

## SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

# 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): 志盛翔 (日期): 2024-06-07

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC

**CAPACITORS** 

DESCRIPTION (型号) : RT  $400V33\mu F(\phi 10X25)$ 

VERSION (版本 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLIER									
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)								
莫璐瑶	付婷婷								

CUSTOMER										
APPROVAL	SIGNATURE									
(批准)	(签名)									

## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

		SPECIFICAT			ALTERN	IATION HIS	STORY
		RT SERIE				RECORDS	
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver
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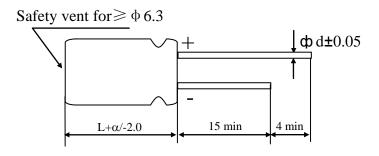
Version	01		Page	1
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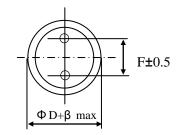
## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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### Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics

Unit: mm





α	L<20 : α=1.5; L≥20 : α=2.0
β	$\Phi D < 20$ : $\beta = 0.5$ ; $\Phi D \ge 20$ : $\beta = 1.0$

\* If it is flat rubber, there is no bulge from the flat rubber surface.

### Table 1:

N o.	SAMXON Part No.	WV (Vdc)	Cap. (μF)	Cap. tolerance	Temp. range( $^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ )	tanδ (120Hz, 20℃)	Leakage Current (μΑ,2min)	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 100KHz (mA rms)	Load lifetime (Hrs)		ension (mm) F	фd	Sleeve
1	ERT336M2GG25RR**R1R	400	33	-20%~+20%	-40~105	0.20	289	761	5000	10X25	5.0	0.6	PET

Version 01	Page 2
------------	--------

## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

## **SAMXON**

### CONTENTS Sheet Application 4 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 tan δ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')" **Attachment: Application Guidelines** 12~15

## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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## 1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.

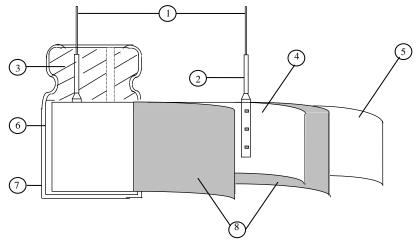
Do					ets IEC60			г	( 31 )			1F
2. P	art Nu	ımbeı	r Syst	em					_			
	3 4			7	8	9	10 1	1 12	13 14	1	5 16 1	7
E G S	s ·	105	ľ	VI	1 F	ł	D 1	1 1	TC	1	S A I	Р
SERIES	CAF	PACITANO	E TOLE	RANCE	VOLTA	GE.	CASE	SIZE	TYPE			EVE ERIAL
										PROD	TIME WAI	ERIAL
Series EKF	Cap (uF)	Code	Tol. (%)	Code	Vol. (W.V.)	Code	Case Diameter(Φ)	Size Code	Feature	Code	For internal use	
EKS EGS	0.1	104	±5	1	2.5	0E	3.5	B 1	Radial bulk	RR	(The product lin	es we
EKM	0.22	224	±10	К	6.3	OG OJ	5	C D	Ammo Tap	ing	have H,A,B,C,D,E 0,1,2,3,4,5,9	
EOM	0.33	334	±15	L	8	0K 1A	6.3 8	E F	2.0mm Pitch	TT	Sleeve Material	Code
EGF ESF	0.47	474	±20	М	12.5	1B	10 12.5	G I	2.5mm Pitch	τυ		P
EGT EGK	0.47	474	±30	N	16 20	1C 1D	13.5	,	3.5mm Pitch	TV	PET	=
ESK ESH	1	105	-40 0	w	25	1E	14.5	4 A	į <del>                                    </del>			thes
ESK	2.2	225	-20	А	30 32	11	16 16.5 18	7 7	5.0mm Pitch	TC		8
ERS EGY	3.3	335	0	$\vdash$	35 40	1V 1G	18.5	8 M	Lead Cut &	Form		thesleeve material is PVC, there will be
ERF ERR			-20 +10	С	42	1M	22	N O	СВ-Туре	CB		동
ERT ERE	4.7	475	-20 +40	×	50 57	1H 1L	30 34	P W	CE-Type	CE		PVC, t
ERD ERH	10	106	-20		63 71	1J 1S	35 40	Q R	HE-Type	HE		The lead
EBD ERA	22	226	+50	S	75	1T	42 45	4 6		KD	PVC	¥
ERB	33	336	-10 0	В	80 85	1K 1R	51 63.5	S T	KD-Type			e blank
EFA.			-10	H.,	90 100	19 2A	76 80	U 8	FD-Type	FD		콧
ENH	47	476	+20	v	120	20	90 100	Z Code	EH-Type	EH		sever
ERW	100	107	-10 +30	Q	125	2B 2Z	4.5 5	45 05	PCB Termi	nal		in seventeenth digit.
ELP EAP	220	227	-10	т	160	2C	5.4	54 07		sw		th dig
EQP EDP	330	337	+50	<u>⊢</u> '⊢	180 200	2P 2D	7.7 10.2	77 T2	Snap-In	sx		7
ETP		$\vdash$	+13 +50	E	215 220	22 2N	11 11.5	11 1A	}	$\vdash$		
EUP	470	477	-5	F	230	23	12 12.5	12 1B		SZ		
EKP EPK	2200	228	+15		250 275	2E 2T	13 13.5	13 1C	Lug	SG		
EEP EFP	22000	229	-5 +20	G	300 310	2I 2R	20 25	20 25		05		
ESP EVP	33000	339	0 +20	R	315	2F	29.5 30	2J 30		06		
EGP EWR			0	$\vdash$	330 350	2U 2V	31.5 35 35.5	3A 35 3E		T5		
EWI	47000	479	+30	0	360 375	2X 2Q	50 80	50 80	Screw	Т6		
EWX	100000	10T	0 +50		385	2Y	100 105	1L 1K		$\vdash$		
EWH	150000	15T	+5		400 420	2G 2M	110	1M 1N	 	D5		
EWL EWB	220000	22T	+15	Z	450 500	2W 2H	130 140	1P 1Q	}	D6		
VS1 VT1		$\vdash$	+5 +20	D	550	25	150 155	1R 1E				
VTD	330000	33T	+10	н	600 630	26 2J	160 165	1S 1F	] 			
VZ2	1000000	10M	+50	"			170 180	1T 1U				
VTL	1500000	15M					190 200	1V 2L				
	2200000	22M					215 210	2A 2M				
		$\vdash$					220 240 250	2N 2Q 2R				
	3300000	33M					260 270	28 25 2T				
							270		,			

## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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#### 3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

### 4. Characteristics

## Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature :  $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

#### Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

Version	01		Page	5
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

	le 2										
	ITEM				PE	RFORN	<b>IANCE</b>	,			
	Rated voltage (WV)										
4.1		WV (V.DC)	160	200	220	250	350	400	420	450	
	Surge voltage (SV)	SV (V.DC)	200	250	270	300	400	450	470	500	
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<condition> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with</criteria></condition>	Frequenc foltage Fempera	: uture :	Not m 20±2	${\mathbb C}$	n 0.5Vri				
4.3	Leakage current	<condition> Connecting to minutes, and  <criteria> Refer to Table</criteria></condition>	the capa then, m					tor (1	k Ω ± 1	0Ω) in	series for
4.4	tan δ	<condition> See 4.2, Nor  <criteria> Refer to Tabl</criteria></condition>	m Capa	citance,	, for me	easuring	g freque	ncy, vo	ltage ar	nd tempe	rature.
4.5	Terminal strength		rength of capacitor apacitor 2~3 sector of learning and	or, applie of Term r, applie onds, and ad wire less	inals. d force nd then	to bent bent it rensile:	the term for 90° force N (2f) (0.51)	ninal (1 to its o	~4 mm original Bendin (k 2.5	from the	e rubber) fo within 2~3

Version	01		Page	6
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

		<condition></condition>							
		STEP	Testing Tempe	rature(°C)	)		Time		
		1	$20\pm 2$	2	Time	to reach t	hermal ed	quilibriun	n
		2	-40(-25)	±3	Time	to reach t	hermal ed	quilibriun	n
		3	20±2	2	Time	to reach t	hermal ed	quilibriun	n
		4	105±	2	Time	to reach t	hermal ed	quilibriun	n
		5	20±2	2	Time	to reach t	hermal ed	- quilibriun	n
		<criteria></criteria>			•			_	I
		a. In step 4,tan	$\delta$ shall be with	in the lim	it of Item	4.4The le	eakage cu	rrent mea	asure
	T	shall not more th		-					
	Temperature characteristi	b. In step 5, tan		nin the lin	nit of Iten	n 4.4The	leakage c	urrent sh	all n
4.6	characteristi	more than the spo		1	<i>(</i> ) <i>(</i> :	1 11 .	1.1	1	C .1
		c. In step 2,At-4	0 C (-25 C), ir	npedance	(z) ratio s	shall not e	exceed the	e value o	t the
		following table.							_
		Working Voltage		200	250	350	400	450	
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C		3	3	5	5	6	
		For capacitance v	value > 1000 $\mu$		-				
		_			-	her 1000		-40°C/Z⊦	-20°C
		Capacitance, tan 8	, and impedar	ice shall b	e measur	ed at 120	Hz.		
		<condition></condition>	260384 4No 4	12 mathod	ds. The co	nacitor is	stored at	a tampar	otura
		According to IEC				-		_	
		According to IEC 105 $^{\circ}$ C $\pm 2$ with D	OC bias voltage	plus the r	ated rippl	e current	for Table	e 1 load l	ife tir
		According to IEC $105 \% \pm 2$ with D hours. (The sum	OC bias voltage of DC and rip	plus the r	ated rippl voltage s	e current shall not	for Table exceed the	e 1 load l e rated v	ife tir vorki
	Load	According to IEC $105 \text{ C} \pm 2 \text{ with } \text{E}$ hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric conditions as $100 \text{ C}$	OC bias voltage of DC and rip he product sh	plus the rople peak ould be	ated rippl voltage s tested af	le current shall not of fter 16 h	for Table exceed the lours rec	e 1 load l e rated v	ife tir vorki
4.7	Load life	According to IEC $105 \% \pm 2$ with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric conditions (Criteria)	OC bias voltage of DC and rip he product sh litions. The res	plus the rople peak tould be ult should	rated rippl voltage s tested at I meet the	le current shall not of fter 16 h	for Table exceed the lours rec	e 1 load l e rated v	ife tir vorki
4.7		According to IEC $105 \% \pm 2$ with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condition (Criteria) The characteristic	OC bias voltage of DC and rip he product sh litions. The res	plus the rople peak tould be ult should	rated rippl voltage s tested at I meet the ag require	e current shall not ofter 16 he followin ments.	for Table exceed the lours recognized table:	e 1 load l e rated v	ife tir vorki
4.7	life	According to IEC $105 \text{ C} \pm 2 \text{ with } \text{E}$ hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condition ( <b>Criteria</b> ) The characteristic Leakage c	OC bias voltage of DC and riphe product shittions. The result characteristics of the contraction of the cont	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be following Value in	ated rippl voltage s tested at I meet the ag require 4.3 shall	le current shall not of fter 16 h followin ments.	for Table exceed the lours recig table:	e 1 load l e rated v	ife tir vorki
4.7	life	According to IEC $105 \% \pm 2$ with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condestrates $<$ Criteria> The characteristic Leakage condestrates $<$ Capacitane	OC bias voltage of DC and riphe product shittions. The result characteristics of the contraction of the cont	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be following Value in	ated rippl voltage s tested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall \(\frac{1}{20\%}\) of	e current shall not of fter 16 h followin ments. be satisfic initial va	for Table exceed the cours recognized table:  ed lue.	e 1 load le rated vovering	ife tir vorki
4.7	life	According to IEC $105 \text{ C} \pm 2 \text{ with } \text{E}$ hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condition ( <b>Criteria</b> ) The characteristic Leakage c	OC bias voltage of DC and riphe product shittions. The result characteristics of the contraction of the cont	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be following Value in Within	voltage s tested at I meet the ag require 4.3 shall \(\frac{1}{20\%}\) of e than 200	chall not of the following ments.  The satisfication initial value of the control	for Table exceed the cours record table:  ed lue. specified	e 1 load le rated vovering	ife tir vorki
4.7	life	According to IEC $105 \% \pm 2$ with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condestrates $<$ Criteria> The characteristic Leakage condestrates $<$ Capacitane	of DC and riphe product shiftions. The resident shall meet thurrent ce Change	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be following Value in Within	voltage s tested at I meet the ag require 4.3 shall \(\frac{1}{20\%}\) of e than 200	e current shall not of fter 16 h followin ments. be satisfic initial va	for Table exceed the cours record table:  ed lue. specified	e 1 load le rated vovering	ife tir vorki
4.7	life	According to IEC $105 \text{ C} \pm 2$ with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condestrates $\leftarrow$ Criteria> The characteristic Leakage condestrates $\leftarrow$ Capacitant $\leftarrow$ Appearance	of DC and riphe product shiftions. The resident shall meet thurrent ce Change	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be following Value in Within	voltage s tested at I meet the ag require 4.3 shall \(\frac{1}{20\%}\) of e than 200	che current shall not of fer 16 he followin ments. be satisfic initial va 0% of the	for Table exceed the cours record table:  ed lue. specified	e 1 load le rated vovering	ife tir vorki
4.7	life	According to IEC 105 °C ±2 with Γ hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condestrates atmospheric condestrates.  The characteristic Leakage condestrates atmospheric condestrates atmospheric condestrates.  Leakage condestrates atmospheric	of DC and riphe product shall meet thurrent ce Change	plus the rople peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be within Within End of the should be	ated rippl voltage s tested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall \(\frac{1}{20\%}\) of \(\frac{1}{20\%}\) of all be no	e current shall not of fter 16 h followin ments. be satisfic initial va 0% of the leakage o	for Table exceed the cours record table:  ed lue. specified f electrol	e 1 load le rated vovering value.	ife tin
4.7	life	According to IEC 105 °C ± 2 with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condesteristics  Criteria> The characteristics  Leakage condesteristics  Capacitant tan δ  Appearance  Condition> The capacitors are	of DC and riphe product shiftions. The resident change change change the theorem the control of	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be following Value in Within 1 Not more There should be the no voltage.	ated ripple voltage stested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall ± 20% of all be no age applied	e current shall not of the followin ments.  be satisfic initial various of the leakage of the details at a term of the control of the following the control of t	for Table exceed the ours record table:  ed lue. specified f electroly mperature	e 1 load le rated vovering value.  value.  yte.	ife tin worki time
4.7	life	According to IEC 105 °C ±2 with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condestrates atmospheric condestrates The characteristic Leakage of Capacitant tan δ Appearance    Condition> The capacitors are 1000+48/0 hours	of DC and riphe product shall meet thurrent ce Change the Change the Change	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be with the ropple peak to be followed by the ropple peak to be	ated ripply voltage is tested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall ± 20% of than 200 all be no age applie he capaci	e current shall not of ter 16 he followin ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the details at tertors shall	for Table exceed the cours record table:  ed lue.  specified f electrol:  mperature be remove	e 1 load le rated vovering value.  value.  yte.  of 105 ± yed from	ife tinworki time
4.7	life test	According to IEC 105 °C ±2 with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condescription of the characteristic Leakage C Capacitant tan δ Appearance	of DC and riphe product shiftions. The resident control of the product shiftions. The resident control of the product shiftions. The resident control of the product shifting control of the p	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be with the ropple peak to be perfectly be perfectly be the ropple peak to be perfectly be p	ated ripply voltage is tested at I meet the ag require 4.3 shall ±20% of than 200 all be no age applied the capacity room ten	ele current shall not ofter 16 he followin ments.  be satisficinitial va 10% of the leakage of the details and the following the	for Table exceed the cours recognized table:  ed lue. specified f electrol:  mperature be remove for 4~8 1	e 1 load le rated vovering value.  value.  of 105 ± ved from nours. No	ife tinworki time
4.7	life	According to IEC 105 °C ±2 with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condestrates atmospheric condestrates The characteristic Leakage of Capacitant tan δ Appearance    Condition> The capacitors are 1000+48/0 hours	of DC and riphe product shall meet the urrent ce Change then stored with allowed to stalled to a series.	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be within a period to bilized at limiting ropple.	ated ripple voltage stested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall 20% of all be no age applie he capaci room ten esistor(1kg)	e current shall not of ter 16 he followin ments. be satisfic initial various of the leakage of the term of the te	for Table exceed the ours record g table:  ed lue. specified f electroly mperature be remove for 4~8 1 ) with D.	e 1 load le rated vovering value.  value.  of 105 ±  ved from  nours. Ne  C. rated	ife tin worki time :2°C 1 the to ext th volta
	life test	According to IEC 105 °C ±2 with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric condestrates atmospheric condestrates.  The characteristic Leakage condestrates at δ Appearance.  Condition> The capacitors are 1000+48/0 hours chamber and be a shall be connected.	of DC and riphe product shall meet the urrent ce Change then stored with allowed to stalled to a series.	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be within a period to bilized at limiting ropple.	ated ripple voltage stested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall 20% of all be no age applie he capaci room ten esistor(1kg)	e current shall not of ter 16 he followin ments. be satisfic initial various of the leakage of the term of the te	for Table exceed the ours record g table:  ed lue. specified f electroly mperature be remove for 4~8 1 ) with D.	e 1 load le rated vovering value.  value.  of 105 ±  ved from  nours. Ne  C. rated	ife tin worki time :2°C 1 the to ext th volta
	life test Shelf life	According to IEC 105 °C ±2 with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric conditions are 1000+48/0 hours chamber and be applied for 30min	of DC and riphe product shall meet the urrent ce Change then stored with allowed to stalled to a series.	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be within a period to bilized at limiting ropple.	ated ripple voltage stested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall 20% of all be no age applie he capaci room ten esistor(1kg)	e current shall not of ter 16 he followin ments. be satisfic initial various of the leakage of the term of the te	for Table exceed the ours record g table:  ed lue. specified f electroly mperature be remove for 4~8 1 ) with D.	e 1 load le rated vovering value.  value.  of 105 ±  ved from  nours. Ne  C. rated	ife tin worki time :2°C 1 the to ext th volta
	life test Shelf life	According to IEC 105 °C ±2 with E hours. (The sum voltage) Then the atmospheric conditions are 1000+48/0 hours chamber and be applied for 30min	of DC and riphe product shall meet the urrent ce Change then stored with allowed to stalled to a series.	plus the ropple peak tould be ult should be ult should be ult should be within a period to bilized at limiting ropple.	ated ripple voltage stested af I meet the ag require 4.3 shall 20% of all be no age applie he capaci room ten esistor(1kg)	e current shall not of ter 16 he followin ments. be satisfic initial various of the leakage of the term of the te	for Table exceed the ours record g table:  ed lue. specified f electroly mperature be remove for 4~8 1 ) with D.	e 1 load le rated vovering value.  value.  of 105 ±  ved from  nours. Ne  C. rated	ife tin worki time :2°C 1 the to ext th volta

Version	01		Page	7
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

		<criteria></criteria>				
		The characteristic shall r	neet the following requirements.			
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied			
	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.			
4.8	life	tan $\delta$	Not more than 200% of the specified value.			
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.			
			stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may			
		•	through about 1 k $\Omega$ resistor, if necessary.			
		<condition></condition>	c through about 1 kt2 resistor, if necessary.			
		Applied a surge voltage to the	e 15~35°C.			
4.0	Surge	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.			
4.9	test					
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value.			
		tan $\delta$	Not more than the specified value.			
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.			
		Attention: This test simulates over voltage at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to such over voltage as often applied.				
4.10	Vibration test	perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method:	: 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30°			
		<criteria> After the test, the following Inner construction Appearance</criteria>	To be soldered  ing items shall be tested:  No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting. No damage of tab terminals or electrodes.  No mechanical damage in terminal. No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case.			

Version	01			8
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

		<condition></condition>			
		_	_	conditions: Sn-Cu solder	
		Soldering temperature	: 250±3°C		
	Caldanahilita	Dipping depth	: 2mm		
4.11	Solderability test	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5mr	n/s	
	test	Dipping time <criteria></criteria>	: 3±0.5s		
		Coating quality	A minimu immersed	m of 95% of the surface bei	ng
		<condition></condition>			
			citor shall be immersed	into solder bath at	
		<del>-</del>		$8^{+1}_{-0}$ seconds to 1.5~2.0mm	from th
		body of capacitor.	onds of 100 ± 10 c fors	<sub>-0</sub> seconds to 1.5 2.0mm	iioiii tii
	D :		all he left under the nor	nal temperature and norma	1
4.12	Resistance to solder heat		s before measurement.	nar temperature and norma	
4.12	test	<criteria></criteria>			
	test	Leakage current	Not more than the	specified value.	
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10% of		
		tan $\delta$	Not more than the		
		Appearance	There shall be no	leakage of electrolyte.	
		<condition></condition>			
			rding to IEC60384_4No	.4.7methods, capacitor sha	11 he
		placed in an oven, the cor			11 00
		Temperature		Time	
		(1)+20°C	<u>F</u>	≤ 3 Minutes	
			otumo ( 40°C) ( 25°C)		
4 12	Change of		ature (-40°C) (-25°C)	$30\pm2$ Minutes	
4.13	temperature test	(3)Rated high temperature (+105°C)		$30\pm2$ Minutes	
	test	(1) to $(3)=1$ cycle, to	tal 5 cycle		
		<criteria></criteria>			
		The characteristic shall m			
		Leakage current	Not more than the	•	
		tan δ	Not more than the	•	
		Appearance	I nere snall be no l	eakage of electrolyte.	
		<condition></condition>			
		Humidity Test:	I 4No 4 12mothodo aos	agitar aball	
		According to IEC60384 be exposed for $500\pm8$	-		
		_	_	the following requirement.	
	Damp heat	40±2 °, the characteri	stic change shall meet	the following requirement.	
		<criteria></criteria>			
4.14	test	Leakage current	Not more than the spe	ocified value	
			Within $\pm 20\%$ of ini		
		Capacitance Change tan δ			
				of the specified value.	
		Appearance	There shall be no leal	tage of electrolyte.	
	i l				

Version 01	Pa	age	9
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

The following test only apply to those products with vent products at diameter ≥∅6.5 with vent.  D.C. test The capacitor is connected with its polarity reversed to a DC power source. Then a current selected from below table is applied. <a href="#"> <table 3<="" th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></table></a>								
The maximum permissible ripple current is the maximum A.C current at 120Hz and can be applied at maximum operating temperature Table-1 The combined value of D.C voltage and the peak A.C voltage shall not exceed the rated voltage and shall not reverse voltage.  Frequency Multipliers:  Coefficient (Hz) 120 1k 10k 100k  Cap. (µF) 120 1k 10k 100k  Cap. (µF) 120 1k 10k 100k  Temperature Coefficient 120 0.40 0.80 1.00  Temperature Coefficient:  Capacitor ambient temperature ≤ 65°C 75°C 85°C 95°C 105°C  Temperature coefficient Actural rms ripple 1.73 1.73 1.73 1.41 1.00	4.15		The following test only apply with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is connected current selected from below <table 3="">  Diameter (mm) DC C  22.4 or less Over 22.4   Criteria&gt; The vent shall operate with a pieces of the capacitor and/or</table>	with its por table is ap	larity reve	rsed to a D	C power so	ource. Then a
4.16 (ripple current)			The maximum permissible at 120Hz and can be appli Table-1 The combined value of D. rated voltage and shall no  Frequency Multipliers:  Coefficient (Hz)  Cap. (µF)	ed at maxi C voltage t reverse v	mum opera and the pea oltage.	ating temperating temperature at A.C voluments at A.C voluments at 10k	erature tage shall n	
Temperature Coefficient:  Capacitor ambient temperature $\leq 65^{\circ}\text{C}$ 75°C 85°C 95°C 105°C  Temperature coefficient Actural rms ripple 1.73 1.73 1.73 1.41 1.00		-						
Temperature Coefficient:  Capacitor ambient temperature $\leq 65^{\circ}\text{C}$ 75°C 85°C 95°C 105°C  Temperature coefficient Actural rms ripple 1.73 1.73 1.73 1.41 1.00	4.16							
			Temperature Coeffic  Capacitor ambient temperature  Temperature coefficient  Actural rms ripple	ient: ≤ 65°C	75°C	85°C	95°C	

Version 0	01		Page	10
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds
neavy metals	Mercury and mercury compounds
	Hexavalent chromium compounds
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)
	Other chlorinated organic compounds
D 1	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds
Tributyltin comp	ounds(TBT)
Triphenyltin com	npounds(TPT)
Asbestos	
Specific azo com	pounds
Formaldehyde	
Beryllium oxide	
Beryllium copp	er
Specific phthalat	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)
Hydrofluorocarb	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)
Perfluorooctane	sulfonates (PFOS)
Specific Benzotr	iazole

Version	01		Page	11	ĺ
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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#### **Attachment: Application Guidelines**

#### 1.Circuit Design

#### 1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
  - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
  - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

#### 1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

#### 1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

#### (1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

#### (2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

#### (3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

#### (4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

#### (5) Pulse Current

The pulse current cannot exceed 10 times the rated ripple current at 120Hz.

#### 1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

#### (1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

#### (2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

#### 1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

#### (1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

#### (2) Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

#### (3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

#### (4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

#### (5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

Version	01		Page	12
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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#### (6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

#### 1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

#### 1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

#### CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

#### 2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately  $1k\Omega$ .
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result

#### 2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

#### 2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

#### 2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

#### 2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

Version 01	Page 13
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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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#### 2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

#### 2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

#### 2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

#### 3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

#### 4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

#### 5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a  $1000\Omega$ , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

#### 5.1 Environmental Conditions

|--|

## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION RT SERIES

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

Version 01	1	Page	15
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