Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

General Description

The MAX16550 is a protection IC with an integrated low-resistance MOSFET and lossless currentsense circuitry featuring SMBus/PMBus™ control and reporting. This IC is designed to provide the optimum solution for distribution, control, monitoring and protection of the system's 12V power supply. An internal LDO provides the supply voltage for the protection IC.

If no fault is detected, the IC initiates the startup and has been designed to provide controlled, monotonic startup. Programmable soft-start ramp and delay is implemented to limit the in-rush current during startup.

The IC monitors the current and voltage of the 12V system power rail and provides multiple levels of protection with fast turn-off if a fault is detected.

Maxim's patented, lossless current sense provides high accuracy current sensing over load and temperature, improving overall system-energy efficiency, and reducing dissipation.

Output voltage is monitored at all times. If at any time the output voltage falls below the programmable output undervoltage-lockout threshold, the PWRGD signal is asserted low. If at any time the input voltage falls below the programmable input undervoltage-lockout threshold, the PWRGD signal is asserted low. The IC can be programmed through PMBus to provide input overvoltage protection. Input overvoltage protection is disabled by default. When enabled through PMBus, if the input voltage exceeds a programmable overvoltage threshold, the MOSFET is latched off and a fault indicated.

PMBus is a trademark of SMIF, Inc.

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

Benefits and Features

- MAX16550—30A Protection ICn
- High-Density (4mm x 4.5mm for 30A): Less than 25% of the Board Area of Conventional Solutions
 - Monolithic Integration of Power, Control, and Monitoring
 Integrated Power MOSFET with 1.9mΩ Total Resistance in 12V Power Path (R_{DS(ON)} Including Package)
 - Integrated Lossless, Precise Current Sensing
 - Integrated LDO Provides V_{DD} Supply (1.8V Bias Suppy)
- Enables Advanced System Power Management— PMBus/SMBus Telemetry with Extensive Status Monitoring and Reporting
 - Load Current Indicator (ILOAD) Pin Provides Analog Output Current Reporting with High Accuracy
 - Programmable Soft-Start for Inrush Current Limiting
 - Increases Power-Supply Reliability with IC Self-Protection Features
 - Very Fast Fault Detection and Isolation
 - V_{IN} to V_{OUT} Short Protection During Startup
 Overtemperature Protection
 - Three Levels of Overcurrent Protection
 - Programmable Moderate OCP
 - Programmable Severe OCP Provides Isolation < 5us.
 - Fail-Safe Safe OCP Provides Isolation < 250ns.

Additional Features

- Programmable Soft-Start and Delay
- Programmable Input Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold (UVLO)
- Programmable Power-Good Threshold
- PWRGD Pin for Output UVLO/Input UVLO Reporting
- FAULT Pin for Fault Reporting

Systems and Applications

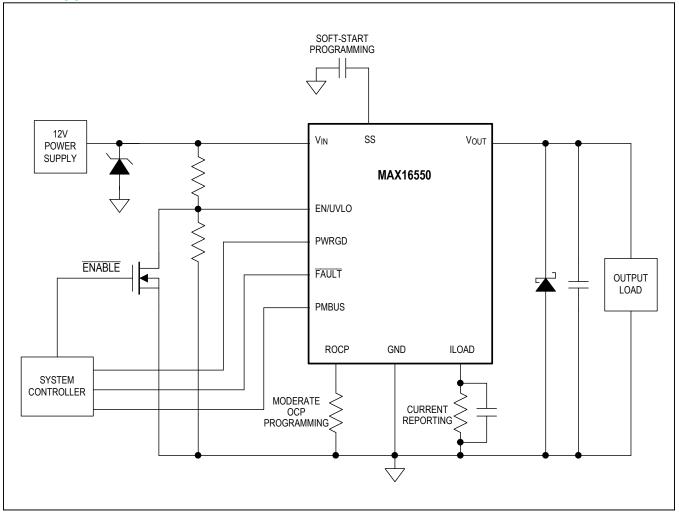
Servers, Networking, Storage, Communication Equipment and AC/DC Power Supplies

- Integrated Protection IC on 12V
 - Circuit Breaker/E-Fuse, Hot Swap



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Basic Application Circuit



Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Voltage (VIN) DC	0.3V to +16V
Supply Voltage (VIN) 150µs	22V
Bias Supply Voltage (V _{DD})	0.3V to +2.5V
PWRGD, FAULT	0.3V to +5.5V
EN/UVLO, R _{OCP}	0.3V to +2.5V
SMBUS_CLK, SMBUS_DATA,	
SMBUS_ALERT	6V
SMBUS_ID	

Operating Ratings

ILOAD	0.3V to +2.5V
Output Voltage (V _{OUT}) DC	0.3V to +16V
BST (Relative to V _{OUT})	0.3V to +2.5V
SS	0.3V to +16V
Junction Temperature (T _J)	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +165°C
Peak Reflow Temperature	260°C

Junction Temperature (T_J).....0°C to +125°C

Package Thermal Characteristics

Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC} , max)......0.31°C/W

Note 1: These products are completely Halogen-free and Pb-free, employing special materials sets: molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matter tin plate including anneal. These products are RoHS compliant with an -e3 termination finish and are compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. These products are MSL classified at peak reflow temperatures that meet JEDEC JSTD-020.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Package Information

PACKAGE TYPE: 18 FCQFN				
Package Code	P184A4F+1			
Outline Number	21-1080			
Land Pattern Number	90-0529			
THERMAL RESISTANCE				
Junction to Case (θ_{JC})	0.31°C/W			

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
12V SUPPLY (V _{IN})							
Supply Voltage Range	V _{IN}		10.8	12	13.2	V	
		FET off	3.0		6.25	mA	
Device Supply Current	I _{IN}	FET on: I _{OUT} = 0 (Note 2)	3.7		6.75		
		FET on: I _{OUT} = 30A (Note 2)			10		
INTEGRATED 1.8V LINEAR REGUL	ATOR						
LDO Output Voltage Range			1.76	1.85	1.94		
V _{DD} Falling		(Note 2)	1.55	1.6	1.7	V V	
V _{DD} Rising	V _{DD}	(Note 2)	1.62	1.67	1.73]	
Hysteresis		(Note 2)	30	60	80	mV	
V _{DD} UVLO Response Time		(Note 2)		2		μs	
UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT: 12V	SUPPLY (V _{IN})						
V _{IN} UVLO Rising Threshold			0.95	1	1.05	V	
V _{IN} _UVLO Hysteresis	VIN_UVLO	At EN/UVLO pin		50		mV	
Programmable 12V V _{IN} Undervoltage Threshold for Rising Input	V _{IN_UVLO}	Programmable through resistor- divider, measured at V _{IN}	8			v	
Response Time	t _D	From EN/UVLO = 0V to FET off		2		μs	
EN_UVLO PIN INTERNAL PARAME	TERS						
EN_UVLO Pin Leakage		EN_UVLO = 1.8V	5	6.7	11	μA	
EN_UVLO Internal Pulldown Resistor			110	250	450	kΩ	
BOOST VOLTAGE (V _{BST})							
V _{BST} Charging Time to 1.6V Above V _{OUT}	^t CHARGE	C _{BST} = 100nF		150		μs	
BST Voltage Above V _{OUT}	V _{BST}			1.8		V	
Rising UVLO Threshold Above V _{OUT}		(Note 2)	0.8	1.2	1.6		
Falling UVLO Threshold Above V _{OUT}	BOOST UVLO	(Note 2)	0.74	1.1	1.5	- V	
UVLO Hysteresis		(Note 2)	60	130	400	mV	
Falling Lockout Response Time	t _D			1.5		μs	
INTEGRATED MOSFET CHARACT		1					
On-Resistance	R _{DS(ON)}	(Note 2)		1.9		mΩ	

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
COMMON OVERCURRENT PROT	ECTION					
Severe OCP Threshold,				130		
% Above Moderate OCP	I _{OCP(SEVERE)}	Digitally programmable		170		%
Severe OCP Threshold Accuracy				±20		1
Severe OCP Delay	^t D(SEVERE)	From fault threshold exceeded to FET off (Note 3)		5		μs
Gain from ROCP Pin Current	G _{OCP}	(Note 2)		4		A/µA
Allowed Range for No-Fault Detection	ROCP		28		360	kΩ
Startup OCP Threshold	IOCP_STARTUP	Programmed through PMBus default setting = 8A (Note 2)		4 8 12 16		А
Startup OCP Threshold Accuracy		I _{OUT} = 4A I _{OUT} = 8A, 12A, 16A		±30 ±20		%
Safe OCP Threshold	1	(Note 2)		60		A
Safe OCP Threshold Accuracy	IOCP_SAFE	V _{IN} = 12V, T = +125°C		±20		%
Safe OCP Delay	^t D_SAFE	From fault threshold exceeded to FET off		250		ns
OVERCURRENT PROTECTION (M	AX16550)	· · · · ·				
Gain from ROCP Pin Current	G _{OCP}	Gain from ROCP pin current to I _{OUT} (Note 2)		4		A/µA
Moderate OCP Voltage Threshold	N	Referred to voltage over ROCP (Note 2)		0.8		V
Moderate OCP Voltage Threshold Accuracy	VOCPM	Referred to I _{OUT} using Equation 1		±12		%
Moderate OCP Threshold Range	IOCP(MODERATE)	Analog programmable through ROCP	15		35	А
Allowable ROCP Range for ROCP_ Fault Detection at Power-Up	ROCP		28		360	kΩ
Moderate OCP Timeout	t _{OCPM}	I _{OUT} > moderate OCP, I _{OUT} < severe OCP, programmable default moderate OCP timeout = 100μs (Note 3)		12.5 100 100 250		μs μs ms ms
Moderate OCP Fault-Detect Delay Timeout Accuracy		(Note 3)		±10		%
SOFT-START AND COUT	×	· · · · · ·				
Soft-Start Discharge Resistance	SS			1	2	kΩ

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Soft-Start Charging Current	I _{SS}		20		39	μA
Soft-Start Capacitor Value Range	C _{SS}	Linear startup ramp	0		75	nF
Soft-Start Time	t _{SS}	C _{SS} = 0nF, I _{OUT} = 0A (Note 3)		1		ms
Soft-Start Capacitor Discharge Threshold			0.17	0.2	0.25	V
CSS Discharge Check Duration During Startup		(Note 3)		2.2		s
Recommended Output Capacitance Range	C _{OUT}	(Note 2)	10		10000	μF
FET V _{GS} UNDERVOLTAGE LOCK	DUT					-
V _{GS} Rising UVLO Threshold			0.87	1.3	1.61	
V _{GS} Falling UVLO Threshold			0.74	1.17	1.50	V
V _{GS} UVLO Hysteresis	V _{GS_UVLO}		87	100	466	mV
V _{GS} UVLO Masking Time		During startup (Note 3)		100		ms
V _{GS} UVLO Deglitching		(Note 3)		10		μs
PASS FET SHORT DETECTION DL	IRING STARTUP					
Duration of V _{OUT} Discharge Check	^t DISCHARGE	(Note 3)		2.2		s
Pulldown Resistance on V _{OUT} During Self-Check	RDISCHARGE		400	455	560	Ω
Threshold for Self-Check Procedure	Vout_self Check	SMBus/PMBus programmable, default 9V (Note 2)	5.8 6.8 7.7 8.8	6 7 8 9	6.2 7.2 8.2 9.4	V
Delay from Self-Check Pass to Start V _{OUT} Ramp	t _D	Programmable (Note 3)		0 10 20		μs
PWRGD PIN						
Max Allowable PWRGD Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	External pullup leakage below 1µA		5.5		V
PWRGD Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	Sinking 4mA			0.4	V
Propagation Delay from V _{OUT_UVLO} Detect to PWRGD Pin Asserted Low	t _D	(Note 3)		3.2		μs
Threshold for PWRGD Asserted High		SMBus/PMBus programmable, default 11V (Note 2)		8 9 10 11		v
PWRGD Clear Timing Time Needed to Clear PWRGD after V _{OUT} Has Reached V _{IN}	V _{TH} (pwrgd)	(Note 3)		5		ms
PWRGD Hysteresis		(Note 2)	0.35	0.5	0.63	V

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
PWRGD Accuracy			-5		+5	%
OVERTEMPERATURE PROTECTIO	N	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Overtemperature-Protection Threshold	T _{OTP}	PMBus programmable (Note 2)		140		°C
SMBus DATA (SMBUS_DATA) AND	CLOCK (SMBUS	S_CLOCK) PINS				
Leakage Current		For pullup = 5.5V (Note 2)		5.3		μA
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}				0.8	V
Input High Voltage	VIH		2.1			V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	SMBUS_DATA, sinking 4mA			0.4	V
Max Allowable External Pullup Voltage	V _{OH} MAX			5.5		V
SMBus ALERT PIN		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	Sinking 4mA			0.4	V
Leakage Current		For pullup = 5.5V (Note 2)			1	μA
Max Allowable External Pullup Voltage	V _{OH} MAX			5.5		v
FAULT-ISOLATION DELAY		· · · · ·				
Fault-Detection Time	t _D	Fault detection to start of gate pulldown (Note 3)		60		ns
Pass FET Turn-Off Time	t _F	From start of gate pulldown to pass FET off (Note 3)		50		ns
FAULT PIN						1
Input High Voltage	VIH	(Note 2)	1			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	(Note 2)			0.66	V
Max Allowable FAULT Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	External pullup, leakage below 1µA		5.5		v
FAULT Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	Sinking 4mA			0.4	V
Propagation Delay from Fault Detect to FAULT Asserted Low	t _D	(Note 3)		100		ns
VIN OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION		· · · · · ·				
Programmable Threshold for OVP	V _{IN_OVP}	Measured at V _{IN} , programmable (Note 2)		14 16		V
V _{IN} Overvoltage Accuracy	V _{IN_OVP}		-5		+5	%
Deglitching Time	t _{FILTER_OVP}	(Note 3)		20		μs
CURRENT REPORTING (ILOAD) P	—	_,				1
Linear I _{OUT} Reporting Range		Current-reporting range	0		30	A
Max Allowable Linear Voltage Range				1.35		V
Offset Current		I _{OUT} = 0A		0.32		μA

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 12V \pm 10\%)$, unless otherwise noted. $T_J = 0^{\circ}C$ to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Specifications are 100% production tested at $T_A = +32^{\circ}C$. Limits over operating temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Current-Reporting Gain	G _{ILOAD}	ILOAD current divided by I _{OUT} current (Note 2)		5		µA/A
Bandwidth		No capacitor in parallel with R _{LOAD} resistor	100	·		kHz
ANALOG CURRENT-REPORTING	ACCURACY		·			•
Current-Reporting Accuracy		I _{OUT} = 4A	-2.5		+2.5	%
(Notes 3, 4, 5)	IOUT	I _{OUT} = 30A	-1.8		+1.8	70
SMBus/PMBus TELEMETRY	-		·			
	READ_IOUT	I _{OUT} = 4A		±3		%
Digital Current-Reporting Accuracy	(8Ch), READ IIN (89h)	I _{OUT} = 30A		±2		%
	READ_PIN (97h)	Digital, I_{OUT} = 4A, V_{IN} = 12V, R _{LOAD} = 9k Ω (MAX16550)		±5		- %
Digital Power-Reporting Accuracy		Digital, I_{OUT} = 30A, V_{IN} = 12V, R _{LOAD} = 9k Ω (MAX16550)		±3.5		
Digital Input-Voltage Reporting Accuracy	READ_VIN (88h)			±1.2		%
Digital Output-Voltage Reporting Accuracy	READ_VOUT (8Bh)			±1.2		%
Digital Temperature-Reporting Accuracy	READ_ TEMPERA- TURE_1 (8Dh)			±8		°C
		I _{OUT} = 4A		±5		0/
Digital Energy-Reporting Accuracy	READ_EIN (86h)	I _{OUT} = 30A		±3		%

Note 2: Denotes specificaltion that apply for typical operating junction temperature ($T_J = +25^{\circ}C$).

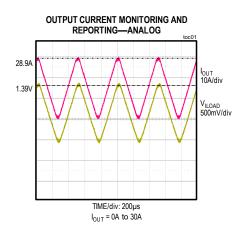
Note 3: Guaranteed by design, not production tested.

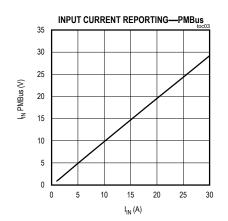
Note 4: Reporting accuracy presented includes 0.1% external resistor tolerance contribution.

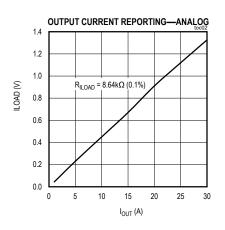
Note 5: Min/max limits are $\ge 4\sigma$ about the mean.

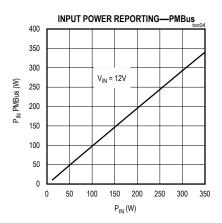
Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Typical Operating Characteristics



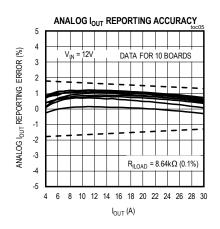


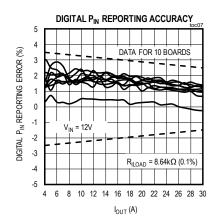


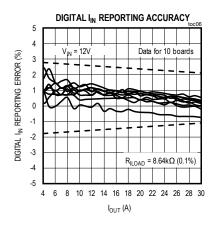


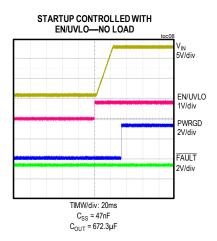
Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



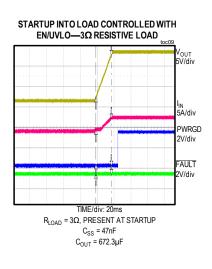


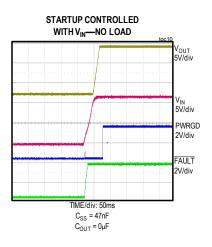


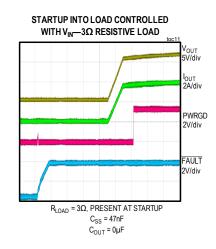


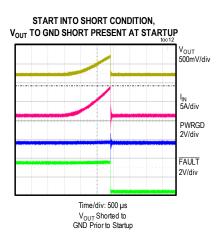
Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



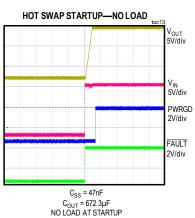




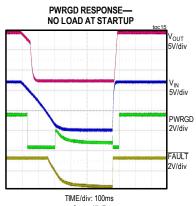


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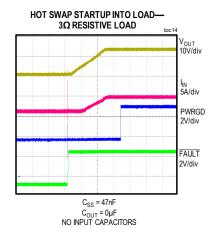
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

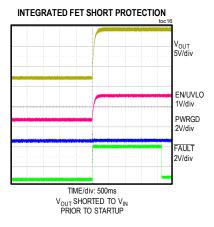


NO LOAD AT STARTUP



C_{SS} = 47nF PWRGD THRESHOLD = 11V VIN_UVLO THRESHOLD = 8V

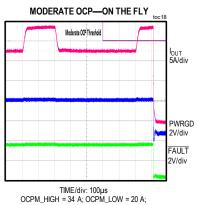




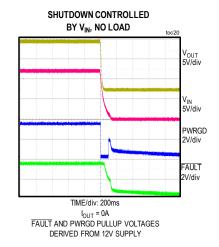
 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{C}_{\text{SS}} \text{ DISCHARGE FAIL PROTECTION}_{\text{tot17}} \\ \textbf{V}_{\text{OUT}} \\ \textbf{S}_{\text{SV/div}} \\ \textbf{S}_{\text{SV/div}} \\ \textbf{S}_{\text{SV/div}} \\ \textbf{S}_{\text{SV/div}} \\ \textbf{S}_{\text{SV/div}} \\ \textbf{ENUVLO} \\ \textbf{V}_{\text{Viv}} \\ \textbf{V}_{\text{Viv}} \\ \textbf{FAULT} \\ \textbf{Z}_{\text{V/div}} \\ \textbf{S}_{\text{SS}} = 47nF \\ \textbf{SS SHORTED TO V_{\text{IN}}} \\ \textbf{SS SHORTED TO V_{\text{IN}}} \\ \textbf{PRIOR TD S STARTUP} \end{array}$

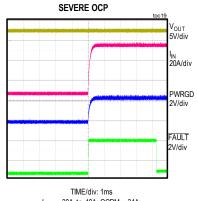
Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

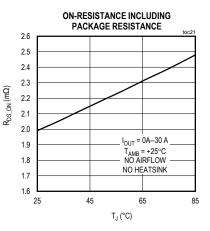


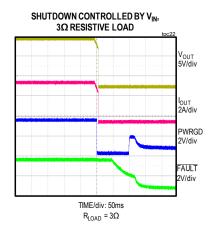
OCPM_HIGH = 34 A; OCPM_LOW = 20 A I_{OUT} = 18A to 24A; t = 200 μ s; MODERATE OCP TIMEOUT = 100 μ s





I_{OUT} = 30A to 40A; OCPM = 34A; MODERATE OCP TIMEOUT = 100µs; SEVERE OCP SETTING = 130%

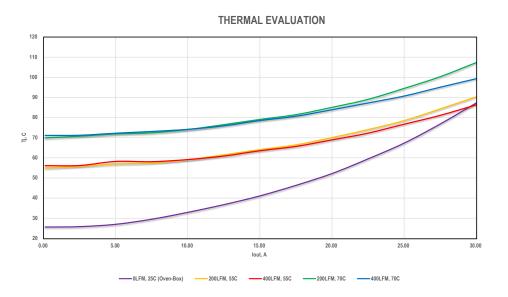




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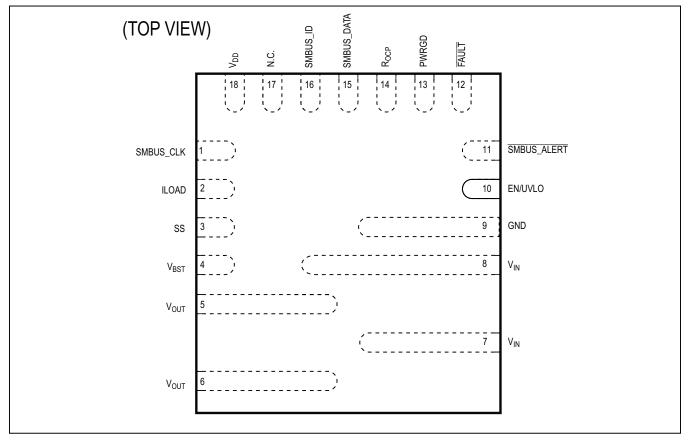
Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Pin Configuration



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	SMBUS_CLK	SMBus Clock Pin.
2	ILOAD	Analog Current Representation of the Load Current. Connect the pin to ground through a properly sized resistor for proper voltage representation. Always keep this pin connected to ground through a resistor. A capacitor parallel to the R _{ILOAD} resistor is required; see Table 16 for the recommended value.
3	SS	Soft-Start Pin. A capacitor is connected from SS to GND to program soft-start. The soft-start program capacitor should not exceed 75nF. If a fast load transient (di/dt > 2.5A/ms) resulting in fast and large transient output-voltage deviation is possible in the application, an additional capacitor between SS and V _{OUT} is recommended to keep the pass FET V _{GS} above its UVLO threshold.
4	V _{BST}	Charge-Pump Supply for Pass FET Gate Drive. Connect this node to V _{OUT} through a 220nF bypass capacitor. This supply is designed to be used by the MAX16550 only. No additional load or external components other than a bypass capacitor are allowed on the V_{BST} pin.
5-6	V _{OUT}	12V Output Power Pins (Load Side).

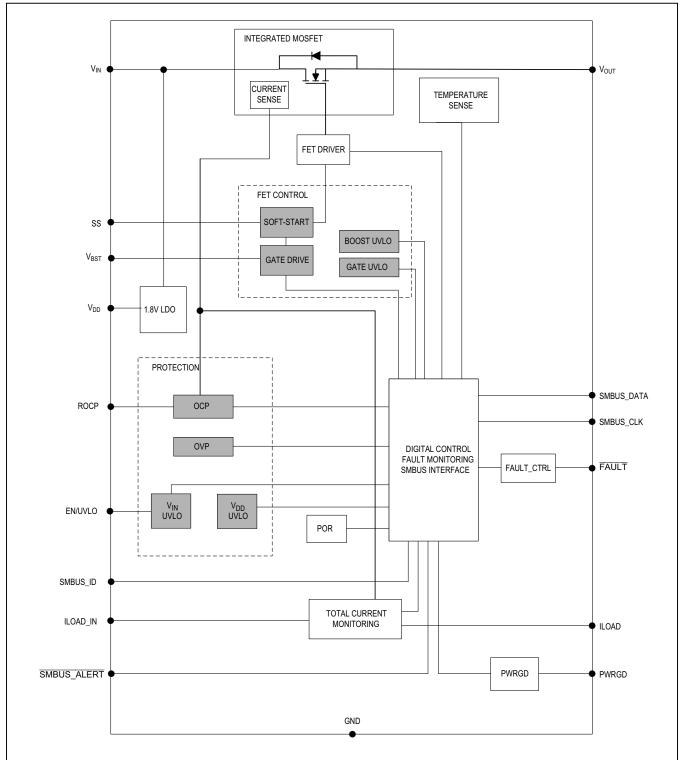
Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

MAX16550/MAX16551 Connection Information (continued)

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
7-8	V _{IN}	12V Input Power Pins (Power Supply Side).
9	GND	IC Ground. Connect this node to GND plane through vias for proper operation.
10	EN/UVLO	12V Input Voltage and UVLO Pin. Normally connected to the center node of a resistor- divider connected from $V_{\rm IN}$ to ground. A properly sized capacitor can be placed in parallel to the bottom resistor of the resistor-divider for additional filtering. In addition to 12V UVLO programming, this node can be used to enable/disable the MAX16550.
11	SMBUS_ALERT	SMBus Alert, Open-Drain, Active-Low Pin.
12	FAULT	Fault Communication, Bidirectional Pin. It is used to indicate/receive detection of latching fault. See the \overline{FAULT} Reporting section for more details. Connect this pin to the system bias supply rail through a 10k Ω resistor. 5V compliant, active-low pin.
13	PWRGD	Power Good Pin. Used to report V_{IN} and V_{OUT} status. See the <i>Power Good (PWRGD)</i> <i>Output</i> section for more details. Connect this pin to system bias supply rail through a 10k Ω resistor. This pin is 5V compliant.
14	ROCP	Moderate OCP Threshold Programming Input. Connect this pin to GND using an appropriate programming resistor. See the <i>Moderate OCP Threshold</i> section for additional details. No other components are allowed on this pin.
15	SMBUS_DATA	SMBus Data Pin.
16	SMBUS_ID	SMBus Address Programming and Current Hysteresis Flag Pin. Connect this pin to GND through a properly sized resistor to select desired address setting.
17	N.C.	Not Connected. Connect to GND through a $10k\Omega$ resistor.
18	V _{DD}	Internal 1.8V Linear Regulator (LDO) Output. Connect this pin to GND through a 1µF (or higher) capacitor. See Figure 6 for the correct value. No additional loads or components other than external properly sized capacitor are allowed on the V _{DD} pin.

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Block Diagram



Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Detailed Description

The MAX16550 integrated power-protection IC is designed to provide a complete, single-chip circuit-breaker protection solution for the 12V power bus. It combines power monitoring and control functions with a low on-resistance pass FET device that acts as a disconnect switch to limit maximum power distributed to the load. The IC implements Maxim's proprietary integrated lossless current sensing techniques to provide a highly accurate and compact protection solution. The ICs integrate PMBus/SMBus interface for digital control and monitoring.

Refer to the IC <u>Block Diagram</u>. An integrated N-channel power MOSFET is driven by the FET control circuit that includes a boost circuit to provide gate drive. An internal LDO provides V_{DD} IC bias supply, eliminating the need for external bias supply, enabling effective use of the device in hot-swap applications.

Startup

The IC enables the integrated 1.8V V_{DD} LDO once the 12V supply voltage is high enough to guarantee LDO operation. Once V_{DD} is valid, the ICs read the SMBus_ID programming resistor value to set the PMBus address and initiate. During this period, the gate-drive supply capacitor becomes fully charged. Once these two func-

tions are complete, the ICs can be controlled through the enable input.

The enable input (EN/UVLO) has a precise threshold and provides a V_{IN}_UVLO function, where the enable voltage is derived from V_{IN} through a resistor-divider, with an optional control signal used in conjunction with the divider, as shown in <u>Figure 5</u>. The EN/UVLO pin must not be pulled high externally other than to pull the EN/UVLO pin high through a propely sized resistor-divider from the input supply. Though the enable signal can be pulled low to disable the part, this should only be allowed to occur when the input-voltage supply is within operating range, as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics* table.

Startup Safe Operating Area (SOA)

During soft-start, it is important to keep the FET within its safe operating area. The peak current allowed during startup is shown in <u>Figure 1</u>. In case resistive short is possible in the application, it is required to use startup OCP feature to protect the device. The startup OCP threshold must be programmed to a value lower than safe peak current. <u>Figure 1</u> assumes pure capacitive or RC load on the output.

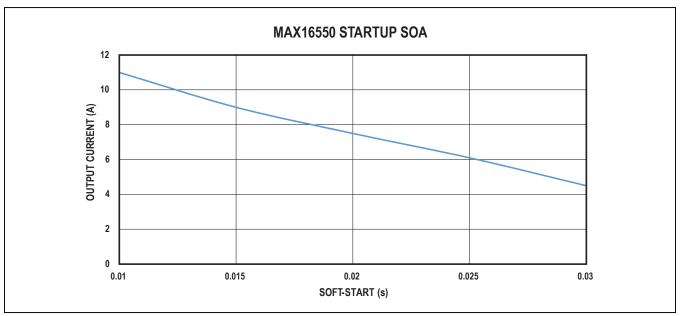


Figure 1. MAX16550 Startup SOA

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Self-Check

Once V_{BST UVLO} has been cleared, the internal V_{DD LDO} is fully enabled and the EN/UVLO pin is above the enable threshold, the ICs initiate a timed output discharge as a self-check procedure. By default, the ICs initiate this procedure immediately after VBST UVLO has been cleared and the internal V_{DD} LDO is fully enabled. Delay to start this procedure can be reprogrammed through PMBus. If the output does not fall below the programmed VOUT UVLO threshold after a fixed period, the pass FET could potentially be shorted, with the ICs asserting both FAULT and PWRGD pins low. The latched fault condition remains until restart (EN/UVLO or VIN toggling, restarting through the OPERATIONS command). The threshold (VOUT UVLO) for the self-check procedure can be programmed to one of three different values through the PMBus. These values are programmed with the corresponding values for the PWRGD threshold. If the output voltage is below the programmed VOUT UVLO, the self-check is considered passed and the ICs proceed with startup.

In addition, a soft-start capacitor discharge procedure is performed during every restart. The ICs utilize an integrated resistive element, with resistance approximately $1.2k\Omega$, to discharge the C_{SS} capacitor. The ICs check if the voltage across the C_{SS} capacitor is below the soft-start threshold shown in the <u>Electrical Characteristics</u> table after a fixed period of time. If the voltage across the C_{SS} capacitor is not below the softstart threshold, the ICs latch the pass FET off and assert the FAULT pin low. The latched fault condition is kept until reset (EN/UVLO or V_{IN} toggling).

The ICs check the ROCP value at all times, including startup (after the bias supply is valid). This check ensures proper reference OCP threshold selection, which determines startup and severe OCP thresholds. If the wrong ROCP value is detected, the ICs report the fault by asserting the FAULT signal low. The latched fault condition is kept until restart (EN/ UVLO or V_{IN} toggling/restarting through the OPERATIONS command).

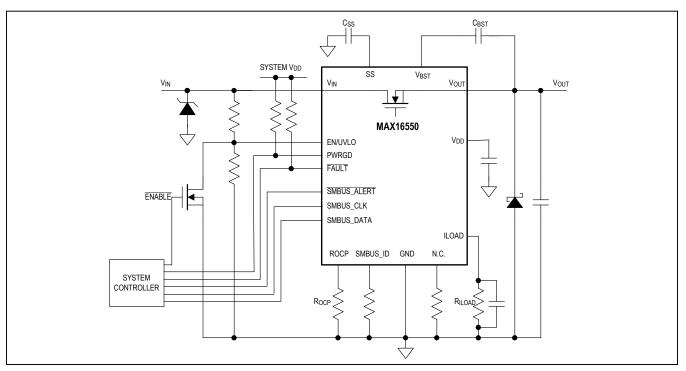


Figure 2. MAX16550 Configuration Example

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Soft-Start

Once the self-check procedure is complete, the outputvoltage soft-start ramp is initiated. During startup, the C_{SS} capacitor is charged using a constant-current source. Since the integrated FET is configured as a source follower, the output voltage is ramped monotonically at a rate determined by the external soft-start capacitor.

V_{DD} UVLO

The ICs implement V_{DD} UVLO fault monitor and protection. V_{DD} is monitored at all times. Startup

procedures are not initiated until V_{DD} UVLO is cleared. If V_{DD} falls below V_{DD} UVLO during normal operation, this fault is latched and V_{IN} power cycle/toggle is required to reset this latching fault.

Current Hysteresis

The SMBUS_ID pin is used as a current-hysteresis flag after SMBUS_ID decoding is completed. If the output current is greater than the MFR_SPECIFIC_HYSTH level, the current-hysteresis flag is set to high. If output current is less than the MFR_SPECIFIC_HYSTL level, then the current-hysteresis flag is set to low.

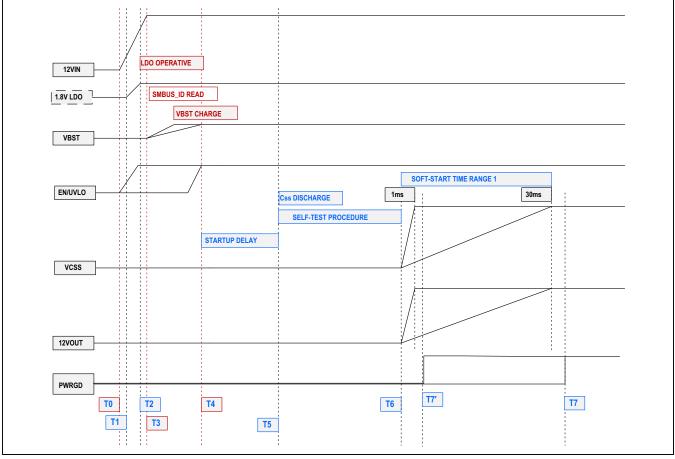


Figure 3. Startup Timing Diagram

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Table 1. Timing Diagram Example Shownin Figure 5

POINT/ PERIOD	DESCRIPTION
tO	12V V _{IN} applied.
t1	The LDO has enough headroom to start up. V _{IN} > 2V (typ).
t2	The internal 1.8V LDO is ready and the MAX16550 logic is fully operational. External bypass capacitors connected to the V_{DD} pin are fully charged. 700µs (typ).
t3, t4	SMBus ID resistor reading and V _{BST} charging. EN/UVLO signal status is ignored from t3 to t4. 150µs (typ).
t4	EN/UVLO is active. Startup check-up procedures can be started after the EN/UVLO is cleared.
t4, t5	User-programmable startup delay (0 to 20µs).
t5, t6	Self-test procedure. C _{SS} discharge.
t6, t7	V _{OUT} ramp (1ms–30ms).
t7	Power-good (PWRGD) output asserted. 6ms (typ).
t7+	PWRGD is high, normal operation starts.

SMBus ID Resistor Out of Range

After V_{DD} UVLO is cleared, the SMBus ID programming resistor is read. If it is out of range, a latching fault is tripped. This fault can be cleared by EN/UVLO or V_{IN} toggling or restarting through the OPERATIONS command. The latter may mean pulling EN/UVLO above the threshold and then low after the fault is detected to reset the fault latch. The value is read again when EN/UVLO goes high for the second time.

VBOOST, VGS UVLO

 V_{BOOST} UVLO is checked when EN/UVLO is above the enable threshold and remains active while the device is enabled. If V_{BOOST} UVLO is tripped before the FET is turned on, the latching fault can still be reset by EN/UVLO or V_{IN} toggling or restarting through the OPERATIONS command. The gate-drive (V_{GS}) UVLO protection has 10µs internal deglitching filtering, which prevents false tripping due to output-voltage overshoot if a large, fast unloading transient is present. An external capacitance can be placed between the V_{OUT} and V_{SS} pins for filtering. V_{BOOST} and V_{GS} UVLO are latching faults, which result in the pass FET being latched off and FAULT asserted

low. V_{GS} UVLO is masked for 100ms during startup to avoid tripping a latching fault.

VIN UVLO

The V_{IN} UVLO is fed through a resistor-divider to the EN/UVLO pin and therefore provides a programmable threshold on the 12V input rail. The EN/UVLO pin includes hysteresis and if the pin falls below the programmed value during operation, the device turns the integrated FET off and PWRGD is deasserted. The integrated FET is turned on again if the positive threshold is exceeded and performs self-test and soft-start for each cycle. V_{IN} UVLO warning is also provided through the PMBus.

Overcurrent Detection

The MAX16550 actively monitors load current on the 12V power bus load at all times, including startup. Startup OCP is active during startup until the power-good (PWRGD) flag is set. Startup OCP threshold is 8A by default and has much faster reaction time. If, at any time during startup, load current rises above the startup threshold, the integrated pass FET turns off within 10µs and the FAULT pin is asserted low. This is a latching fault.

The MAX16550 provides three levels of overcurrent protection during normal operation (after the startup procedure is complete and the PWRGD flag is set high). The "moderate" OCP threshold is set using an analog external resistor and is therefore programmable over a wide continuous range. This OCP allows a higher current to be sustained for a period less than a programmable timeout period without shutting down the device to allow for short surges that pose no threat to the device and are normal operating conditions. If the load current on the 12V power bus exceeds the moderate OCP threshold for the entire timeout period, but its magnitude is less than a programmable severe overcurrent threshold (Table 3), the integrated pass FET switches off at the end of the timeout period and the FAULT pin is asserted low to indicate a moderate OCP fault condition. Restarting the system requires EN/UVLO or VIN toggling or restarting through the OPERATIONS command. Moderate OCP timeout is user programmable through SMBus, with four different values.

The second level of OCP protection is a "severe OCP." Severe OCP threshold is programmed relative to moderate OCP threshold using PMBus. If at any time the load current exceeds the severe OCP threshold, the MAX16550 turns the integrated pass FET off in less than 5 μ s, and asserts the FAULT pin low. Severe overcurrent protection is a latching fault.

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The MAX16550 features a third level of protection against severe overload faults, called "safe OCP," with 60A internally fixed threshold. It assures that the integrated pass FET is protected from exceeding its safe operating condition at all times. If at any time the load current on the 12V power bus exceeds the safe OCP threshold, the MAX16550 turns the pass FET off within 250ns and asserts the FAULT pin low. The severe OCP threshold should be set to a value less than the safe OCP threshold.

The MAX16550 supports on-the-fly moderate OCP threshold changes. The concept is shown in <u>Figure 4</u>. If the resistance seen by the ROCP pin is changed during the MAX16550 operation, the MAX16550 adjusts the moderate OCP threshold to match the value selected by the external resistive network.

Overvoltage Protection

The ICs includes V_{IN} overvoltage protection to protect the system from an overvoltage event that could harm the downstream circuitry. Overvoltage protection is disabled by default and can be enabled and programmed through PMBus. The input voltage is constantly monitored, and if at any time it rises above the PMBus programmed threshold, the pass FET is latched off, FAULT asserted low, and a fault reported. This is a latching fault.

Wrong ROCP Protection

The ICs are protected against out-of-range ROCP values. Protection is enabled at all operating conditions, including startup. Wrong ROCP is considered a severe, latching fault, so if at any time the ROCP value is detected out of the permitted range, the ICs latch the integrated FET off, and assert the FAULT pin low. An EN/UVLO or V_{IN} toggling or a restart through the OPERATIONS command must be performed to clear the fault and restart the ICs. If ROCP is changed during operation by the system (see Figure 4), the design must be such that ROCP is within range at all times.

Overtemperature Protection

The ICs include protection against overtemperature conditions. If the junction temperature exceeds the programmable threshold, the IC latches the integrated FET off and asserts the FAULT output low. To re-enable the IC, the following options are available:

- Toggling EN/UVLO or VIN
- Restarting through the OPERATIONS command

The overtemperature threshold is user programmable through the PMBus.

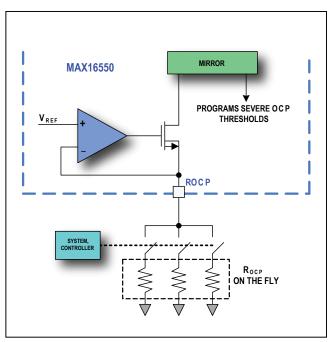


Figure 4. On-The-Fly Analog Programmable Moderate OCP Threshold (MAX16550)

FAULT Fault Reporting

The ICs provide a dedicated pin (FAULT) for fault reporting. If at any time a latching fault is detected, the FAULT pin is immediately latched low. An EN/UVLO or V_{IN} toggling or restart through the OPERATIONS command is required to reset the ICs after a latching-fault detection.

Fault Input and FAULT Pullup

The \overline{FAULT} pin is a bidirectional open-drain pin that can be used for fault communication from external circuitry to the ICs. To communicate a fault to the ICs, the external circuitry must pull the \overline{FAULT} pin low. If \overline{FAULT} is externally pulled low, the ICs treat it as a latching fault; therefore, the pullup voltage source must be considered to ensure the rail is operational and pulled high before the ICs' startup cycle.

These are the options for the pullup rail:

- MAX16550 V_{DD}: 1.8V internal LDO rail. This rail is limited to 1.8V, so the external system has to be compliant with that rail.
- System 3.3V or 5V Rail: FAULT is 5V compliant; therefore, an external higher voltage rail can be used for pullup. This rail has to be stable when the ICs are initiating their startup procedure. If it is not, a potential false-fault communication may occur.

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Power-Good (PWRGD) Output

The ICs provide a dedicated pin for power-good reporting (PWRGD). PWRGD is asserted high after startup, when the output node is charged above the programmed PWRGD threshold and the FET is fully enhanced and operating in its resistive region. In all the other conditions, the PWRGD pin is deasserted low.

PWRGD is an open-drain pin; thus, an external pullup resistor connected to the pullup supply rail is needed. Different options are available for the pullup rail:

- MAX16550 V_{DD}: 1.8V internal LDO rail. This rail is limited to1.8V, so the external system has to be compliant with that rail.
- System 3.3V or 5V Rail:. PWRGD is 5V compliant; therefore, an external higher voltage rail can be used for pullup.

Analog Load Current Signal Output

The ICs include an output pin (ILOAD) that allows the user to monitor the load current through the ICs. The current sourced by the ILOAD pin is proportional to the current through the device with the ratio shown in the *Electrical Characteristics* table. A properly sized resistor between the ILOAD pin and GND should be added. The ICs report zero current on the ILOAD pin during soft-start, and start reporting load current once the pass FET V_{GS} is above its UVLO threshold (i.e., the pass FET is in its resistive region).

PMBus/SMBus Reporting and Warning

The ICs provide PMBus-compliant digital telemetry through the PMBus, as shown in <u>Table 4</u>. The ICs include a digital multiply function that provides a reading for input power and input energy. For average values, the sample size is programmable. Peak values for input/output

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	FAULT ASSERTED	LATCHING
V _{DD} UVLO	Internal V _{DD} LDO UVLO	N/A*	N/A*
V _{BOOST} UVLO	UVLO for V _{BOOST} voltage	Yes	Yes
V _{GS} UVLO	UVLO for V _{GS} voltage	Yes	Yes
V _{IN} UVLO	EN/UVLO pin below threshold	No	No
R _{OCP}	R _{OCP} detected as being out of valid range	Yes	Yes
R_SMBus_ID	SMBus_ID resistor detected as being out of range	Yes	Yes
C _{SS} Discharge	Soft-start capacitor discharge failed	Yes	Yes
FET Short	Pass FET short detected during startup self-check	Yes	Yes
Startup OCP	Startup overcurrent fault detected	Yes	Yes
Severe OCP	Severe overcurrent fault detected	Yes	Yes
Safe OCP	Safe overcurrent fault detected	Yes	Yes
Power Fault	Power fault detected	Yes	Yes
OTP	Overtemperature-fault threshold exceeded	Yes	Yes
V _{IN} OVP	V _{IN} overvoltage detected	Yes	Yes

Table 2. Faults Detected and Actions

Note 1: If V_{BST} _UVLO fault occurs before startup, \overline{FAULT} is not reported and status registers are not updated. **Note 2:** V_{IN} _UVLO clears \overline{FAULT} and the latching event.

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Table 3. Requirements for PWRGDAssertion

PARAMETER	CONDITION								
V _{OUT}	V _{OUT} > PWRGD Threshold								
V _{IN}	V _{IN} > V _{IN_UVLO}								
Self-Check	MOSFET (V _{IN} to V _{OUT}) short not detected during startup.								
V _{GS}	FET on and in triode region. 5ms delay before PWRGD assertion after this condition is met.								

Table 4. PMBus/SMBus Reporting

PARAMETER	CONDITION					
V _{IN}	Input voltage (PMBus compliant)					
lout	Output current (PMBus compliant)					
PIN	Input power (PMBus compliant)					
E _{IN}	Input energy (PMBus compliant)					
Temperature	MAX16550 chip temperature (PMBus compliant)					
Peak V _{IN}	Peak value of input voltage (direct reading)					
Peak I _{OUT}	Peak value of output current (direct reading)					
Peak P _{IN}	Peak value of input power (direct reading)					
Peak Temperature	Peak value of IC temperature (direct reading)					
Peak V _{OUT}	Peak value of output voltage (direct reading)					

voltage, output current, input power, and temperature are stored in dedicated manufacturer-specific registers. The ICs also provide warning functions based on programmable warning thresholds, as specified in the PMBus specification. The sample size for warning flags is also programmable.

Configuration

The ICs are configured using both analog programming resistors and also through the PMBus. See <u>Table 5</u> for programmable parameters.

Reference OCP Threshold

The reference OCP threshold is externally programmable through a resistor connected to the ROCP pin. This threshold is used as reference for startup and severe OCP thresholds. The reference OCP threshold is programmed as shown in Equations 1 and 2 (see the <u>Electrical</u> <u>Characteristics</u> table for V_{OCPM} and G_{OCP}).

Equation 1:

$$I_{OCP_REF} = \frac{V_{OCPM}}{ROCP} \times GOCP$$

where:

 I_{OCP_REF} = Reference overcurrent-protection threshold (A) V_{OCPM} = Overcurrent-protection reference voltage shown in the <u>Electrical Characteristics</u> table (V)

GOCP = Overcurrent-protection gain shown in the $Electrical Characteristics table (<math>\mu$ A/A)

 R_{OCP} = Value of overcurrent-protection programming resistor ($\Omega)$

Equation 2:

$$R_{OCP} = \frac{V_{OCPM}}{I_{OCP}REF} \times GOCP$$

where:

 I_{OCP_REF} = Reference overcurrent-protection threshold (A) V_{OCPM} = Overcurrent-protection reference voltage shown in the *Electrical Characteristics* table (V)

GOCP = Overcurrent-protection gain shown in the *Electrical Characteristics* table (A/A).

 R_{OCP} = Value of overcurrent-protection programming resistor ($\Omega)$

Design Example (MAX16550):

To set moderate OCP to 35A nominal, using Equation 2:

$$R_{OCP} = \frac{0.8 V}{35 A} x (4 x 10^6) = 91.5 k\Omega$$

Startup OCP Threshold

PMBus register DDh is used to set startup OCP threshold. See <u>Table 14</u> for Reg_DDh settings.

Design Example:

To set Startup OCP to 4A, write 10b to bits Reg_DDh[5:4].

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Table 5. MAX16550 Programmability

PARAMETER	PROGRAMMABILITY TYPE	COMPONENT	CONDITION
Moderate (MAX16550) OCP Threshold (sets moderate and severe OCP)	Analog	ROCP	R_OCP
Soft-Start Ramp Rate	Analog	C _{SS}	SS
Input UVLO Threshold	Analog	Divider	EN/UVLO
PMBus Address	Programming Resistor	SMBus_ID Resistor	SMBus_ID
Power Fault Timeout	Digital	PMBus_Reg D0h[6:5]	SMB_DATA
Severe OCP Threshold	Digital	PMBus_Reg D0h[7]	SMB_DATA
Startup Delay	Digital	PMBus_Reg D0h[12:11]	SMB_DATA
Input OVP Threshold (OVP feature can be enabled/disabled)	Digital	PMBus_Reg D0h[3:2]	SMB_DATA
Output PWRGD Threshold (sets V _{OUT} UVLO and self-test thresholds)	Digital	PMBus_Reg D0h[9:8]	SMB_DATA
Self-Check Threshold	Digital	PMBus_Reg D0h[9:8]	SMB_DATA
Overtemperature Warning and Fault Thresholds	Digital	PMBus_Reg 51h, PMBus_Reg 4Fh	SMB_DATA
Input Overpower Warning Threshold and Fault Thresholds	Digital	PMBus_Reg 6Bh, PMBus_Reg F5h	SMB_DATA
Reporting and Warning Averaging Sample Size	Digital	PMBus_Reg DDh[3:0], PMBus_Reg D0h[1:0]	SMB_DATA
V _{IN} Undervoltage Warning and Fault Thresholds	Digital	PMBus_Reg 58h, PMBus_Reg 59h	SMB_DATA
Overcurrent Warning	Digital	PMBus_Reg 4Ah	SMB_DATA
V _{OUT} Undervoltage Warning Threshold	Digital	PMBus_Reg 43h	SMB_DATA
ILOAD Voltage Gain	Analog	ILOAD Resistor	ILOAD

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Soft-Start Capacitor (CSS)

During startup, the pass FET device is operated as a source follower. Soft-start capacitor C_{SS} is connected between the MOSFET's gate and ground and is charged from a fixed current source. The external C_{SS} capacitor therefore charges linearly and this produces a linear monotonic ramp for V_{OUT} . The ramp rate is programmable by selecting the appropriate value for C_{SS} .

The ramp rate for the voltage across C_{SS} and V_{OUT} is given by Equation 5.

Equation 5:

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{i_{SS}}{C_{SS}}$$

where:

dV/dt = Voltage ramp rate of V_{OUT} (V/µs)

i_{SS} = Soft-start current source (mA)

C_{SS} = External C_{SS} capacitor value (nF)

Assuming V_{IN} = 12V, Equation 5 can be used to derive the soft-start time given by Equation 6.

Equation 6:

$$t_{SS} = \frac{12V \times C_{SS}}{i_{SS}}$$

where:

t_{SS} = Ramp duration (µs)

i_{SS} = Soft-start current (mA)

C_{SS} = External soft-start capacitor value (nF)

Assuming the load inrush current is due to the input capacitance only, the load current is given by Equations 7 and 8.

Equation 7:

$$I_{IN} = I_{OUT} = C_{OUT} \times \frac{dV}{dt}$$

where:

 I_{OUT} = Load inrush current (A) C_{OUT} = Load capacitance (μ F)

Equation 8:

$$I_{\rm IN} = I_{\rm OUT} = \frac{C_{\rm OUT} \times i_{\rm SS}}{C_{\rm SS}}$$

where:

I_{OUT} = Load inrush current(A)

 C_{OUT} = Load capacitance (µF)

C_{SS} = External soft-start capacitor value (nF)

i_{SS} = Soft-start current (mA)

Therefore, the soft-start capacitor can be selected based on the design value of inrush current using Equation 9.

Equation 9:

$$C_{SS} = \frac{C_{OUT} \times i_{SS}}{I_{INRUSH}}$$

where:

 I_{INRUSH} = Desired maximum inrush current due to C_{LOAD} (A)

C_{OUT} = Load capacitance (mF)

 C_{SS} = External soft-start capacitor value (nF)

i_{SS} = MAX16550 soft-start current (μA)

In order to achieve optimal low-loss operation of the pass FET, the ICs monitor the value of the pass FET V_{GS}. The V_{GS} UVLO is enabled approximately 100ms (according to the <u>Electrical Characteristics</u> table) after startup initiation. This places an upper limit on C_{SS} and t_{SS}.

Note that if load unloading transients with di/dt > 2.5A/ ms large enough to cause output-voltage transients > ~100mV, an additional capacitor between SS and V_{OUT} is recommended to ensure the pass FET V_{GS} remains above its UVLO threshold. This capacitor has no noticeable effect on soft-start ramp time as the differential voltage from V_{OUT} to SS remains approximately constant in soft-start.

Design Example:

Assume a maximum design value for inrush current of 10A, and a load capacitance of 2mF.

$$C_{SS} = \frac{(2mF) x (30 \mu A)}{10 A}$$

= 6nF minimum (to meet inrush maximum)

Use Equation 6 to show that corresponding t_{SS} in this example is 2.4ms, which is well below the 100ms limit.

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Input UVLO

The input UVLO is set using a resistor-divider circuit, as shown in Figure 5. The enable threshold, V_{IN_UVLO} is given in the <u>Electrical Characteristics</u> table. The corresponding value for the V_{IN} rail is given by Equation 10.

Equation 10:

$$V_{IN} = \frac{V_{IN} V_{IO}}{K}$$

or

Equation 11:

$$K = \frac{\left(V_{IN}_UVLO\right)}{V_{IN}}$$

where:

V_{IN} = 12V rail input voltage to enable device (V)

VIN UVLO = EN/UVLO threshold (V)

K = Resistor-divider rato, R2/(R1 + R2)

Design Example:

To guarantee system startup at 10.8V using Equation 11.

$$K = \frac{1.0V}{10.8V}$$
$$= 0.926$$
set R2 = 10kΩ
R1 = 98kΩ

PMBus Address Programming

The PMBus address is programmed to one of 16 values using the external resistor, as shown in Table 6.

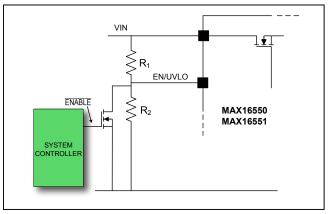


Figure 5. Programming Resistors for Input UVLO

Table 6. PMBus Address ProgrammingResistor Values

VALUE	R_SMBUS_ID (kΩ)	SMBus ID				
0	1.78	40h				
1	2.37	41h				
2	3.16	42h				
3	4.22	43h				
4	5.62	44h				
5	7.5	45h				
6	9.76	46h				
7	13	47h				
8	17.4	10h				
9	23.2	11h				
10	30.9	12h				
11	41.2	13h				
12	54.9	50h				
13	73.2	51h				
14	97.6	52h				
15	127	53h				

Note: RSMBus_ID should be 1% or better.

ILOAD Reporting

The current-reporting voltage is set using an external resistor connected from ILOAD to ground. The maximum voltage is shown in the <u>Electrical Characteristics</u> table. The reporting voltage gain is given by Equation 12. Assuming a maximum signal voltage of 1.35V, Equation 14 can be used to select a value for R_{ILOAD} based on a desired full-scale current.

Equation 12:

$$V_{ILOAD} = R_{ILOAD} \times I_{LOAD} \times G_{ILOAD}$$

Equation 13:

$$R_{ILOAD} = \frac{1.35 V}{I_{LOAD \ FSD} \times G_{ILOAD}}$$

where:

VILOAD = Current-reporting voltage (V)

 R_{ILOAD} = External current-reporting resistor (k Ω)

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

 I_{LOAD} = Load current I_{OUT} = I_{IN} (A)

 I_{LOAD_FSD} = Desired full-scale of current reporting (A) G_{ILOAD} = Current-reporting gain from the <u>Electrical</u> <u>Characteristics</u> table

For example, to set the full-scale current reported to 23A:

$$RILOAD = \frac{1.35V}{23A \times (5 \times 10^{-6})}$$
$$= 11.8K\Omega$$

MAX16550 PMBus Reporting and Warning Settings

The ICs provide single-sample, averaged and peak values for voltage, current, and power reporting, as well as single reading or averaged readings for warnings. The limits for these parameters and warnings should be set through PMBus prior to operation if a value other than the default is required.

Averaging for voltage, power, and current uses a "accumulate-and-dump" technique, whereas temperature uses a shifting window/rolling average. Power is calculated for every voltage and current sample (as opposed to using averaged voltage and current), and the result is accumulated in a dedicated register for averaging.

Two independently programmable averaging sample sizes are used for reporting and warning/status register use for voltage, current and power:

- Reporting: 2^{N} samples, with N = 0 to 16
 - (1 sample to 32K samples)
 - Sample size is set using Reg_DDh (CONFIG_2, manufacturer-specific register)
- Warning: 2^M samples, with M = 0 to 3
 - (1 sample to 8 samples)
 - Sample size is set using Reg D0h
 - (CONFIG, manufacturer-specific register)

The ICs support fault and status reporting except for V_{BST}_UVLO fault at startup. If the V_{BST}_UVLO occurs at startup the device latches off, FAULT is not reported, and status registers are not updated.

Setting PMBus-Programmable Parameters

See <u>Table 7</u> for parameters that are programmed through the PMBus. If a setting other than the default shown below is required, it must be programmed through PMBus. Note that some parameters have an enable bit as well as value bits.

Table 7. Parameters Programmed throughPMBus and Default Values

PARAMETER	DEFAULT VALUE
Overtemperature-Protection Threshold	140°C
V _{OUT} PWRGD/Self-Check Thresholds	11V/9V
Moderate OCP Timeout	100µs (MAX16550)
Startup Delay	0µs
Startup OCP Threshold	8A
Severe OCP Threshold	130%
Input OVP Threshold	14V (Disabled by Default)
Overtemperature Warning Threshold	220°C (Disabled by Default)
Pin Warning Threshold	(Disabled by Default)
Overcurrent Warning	(Disabled by Default)
V _{IN} Undervoltage Warning	(Disabled by Default)
V _{OUT} Undervoltage Warning	(Disabled by Default)
Current Hysteresis	(Disabled by Default)

SMBus/PMBus Registers

STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC Register (80h)

This is a single-byte register used to read the status of the self-check and fault indicators.

ALERT Behavior

Any of the STATUS bits (with some exception) assert the alert line low.

Exceptions are:

- Bit OFF of STATUS_BYTE/STATUS_WORD
- Bit POWERGOOD#/MFR_SPECIFIC of STATUS_ WORD

Alert line can be configured to mask any of the STATUS bits using the SMBALERT_MASK register.

The only ways to release the alert line are:

- CLEAR_FAULTS command
- ARA (refer to the SMBus spec v2.0)

The MFR_DATE register returns a byte from which it's possible to recover the manufacture date (monthly) with Table 10.

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Table 8. PMBus/SMBus Registers

ADDRESS (HEX)	PROGRAMMABILITY (Note 1)	ТҮРЕ	BYTES	DEFAULT (HEX)
1	OPERATION	RW	1	80
3	CLEAR_FAULTS	WO	0	0
19	CAPABILITY	RO	1	B0
1B	SMBALERT_MASK	(Note 2)	2	0000
43	VOUT_UV_WARN_LIMIT	RW	2	0000
4A	IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	RW	2	03FF
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	RW	2	0358
51	OT_WARN_LIMIT	RW	2	03FF
58	VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT	RW	2	0000
59	VIN_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	RW	2	0000
6B	PIN_OP_WARN_LIMIT	RW	2	0000
78	STATUS_BYTE	RO	1	0
79	STATUS_WORD	RO	2	0
7A	STATUS_VOUT	RO	1	0
7B	STATUS_IOUT	RO	1	0
7C	STATUS_INPUT	RO	1	0
7D	STATUS_TEMPERATURE	RO	1	0
7E	STATUS_CML	RO	1	0
80	STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC	RO	1	0
86	READ_EIN	RO	7	0
88	READ_VIN	RO	2	0
89	READ_IIN	RO	2	0
8B	READ_VOUT	RO	2	0
8C	READ_IOUT	RO	2	0
8D	READ_TEMPERATURE	RO	2	0
97	READ_PIN	RO	2	0
98	PMBUS_REVISION	RO	1	2
99	MFR_ID	BLK	6	MAXIM
9A	MFR_MODEL	BLK	6	16550/ 16551
9B	MFR_REVISION	BLK	2	1
9D	MFR_DATE	RO	1	See Table 10
D0	CONFIG	RW	2	0
D1	PEAK_VIN	RO	2	0

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Table 8. PMBus/SMBus Registers (continued)

ADDRESS (HEX)	PROGRAMMABILITY (Note 1)	ТҮРЕ	BYTES	DEFAULT (HEX)
D2	PEAK_IOUT	RO	2	0
D3	PEAK_PIN	RO	2	0
D4	PEAK_TEMP	RO	2	0
D5	CLEAR_PEAKS	WO	0	0
DD	CONFIG2	RW	1	0
F2	MFR_SPEC_HYSTL	RW	2	03FF
F3	MFR_SPECT_HYSTH	RW	2	03FF
F4	MFR_SPEC_HYST_STAT	RO	1	0
F5	PIN_OP_FAULT_LIMIT	RW	2	5540
FD	PEAK_VOUT	RO	2	0

Note 1: Registers shown in bold (1h - 9Dh) comply with PMBus Power Management Management Protocol Specifications. Refer to the PMBus specification and see Table 15 for more details.

Note 2: SMBALERT_MASK is written to a write_word command and read with a read from a write_block_read_process_call with a num_bytes field of 1.

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Table 9. Register 80h

BIT #	BIT NAME	DESCRIPTION	READING	INDICATION
[7]		Pass FET and Soft-Start Self-Check	0	Pass
[7]	SELFCHECK_FAULT	Pass FET and Solt-Start Sell-Check	1	Fail
[6]	ROCP_FAULT	ROCP Check	0	Pass
[6]	KUCP_FAULI	ROCF Check	1	Fail
[6]		SMBus Programming	0	Pass
[5]	R_SMBUSID_FAULT	Resistor Check	1	Fail
[4]		Foult Input	0	No Fault Input
[4]	FOLLOWER_FAULT	Fault Input	1	Fault Input
[2]			0	No Fault
[3]	GATE_UVLO_FAULT	V _{GS} UVLO Fault	1	Fault
[0]			0	No Fault
[2]	BST_UVLO_FAULT	V _{BOOST} UVLO Fault	1	Fault
[4]		Not Used	0	
[1]		Not Used	1	_
[0]	PIN_OP_FAULT	PIN_OP_FAULT	0	Pass
[0]		FIN_OF_FAULT	1	Fault

Table 10. Lookup Table for MFR_DATE Register 9Dh

MFR_DATE[5:0] BINARY	MONTH	YEAR
000000	Jan	2014
000001	Feb	2014
_	—	—
111101	Feb	2019
111110	Mar	2019
111111	Apr	2019

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	ŝ	8	1	1	I	vout_uv_w am_th[8]	ocp_warn_ th[8]	ovt_fault th[8]	ovt_warn_ th[8]	ov_ warn_t h[8]	uv_warn_ th[8]	vin_uv_ fault_th[9]	op_warn_ th[8]	I	0	I	I
	ć	69	1	I	I	vout_uv_w vout_uv_w am_th[9] am_th[8]	ocp_warn_ th[9]	ovt_fault _th[9]	ovt_warn_ th[9]	ov_ warn_t h[9]	uv_warn_ th[9]	vin_uv_ fault_th[9]	op_warn_ th[9]	I	0	I	I
		B10	1	1	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	op_warn_ th[10]	I	0	I	I
вуте	3	19	I	1	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	op_warn_ th[11]	I	POWER GOOD#	I	I
HIGH BYTE		812	1	1	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	op_warn_ th[12]	I	INPUT MFR_ SPECIFIC	I	ļ
		B13	I	Ι	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	op_warn_ th[13]	Ι	INPUT	I	I
	2	B14	I	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	op_warn_ th[14]	I	IOUT/ POUT	I	l
	1	B15	I		I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	op_warn_ th[15]	I	VOUT	Ι	I
	ć	8 -		0	I	vout_uv_w am_th[0]	ocp_warn_ th[0]	ovt_fault th[0]	ovt_warn_ th[0]	ov_ wam_t h[0]	uv_warn_ th[0]	vin_uv_ fault_th[0]	op_warn_ th[0]	NOA	NOA	0	POUT_ OP_ WARNING
	2	2		0	I	vout_uv_w arn_th[1]	ocp_warn_ th[1]	ovt_fault _th[1]	ovt_warn_ th[1]	ov_warn_t h[1]	uv_warn_ th[1]	vin_uv_ fault_th[1]	op_warn_ th[1]	CML	CML	0	0
	ć	- B2	1	0	I	vout_uv_w arn_th[2]	ocp_warn_ th[2]	ovt_fault th[2]	ovt_warn_ th[2]	ov_ wam_t h[2]	uv_warn_ th[2]	vin_uv_ fault_th[2]	op_warn_ th[2]	TEMPE- RATURE	TEMPE- RATURE	0	0
LOW BYTE	ć	- B3		0	I	vout_uv_w arn_th[3]	ocp_warn_ th[3]	ovt_fault _th[3]	ovt_warn_ th[3]	ov_ warn_t h[3]	uv_warn_ th[3]	vin_uv_ fault_th[3]	op_warn_ th[3]	VIN_UV_ FAULT	VIN_UV_ FAULT	0	0
LOW	Z	4		-	Ι	vout_uv_w am_th[4]	ocp_warn_ th[4]	ovt_fault_ th[4]	ovt_warn_ th[4]	ov warn_t h[4]	uv_warn_ th[4]	vin_uv_ fault_th[4]	op_warn_ th[4]	IOUT_ OC_ FAULT	IOUT_ OC_ FAULT	0	0
	ż	\$ <		-	I	vout_uv_w arn_th[5]	ocp_warn_ th[5]	ovt_fault _th[5]	ovt_warn_ th[5]	ov_ warn_t h[5]	uv_warn_ th[5]	vin_uv_ fault_th[5]	op_warn_ th[5]	0	0		IOUT_ OC_ WARNING
	ć	99 C		0	I	vout_uv_w vout_uv_w vout_uv_w arn_th[7] arn_th[6] am_th[5]	ocp_warn_ th[6]	ovt_fault _th[6]	ovt_warn_ th[6]	ov_ warn_t h[6]	uv_warn_ th[6]	vin_uv_ fault_th[6]	op_warn_ th[6]	OFF	OFF	0	0
	ł	B7 enable	1	-	I	vout_uv_w arn_th[7]	ocp_warn_ th[7]	ovt_fault _th[7]	ovt_warn_ th[7]	ov_ warn_t h[7]	uv_warn_ th[7]	vin_uv_ fault_th[7]	op_warn_ th[7]	0	0	VOUT_ OV_ FAULT	IOUT_ OC_ FAULT
	DEFAULT	08 U	0	B	0000	0	03FF	03FF	03FF	03FF	03FF	0	FFFF	0	0	0	0
	WIDTH	-	0	-	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7 17	-	3	-	+
	түре	Ňď	Ŵ	S	*	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	В	В	RO	RO
	NAME	ODERATION	CLEAR FAULTS	CAPABILITY	SMBALERT_ MASK		IOUT_OC_ WARN_LIMIT	OT_FAULT_	OT_WARN_ LIMIT	VIN_OV_ WARN_LIMIT	VIN_UV_ WARN_LIMIT	VIN_UV_ FAULT_LIMIT	PIN_OP_ WARN_LIMIT	STATUS_ BYTE	STATUS_ WORD	STATUS_ VOUT	STATUS_ IOUT
	DEC	-		25	27	67	74	79	81	87	88	68	107	120	121	122	123
	ADDRESS	5	03	19	18	43	4A	4F	51	57	58	59	68	78	62	7A	78

Table 11. MAX16550 PMBus Register Map

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

						I			_				_		I														
88	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	vadc_ ave[8]	iadc_ ave[8]	vadc_ ave[8]	iadc_ ave[8]	tadc_ ave[8]	pwr_ calc[8]																		
B9	I	I	I	I	I	vadc_ ave[9]	iadc_ ave[9]	vadc_ ave[9]	iadc_ ave[9]	tadc_ ave[9]	pwr_ calc[9]																		
B10	I	I	I	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	pwr_ calc[10]																		
B11	I	I	I	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	pwr_ calc[11]																		
B12	I	I	I	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	pwr_ calc[12]																		
B13	I	I	I	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	pwr_ calc[13]																		
B14	I	I	I	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	pwr_ calc[14]																		
B15	I	I	I	I	I	0	0	0	0	0	pwr_ calc[15]																		
8		0	0	PIN_OP _FLT	I	vadc_ ave[0]	iadc_ ave[0]	vadc_ ave[0]	iadc_ ave[0]	tadc_ ave[0]	pwr_ calc[0]	0			mfr rev[0]														
B		0	Other communica- tion fault	0	samp cnt[23:16]	vadc_ ave[1]	iadc_ ave[1]	vadc_ ave[1]	iadc_ ave[1]	tadc_ ave[1]	pwr_ calc[1]	-			mfr rev[1]	MFR_ DT<0>													
B2	IIN_ OC_ FAULT	0	0	BST_ UVLO _FAULT	samp_ cnt[15:8]	vadc_ ave[2]	iadc_ ave[2]	vadc_ ave[2]	iadc_ ave[2]	tadc_ ave[2]	pwr_ calc[2]	0	"W"	0/1	mfr rev[2]	MFR_ DT<1>													
B3	0	0	0	GATE_ UVLO_ FAULT	samp_ cnt[7:0]	vadc_ ave[3]	iadc_ ave[3]	vadc_ ave[3]	iadc_ ave[3]	tadc_ ave[3]	pwr_ calc[3]	0	<u>8</u>	5	0	MFR_ DT<2>													
B4	0	0	0	R_SMBUS _ID_ FAULT	roll_ cnt[7:0]	vadc_ ave[4]	iadc_ ave[4]	vadc_ ave[4]	iadc_ ave[4]	tadc_ ave[4]	pwr_ calc[4]	0	"X"	5	0	MFR_ DT<3>													
B5		0	PEC Failed		enrgy_ cnt[15:8]	vadc_ ave[5]	iadc_ ave[5]	vadc_ ave[5]	iadc_ ave[5]	tadc_ ave[5]	pwr_ calc[5]	0	"A"	9	0	MFR_ DT<4>													
B6	0	OT_ WARNING	invalid/un- supported data	ROCP_ FAULT	enrgy cnt [7:0]	vadc_ ave[6]	iadc_ ave[6]	vadc_ ave[6]	iadc_ ave[6]	tadc_ ave[6]	S	-	"M"	1	0	MFR_ DT<5>													
B7	VIN_ OV _FAULT	OT_ FAULT	invalid/un- supported cmd	SELF CHECK_ FAULT	8,106	vadc_ ave[7]	iadc_ ave[7]	vadc_ ave[7]	iadc_ ave[7]	tadc_ ave[7]	pwr_ calc[7]	0	8'h04	8'h05	0	0													
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	1	0													
WIDTH	-	-	-	-	7	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	9	9	-	-													
ТҮРЕ	RO	RO	RO	RO	BLK	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	S	BLK	BLK	RO	RO													
NAME	STATUS_ INPUT	STATUS _TEMPERATURE	STATUS_CML	STATUS_MFR SPECIFIC	READ_EIN	READ_VIN	READ_IIN	READ_VOUT	READ_IOUT	READ_ TEMPERATURE _1	READ_PIN	PMBUS_ REVISION	MFR_ID	MFR_MODEL	MFR_ REVISION	MFR_DATE													
DEC	124	125	126	128	134	136	137	139	140	141	151	152	153	154	155	157													
ADDRESS	7C	7D	7E	80	86	88	89	88	8C	8D	67	86	66	9A	98	D6													
	B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 B15 B14 B13 B11 B10 B9	DEC NAME TYPE WDTH DEFAULT B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 B13 B14 B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 124 STATUS_ R0 1 0 UN_ UN_ UN_ IN_ PIN_ EN B14 B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 124 STATUS_ R0 1 0 UN_ 0 UN_ 0<	DEC NAME TYPE WDH DEFAULT B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 B13 B13 B12 B11 B10 B3 124 STATUS- INPUT R0 1 0 VIN_ 0V_ 0 VIN_ 0V_ 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 10 B3 B14 B13 B13 B14 B13 B14 B14	DEC NAME TYPE WDH DEFAULT B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 B13 B13 B13 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B14 B13 B14 B14	DEC NAME TYPE WDH DEFAULT B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 B13 B13 B13 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B14 B13 B14 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B14 B13 B14 B14 B13 B14 B14 B13 B14 B13 B14 B14	DECNAMETYPEWOHDEFAULTBFBFB5B4B3B2B1B0B15B13B12B11B10B39124STATUS-RO10V/N0V/N00/V00000000125JEAULTNDUTRO1000/V00000000000125JEAULSRO100000000000000126JEAULSRO10000000000000126JEAULSRAUUSRO1000000000000126JEAULSRAUUSRO1000000000000126STATUS-CMLRO10000000000000128STATUS-CMLRO10000000000000128STATUS-CMLRO10000000000000128STATUS-CMLRO<	DECNAMETYPEWDHDEFAULTBrBs <th>DEC NAME TYPE MDH DEAUT BS BS</th> <th>DEC MARE TFR WDH DEAULT BT BG BS BS</th> <th>DEC TME TPE WDH DETMINE F B E B</th> <th>Det Type World EFULT Bet B</th> <th>Det Mate WP WDH Det Set Set<th>C NML MML EV NML EV NML EV NVL EV EV<!--</th--><th>Det NML NPL MOH PerML PF NO PFM PFM</th><th>Desc NML NML Desc/table <th< th=""><th>Mode Mode Ext Not Ext Not Not<!--</th--></th></th<></th></th></th>	DEC NAME TYPE MDH DEAUT BS BS	DEC MARE TFR WDH DEAULT BT BG BS BS	DEC TME TPE WDH DETMINE F B E B	Det Type World EFULT Bet B	Det Mate WP WDH Det Set Set <th>C NML MML EV NML EV NML EV NVL EV EV<!--</th--><th>Det NML NPL MOH PerML PF NO PFM PFM</th><th>Desc NML NML Desc/table <th< th=""><th>Mode Mode Ext Not Ext Not Not<!--</th--></th></th<></th></th>	C NML MML EV NML EV NML EV NVL EV EV </th <th>Det NML NPL MOH PerML PF NO PFM PFM</th> <th>Desc NML NML Desc/table <th< th=""><th>Mode Mode Ext Not Ext Not Not<!--</th--></th></th<></th>	Det NML NPL MOH PerML PF NO PFM PFM	Desc NML NML Desc/table Desc/table <th< th=""><th>Mode Mode Ext Not Ext Not Not<!--</th--></th></th<>	Mode Mode Ext Not Ext Not Not </th													

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	,								_			_			r			
	B8	pwrgd_ cfg[0]	vadc_ peak[8]	iadc_ peak[8]	pwr peak[8]	tadc_ peak[8]	Ι	I	I					hystl[8]	hystl[8]		pin_op_ fit<8>	vout_ peak[8]
	B9	pwrgd_ cfg[1]	vadc_ peak[9]	iadc_ peak[9]	pwr_ peak[9]	tadc_ peak[9]	Ι	I	-					hystl[9]	hyst[[9]		pin_op_ fit<9>	vout_ peak[9]
	B10	0	0	0	pwr_ peak[10]	0	I	I	I								pin_op_ fit<10>	0
3YTE	B11	ss_ cfg[0]	0	0	pwr_ peak[11]	0	I	I	1								pin_op_ fit<11>	0
НІСН ВҮТЕ	B12	ss_ cfg[1]	0	0	pwr peak[12]	0	I	I	1									0
	B13	disable_ iadc	0	0	pwr_ peak[13]	0	I	I	1									0
	B14	ocp_ severe_ filter[0]	0	0	pwr_ peak[14]	0	I	I	1									0
	B15	ocp_ severe_ filter[1]	0	0	pwr_ peak[15]	0	I	I	I									0
	8	num_ aves_ alert[0]	vadc_ peak[0]	iadc_ peak[0]	pwr peak[0]	tadc_ peak[0]	I	trans0[0]	trans1[0]	trans2[0]	trans3[0]	trans4[0]	num_ aves_ reporting [0]	hystl[0]	hystl[0]	HYST > reg_F2	pin_op_ fit<0>	vout_ peak[0]
	æ	num_ aves_ alert[1]	vadc_ peak[1]	iadc peak[1]	pwr peak[1]	tadc_ peak[1]	I	trans0[1]	trans1[1]	trans2[1]	trans3[1]	trans4[1]	num_ aves_ reporting [1]	hystl[1]	hystl[1]	HYST > reg_F3	pin_op_ fit<1>	vout_ peak[1]
	B2	ovp_ th[0]	vadc_ peak[2]	iadc_ peak[2]	pwr peak[2]	tadc_ peak[2]	I	trans0[2]	trans1[2]	trans2[2]	trans3[2]	trans4[2]	num aves reporting [2]	hystl[2]	hystl[2]	HYST pin status	pin_op_ fit<2>	vout_ peak[2]
LOW BYTE	B	ovp_ th[1]	vadc_ peak[3]	iadc_ peak[3]	pwr_ peak[3]	tadc_ peak[3]	I	trans0[3]	trans1[3]	trans2[3]	trans2[3]	trans2[3]	num_ aves_ reporting [3]	hystl[3]	hystl[3]	lout > oc_warn_ limit	pin_op_ fit<3>	vout_ peak[3]
ROW	B4	enable_ ovp	vadc_ peak[4]	iadc_ peak[4]	pwr peak[4]	tadc_ peak[4]	I	trans0[4]	trans1[4]	trans2[4]	trans3[4]	trans4[4]	0	hystl[4]	hysti[4]	0	pin_op_ fit<4>	vout_ peak[4]
	B5	mocp_ cfg[0]	vadc_ peak[5]	iadc_ peak[5]	pwr_ peak[5]	tadc_ peak[5]	I	trans0[5]	trans1[5]	trans2[5]	trans3[5]	trans4[5]	0	hystl[5]	h ystl[5]	0	pin_op_ fit<5>	vout_ peak[5]
	B6	mocp_ cfg[1]	vadc_ peak[6]	iadc_ peak[6]	pwr_ peak[6]	tadc_ peak[6]	I	trans0[6]	trans1[6]	trans2[6]	trans3[6]	trans4[6]	0	hystl[6]	hystl[6]	0	pin_op_ fit<6>	vout_ peak[6]
	B7	ocp_cfg	vadc_ peak[7]	iadc_ peak[7]	pwr_ peak[7]	tadc_ peak[7]	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	hystl[7]	hystl[7]	0	pin_op_ fit<7>	vout_ peak[7]
	DEFAULI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	03FF	03FF	0	5540	0
	L I I I	2	2	2	2	2	0	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	5	t.	2	2
	ц 1 1	RW	RO	RO	RO	RO	мо	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RW	RW	RW	RO	RW	RO
	NAME	CONFIG	PEAK_VIN	PEAK_IOUT	PEAK_PIN	PEAK_TEMP	CLEAR_ PEAKS	TRANSO	TRANS1	TRANS2	TRANS3	TRANS4	CONFIG_2	MFR_ SPECIFIC_ HYST_L	MFR_ SPECIFIC_ HYST_H	MFR_ SPECIFIC_ HYST_STATUS	PIN_OP_ FAULT_LIMIT	PEAK_VOUT
C L	ר ב	208	209	210	211	212	213	216	217	218	219	220	221	242	243	244	245	253
	AUUKESS	DO	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	8	60	DA	DB	DC	QQ	F2	F3	F4	F5	FD

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CONFIG Register (D0h)

This is a 2-byte register used to configure the MAX16550/ MAX16551 ICs. The default value is 0000h. The meaning of the bits of this register are shown in Table 12.

CONFIG_2 Register (DDh)

This single-byte register allows the selection of the number of samples to average for voltage, current and power reporting. Only bits 3:0 are used; bits 7:4 have no effect and should be left as 0000b. The meaning of the bits of this register are shown in Table 13.

Peak Voltage, Current, and Power Reporting

The 2-byte registers shown in <u>Table 14</u> provides readings of the peak values for input voltage, output current, input power, and temperature in 10 bits direct format.

These registers can be reset with the CLEAR_PEAKS command (send byte D5h) or power cycling the part.

PMBus Reporting

For readings other than direct readings (e.g., Registers D1h, D2h, D3h, D4h, and FDh) PMBus specifications specify that the actual readings in their respective units

correlate with the numerical values read from registers, as shown in Equation 14.

- Current/Voltage/Temperature: 10-bit resolution
- Power: 16-bit resolution

Equation 14:

$$X = \frac{1}{m}(Yx10^{-R} - b)$$

where:

X = Calculated, "real world" value in the appropriate units (A, V, $^{\circ}$ C, etc.)

m = Slope coefficient (a 2-byte, two's complement integer)

 Y = 2-byte two's complement integer received from the PMBus device

b = Offset (a 2-byte, two's complement integer)

R = Exponent (a 1-byte, two's complement integer)

The values used in the ICs for the parameters above are shown in <u>Table 15</u>. Note that current and power readings depend on the value of R_{LOAD} , the external current reporting resistor.

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Table 12. CONFIG Register (D0h)

BIT NO.	BIT NAME	SETTINGS	DESCRIPTION	
			Severe OCP deglitch time	
		0	0µs	
[15:14]	Ocp_severe_ filter[1:0]	1	1µs	
		10	2µs	
		11	10µs	
[13]	I-ADC disable	0	I-ADC Enabled (default value)	
[13]	I-ADC disable	1	I-ADC Disabled	
		0	Soft-Start Delay = 0ms (default value)	
[12:11]	ss_cfg[1:0]	1	Soft-Start Delay = 10ms	
[12.11]	ss_cig[1.0]	10	Soft-Start Delay = 20ms	
		11	Not Used	
[10]	Not Used	0	_	
[10]	Not 03cd	1	-	
	pwrgd_th[1:0] (Notes 3, 4)	0	Power-Good Threshold = 11V, Self-Check Threshold = 9V	
[9:8]		1	Power-Good Threshold = 10V, Self-Check Threshold = 8V	
[9.0]		10	Power-Good Threshold = 9V, Self-Check Threshold = 7V	
		11	Power-Good Threshold = 8V, Self-Check Threshold = 6V	
[7]	ocp_cfg -	0	Severe OCP = 130% of Reference OCP (default value)	
[7]		1	Severe OCP = 170% of Reference OCP	
		0	MAX16550 – Moderate OCP timeout = 100µs (default value)	
10.51		1	MAX16550 – Moderate OCP timeout = 250ms	
[6:5]	mocp_cfg[1:0] - _	10	MAX16550 – Moderate OCP timeout = 100ms	
		11	MAX16550 – Moderate OCP timeout = 10µs	
	enable_ovp -	0	V _{IN} OVP Protection Disabled (default value)	
[4]		1	V _{IN} OVP Protection Enabled	
BIT NO.	BIT NAME	SETTINGS	DESCRIPTION	
	ovp_th[1:0]	0	Set V _{IN} OVP Threshold = 14V (default value)	
		1	Set V _{IN} OVP Threshold = 16V	
[3:2]		10	Set V _{IN} OVP Threshold = 18V	
		11	Not used	
	num_aves_alert[1:0]	0	Sets Averaging for PMBus Warning Levels to 1 Sample (default value)	
		1	Sets Averaging for PMBus Warning Levels to 2 Samples	
[1:0]		10	Sets Averaging for PMBus Warning Levels to 4 Samples	
		10	Sets Averaging for PMBus Warning Levels to 4 Samples	
		11	Jeto Averaging for Fividus vianting Levels to 0 Samples	

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Table 13. Averaging Sample Size Settings Using Register DDh

BITS #	SETTING	STARTUP OCP, NUMBER OF SAMPLES USED FOR REPORTING AVERAGING FOR VOLTAGE, CURRENT AND POWER
[5:4]	su_ocp_cfg	8A 12A 4A 16A
	0	1 sample
-	1	2 samples
	10	4 samples
-	11	8 samples
	100	16 samples
	101	32 samples
	110	64 samples
[3:0]	111	128 samples
[3.0]	1000	256 samples
	1001	512 samples
	1010	1024 samples
	1011	2048 samples
	1100	4096 samples
	1101	8192 samples
	1110	16384 samples
	1111	32768 samples

Table 14. Manufacturer-Specific Direct Reporting Registers

REGISTER ADDRESS	REGISTER NAME	PARAMETER
D1h	PEAK_VIN	Peak Input Voltage
D2h	PEAK_IOUT	Peak Output Current
D3h	PEAK_PIN	Peak Input Power
D4h	PEAK_TEMP	Peak Temperature
FDh	PEAK_VOUT	Peak Output Voltage

Table 15. PMBus Equation Parameters

PMBUS REGISTER	FORMAT	DATA BYTES	m	b	R	UNITS
READ_IOUT (8Ch)*, READ_IIN (89h)*	Direct	2	3.824 x R _{LOAD}	-4300	-3	А
READ_VOUT (8Bh), READ_VIN (88h)	Direct	2	7578	0	-2	V
READ_TEMPERATURE_1 (8Dh)	Direct	2	199	7046	-2	°C
READ_PIN (97h)	Direct	2	0.895 x R _{LOAD}	-9100	-2	w
READ_EIN (86h)**	Direct	2	3.505 x R _{LOAD}	0	-5	**

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Input Capacitance (CIN) Selection

Use of input capacitors is highly recommended to guarantee the input voltage is stable and noise free. For applications requiring no input capacitors before the MAX16550, the input-voltage ripple should be less than 300mV peakto-peak.

Output Capacitance (COUT) Selection

The maximum output capacitance can be calculated as shown in Equation 15.

Equation 15:

$$C_{OUT} = \frac{\left(I_{INRUSH} \times C_{SS}\right)}{I_{SS}}$$

where:

C_{SS} = Soft-start programming capacitance.

I_{SS} = Soft-start current, 30µA (typ).

 C_{OUT} = Maximum load capacitance that can be used at soft-start with a purely capacitive load.

 I_{INRUSH} = Desired maximum inrush current during startup. Select I_{INRUSH} lower than programmed MAX16550 startup OCP ($I_{OCP(STARTUP)}$) and within MAX16550 startup SOA, refer to Figure 2.

Design Example

Assume a design value for maximum inrush current of 10A, and a soft-start capacitance of 25nF.

Assume 12V application and $30\mu A$ (typ) soft-start current; soft-start time in this case is 0.01ms. The maximum safe operating output current is 11A at 0.01ms (refer to the Startup SOA in Figure 2) and the default Startup OCP level is 8A (refer to Table 4).

The designed maximum inrush current of 5A is lower than 8A Startup OCP and within Startup SOA. The designed value is valid. Hence, the maximum load capacitance is calculated as shown in Equation 16.

Equation 16:

$$C_{OUT} = \frac{(5A \times 25nF)}{30\mu A} = 4.17mF$$

Input TVS Diode Selection

The use of a transient voltage suppression (TVS) diode at input is necessary to clamp input-voltage transient within rating of V_{IN} pin of MAX16550 (see the <u>Absolute</u> <u>Maximum Ratings</u> section).

A general guide to select the proper TVS diode is listed below:

- Choose TVS diode reverse-standoff voltage (V_{RWM})
 ≥ operating voltage of MAX16550, 12V (typ).
- Choose TVS diode peak-pulse current (I_{PPM}) ≥ maximumt transient peak-pulse current of the MAX16550, 30A (typ).
- Choose TVS clamping voltage (V_C) ≤ maximum voltage-handling capability of the MAX16550, 22V (typ) for 150µs.

Recommend SMCJ13A based on selection criteria above.

Output Schottky Diode Selection

The use of a Schottky diode at output is necessary to clamp the negative output-voltage spike within the rating of V_{OUT} pin of the MAX16550 (see the <u>Absolute</u> <u>Maximum Ratings</u> section). Select the proper Schottky diode with low forward-voltage drop (V_F) and peak forward-surge current (I_{FSM}) higher than the expected inductive current.

Table 16. R_{OCP} and R_{ILOAD} Selection

PART	R _{OCP}	R _{ILOAD}
MAX16550 (30A)	97kΩ	8.2kΩ

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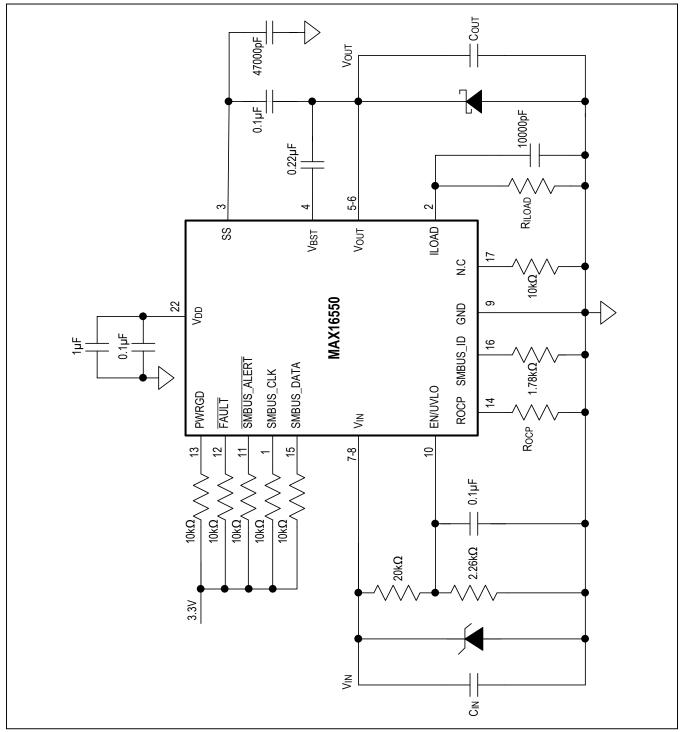


Figure 6. Reference Schematic

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MAX16550 Layout Recommendations

VIN and VOUT

- Minimize input and output trace inductance by using wide and multiple V_{IN} and V_{OUT} planes for optimal thermal performance.
- Use multiple vias to connect interlaying power planes.
- Place input capacitors (where applicable) as close to the IC as possible.
- Place output capacitors as close to the IC as possible.
- Place TVS and Schottky diodes close to the IC for tighter coupling to V_{OUT}, and GND; V_{IN}, and GND.

Example

The EV kit layout in Figure 7 shows use of large, wide power planes for V_{IN} and V_{OUT} on the top layer. C_{IN} and C_{OUT} are close to the IC. The other V_{IN} and V_{OUT} power layers are connected with multiple vias between the pins.

Ground

- Use a trace approximately 1mm wide by 7mm long from the ground pin (pin 13) on the top layer to the underlying ground layers through at least two vias.
- Use a keepout to eliminate all metals directly under the MAX16550 package on the second layer.

Example

The EV kit layout in Figure 8 and 9 show the appropriate ground connection with vias and the ground keepout on Layer 2 (ground). The keepout should extend approximately 30mils outside the MAX16550 package.

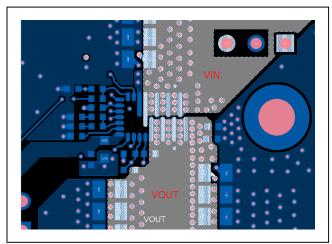


Figure 7. Top Layer (Power)

V_{BST} and SS

Place the $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize BST}}$ and SS capacitors on the top layer as close to the pins as possible.

VDD

- Add a V_{DD} plane on the top layer to decouple the V_{DD} caps close to the IC to form a tighter loop to ground.
- Place V_{DD} ground far away from the output capacitor ground.

ROCP and ILOAD

The ROCP and ILOAD resistors should be placed as close to the IC as possible.

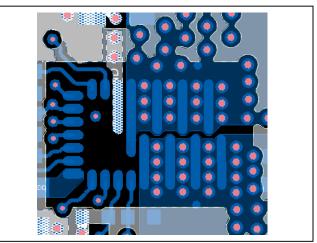


Figure 8. Top Layer (Power) and Layer 2 (GND) with Keepout

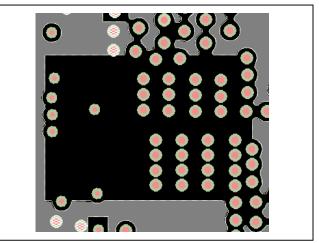


Figure 9. Second Layer (GND) with Keepout

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Ordering Information

PART*	DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE	SHIPPING METHOD	PACKAGE MARKING	
MAX16550GPN+			250u Tape & Reel	MAX16550	
MAX16550GPN+T	Protection IC	18 QFN [Type E]	2.5ku Tape & Reel	MAX 10550	
MAX16550CGPN+	Protection IC		250u Tape & Reel	- MAX16550C	
MAX16550CGPN+T			2.5ku Tape & Reel	WAX 10000C	

*These products are completely Halogen-free and Pb-free, employing special materials sets: molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate including anneal. These products are RoHS compliant with an -e3 termination finish and are compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. These products are MSL classified at peak reflow temperatures that meet JEDEC JSTD-020.

Integrated Protection IC on 12V Bus with an Integrated MOSFET, Lossless Current Sensing, and PMBus Interface

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	7/16	Initial release	—
1	4/17	Updated Benefits and Features, Absolute Maximum Ratings, Operating Ratings, Typical Operating Characteristics sections, and Equations 2, 6, 9, Equation 9 Design Example, 11, and 13. Updated the Pin Description table, Table 11, and replaced the Basic Application Circuit, Figure 1, and Figure 6. Added Soft-Start, Input Capacitance (C_{IN}) Selection, Output Capacitance (C_{OUT}) Selection, Input TVS Diode Selection, Output Schottky Diode Selection, and Layout Recommendations sections	1–3, 9–19, 27–29, 32-34, 38–40
2	2/20	Added the MAX16550C part number to the Ordering Information table and added <i>Package Information</i> section	3, 41–43
3	8/20	Removed MAX16551	All

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