## **Quad SPST +70V Analog Switches**

### **General Description**

The MAX14756/MAX14757/MAX14758 are analog switches with a low on-resistance of  $10\Omega$  (max) that conduct equally well in both directions. All devices have a rail-to-rail analog-signal range. They operate with a single +10V to +70V supply in unipolar applications or ±35V dual supplies in bipolar applications. The bipolar supplies can be offset and do not have to be symmetrical.

The MAX14756 is a quad normally closed (NC) single-pole/single-throw (SPST) switch, the MAX14757 is a quad normally open (NO) SPST switch, and the MAX14758 has two NO and two NC SPST switches. These switches have  $5\Omega$  (typ) on-resistances and low on-leakage currents of 0.01nA (typ). The on-resistance flatness is 0.004 $\Omega$  (typ).

The devices are suitable for a multitude of analog signal routing and switching applications. They are specified over an extended temperature range of -40°C to +85°C, but can be operated up to +125°C with elevated leakage currents.

### **Applications**

- Industrial Control Systems
- Instrumentation
- Battery Management
- Environmental Control Systems
- Medical Systems
- ATE System
- Audio Signal Routing/Switching

#### **Features**

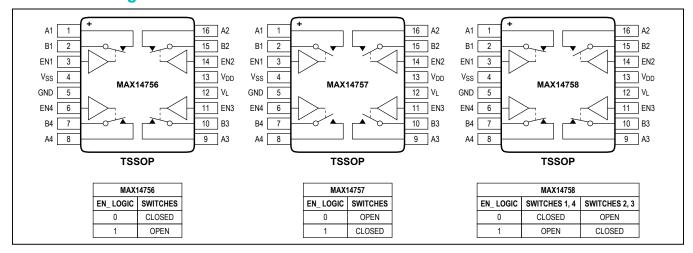
- Single-Supply Operation from +10V to +70V
- Bipolar-Supply Operation Up to ±35V
- On-Resistance of 10Ω (max)
- R<sub>ON</sub> Flatness of 0.004Ω (typ)
- 2.5nA (max) Off-Leakage Currents at +85°C
- Overvoltage/Undervoltage Clamping Through Protection Diodes
- 500µA (typ) Supply Current
- TSSOP 16-Pin Package
- -40°C to +85°C Ambient Temperature Range
- Functionally Compatible to DG411, DG412, and DG413
- Functionally Operational Up to +125°C

### **Ordering Information**

PART	FUNCTION	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE
MAX14756EUE+	Quad NC SPST	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX14757EUE+	Quad NO SPST	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX14758EUE+	Dual NO + NC SPST	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP

<sup>+</sup>Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

## **Functional Diagrams**





# Quad SPST +70V Analog Switches

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

V <sub>DD</sub> to V <sub>SS</sub>	0.3V to +72V
V <sub>SS</sub> to GND	36V to +0.3V
V <sub>L</sub> , EN_ to GND0.3V to tl	ne lesser of (+12V, V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V)
A_, B_ to V <sub>SS</sub>	0.3V to (V <sub>DD</sub> + 2V) or 100mA
	(whichever occurs first)
Continuous Current into A_, B	±100mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
TSSOP (derate 11.1mW/°C above +70°C)	889mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	+260°C

## **Package Thermal Characteristics (Note 1)**

**TSSOP** 

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )......90°C/W Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ )......27°C/W

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **Electrical Characteristics—Dual Supplies**

 $(V_{DD}$  = +35V,  $V_{SS}$  = -35V,  $V_{GND}$  = 0V,  $V_{L}$  = +3.3V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_{A}$  = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY						
V <sub>DD</sub> Supply-Voltage Range	V <sub>DD</sub>		+10		+35	V
V <sub>SS</sub> Supply-Voltage Range	V <sub>SS</sub>		-10		-35	V
V <sub>L</sub> Logic Supply-Voltage Range	$V_{L}$		+1.6		+11	V
V Supply Current	I <sub>DD(OFF)</sub>	$V_{EN}$ to switch off state, $V_{A}$ , $V_{B}$ = +20V		200	450	
V <sub>DD</sub> Supply Current	I <sub>DD(ON)</sub>	$V_{EN}$ to switch on state, $V_A$ , $V_B$ = +20V		500	800	μA
Van Supply Current	I <sub>SS(OFF)</sub>	$V_{EN}$ to switch off state, $V_{A}$ , $V_{B}$ = +20V		200	450	
V <sub>SS</sub> Supply Current	I <sub>SS(ON)</sub>	$V_{EN}$ to switch on state, $V_A$ , $V_B = +20V$		500	800	μA
V <sub>L</sub> Current	IL	$V_L = +11V$ , $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{EN3} = V_{EN4} = (0.25 \text{ x V}_L)$ or $(0.75 \text{ x V}_L)$			0.4	mA
SWITCH			,			,
Analog-Signal Range	V <sub>A</sub> , V <sub>B</sub>	Figure 1	V <sub>SS</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Current Through Switch	I <sub>A_,</sub> I <sub>B_</sub>	V <sub>A</sub> _, V <sub>B</sub> _ = +20V	-50		+50	mA
On-Resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	$I_A$ , $I_B$ = 10mA, $V_A$ , $V_B$ = ±20V, Figure 1		5	10	Ω
On-Resistance Matching Between Channels	ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	I <sub>A_</sub> , I <sub>B_</sub> = 10mA, V <sub>A_</sub> , V <sub>B_</sub> = ±20V, 0V (Note 2)		0.3	0.5	Ω
On-Resistance Flatness	R <sub>FLAT(ON)</sub>	$I_A$ , $I_B$ = 10mA, $V_A$ , $V_B$ = ±20V		0.004		Ω
		V <sub>B</sub> _ = ±20V, V <sub>A</sub> _ = unconnected, Figure 2	-5		+5	
On-Leakage Current	I <sub>A/B_(ON)</sub>	$V_{B_{-}}$ = ±20V, $V_{A_{-}}$ = unconnected, $T_{A}$ = +25°C, Figure 2		0.01		nA
		V <sub>B</sub> = ±20V, V <sub>A</sub> = -20V, <u>Figure 3</u>	-2.5		+2.5	
Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>A/B_(OFF)</sub>	$V_{B_{-}}$ = ±20V, $V_{A_{-}}$ = -20V, $T_{A}$ = +25°C, Figure 3		0.01		nA

## **Electrical Characteristics—Dual Supplies (continued)**

 $(V_{DD}$  = +35V,  $V_{SS}$  = -35V,  $V_{GND}$  = 0V,  $V_{L}$  = +3.3V,  $T_{A}$  = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_{A}$  = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
LOGIC (EN1, EN2, EN3, EN4)							
Input-Voltage Low	V <sub>IL</sub>				0.25 x V <sub>L</sub>	V	
Input-Voltage High	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.75 x V <sub>L</sub>			V	
Input Leakage Current		V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V or V <sub>L</sub>	-1		+1	μA	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS							
V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>SS</sub> Power-On Time		$R_L = 10k\Omega$		1		μs	
Enable Turn-On Time	ton	$V_{A}$ , $V_{B}$ = ±10V, $R_{L}$ = 10k $\Omega$ , Figure 4		35	60	μs	
Enable Turn-Off Time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_A$ , $V_B = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ , Figure 4		2	3	μs	
Off-Isolation	V <sub>ISO</sub>	$V_{A\_}$ , $V_{B\_}$ = 1V RMS, f = 100kHz, $R_L$ = 1k $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 15pF, Figure 5		65		dB	
Crosstalk	V <sub>CT</sub>	$R_S = R_L = 1k\Omega$ , Figure 6		96		dB	
-3dB Bandwidth	BW	$R_S$ = 50Ω, $R_L$ = 1kΩ, Figure 7		145		MHz	
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	$R_S = R_L = 1k\Omega$ , $f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$		0.001		%	
Charge Injection	Q	A_, B_ = GND, C <sub>L</sub> = 1nF, Figure 8		580		рC	
Switch-On Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = +50V, V <sub>SS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>A</sub> _, V <sub>B</sub> _= +4V, f = 1MHz		40		pF	
Switch-Off Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = +50V, V <sub>SS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>A</sub> _, V <sub>B</sub> _ = +4V, f = 1MHz		35		pF	

## **DC Electrical Characteristics—Single Supply**

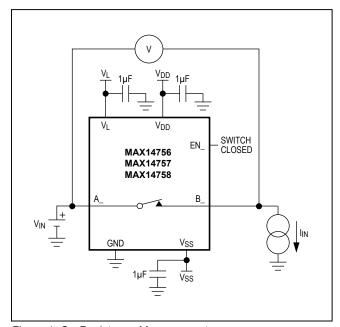
 $(V_{DD} = +70V, V_{SS} = V_{GND} = 0V, V_L = +3.3V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY						
V <sub>DD</sub> Supply-Voltage Range	V <sub>DD</sub>		+10		+70	V
SWITCH						
On-Resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	I <sub>A</sub> _ = 10mA, V <sub>A</sub> _, V <sub>B</sub> _= +20V, <u>Figure 1</u>		5	10	Ω
On-Resistance Matching Between Channels	DR <sub>ON</sub>	I <sub>A_</sub> , I <sub>B_</sub> = 10mA, V <sub>A_</sub> , V <sub>B_</sub> = +70V, 0V (Note 2)		0.3	0.5	Ω
Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>A/B_(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>B</sub> _= +40V, V <sub>A</sub> _= +10V, <u>Figure 3</u>	-2.5		+2.5	nA

Note 2: Guaranteed by design; not production tested.

Note 3: All parameters in single-supply operation are expected to be the same as in dual-supply operation.

## **Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams**



UNCONNECTED

A

GND

1µF

VSS

VSS

VDD

SWITCH
CLOSED

MAX14756

MAX14757

MAX14758

IB\_(ON)

A

T

VOUT

Figure 1. On-Resistance Measurement

Figure 2. On-Leakage Current

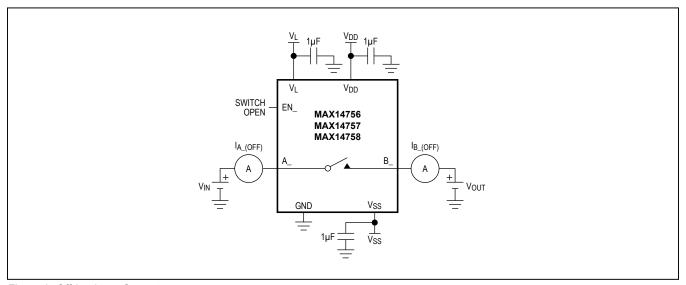


Figure 3. Off-Leakage Current

## **Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)**

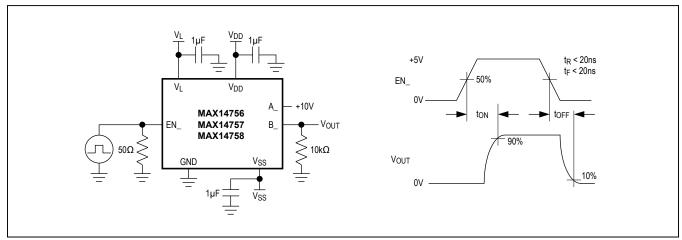


Figure 4. Enable Switching Time

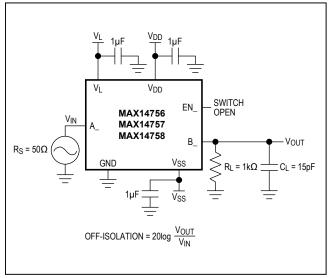


Figure 5. Off-Isolation

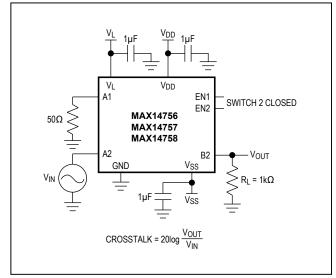


Figure 6. Crosstalk

# **Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)**

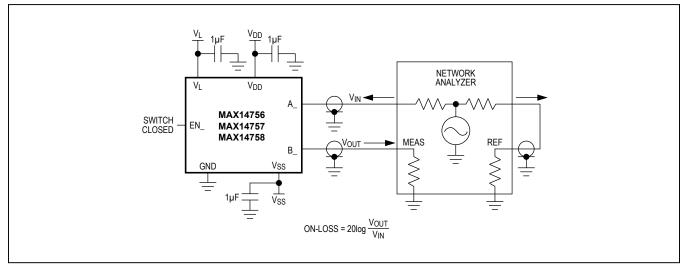


Figure 7. Frequency Response

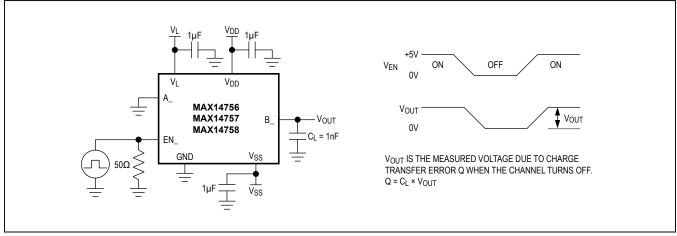
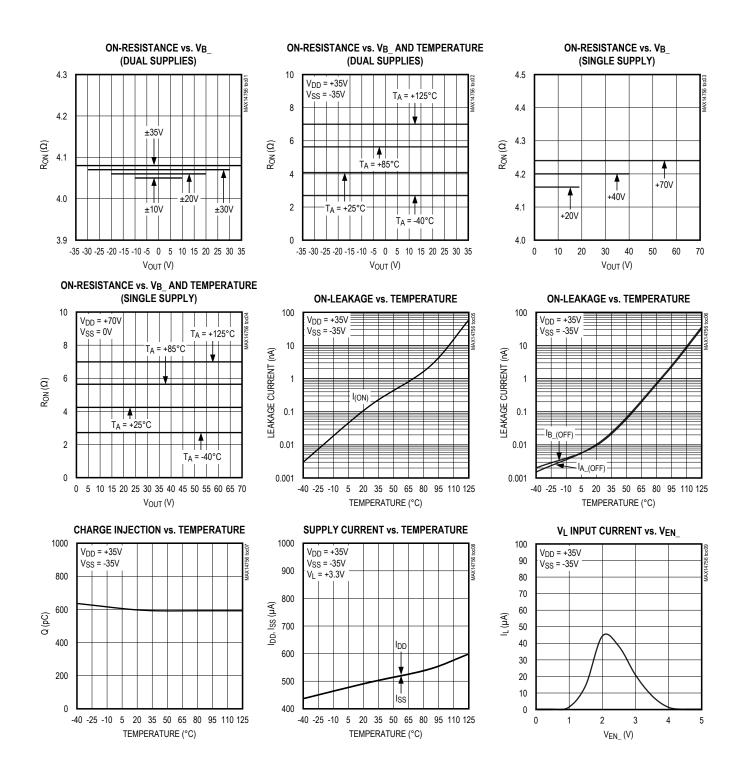


Figure 8. Charge Injection

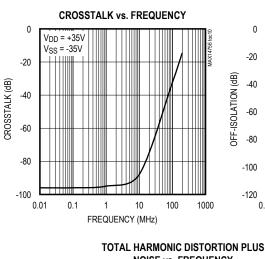
### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

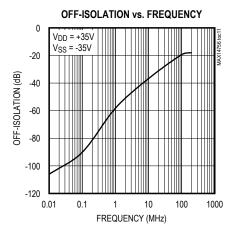
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, V_L = +3.3V, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

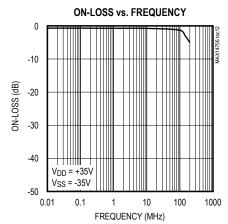


## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

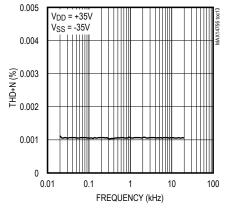
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, V_L = +3.3V, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

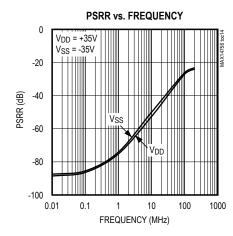




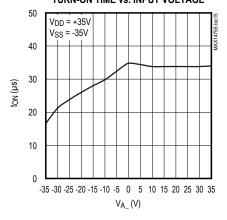


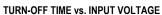
# NOISE vs. FREQUENCY

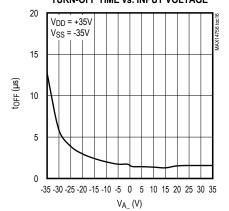




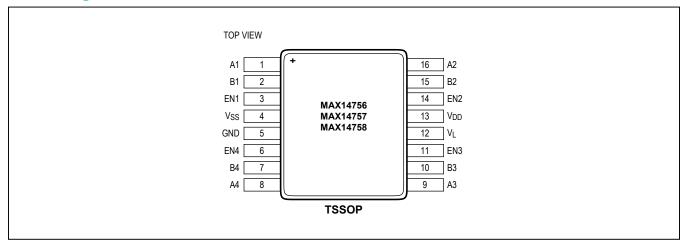
#### **TURN-ON TIME vs. INPUT VOLTAGE**







# **Pin Configuration**



## **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	A1	Terminal A of Switch 1
2	B1	Terminal B of Switch 1
3	EN1	Enable Input of Switch 1. When EN1 is driven high, the switch's state (NO/NC) changes (see $\underline{\text{Table 1}}$ , $\underline{\text{Table 2}}$ , and $\underline{\text{Table 3}}$ ).
4	V <sub>SS</sub>	Negative Supply Voltage. Bypass $V_{SS}$ to GND with a $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor (100V rated) as close as possible to the pin.
5	GND	Ground
6	EN4	Enable Input of Switch 4. When EN4 is driven high, the switch's state (NO/NC) changes (see <u>Table 1</u> , <u>Table 2</u> , and <u>Table 3</u> ).
7	B4	Terminal B of Switch 4
8	A4	Terminal A of Switch 4
9	A3	Terminal A of Switch 3
10	В3	Terminal B of Switch 3
11	EN3	Enable Input of Switch 3. When EN3 is driven high, the switch's state (NO/NC) changes (see see <u>Table 1</u> , <u>Table 2</u> , and <u>Table 3</u> ).
12	$V_{L}$	Logic Supply Voltage. Bypass $V_L$ to GND with a $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the pin.
13	V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage. Bypass $V_{DD}$ to GND with a $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor (100V rated) as close as possible to the pin.
14	EN2	Enable Input of Switch 2. When EN2 is driven high, the switch's state (NO/NC) changes (see see <u>Table 1</u> , <u>Table 2</u> , and <u>Table 3</u> ).
15	B2	Terminal B of Switch 2
16	A2	Terminal A of Switch 2

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX14756/MAX14757/MAX14758 are analog switches with low on-resistance of  $10\Omega$  (max) that conduct equally well in both directions. All devices have a rail-to-rail analog-signal range. They operate with a single +70V supply in unipolar applications or  $\pm 35$ V dual supplies in bipolar applications. The bipolar supplies can be offset and do not have to be symmetrical.

The MAX14756 is a quad NC SPST switch, the MAX14757 is a quad NO SPST switch, and the MAX14758 has two NO and two NC SPST switches. These switches have  $5\Omega$  (typ) on-resistances and low on-leakage currents of 5nA (max). The on-resistance flatness is  $0.004\Omega$  (typ). These devices are suitable for a multitude of analog-signal routing and switching applications, and are functonally operational up to  $+125^{\circ}C$  with increased leakage currents.

### **Applications Information**

#### **Low-Distortion Audio**

The MAX14756/MAX14757/MAX14758 switches, having low  $R_{ON}$  and very low  $R_{ON}$  variation with signal amplitude, are well suited for low-distortion audio applications. The *Typical Operating Characteristics* section shows Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) vs. Frequency graphs for several signal amplitudes.

#### Current Through the Switches

The current flowing through every switch must be limited to  $\pm 50$ mA for normal operation. If the current exceeds this limit, an internal leakage current flows from the switch to V<sub>SS</sub>. Larger input currents do not destroy the device, as long as the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* are not exceeded.

#### Input-Voltage Clamping

For applications that require input voltages beyond the supplies rails, the internal input diodes to  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  can be used to limit the input voltages. As shown in Figure 9, series resistors can be employed at the inputs to limit the currents flowing into the diodes during undervoltage and overvoltage conditions. Choose the limiting resistors such that the input currents are limited to IIN\_(MAX) = 100mA. The values of the current-limit resistors can be calculated as the larger of  $R_{LIM^+}$  and  $R_{LIM^-}$ .

$$R_{LIM+} = \frac{V_{IN}(MAX) - V_{DD}}{I_{IN}\_(MAX)}$$

$$R_{LIM-} = \frac{V_{SS} - V_{IN}(MIN)}{I_{IN} \ (MAX)}$$

Table 1. MAX14756 Truth Table

LO	GIC	SWITCH		
EN1	0	A1/B1	Closed	
EN2	0	A2/B2	Closed	
EN3	0	A3/B3	Closed	
EN4	0	A4/B4	Closed	
EN1	1	A1/B1	Open	
EN2	1	A2/B2	Open	
EN3	1	A3/B3	Open	
EN4	1	A4/B4	Open	

Table 2. MAX14757 Truth Table

LO	GIC	SWITCH		
EN1	0	A1/B1	Open	
EN2	0	A2/B2	Open	
EN3	0	A3/B3	Open	
EN4	0	A4/B4	Open	
EN1	1	A1/B1	Closed	
EN2	1	A2/B2	Closed	
EN3	1	A3/B3	Closed	
EN4	1	A4/B4	Closed	

Table 3. MAX14758 Truth Table

LO	GIC	SWITCH		
EN1	0	A1/B1	Closed	
EN2	0	A2/B2	Open	
EN3	0	A3/B3	Open	
EN4	0	A4/B4	Closed	
EN1	1	A1/B1	Open	
EN2	1	A2/B2	Closed	
EN3	1	A3/B3 Closed		
EN4	1	A4/B4 Open		

During an undervoltage or overvoltage condition, the input impedance is equal to  $R_{LIM}$ . The additional power dissipation due to the fault currents needs to be calculated. During an overvoltage or undervoltage clamping condition on one switch input, the other switches of the MAX14756/MAX14757/MAX14758 operate normally.

#### Beyond-the-Rail Input

If input voltages are expected to go beyond the supply voltages, but within the absolute maximum supply voltages of the MAX14756/MAX14757/MAX14758, add two diodes in series with the supplies as shown in Figure 10.

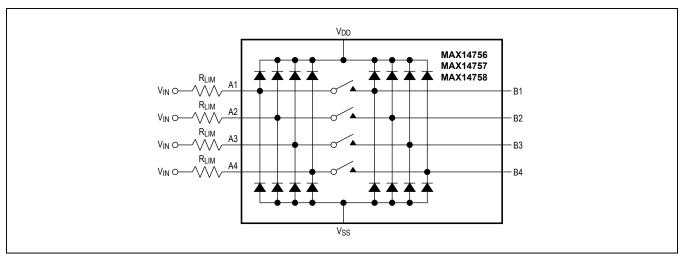


Figure 9. Input Overvoltage and Undervoltage Clamping

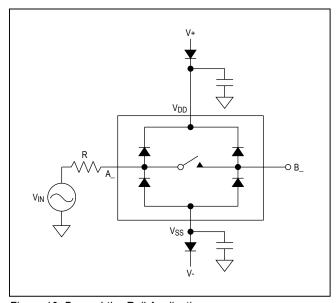


Figure 10. Beyond-the-Rail Application

During undervoltage and overvoltage events, the internal diodes pull  $V_{DD}/V_{SS}$  supplies up/down. An advantage of this scheme is that the input impedance is high and currents do not flow though the MAX14756/MAX14757/MAX14758 during overvoltage and undervoltage events. The input voltages must be limited to the voltages specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* section.

### **Chip Information**

PROCESS: BICMOS

### **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <a href="https://www.maximintegrated.com/packages">www.maximintegrated.com/packages</a>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE	PACKAGE	OUTLINE	LAND
TYPE	CODE	NO.	PATTERN NO.
16 TSSOP	U16+1	<u>21-0066</u>	<u>90-0117</u>

# Quad SPST +70V Analog Switches

## **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	12/10	Initial release	_
1	11/14	Removed automotive reference in Applications section	1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

Maxim Integrated cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim Integrated product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim Integrated reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time. The parametric values (min and max limits) shown in the Electrical Characteristics table are guaranteed. Other parametric values quoted in this data sheet are provided for guidance.

# **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Analogue Switch ICs category:

Click to view products by Maxim manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

FSA3051TMX NLAS4684FCTCG NLAS5223BLMNR2G NLVAS4599DTT1G NLX2G66DMUTCG 425541DB 425528R 099044FB
NLAS5123MNR2G PI5A4157CEX NLAS4717EPFCT1G PI5A3167CCEX SLAS3158MNR2G PI5A392AQE PI5A4157ZUEX
PI5A3166TAEX FSA634UCX XS3A1T3157GMX TC4066BP(N,F) DG302BDJ-E3 PI5A100QEX HV2605FG-G HV2301FG-G
RS2117YUTQK10 RS2118YUTQK10 RS2227XUTQK10 ADG452BRZ-REEL7 MAX4066ESD+ MAX391CPE+ MAX4730EXT+T
MAX314CPE+ BU4066BCFV-E2 MAX313CPE+ BU4S66G2-TR NLASB3157MTR2G TS3A4751PWR NLAS4157DFT2G
NLAST4599DFT2G NLAST4599DTT1G DG419LDY+T DG300BDJ-E3 DG2503DB-T2-GE1 TC4W53FU(TE12L,F) HV2201FG-G
74HC2G66DC.125 DG3257DN-T1-GE4 ADG1611BRUZ-REEL7 DG2535EDQ-T1-GE3 LTC201ACN#PBF 74LV4066DB,118