## Spread-Spectrum Crystal Multiplier


#### Abstract

General Description The DS1080L is a low-jitter, crystal-based clock generator with an integrated phase-locked loop (PLL) to generate spread-spectrum clock outputs from 16 MHz to 134 MHz . The device is pin-programmable to select the clock multiplier rate as well as the dither magnitude. The DS1080L has a spread-spectrum disable mode and a power-down mode to conserve power.


## Applications

Automotive
Cable Modems
Cell Phones
Computer Peripherals
Copiers
Infotainment
PCs
Printers
Pin Configuration


Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DS1080LU + | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $8 \mu \mathrm{SOP}$ |
| DS1080LU $/ \mathrm{V}+$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $8 \mu \mathrm{SOP}$ |
| DS $1080 \mathrm{LU} / \mathrm{N}+\mathrm{T}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $8 \mu \mathrm{SOP}$ |
| DS1080LU +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $8 \mu \mathrm{SOP}$ |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.
/ denotes an automotive qualified part.
$T$ = Tape and reel.

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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltage on VCC Relative to GND $\qquad$ Voltage on Any Lead Relative
to GND .................-0.3V to ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ ), not to exceed +4.3 V
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
$\mu \mathrm{SOP}$ (derate $4.5 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )..
. 362 mW

Operating Temperature Range ......................... $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Storage Temperature Range
$-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .................................. $+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Soldering Temperature (reflow) ....................................... $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

( $T_{A}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | VCC | (Note 1) | 3.0 | 3.6 | V |
| Input Logic 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 x \\ & V_{C C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+ \\ 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | V |
| Input Logic 0 | VIL |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GND}}- \\ 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 x \\ & V_{C C} \end{aligned}$ | V |
| Input Logic Open | IIF | $\mathrm{OV}<\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}<\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ (Note 2) |  | $\pm 1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input Leakage | IIL | OV < VIN < VCC (Note 3) |  | $\pm 80$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| SSO Load | Csso | fSSO < 67MHz |  | 15 | pF |
|  |  | $67 \mathrm{MHz} \leq$ fSSO $<101 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 10 |  |
|  |  | $101 \mathrm{MHz} \leq$ fSSO $<134 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 7 |  |
| Crystal or Clock Input Frequency | fin |  | 16.0 | 33.4 | MHz |
| Crystal ESR | XESR |  |  | 90 | $\Omega$ |
| Clock Input Duty Cycle | FINDC |  | 40 | 60 | \% |
| Crystal Parallel Load Capacitance | CL | (Note 4) |  | 18 | pF |

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Current | ICC 1 | $\mathrm{CSSO}=15 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{SSO}=16 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 15 | mA |  |
| Power-Down Current | ICCQ | $\overline{\mathrm{PDN}}=\mathrm{GND}, \mathrm{all}$ input pins open | 200 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
| Output Leakage (SSO) | IOZ | $\overline{\mathrm{PDN}=\mathrm{GND}}$ | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
| Low-Level Output Voltage <br> (SSO) | VOL | $\mathrm{IOL}=4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | -1 | 0.4 | V |
| High-Level Output Voltage <br> (SSO) | VOH | $\mathrm{IOH}=-4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.4 | V |  |
| Input Capacitance (X1/X2) | CIN | (Note 5) | $\mathrm{5F}$ |  |  |

## Spread-Spectrum Crystal Multiplier

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+3.0$ to $+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SSO Duty Cycle | SSODC | Measured at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 2$, CMSEL $=0$ or open |  | 40 |  | 60 | \% |
|  |  | Measured at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 2, \mathrm{CMSEL}=1$ |  | 30 |  | 70 |  |
| Rise Time | tR | (Note 6) |  | 1.6 |  |  | ns |
| Fall Time | tF | (Note 6) |  | 1.6 |  |  | ns |
| Peak Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter | t」 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { fSSO }=16 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40 \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & 10,000 \text { cycles (Note } 5 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 75 |  |  | ps |
| Power-Up Time | tPOR | $\overline{\text { PDN }}$ pin (Note 7) | 16 MHz |  |  | 20 | ms |
|  |  |  | 33.4 MHz |  |  | 11 |  |
| Power-Down Time | tPDN | $\overline{\text { PDN }}$ pin (Notes 8 and 9) |  |  |  | 100 | ns |
| Dither Rate | fDIther | (Note 9) |  | fin/992 |  |  |  |

Note 1: All voltages referenced to ground.
Note 2: Maximum source/sink current applied to input to be considered an open. Typical voltage range between $0.4 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and 0.55 $\times V_{C C}$.
Note 3: Applicable to pins CMSEL, SMSEL, and $\overline{\mathrm{PDN}}$.
Note 4: See information about $C_{L 1}$ and $C_{L 2}$ in the Applications Information section at the end of the data sheet.
Note 5: Not production tested.
Note 6: For 7pF load.
Note 7: Time between $\overline{\text { PDN }}$ deasserted to output active.
Note 8: Time between $\overline{\text { PDN }}$ asserted to output high impedance.
Note 9: Guaranteed by design.

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## Typical Operating Characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{C C}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted.)




DUTY CYCLE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE


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## Spread-Spectrum Crystal Multiplier

Pin Description

| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | X1 | Crystal Drive/Clock Input. A crystal with the proper loading capacitors is connected across X1 and X2. Instead of a crystal, a clock can be applied at the X1 input. |
| 2 | GND | Signal Ground |
| 3 | CMSEL | Clock Multiplier Select. Tri-level digital input. $\begin{aligned} & 0=1 x \\ & \text { Open }=2 x \\ & 1=4 x \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | SMSEL | Spread-Spectrum Magnitude Select. Tri-level digital input. $0= \pm 0.5 \%$ <br> Open $= \pm 1.0 \%$ $1= \pm 1.5 \%$ |
| 5 | $\overline{\text { PDN }}$ | Power-Down/Spread-Spectrum Disable. Tri-level digital input. 0 = Power-Down/SSO Three-Stated Open = Power-Up/Spread Spectrum Disabled 1 = Power-Up/Spread Spectrum Enabled |
| 6 | SSO | Spread-Spectrum Clock Multiplier Output. Outputs a 1 x , 2 x , or 4 x spread-spectrum version of the crystal or clock applied at the X1/X2 pins. |
| 7 | V CC | Supply Voltage |
| 8 | X2 | Crystal Drive Output. A crystal with the proper loading capacitors is connected across X1 and X2. If a clock is connected to X 1 , then X 2 should be left open circuit. |

Block Diagram

note: See information about Cl1 and clz in the applications information section at the end of the data sheet.

## DS1080L

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## Detailed Description

The DS1080L is a crystal multiplier with center spreadspectrum capability. A 16 MHz to 33.4 MHz crystal is connected to the X1 and X2 pins. Alternately, a 16 MHz to 33.4 MHz clock can be applied to X 1 in place of the crystal. In such applications, X2 would be left open circuit. Using the CMSEL input, the user selects whether the attached crystal or input clock is multiplied by 1, 2, or 4. The DS1080L is capable of generating spreadspectrum clocks from 16 MHz to 134 MHz .
The PLL can dither the output clock about its center frequency at a user-selectable magnitude. Using the SMSEL input, the user selects the dither magnitude. The PDN input can be used to place the device into a low-power standby mode where the SSO output is tristated. If the $\overline{\mathrm{PDN}}$ pin is open, the SSO output is active but the spread-spectrum dithering is disabled. The spread-spectrum dither rate is fixed at $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ / 992 to keep the dither rate above the audio frequency range. On power-up, the output clock (SSO) remains three-stated until the PLL reaches a stable frequency (fSSO) and dither (fDITHER).

## Applications Information

## Crystal Selection

The DS1080L requires a parallel resonating crystal operating in the fundamental mode, with an ESR of less than $90 \Omega$. The crystal should be placed very close to the device to minimize excessive loading due to parasitic capacitances.

Oscillator Input
When driving the DS1080L using an external oscillator clock, consider the input (X1) to be high impedance.

Crystal Capacitor Selection The load capacitors CL1 and CL2 are selected based on the crystal specifications (from the data sheet of the crystal used). The crystal parallel load capacitance is calculated as follows:

$$
C_{L}=\frac{C_{L 1} \times C_{L 2}}{C_{L 1}+C_{L 2}}+C_{I N}
$$

Equation 1

For the DS1080L use CL1 = CL2 = CLX. In this case, the equation then reduces to:

$$
C_{L}=\frac{C_{L X}}{2}+C_{I N}
$$

Equation 2
where CL1 $=$ CL2 $=$ CLX .
Equation 2 is used to calculate the values of $\mathrm{CL}_{\mathrm{L}}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L} 2}$ based on values on $\mathrm{CL}_{\mathrm{L}}$ and $\mathrm{CIN}_{\mathrm{I}}$ noted in the data sheet electrical specifications.

Power-Supply Decoupling
To achieve best results, it is highly recommended that a decoupling capacitor is used on the IC power-supply pins. Typical values of decoupling capacitors are $0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Use a high-quality, ceramic, sur-face-mount capacitor, and mount it as close as possible to the $V_{C C}$ and GND pins of the IC to minimize lead inductance.


Figure 1. Spread-Spectrum Frequency Modulation

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## Typical Operating Circuit



NOTE: IN THE ABOVE CONFIGURATION WITH PDN CONNECTED TO V ${ }_{C C}$, SMSEL CONNECTED TO GND
AND CMSEL OPEN, THE DEVICE IS IN NORMAL OPERATION WITH $2 x$ CLOCK MULTIPLICATION, AND SPREAD-SPECTRUM MAGNITUDE OF $\pm 0.5 \%$.

## Layout Considerations

As noted earlier, the crystal should be placed very close to the device to minimize excessive loading due to parasitic capacitances. Care should also be taken to minimize loading on pins that could be open as a programming option (SMSEL and CMSEL). Coupling on inputs due to clocks should be minimized.

## Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a " + ", "\#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE <br> TYPE | PACKAGE <br> CODE | OUTLINE <br> NO. | LAND <br> PATTERN NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8 \mu \mathrm{SOP}$ | $\mathrm{U} 8+1$ | $\underline{\underline{21-0036}}$ | $\underline{\underline{90-0092}}$ |

## Spread-Spectrum Crystal Multiplier

Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES CHANGED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 11/05 | Initial release | - |
| 1 | 3/06 | Changed $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IHMIN }}$ from $0.7 \mathrm{~V} \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to $0.08 \mathrm{~V} \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ILMAX }}$ from $0.3 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to $0.2 \mathrm{~V} \times \mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ in the Recommended Operating Conditions table | 2 |
| 2 | 10/09 | Changed the part number in the Ordering Information table | 1 |
| 3 | 10/11 | Updated the Ordering Information table and Absolute Maximum Ratings section; added the land pattern no. to the Package Information table | 1, 2, 7 |
| 4 | 5/12 | Clarified SSODC conditions and split limits based upon CMSEL input state | 3 |
| 5 | 3/13 | Updated the voltage ranges in the Absolute Maximum Ratings; changed the supply current parameter from 13 mA (max) to 15 mA (max) in the DC Electrical Characteristics table; changed the dither rate parameter from $\mathrm{fiN}_{\mathrm{I}} / 1024$ to $\mathrm{fIN}_{\mathrm{I}} / 992$ in the AC Electrical Characteristics table; updated all graphs in the Typical Operating Characteristics section | 2, 3, 4 |

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