

#### SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): (日期):2019-12-19

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : RT 450V220μF(φ18X50)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLI	<b>IER</b>
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)
周凤萍	刘渭清

CUST	OMER
APPROVAL (批准)	SIGNATURE (签名)

#### ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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		RT SERII				RECORDS	
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver

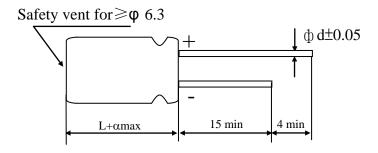
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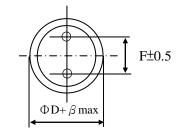
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#### Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics

Unit: mm





\* If it is flat rubber, there is no bulge from the flat rubber surface.

α	L<20 : α=1.5; L≥20 : α=2.0
β	$\Phi$ D<20 : β =0.5; $\Phi$ D $\geq$ 20 : β =1.0

No	SAMXON	WV	Cap.	Cap. tolerance	Temp.	tan <b>δ</b> (120Hz,	Leakage Current	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 100KHz	Load lifetime		ensior (mm)	1	Sleeve
	Part No.	(Vdc)	(μF)	•	range(°C)	20℃)	(µA,2min)	(mA rms)	(Hrs)	D×L	F	фd	
1	ERT227M2WL50RR**F	450	220	-20%~+20%	-25~105	0.20	2005	3175	5000	18X50	7.5	0.8	PET

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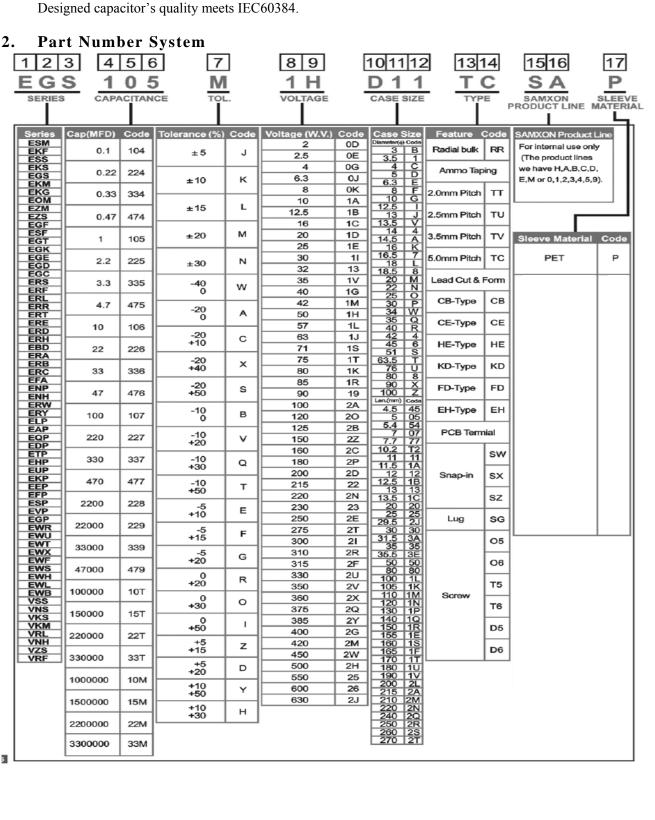
#### CONTENTS Sheet Application 4 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 tanδ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')" **Attachment: Application Guidelines** 12~15

#### ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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#### 1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.

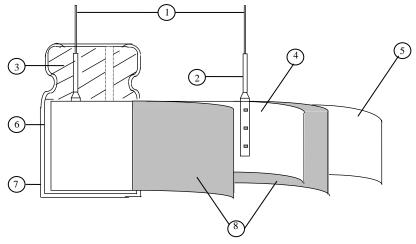


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#### 3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

#### 4. Characteristics

#### Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature :  $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

#### Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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1401	e 2 ITEM				DE	RFORM	AANC	Б			
	1 1 151V1				rc	KI OKI	VIAINC	ப்			
	Rated voltage	WV (V.DC)	6.3	10	1	6	25	35	50	63	100
	(WV)	SV (V.DC)	8	13	2	0	32	44	63	79	125
4.1				<b>,</b>					I.	1	
	Surge	WV (V.DC)	160	200	220	250	350	400	420	450	
	voltage (SV)	SV (V.DC)	200	250	270	300	400	450	470	500	
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<condition> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with</criteria></condition>	Frequenc foltage Fempera	: ture :	Not m 20±2		n 0.5V				
4.3	Leakage current	<condition> Connecting to minutes, and <criteria> Refer to Table</criteria></condition>	the capa		-			estor (1	kΩ ±10	0Ω) in :	series for 2
4.4	tanδ	<condition> See 4.2, Nor  <criteria> Refer to Tabl</criteria></condition>	m Capa	citance,	for me	easuring	g frequ	ency, vo	ltage an	d temper	rature.
4.5	Terminal strength	0.51 Over 0.	rength of capacitor apacitor 2~3 security and 5mm to	or, applied of Termine, applied onds, and wire less 0.8mm	nals. I force d then	to bent in bent in bent in bent in bent in the fermion of the ferm	the ter for 90 force N gf) 0.51)	rminal (I	Bending (k	from the position  g force N  gf)  (0.25)  0.51)	rubber) for within 2~3

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		<condition></condition>				1			
		STEP	Test		$erature(^{\circ}C)$		Time		
		1		20±			each therma		
		2		-40(-25		1	each therma		
		3		20±	2	Time to r	each therma	ıl equilibr	rium
		4		105 =		Time to r	each therma	l equilibr	ium
		5		20±	2	Time to r	each therma	l equilibr	ium
		<criteria></criteria>							
	Temperature	a. tan <b>δ</b> shal				4.4The leaka	age current i	neasured	shall no
	characteristi	more than 8 t		-					
4.6	cs	b. In step 5,				it of Item 4.	4The leakag	ge current	t shall no
		more than the	-					0.1.0	
		c. At-40°C (€	-25°C),	ımpedanc	e (z) ratio s	hall not exc	eed the valu	e of the fo	ollowing
		table.							
		Working Vo	ltage	1.00	200	250	250	400	450
		(V)		160	200	250	350	400	
		Z-25°C/Z+2	20°C	3	3	3	5	5	6
		For capacitan	ce valu	$e > 1000 \mu$	F, Add 0.5	per another	r 1000µ F fo	or Z-25/Z	±20°C,
					Add 1.0	per another	1000µ F fo	or <b>Z-40</b> °C.	/Z+20°C
		Capacitance, t	anδ, a	nd impeda	ance shall be	measured a	at 120Hz.		
		-		-					
		G 11:1							
		<condition></condition>		204 ANT 4	112 4 1	Tel	•. • .	1 , ,	
		According to	IEC603			_			
		According to $105 \% \pm 2 \text{ with}$	IEC603 ith DC l	oias voltag	ge plus the r	ated ripple c	urrent for T	able 1. (	The sum
		According to $105 \text{ C} \pm 2 \text{ with DC}$ and ripping	IEC603 ith DC t le peak	oias voltag voltage s	ge plus the rashall not ex	ated ripple c ceed the ra	urrent for Tated working	able 1. (7	The sum  Then to
		According to $105 \% \pm 2 \text{ w}$ DC and ripp product should	IEC603 ith DC l le peak ld be tes	oias voltag voltage s sted after l	ge plus the ra shall not ex l 6 hours rec	ated ripple c ceed the ra	urrent for Tated working	able 1. (7	- Γhe sum  Then ti
	Load	According to $105 \% \pm 2 \text{ w}$ DC and rippi product should result should	IEC603 ith DC l le peak ld be tes	oias voltag voltage s sted after l	ge plus the ra shall not ex l 6 hours rec	ated ripple c ceed the ra	urrent for Tated working	able 1. (7	- Γhe sum ) Then tl
4.7	life	According to 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripping product should result should <b><criteria></criteria></b>	IEC603 ith DC to le peak d be tes meet th	oias voltage voltage s sted after l e followir	ge plus the rashall not extended from the contraction of the contracti	ated ripple c ceed the ra overing time	urrent for Tated working at atmosph	able 1. (7	- Γhe sum ) Then tl
4.7		According to 105 °C ±2 will DC and ripping product should criteria.  The character	IEC603 ith DC to the peak of the test t	voltage sted after leef following	ge plus the reshall not ex 6 hours recong table:	ated ripple content of the rate overing times	urrent for T ted working e at atmosph nts.	able 1. (7	- Γhe sum ) Then tl
4.7	life	According to  105 ℃ ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should result should <criteria> The characte  Leakage</criteria>	IEC603 ith DC to the peak and be test the ristic shape curre	voltage sted after lee following the followi	ge plus the reshall not extended from the shall not extended from the shall be shall	nted ripple content of the rate overing times grequirement.	urrent for T ted working e at atmosph nts. satisfied	able 1. (7	- Γhe sum ) Then tl
4.7	life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should result should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capac</criteria>	IEC603 ith DC to the peak of the test t	voltage sted after lee following the followi	ge plus the reshall not extended for the following within $\pm$ Within $\pm$	ated ripple coceed the rapper times overing times grequirement 4.3 shall be 20% of initial times at the control of the control	urrent for T ted working e at atmosph nts. satisfied tial value.	able 1. (7. g voltage) eric cond	The sum Then the titions. The
4.7	life	According to  105 ℃ ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should result should <criteria> The characte  Leakag  Capaci tano</criteria>	IEC603 ith DC t le peak d be tes meet th ristic sh ge curre	voltage sted after lee following the followi	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Within ±  Not more	g requirement 4.3 shall be 20% of initial than 200%	urrent for Toted working e at atmosphents.  satisfied tial value.  of the specified	able 1. (7 g voltage) eric cond	The sum Then the titions. The
4.7	life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should result should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capac</criteria>	IEC603 ith DC t le peak d be tes meet th ristic sh ge curre	voltage sted after lee following the followi	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Within ±  Not more	g requirement 4.3 shall be 20% of initial than 200%	urrent for T ted working e at atmosph nts. satisfied tial value.	able 1. (7 g voltage) eric cond	The sum Then the titions. The
4.7	life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay  Capac  tanō  Appea</criteria>	IEC603 ith DC t le peak d be tes meet th ristic sh ge curre itance C	voltage sted after lee following the followi	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Within ±  Not more	g requirement 4.3 shall be 20% of initial than 200%	urrent for Toted working e at atmosphents.  satisfied tial value.  of the specified	able 1. (7 g voltage) eric cond	The sum Then the titions. The
4.7	life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakag  Capaci tano  Appea</criteria>	IEC603 ith DC t le peak d be tes meet th ristic sh ge curre itance C	voltage sted after le followir	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Value in 4  Within ±  Not more  There shall	g requirement a shall be 20% of initiation 200% Il be no leak	urrent for T ted working e at atmosph nts. satisfied tial value. of the specif	able 1. (7) g voltage; eric cond fied value	The sum  Then the itions. The itions. The itions.
4.7	life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capaci tano Appea  <condition> The capacitors</condition></criteria>	ith DC to the peak do be test meet the ristic shage current itance Corance	voltage sted after le following all meet tent Change	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Within ±  Not more  There sha	g requirement.  20% of initiation 200%  Il be no leading applied a	urrent for Total working e at atmosphents.  satisfied tial value.  of the specificage of elections at the specificage of elections at the specificage of elections.	able 1. (7) g voltage; eric cond fied value crolyte.	The sum  Then the itions. The sum of the sum
4.7	life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capaci tano Appea  <condition> The capacitors 1000+48/0 ho</condition></criteria>	ith DC to the peak do be test meet the ristic shape current itance Corance are the purs. Fo	voltage sted after le followin  all meet tent  Change	ge plus the reshall not extend to the following within ±  Not more  There sha  With no voltanis period the	g requirement. A shall be 20% of inithan 200% Il be no lead are capacitors.	e at atmosphents.  satisfied tial value. of the specificage of elect	able 1. (7) g voltage; eric cond fied value crolyte.  ure of 10; moved fro	The sum Then to the state of the sum Then to the state of the sum The
4.7	life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi  DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capaci tano Appea  <condition> The capacitors 1000+48/0 ho chamber and</condition></criteria>	ith DC to the peak do be test meet the ristic shape current itance Courance are the pours. For be allowed to the peak do be allowed to the peak do be allowed to the peak do t	voltage sted after le following thange	ge plus the reshall not extend for the following table:  the following Value in 4  Within ±  Not more  There shall the following table:  There shall the following table in 4  Within ±  Not more the following table in 4  With no volta the following table is period the following table in 4  With no volta the following table in	g requirement 4.3 shall be 20% of initiation 200%. Il be no lead the capacitors coom temper to capacitors capacitors coom temper to capacitors capacitors coom temper to capacitors ca	e at atmospherate at a temperate shall be recature for 4-	able 1. (7) y voltage, eric cond fied value rolyte.  ure of 10: moved from 8 hours.	The sum Then the itions. The sum  5 ± 2°C from the tee Next the
	life test	According to  105 °C ±2 wi DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capaci tano Appea  <condition> The capacitors 1000+48/0 ho chamber and shall be connected.</condition></criteria>	ith DC to the peak of the peak of the peak of the test meet the ristic shape current trance Courance are the purs. For the allowed the peak of the pea	voltage sted after le following that the change on stored we dillowing the wed to ste o a series	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Value in 4  Within ±  Not more  There shall not extend to his period the abilized at 1  limiting re	g requirement description of the results of the results overing times and the results over	e at atmospheration at a temperation at a temperation shall be retreature for 4-100Ω) with	fied value crolyte.	The sum Then the itions. The sum  5 ± 2°C from the tee Next the ed voltage
4.7	life test	According to  105 °C ±2 wi DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capaci tano Appea  <condition> The capacitors 1000+48/0 ho chamber and shall be connapplied for 30</condition></criteria>	ith DC to the peak do be test meet the ristic shape current trance Courance are the purs. For be allowed to the peak do min. A	voltage sted after le following that the change on stored we dillowing the wed to ste o a series	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Value in 4  Within ±  Not more  There shall not extend to his period the abilized at 1  limiting re	g requirement description of the results of the results overing times and the results over	e at atmospheration at a temperation at a temperation shall be retreature for 4-100Ω) with	fied value crolyte.	The sum Then the itions. The sum  5 ± 2°C from the tee Next the ed voltage
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	life test Shelf life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capaci tano Appea  <condition> The capacitors 1000+48/0 ho chamber and shall be connapplied for 30</condition></criteria>	ith DC to the peak do be test meet the ristic shape current trance Courance are the purs. For be allowed to the peak do min. A	voltage sted after le following that the change on stored we dillowing the wed to ste o a series	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Value in 4  Within ±  Not more  There shall not extend to his period the abilized at 1  limiting re	g requirement description of the results of the results overing times and the results over	e at atmospheration at a temperation at a temperation shall be retreature for 4-100Ω) with	fied value crolyte.	The sum Then the itions. The sum  5 ± 2°C from the tee Next the ed voltage
	life test Shelf life	According to  105 °C ±2 wi DC and rippi product should <criteria> The characte  Leakay Capaci tano Appea  <condition> The capacitors 1000+48/0 ho chamber and shall be connapplied for 30</condition></criteria>	ith DC to the peak do be test meet the ristic shape current trance Courance are the purs. For be allowed to the peak do min. A	voltage sted after le following that the change on stored we dillowing the wed to ste o a series	ge plus the reshall not extend to hours record table:  the following Value in 4  Within ±  Not more  There shall not extend to his period the abilized at 1  limiting re	g requirement description of the results of the results overing times and the results over	e at atmospheration at a temperation at a temperation shall be retreature for 4-100Ω) with	fied value crolyte.	The sum Then the itions. The sum  5 ± 2°C from the tee Next the ed voltage

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		<criteria> The characteristic shall to</criteria>	meet the following requirements.
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.
4.8	life	ταηδ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Remark: If the capacitors are	stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may e through about 1 k $\Omega$ resistor, if necessary.
4.9	Surge test	The capacitor shall be submit followed discharge of 5 min The test temperature shall be Criteria>  Criteria>  Leakage current Capacitance Change tano Appearance  Attention:	Not more than the specified value.  Within ±15% of initial value.  Not more than the specified value.  There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.  ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to suc
4.10	Vibration test	perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method:	e : 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixe Within 30° To be soldered

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		<condition></condition>		
		The capacitor shall be test	ed under the following	conditions:
		Soldering temperature	: 245±3°C	
		Dipping depth	: 2mm	
4.11	Solderability	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5mm	1/s
4.11	test	Dipping time	: 3±0.5s	
		<criteria></criteria>		
		G 4: 1:4	A minimur	n of 95% of the surface being
		Coating quality	immersed	
		G 199		
		<condition></condition>	itor shall be immersed i	into golder both at
			onds or $400\pm10$ Cror3	$^{+1}_{-0}$ seconds to 1.5~2.0mm from the
		body of capacitor.	11 1 1 - <del>C</del> 4 4 41	
4.40	Resistance to	humidity for 1~2 hours		nal temperature and normal
4.12	solder heat	<criteria></criteria>	s defore measurement.	
	test	Leakage current	Not more than the	specified value
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 10\%$ of	
		tano	Not more than the	
		Appearance		leakage of electrolyte.
		H		
		<condition></condition>		
				.4.7methods, capacitor shall be
		placed in an oven, the con		
			mperature	Time
		(1)+20°C		≤3 Minutes
	Change of	(2)Rated low tempera	iture (-40°C) (-25°C)	$30\pm2$ Minutes
4.13	temperature	(3)Rated high temper	ature (+105°C)	$30\pm2$ Minutes
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, tot	al 5 cycle	
		<criteria></criteria>		
		The characteristic shall me	-	
		Leakage current	Not more than the s	•
		tanδ	Not more than the s	specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no le	eakage of electrolyte.
		<condition></condition>		
		Humidity Test:		
		According to IEC60384	-4No.4.12methods, cap	acitor shall
		be exposed for $500 \pm 81$	hours in an atmosphere	of 90~95%R H .at
		$40\pm2^{\circ}$ C, the characteristic	stic change shall meet t	he following requirement.
4.14	Damp heat	<criteria></criteria>		
7.17	test	Leakage current	Not more than the spe	cified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of init	ial value.
		tanδ	Not more than 120% of	of the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leak	
		11		

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4.15	Vent test	Condition> The following test only app with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is connected current selected from below <table 3=""></table>	I with its pw table is a Current (A 1 10 no dange	polarity reverapplied.	ersed to a l	DC power s	source. Then a
	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	Condition> The maximum permissible at 120Hz and can be applicated. The combined value of December 1 and shall not be applicated voltage and shall not be applicated. The combined value of December 2 and Shall not be applicated. The combined value of December 2 and December 2 a	lied at max  O.C voltage	ximum ope	rating temp	perature	

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances	
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds	
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds	
Heavy metals	Mercury and mercury compounds	
	Hexavalent chromium compounds	
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)	
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)	
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)	
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)	
	Other chlorinated organic compounds	
	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including	
organic decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])		
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds	
Tributyltin comp	oounds(TBT)	
Triphenyltin con	npounds(TPT)	
Asbestos		
Specific azo com	npounds	
Formaldehyde		
Beryllium oxide		
Beryllium copp	er	
Specific phthalat	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)	
Hydrofluorocarb	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)	
Perfluorooctane	sulfonates (PFOS)	
Specific Benzotr	iazole	

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#### **Attachment: Application Guidelines**

#### 1. Circuit Design

#### 1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
  - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
  - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

#### 1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

#### 1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

#### (1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

#### (2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

#### (3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

#### (4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

#### 1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

#### (1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

#### (2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

#### 1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

#### (1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

#### (2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

#### (3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

#### (4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

#### (5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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#### (6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

#### 1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

#### 1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

#### CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

#### 2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately  $1k\Omega$ .
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result

#### 2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

#### 2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

#### 2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

#### 2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150 °C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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#### 2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

#### 2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

#### 2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

#### 3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

#### 4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

#### 5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a  $1000\Omega$ , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

#### 5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

Remark:5G outdoor power system is not applicable

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