | 22 | 226 | | | 71 | 18 | 51 S | TIE-Type | | | <u>a</u> |
| ERB | 33 | 336 | -20 +40 | × | 75 80 | 1T 1K | 63.5 T 76 U 80 8 | KD-Type | KD | | N 52. |
| ERC EFA | 33 | 336 | | | 85 | 1R | 76 U 80 8 | | \vdash | | PVC, |
| ENP | 47 | 476 | -20 +50 | s | 90 | 19 | 90 X 100 Z | FD-Type | FD | | '≢ |
| ERW | | | | _ | 100 | 2A | Len.(mm) Code | | | | there will |
| ERY ELP | 100 | 107 | -10 0 | В | 120 | 20 | 4.5 45 5 05 | EH-Type | EH | | |
| EAP | | | | | 125 | 2B | 5.4 54 7 07 | PCB Term | ial | | beb |
| EQP | 220 | 227 | -10 +20 | V | 150 | 2Z | 7.7 77 | T OB TOTAL | | | blank in |
| ETP | 330 | 337 | -10 | | 160 | 2C | 10.2 T2 11 11 | | sw | | ŝ |
| EUP | 330 | 337 | +30 | Q | 180 | 2P | 11.5 1A | | \vdash | | Sev |
| EKP | 470 | 477 | -10 | | 200 | 2D 22 | 11.5 1A 12 12 12.5 1B 13 13 | Snap-in | sx | | a |
| EEP EFP | | - | +50 | T | 220 | 2N | 13 13 | | 67 | | seventeenth |
| ESP | 2200 | 228 | -5 | _ | 230 | 23 | 13.5 1C 20 20 25 25 29.5 2J | | sz | | h digit |
| EGP | | | +10 | E | 250 | 2E | 20 20 25 25 29.5 2J 30 30 | Lug | sg | | °E |
| EWR | 22000 | 229 | -5 | F | 275 | 2T | 30 (30) | - | | | |
| EWT | 33000 | 339 | +15 | <u> </u> | 300 | 21 | 31.5 3A 35 35 | | 05 | | |
| EWX | 33000 | 339 | -5 +20 | G | 310 | 2R | 35.5 3E | | | | |
| EWS | 47000 | 479 | | | 315 | 2F | 35.5 3E 50 50 80 80 | | O6 | | |
| EWH EWL | | | 0 +20 | R | 330 | 2U | 100 1L | | T5 | | |
| EWB | 100000 | 10T | 0 | | 350 360 | 2V 2X | 105 1K 110 1M | Screw | | | |
| VSS | | | +30 | 0 | 375 | 2Q | 120 1N 130 1P | | Т6 | | |
| VKS | 150000 | 15T | 0 | | 385 | 2Y | 140 I1Q | | \vdash | | |
| VKM VRL | 220000 | 22T | +50 | ' | 400 | 2G | 150 1R 155 1E 160 1S | | D5 | | |
| VNH | 220000 | 221 | +5 | z | 420 | 2M | 160 1S | | D.C | | |
| VZS VRF | 330000 | 33T | +15 | | 450 | 2W | 165 1F 170 1T | | D6 | | |
| | | - | +5 +20 | D | 500 | 2H | 180 I1U | | | | |
| | 1000000 | 10M | +10 | | 550 | 25 | 190 1V 200 2L 215 2A | | | | |
| ŀ | | 4.000 | +50 | Y | 600 | 26 | 215 2A | | | | |
| | 1500000 | 15M | +10 | н | 630 | 2J | 210 2M 220 2N 240 2Q 250 2R | | | | |
| | 2200000 | 22M | +30 | | l | | 240 2Q 250 2R | | | | |
| ļ | 2200000 | ZZIVI | | | | | 260 2S 270 2T | | | | |
| | | 33M | | | | | 270 2T | l | | | |
| - 1 | 3300000 | SSIVI | | | | | | | | | |

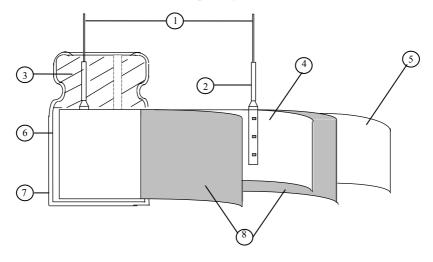
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3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



| | Component | Material |
|---|------------------|--|
| 1 | Lead line | Tinned CP wire (Pb Free) |
| 2 | Terminal | Aluminum wire |
| 3 | Sealing Material | Rubber |
| 4 | Al-Foil (+) | Formed aluminum foil |
| 5 | Al-Foil (-) | Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil |
| 6 | Case | Aluminum case |
| 7 | Sleeve | PET |
| 8 | Separator | Electrolyte paper |

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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| | ITEM | | | | PI | ERFOR | MANC | Е | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | Rated voltage | WV (V.DC) | 6.3 | 10 | | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 63 | 100 | |
| | (WV) | SV (V.DC) | 8 | 13 | | 20 | 32 | 44 | 63 | 79 | 125 | |
| 4.1 | Surge | WV (V.DC) | 160 | 200 | 220 | 250 | 350 | 400 | 420 | 450 | | |
| | voltage (SV) | SV (V.DC) | 200 | 250 | 270 | 300 | 400 | 450 | 470 | 500 | | |
| 4.2 | Nominal capacitance (Tolerance) | Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria></criteria> | Condition> Measuring Frequency : 120Hz±12Hz Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5Vrms Measuring Temperature : 20±2℃ Criteria> Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance. | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.3 | Leakage current | <condition></condition> Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor $(1k\Omega \pm 10\Omega)$ in series for 2 minutes, and then, measure Leakage Current. <criteria></criteria> Refer to Table 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.4 | tan δ | <condition> See 4.2, Norm Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. <criteria> Refer to Table 1</criteria></condition> | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.5 | Terminal strength | | ength o capacitor rength o apacitor | or, applied of Term of, applied onds, and wire | ed for inals. d forc | e to bent n bent Tensile (1 | nt the tent it for 90 te force 1 cgf) | rminal (1 | l~4 mm original Bendin (l | from the position g force N | rubber) within 2 | |
| | | 0.51 Over 0. | | | 1 | | $\frac{(0.51)}{(1.0)}$ | | | (0.25) (0.51) | | |
| | | <criteri No notio</criteri | | hanges | shall | oe four | id, no bi | eakage (| or loose | eness at th | ne termin | |

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| | | <condition></condition> | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | STEP Test | ing Tempe | $\operatorname{erature}(^{\circ}\mathbb{C})$ Time | | | | | |
| | | 1 | 20 ± 2 | 2 | Time | to reac | h thermal e | quilibriu | m |
| | | 2 | -40(-25) | ±3 | Time | to reac | h thermal e | - quilibriu | m |
| | | 3 | 20±2 | | _ | | h thermal e | • | |
| | | 4 | 105± | | _ | | thermal e | • | |
| | | 5 | $\frac{103 \pm 20}{20 \pm 2}$ | | _ | | ch thermal e | • | |
| | | <criteria></criteria> | 20 - 1 | | Tillic | to reac | ii tiiciiiai c | quiiioiiu | 111 |
| | | a. $\tan \delta$ shall be with | hin the lim | it of Itam | 1 /Tho 1 | alzaga | current mag | eurad el | vall not |
| | | more than 8 times of | | | 7.7 I IIC IC | Jakage | current mea | isuicu si | iaii iiot |
| | Temperature | b. In step 5, $\tan \delta$ sh | - | | it of Iter | n <i>4 4</i> T | he leakage i | current s | hall not |
| | characteristi | more than the specifi | | ini the ini | it of iter | 11 7,71 | ne reakage v | current s | nan not |
| 4.6 | cs | c. At-40°C (-25°C), i | | (z) ratio s | hall not o | exceed | the value o | f the foll | owing |
| | | table. | прешинес | (L) Idilo s | nan not | 0710000 | the value o | 1 1110 1011 | owing |
| | | Working Voltage (V) | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 63 |
| | | Z-25°C/Z+20°C | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | Z-40°C/Z+20°C | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | | E-40 C/E+20 C | 10 | 0 | | | 3 | 3 | <u> </u> |
| | | Working Voltage (V) | 100 | 160~220 | 250~ | -350 | 400~420 | 450 | |
| | | Z-25°C/Z+20°C | 2 | 3 | 4 | ļ | 6 | 15 | |
| | | Z-40°C/Z+20°C | 3 | | | | | | |
| | | For capacitance value > 1000 μ F, Add 0.5 per another 1000 μ F for Z-25/Z+20°C, | | | | | | | |
| | | - | | | | | 00 μ F for Z | | |
| | | Capacitance, tan δ , ar | ıd impedar | nce shall b | e measur | ed at 1 | 20Hz. | | |
| | | <condition></condition> | | | | | | | |
| | | According to IEC60384-4No.4.13 methods, The capacitor is stored at a temperature of | | | | | | | |
| | | According to 12Co0534-4No.4.13 methods, The capacitor is stored at a temperature of $105^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2$ with DC bias voltage plus the rated ripple current for Table 1. (The sum of | | | | | | | |
| | | - | | | | - | | _ | |
| | | $105^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2 \text{ with DC b}$ | ias voltage | e plus the r | ated ripp | le curr | ent for Tabl | le 1. (Th | e sum of |
| | | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak | ias voltage voltage sl | e plus the r | ated ripp aceed the | le curr e rated | ent for Tabl working v | le 1. (Tholage) | e sum of Γhen the |
| | Load | $105^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2 \text{ with DC b}$ | ias voltage voltage sl ted after 10 | e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec | ated ripp aceed the | le curr e rated | ent for Tabl working v | le 1. (Tholage) | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | Load life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be tes result should meet the < Criteria > | ias voltage voltage sl ted after 10 e following | e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec g table: | ated ripp sceed the overing | le curr e rated time at | ent for Table working veratmospheric | le 1. (Tholage) | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the | ias voltage voltage sl ted after 10 e following | e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec g table: | ated ripp sceed the overing | le curr e rated time at | ent for Table working veratmospheric | le 1. (Tholage) | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be tes result should meet the < Criteria > | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following | e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec g table: | ated ripp acceed the overing | le curre rated time at | ent for Table working veratmospheric | le 1. (Tholage) | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be tes result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic should</criteria> | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that | e plus the r nall not ex 6 hours rec g table: e followin | ated ripp acced the overing grequire 4.3 shall | le curre rated time at ments be sat | ent for Table working veratmospheric | le 1. (Tholage) | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be tes result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic should be the Leakage current</criteria> | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that | e plus the real not exo hours record table: e following Value in the within ± | ated ripp acced the overing g require 4.3 shall 20% of | le curre rated time at ments be sat initial | ent for Table working veratmospheric | le 1. (Tholtage) | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic shall Leakage curret Capacitance C</criteria> | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that | e plus the reconstruction of hours reconstruction of the plus the | ated ripp acced the overing g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 | le curre rated time at ments be sat initial 0% of | ent for Table working very atmospherical series. | le 1. (Tholtage) condition | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the < Criteria> The characteristic shall Leakage curred Capacitance C tan δ | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that | e plus the reconstruction of hours reconstruction of the plus the | ated ripp acced the overing g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 | le curre rated time at ments be sat initial 0% of | ent for Table working very atmospherical sisfied value. | le 1. (Tholtage) condition | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the < Criteria> The characteristic shall Leakage curred Capacitance C tan δ | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that | e plus the reconstruction of hours reconstruction of the plus the | g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 | le curre rated time at ments be sat initial 0% of | ent for Table working very atmospherical sisfied value. | le 1. (Tholtage) condition | e sum of Γhen the |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic shall Leakage curred Capacitance C tan δ Appearance</criteria> | ias voltage voltage sl ted after 10 e following all meet th nt hange | e plus the record nall not exo hours record table: e following Value in Within ± Not more | g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 ill be no | ments be sat initial 0% of leakag | ent for Table working very atmospherical series with the specified end of electrol | le 1. (Tholtage) of condition | e sum of Γhen the ons. The |
| 4.7 | life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic shade a curred Capacitance C tan δ Appearance Condition> The capacitors are then 1000+48/0 hours. For</criteria> | ias voltage voltage slad after 10 e following all meet that hange | e plus the real not explored the real not ex | g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 ill be no | e rated time at ments be sat initial 2% of leakage ed at a stors shape to the control of the con | ent for Table working versions atmospheric street walue. the specified end of electrol temperature all be remo | d value. yte. | e sum of Γhen the ons. The |
| 4.7 | life test | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the <criteria> The characteristic shade a curred Capacitance C tan δ Appearance <condition> The capacitors are then 1000+48/0 hours. For chamber and be allow</condition></criteria> | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that hange | e plus the real not explored the real not ex | g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no | e rated time at ments be sat initial 0% of leakage ed at a stors shaperature. | ent for Table working very atmospheric strict walue. the specified e of electrol temperature hall be remoure for 4~8 | d value. yte. e of 105 - ved from hours. N | E sum of Γhen the ons. The |
| | life test | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the < Criteria> The characteristic shade a current capacitance Compositions The capacitors are then 1000+48/0 hours. For chamber and be allow shall be connected to | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that hange a stored willowing this wed to stale a series | e plus the record and not explored to hours record table: e following Value in the within ± Not more There shads period the bilized at a limiting record. | g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no ge applie accom ten sistor(1k | ments be sat initial 0% of leakag | ent for Table working versions atmospherical serions working versions atmospherical serions working versions working versions atmospherical serions at the specified temperature all be removed at the specified temperature and be removed at the specified at the specified value. | d value. yte. of 105 = ved from hours. N.C. rateo | E sum of Γhen the ons. The ±2°C for a the test lext they I voltage |
| 4.7 | life test Shelf life | 105°C ±2 with DC b DC and ripple peak product should be test result should meet the < Criteria> The characteristic shadeled a current and be allow shall be connected to applied for 30min. At | ias voltage voltage slated after 10 e following all meet that hange a stored willowing this wed to stale a series | e plus the record and not explored to hours record table: e following Value in the Within ± Not more There shads period the bilized at a limiting record. | g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no ge applie accom ten sistor(1k | ments be sat initial 0% of leakag | ent for Table working versions atmospherical serions working versions atmospherical serions working versions working versions atmospherical serions at the specified temperature all be removed at the specified temperature and be removed at the specified at the specified value. | d value. yte. of 105 = ved from hours. N.C. rateo | E sum of Γhen the ons. The ±2°C for a the test lext they I voltage |
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| | | <criteria></criteria> | |
|------|-------------------|--|---|
| | | The characteristic shall meet the | he following requirements. |
| | | Leakage current | Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied |
| | Shelf | Capacitance Change | Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value. |
| 4.8 | life | tan δ | Not more than 200% of the specified value. |
| | test | Appearance | There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. |
| | | | stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may |
| | | | through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary. |
| | | <condition></condition> | |
| | | | e capacitor connected with a $(100 \pm 50)/C_R (k\Omega)$ resistor |
| | | • | ted to 1000 cycles, each consisting of charge of 30 ± 5 s |
| | | followed discharge of 5 min 3 | |
| | | The test temperature shall be | |
| | | C _R :Nominal Capacitance (µ <criteria></criteria> | (F) |
| 4.9 | Surge | | Not more than the angelfied value |
| 4.9 | test | Leakage current | Not more than the specified value. |
| | | Capacitance Change | Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value. |
| | | tan δ | Not more than the specified value. |
| | | Appearance | There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. |
| | | Attention: | |
| | | | ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to such |
| | | over voltage as often applied. | |
| 4.10 | Vibration test | perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency rar Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: | : 1.5mm : $10\text{Hz} \sim 55\text{Hz} \sim 10\text{Hz}$ in about 1 minute reater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30° |
| | | Inner construction N | To be soldered ems shall be tested: To intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting. To damage of tab terminals or electrodes. To mechanical damage in terminal. No leakage |

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| | | Condition> The capacitor shall be test Soldering temperature Dipping depth | : 245±3°C : 2mm | |
|------|----------------------------|--|---|--|
| 4.11 | Solderability test | Dipping speed Dipping time <criteria></criteria> | : 25±2.5m : 3±0.5s | nm/s |
| | | Coating quality | A minim immerse | um of 95% of the surface being d |
| | | • | | nto solder bath at 260 ± 5 °C for 10 ± 0 .0mm from the body of capacitor. |
| 4.12 | Resistance to solder heat | | e left under the norma | al temperature and normal humidity |
| 7,1∠ | test | Leakage current | Not more than | n the specified value. |
| | | Capacitance Change | Within ±10% | 6 of initial value. |
| | | tan δ | | n the specified value. |
| | | Appearance | There shall be | e no leakage of electrolyte. |
| 4.13 | Change of temperature test | placed in an oven, the con | atture (-40°C) (-25°C) atture (+105°C) at 5 cycle eet the following required Not more than the | Time ≤ 3 Minutes 30 ± 2 Minutes 30 ± 2 Minutes irrement e specified value. |
| 4.14 | Damp heat test | | $^{\circ}$ 90~95%R H .at 40± ement. Not more than the space within ±20% of in | hitial value. 6 of the specified value. |

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| 4.15 | Vent test | with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is current selected is current selected in the selected in | s 1 | arity re | versed | to a DC | power | source. T | Γhen a |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|
| The maximum permissible ripple current is the maximum A.C current at 120Hz and can be applied at maximum operating temperature Table-1 The combined value of D.C voltage and the peak A.C voltage shall not exceed rated voltage and shall not reverse voltage. Frequency Multipliers: Rated Voltage (V) Coefficient Freq. (Hz) 50 120 300 1k 10k~ | | | | | | | ed the | | |
| 4.16 | Maximum permissible (ripple current) | 6.3~100 | ~47 68~470 ≥560 0.47~220 ≥270 | 0.75 0.80 0.85 0.80 0.90 | 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 | 1.35 1.23 1.10 1.25 1.10 | 1.57 1.34 1.13 1.40 1.13 | 2.00 1.50 1.15 1.60 1.15 | |
| | | | 2210 | 0.50 | 1.00 | 1.10 | 1.13 | 1.10 | |

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

| | Substances | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Cadmium and cadmium compounds | | | |
| Heavy metals | Lead and lead compounds | | | |
| Ticavy metais | Mercury and mercury compounds | | | |
| | Hexavalent chromium compounds | | | |
| | Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) | | | |
| Chloinated | Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN) | | | |
| organic | Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT) | | | |
| compounds | Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP) | | | |
| | Other chlorinated organic compounds | | | |
| D : 1 | Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) | | | |
| Brominated | Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including | | | |
| organic | decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE]) | | | |
| compounds | Other brominated organic compounds | | | |
| Tributyltin comp | ounds(TBT) | | | |
| Triphenyltin com | apounds(TPT) | | | |
| Asbestos | | | | |
| Specific azo com | pounds | | | |
| Formaldehyde | | | | |
| Beryllium oxide | | | | |
| Beryllium copp | er | | | |
| Specific phthalat | es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP) | | | |
| Hydrofluorocarb | on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC) | | | |
| Perfluorooctane : | sulfonates (PFOS) | | | |
| Specific Benzotr | iazole | | | |

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

1. Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals

(2) Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3) Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

 $\phi 6.3 \sim\!\! \phi 16mm;\! 2mm\ minimum,\ \phi 18 \sim\!\! \phi 35mm;\! 3mm\ minimum,\ \phi 40mm\ or\ greater;\! 5mm\ minimum.$

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result.

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150° C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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- 2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder
- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinvl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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