## Quad Beyond-the-Rails -15V to +35V Analog Switch

## General Description

The MAX14777 quad SPST switch supports analog signals above and below the rails with a single 3.0 V to 5.5 V supply. The device features a selectable $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+35 \mathrm{~V}$ or $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ analog signal range for all switches. Each switch has a separate control input to allow independent switching, making the device an alternative to opto-relays in applications that do not need galvanic isolation.
The IC features $10 \Omega$ (max) on-resistance, and $9 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ (typ) $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ flatness, along with a low 50 nA (max at $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) onleakage. For maximum signal integrity, the device keeps this performance over the entire common-mode voltage range. Each switch can carry up to 60 mA (max) of continuous current in either direction.
The MAX14777 is available in a 20 -pin ( $4 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) TQFN package and is specified over the $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature range.

## Applications

- Industrial Measurement Systems
- Instrumentation Systems
- $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ Switching
- ATE Systems


## Benefits and Features

- Simple, Flexible Board Design
- $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+35 \mathrm{~V}$ Beyond-the-Rails ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Signal Range from a Single 3.0 V to 5.5 V Supply
- Selectable $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ Signal Range for Lower Supply Current
- 60 mA Maximum Current through Each Switch
- 1.62 V to 5.5 V Logic Interface
- High-Performance $10 \Omega \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ (max)
- $150 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ (max) R $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ Flatness
- $\pm 50 \mathrm{nA}$ (max) On-Leakage at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Saves Board Space
- Small 20-Pin TQFN Package ( $4 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}$ )
- $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Operating Temperature Range

Beyond-the-Rails is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

## Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

## Functional Diagram



For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/MAX14777 related.

## Quad Beyond-the-Rails -15 V to +35 V Analog Switch

| Absolute Maximum Ratings <br> (All voltages referenced to GND, unless otherwise noted.) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $V_{\text {Cc }}$........... | ..........-0.3V to +6V |
| V | -0.3V to +6V |
| EN1, EN2, EN3, EN4, SEL35, I.C.. | -0.3V to +6V |
| $\mathrm{A} 1, \mathrm{~A} 2, \mathrm{~A} 3, \mathrm{~A} 4, \mathrm{~B} 1, \mathrm{~B} 2, \mathrm{~B} 3, \mathrm{~B} 4 \ldots . . .$ | $\ldots . . .\left(V_{N}-0.3 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ to the lesser of $\left(V_{P}+0.3 V\right)$ and $\left(V_{N}+70 V\right)$ |
| $V_{P}$ |  |
| SEL35 $=$ High. | .. -0.3 V to +70 V |
| SEL35 = Low. | -0.3 V to +48 V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | -0.3V to +70 V |

$V_{N}$ $\qquad$ the greater of -26 V and $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}}-70 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ to +0.3 V Absolute Difference Between Switch I/Os (| $\mathrm{A}_{-}$- $\mathrm{B}_{-} \mid$)......... 70 V Continuous Current $\qquad$ Continuous Power Dissipation $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ $\qquad$ TQFN (derate $25.6 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) ............... 2051.3 mW Operating Temperature Range.......................... $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Junction Temperature $\qquad$ ................ $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Storage Temperature Range ............................. $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) ................................. $+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Soldering Temperature (reflow)...................................... $+260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Package Thermal Characteristics (Note 1)

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{J A}$ )
$\qquad$
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{\mathrm{JC}}$ )
TQFN. $\qquad$ $.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial.

## Electrical Characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $)$ (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply Voltage Range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  |  | 3.0 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ Supply Voltage Range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ |  |  | 1.62 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ Supply Current | $I_{C C}$ | $V_{C C}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, | SEL35 = low |  | 1.8 | 3.4 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | SEL35 = high |  | 2.2 | 4.3 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}} \end{aligned}$ | SEL35 = low |  | 0.6 | 1.2 |  |
|  |  |  | SEL35 = high |  | 0.8 | 1.65 |  |
| V S Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | SEL35, EN_ = low or high |  | -1 |  | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Analog Signal Range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}_{-}}$ | SEL35 = low |  | -15 |  | +15 | V |
|  |  | SEL35 = high |  | -15 |  | +35 |  |
| Positive High-Voltage ChargePump Output (Note 3) | $V_{P}$ | SEL35 = low |  | 22.5 |  | 27.1 | V |
|  |  | SEL35 = high |  | 41.7 |  | 49.8 |  |
| Negative High-Voltage ChargePump Output | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | (Note 3) |  | -18.2 |  | -14.9 | V |
| Continuous Current Through Switch | $\mathrm{IA}_{-}$ | EN_ = high |  | -60 |  | +60 | mA |

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On-Resistance, Figure 1 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \text { SEL } 35=\text { high, } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}= \pm 60 \mathrm{~mA} \text {, Figure } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 4.4 | 10 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+15 \mathrm{~V}, \text { SEL } 35=\text { low, } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}= \pm 60 \mathrm{~mA} \text {, Figure } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 4.4 | 10 |  |
| On-Resistance Flatness | $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\text {ON }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SEL} 35=\text { high, } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}= \pm 60 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 9 | 150 | $m \Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SEL} 35=\text { low, } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}= \pm 60 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 8 | 150 |  |
| On-Resistance Matching Between Channels | $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\text {ON_M }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SEL} 35=\text { high, } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}= \pm 60 \mathrm{~mA},(\text { Note } 4) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 200 | $m \Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SEL} 35=\text { low }, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}= \pm 60 \mathrm{~mA},(\text { Note } 4) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 200 |  |
| A_Off-Leakage Current | IL_OFF_A | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \text { SEL35 }=\text { high, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}_{-}}=0 \mathrm{~V},+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \end{aligned}$ <br> Figure 2 |  | -20 |  | +20 | nA |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \text { SELS } 35=\text { high, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}_{-}}=0 \mathrm{~V},+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \end{aligned}$ <br> Figure 2 |  | -80 |  | +80 |  |
| B_Off-Leakage Current | IL_OFF_B | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}_{-}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \text { SEL35 }=\text { high, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}}=0 \mathrm{~V},+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \end{aligned}$ <br> Figure 2 |  | -20 |  | +20 | nA |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SEL} 35=\text { high, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}=0 \mathrm{~V},+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & \text { Figure } 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | -80 |  | +80 |  |
| On-Leakage Current | IL_ON | $-15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SEL} 35=\text { high },$ B_ unconnected, $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq$ $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Figure 2 |  | -50 |  | +50 | nA |
|  |  | $-15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}$, SEL35 $=$ high, B_unconnected, $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq$ $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Figure 2 |  | -200 |  | +200 |  |
| A_Power-Off Leakage Current | IL_PWROFF_A | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}_{-}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { or }$ unconnected, $\left\|V_{A_{-}}-V_{B_{-}}\right\|>3 V$, current measured at A | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \\ & \leq+35 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | -5 |  | +5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| B_Power-Off Leakage Current | IL_PWROFF_B | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}_{-}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { or }$ unconnected, $\left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}_{-}}\right\|>3 \mathrm{~V},$ <br> current measured at B | $\begin{aligned} & -15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \\ & \leq+35 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | -5 |  | +5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| DIGITAL LOGIC (EN1, EN2, EN3, EN4, SEL35) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Voltage Low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.3 \mathrm{x} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}} \end{gathered}$ | V |
| Input Voltage High | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.7 \mathrm{x} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | V |
| Input Leakage Current | IDLKG | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EN_ }}=$ low or high |  | -1 |  | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $)$ (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power-Up Time | tpWRON | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{VP}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{VN}}=10 \mathrm{nF}$ (Note 6) |  |  | 5 |  | ms |
| Enable Turn-On Time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SEL} 35=\text { low, } \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \text { Figure } 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 40 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \text { SEL } 35=\text { high } \\ R_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \text { Figure } 3 \end{array}$ |  |  | 40 |  |  |
| Enable Turn-Off Time | toff | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, Figure 3 (Note 5) |  |  |  | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Off-Isolation | VISO | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}=1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RMS}}, \\ & \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \text { Figure } 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \\ & 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | -88 |  | dB |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { or }$ unconnected |  | -66 |  |  |
| Crosstalk | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CT}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{A}=1 V_{R M S}, \\ & f=\overline{100 k H z}, \\ & R_{S}=R_{L}=50 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ <br> Figure 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \\ & 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | -101 |  | dB |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or unconnected |  | -93 |  |  |
| -3dB Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}}=1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}}=\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega,$ <br> Figure 6 |  |  | 380 |  | MHz |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD+N | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}=\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 20 kHz |  |  | 0.038 |  | \% |
| Charge Injection | Q | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}_{-}}=\mathrm{GND}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$, Figure 7 |  |  | 225 |  | pC |
| Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{CON}^{\text {O }}$ | A_, B_pins, $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |  | 16 |  | pF |
|  | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OFF }}$ | At $\mathrm{A}_{-}$when $\mathrm{B}_{-}=\mathrm{GND}$, or at $\mathrm{B}_{-}$ when $A_{-}=G N D, f=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |  | 12 |  | pF |
| THERMAL SHUTDOWN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal Shutdown Threshold | TSHDN | Temperature rising |  |  | 160 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {HYST }}$ |  |  |  | 32 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ESD PROTECTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Pins |  | Human Body Model |  |  | $\pm 2$ |  | kV |

Note 2: All units are $100 \%$ production tested at $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.
Note 3: Do not use $V_{P}$ or $V_{N}$ to power external circuitry.
Note 4: Tested at -1 V , guaranteed by design for $-15 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+35 \mathrm{~V}$.
Note 5: This parameter does not depend on the status of SEL35.
Note 6: Power-up time is the time needed of $V_{P}$ and $V_{N}$ to reach steady-state values. Analog Switch

## Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams



Figure 1. On-Resistance Measurement


Figure 2. Leakage Current Measurements

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)


Figure 3. Enable Switching Time


Figure 4. Off-Isolation

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)


Figure 5. Crosstalk


Figure 6. Frequency Response

## Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)



Vout IS THE MEASURED VOLTAGE DUE TO CHARGE
TRANSFER ERROR Q WHEN THE CHANNEL TURNS OFF.
$Q=C_{L} \times V_{\text {OUT }}$

Figure 7. Charge Injection

## Typical Operating Characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted.)


## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $\mathrm{VCC}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)


## Quad Beyond-the-Rails -15 V to +35 V Analog Switch

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted.)


## Pin Configuration



| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | $V_{P}$ | Positive Charge-Pump Output. Bypass $V_{P}$ to GND with a 10nF, 50V capacitor for applications with an <br> input range of $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ (SEL35 = low) or a 100V capacitor for applications with an input range of $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+35 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> (SEL 35 = high). Place the capacitor as close as possible to the device. |
| 2 | GND | Ground |
| 3 | $V_{N}$ | Negative Charge-Pump Output. Bypass $V_{N}$ to GND with a 50V, 10nF ceramic capacitor placed as close <br> as possible to the device. |
| 4 | $V_{C C}$ | Power-Supply Input. Bypass $V_{C C}$ to GND with a 1 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ ceramic capacitor placed as close as possible to the <br> device. |
| 5 | I.C. | Internally Connected. Connect to GND. |
| 6 | A1 | Analog Switch 1 Terminal A. Switch 1 is open when EN1 is low. |
| 7 | A2 | Analog Switch 2 Terminal A. Switch 2 is open when EN2 is low. |
| 8 | A3 | Analog Switch 3 Terminal A. Switch 3 is open when EN3 is low. |
| 9 | A4 | Analog Switch 4 Terminal A. Switch 4 is open when EN4 is low. |
| 10 | SEL35 | Analog-Signal Range Select Input. Drive SEL35 low to enable the -15V/+15V analog signal range. Drive <br> SEL35 high to enable the -15V/+35V analog signal range. |
| 11 | EN1 | Switch 1 Control Input. Drive EN1 high to close switch 1. Drive EN1 low to open switch 1. |

## Quad Beyond-the-Rails -15 V to +35 V Analog Switch

## Pin Description (continued)

| PIN | NAME |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 12 | EN2 | Switch 2 Control Input. Drive EN2 high to close switch 2. Drive EN2 low to open switch 2. |
| 13 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Logic Interface Reference Supply Input. Bypass $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ to GND with a 1 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ ceramic capacitor. |
| 14 | EN3 | Switch 3 Control Input. Drive EN3 high to close switch 3. Drive EN3 low to open switch 3. |
| 15 | EN4 | Switch 4 Control Input. Drive EN4 high to close switch 4. Drive EN4 low to open switch 4. |
| 16 | N.C. | No Connection. Not internally connected. |
| 17 | B4 | Analog Switch 4 Terminal B. Switch 4 is open when EN4 is low. |
| 18 | B3 | Analog Switch 3 Terminal B. Switch 3 is open when EN3 is low. |
| 19 | B2 | Analog Switch 2 Terminal B. Switch 2 is open when EN2 is low. |
| 20 | B1 | Analog Switch 1 Terminal B. Switch 1 is open when EN1 is low. |
| - | EP | Exposed Pad. Connect EP to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$. Do not connect to ground. EP is not intended as an electrical <br> connection point. |

## Detailed Description

The MAX14777 quad SPST switch supports analog signals above and below the rails with a single 3.0 V to 5.5 V supply. The device features up to $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+35 \mathrm{~V}$ analog signal range for all switches when pin SEL35 is high. When pin SEL35 is low, the analog signal range reduces to $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ signal range, also resulting in a lower $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ supply current. SEL35 trades off high-side analog signal range for supply current. Each switch has a separate control input to allow independent switching.
The MAX14777 features $10 \Omega$ (max) on-resistance, and $9 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ (typ) Ron flatness, along with a 50 nA (max at $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) on-leakage. For maximum signal integrity, the IC keeps this performance over the entire common-mode voltage range. Each switch can carry up to 60 mA (max) of continuous current in either direction.

## Integrated Bias Generation

The MAX14777 contains a total of three charge pumps to generate bias voltages for the internal switches: a 5 V regulated charge pump, a positive high-voltage charge pump $\left(V_{P}\right)$, and a negative high-voltage charge pump ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$ ). When $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ is above 4.75 V (typ), the 5 V charge pump is bypassed and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ provides the input for the high-voltage charge pumps, reducing overall supply current.

The voltage at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$ is always -16 V (typ); however, the MAX14777 features a pin-selectable (SEL35) voltagehigh range for the analog signal. When the SEL35 input is low, the voltage on $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}}$ is +26 V (typ) and the analog signal range is $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+15 \mathrm{~V}$. When the SEL35 input is high, the voltage on $V_{P}$ is +46 V (typ) and the analog signal range is extended to $-15 \mathrm{~V} /+35 \mathrm{~V}$.
An external 10 nF capacitor is required for each highvoltage charge pump between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}} / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$ and GND. Use a 50 V -rated capacitor on $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$. On $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}}$ use a 50 V capacitor if SEL35 = low or use a 100 V capacitor if SEL35 = high. Never use $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$ to power external circuitry.

## Analog Signal Levels

The MAX14777 transmits signals above and below the rails with a single 3.0 V to 5.5 V supply due to its integrated bias circuitry. The analog signal range is pin selectable using the SEL35 input. Drive SEL35 low to switch signals between -15 V and +15 V . Drive SEL35 high to switch signals between -15 V and +35 V .
Setting SEL35 low reduces both turn-on delay and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ supply current.
The MAX14777 features $10 \Omega$ (max) on-resistance and $9 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ (typ) RoN flatness for analog signals between -15V and +35 V . The current flow through the switches can be bidirectional.

## Quad Beyond-the-Rails -15 V to +35 V Analog Switch

## $\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ Supply Logic Input

The MAX14777 features a separate logic supply input $\left(V_{\mathrm{L}}\right)$ that sets the high and low thresholds for the logic inputs (EN_ and SEL35). This feature allows flexibility in interfacing to controllers that have a different logic level than $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. Connect $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ to a voltage between 1.62 V and 5.5 V for normal operation.

## Applications Information

## Non-Powered Condition

To understand the behavior of the MAX14777 when not powered (i.e. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ), both the transient and DC signal conditions should be considered. Every A_ and B_ pin has internal diodes to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$, as shown in Figure 8. Applying a positive voltage on $\mathrm{A}_{-}$or $\mathrm{B}_{-}$charges the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}}$ capacitor through the diode to $\overline{\mathrm{V}}_{\mathrm{P}}$. Applying a negative voltage on $A_{-}$or $B_{-}$charges the $V_{N}$ capacitor negative through the diode to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{N}}$. Switch terminals $\mathrm{A}_{-}, \mathrm{B}_{-}$are tolerant to high-voltage signals ranging from -15 V to +35 V when device is unpowered; i.e, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ floating.

Once the capacitor is charged to a DC voltage, the L_IO_OFF current flows. Thus, under transient conditions, applying a changing voltage to an $\mathrm{A}_{-}$or $\mathrm{B}_{-}$pin results in flow into or out of the pin due to a charge movement at the external capacitors on $V_{P}$ and $V_{N}$.
Under DC conditions, when a voltage is applied to an $\mathrm{A}_{-}$ or $B_{-}$pin, with $V_{C C}$ unpowered, the switch is open when the voltage difference between the $A_{-}$and $B_{-}$pin is larger than 3 V . Under these conditions, DC leakage current flows into the pin. When $\left|V_{A}-V_{B}\right|<3 V D C$, the switch is not fully open, and currents up to a few mA can flow between $\mathrm{A}_{\text {_ }}$ and $\mathrm{B}_{\text {_ }}$.
If SEL35 is connected low, the $V_{P}$ capacitor charges to about 25 V . Applying a positive voltage above about 25 V on $\mathrm{A}_{\text {_ }}$ or $\mathrm{B}_{-}$charges the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{P}}$ capacitor through the diode to $V_{P}$. Once the $V_{P}$ capacitor is charged to this increased voltage, current flow from A_ or B_ ceases. Thus, even when SEL35 is low, any of $\mathrm{A}_{-}^{-}$or $\mathrm{B}_{-}^{-}$tolerate voltages up to 35 V .


Figure 8. Typical Application Circuit

## MAX14777

## Application Example

The MAX14777 can be used for designing an industrial single-supply analog input module that supports both $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ voltages and $4 \mathrm{~mA}-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ current measurements. In this scheme, the MAX14777 switches in a $250 \Omega$ resistor, typically used for translating the current-loop current to a voltage for analog measurement, as shown in Figure 9. By using three of the four MAX14777 switches, which provide accurate current and voltage measurement, the device handles voltages up to 36 V , as maximally found in current-loop power supplies. In voltage measurement

## Quad Beyond-the-Rails -15 V to +35 V Analog Switch

mode, with switch positions as shown in Figure 9, analog input voltages in the $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ range are switched to the amplifier input. Invert all switch positions for current loop measurement operation.
When the analog input module is not powered, the MAX14777 tolerates and protects the resistor and PGA against voltages mistakenly connected to the AIN terminal.


Figure 9. Analog Input Module for Voltage and Current Loop Measurement

## MAX14777

## Quad Beyond-the-Rails -15 V to +35 V Analog Switch

## Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAX14777GTP + | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 20 TQFN-EP* |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. *EP = Exposed Pad

## Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

## Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "\#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE <br> TYPE | PACKAGE <br> CODE | OUTLINE <br> NO. | LAND <br> PATTERN NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 TQFN-EP | T2044+4 | $\underline{21-0139}$ | $\underline{90-0409}$ |

## Revision History

| REVISION <br> NUMBER | REVISION <br> DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES <br> CHANGED |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0 | $6 / 13$ | Initial release | - |
| 1 | $10 / 13$ | Removed reference to prereleased op amp | 14 |

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