

## MAX22203 Evaluation Kit

Evaluates: MAX22203

### General Description

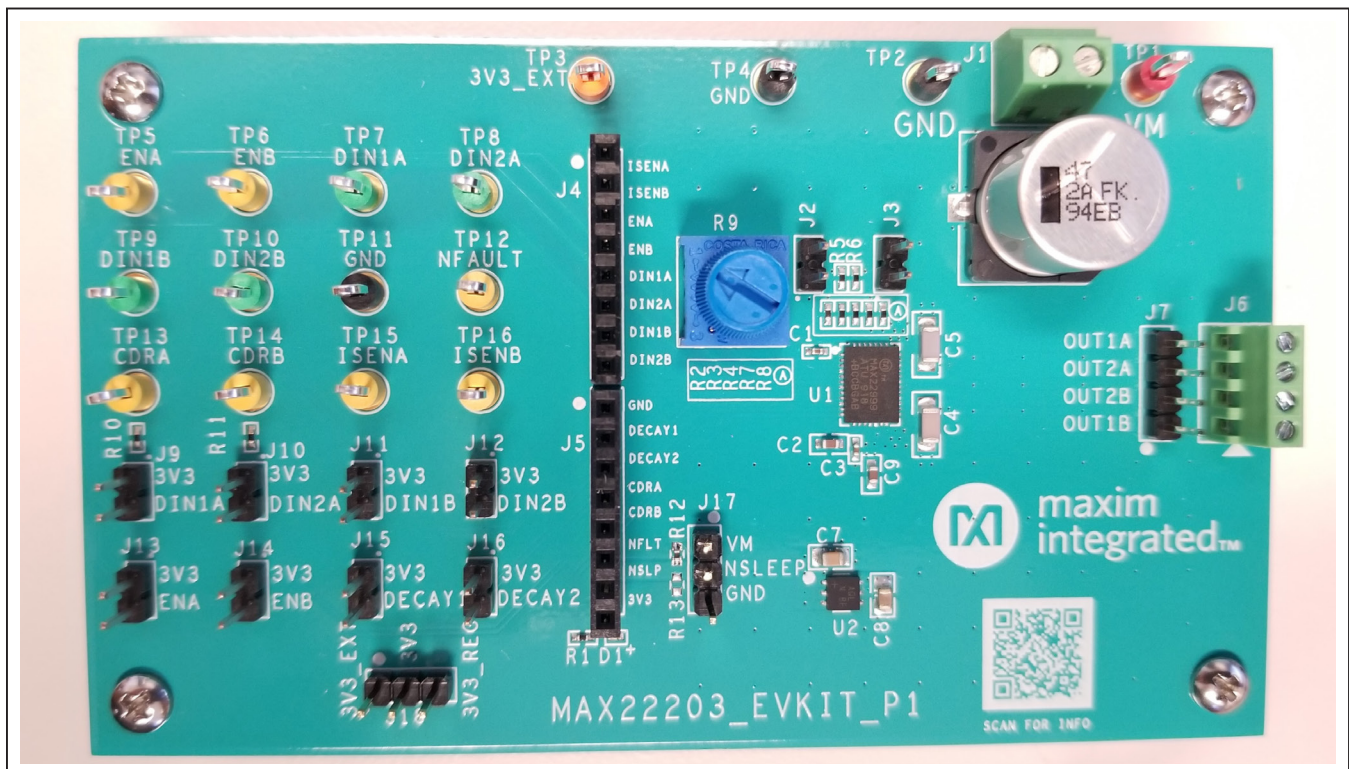
The MAX22203 evaluation kit (EV kit) provides a proven design to evaluate the +65V, 3.8A Dual H-Bridge MAX22203 motor driver. The MAX22203 can drive two brushed DC motors or single stepper motor. The MAX22203 IC integrates very low impedance FETs in a dual H-Bridge configuration with a typical  $R_{ON}$  (high side + low side) of  $0.3\Omega$ . The EV kit features headers, test points, and terminal blocks to provide an interface to the MAX22203 motor driver. The MAX22203 integrated current-sense output ISENA and ISENB can be monitored using test points or can be connected to an external ADC using header J4. The MAX22203 features embedded current-drive regulation (CDR) with adjustable chopping current ( $I_{TRIP}$ ) and adjustable current-limit off-time ( $t_{OFF}$ ). The MAX22203 EV kit operates from an input voltage of +4.5V to +65V ( $V_M$ ). An on board +3.3V regulator U2 (MAX6765TTSD2+) provides a regulated +3.3V to drive the MAX22203 logic inputs. Terminal blocks J1 and J6 are installed to provide an interface for the high voltage, high current VM inputs and motor driver outputs OUT1\_ and OUT2\_.

### Features

- Easy Evaluation of the MAX22203
- Adjustable  $t_{OFF}$  Time Using an On-Board Potentiometer
- Configurable Current Drive Regulation (CDR)
- On-board +3.3V Regulator to Drive MAX22203 Logic Inputs
- Test Points and Headers to Interface with MAX22203 Logic Inputs and Current-Sense Outputs
- Fully Assembled and Tested
- Proven PCB Layout

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

### MAX22203 EV Kit Board



## Quick Start

### Required Equipment

- MAX22203 EV kit
- +65V DC, 3.8A power supply
- 100kHz square-wave generator (optional)
- Brushed DC motor or load

### Procedure

The EV kit is fully assembled and tested. Follow the steps below to verify board operation.

- 1) As with all motor drive applications, stopping or braking the motor can cause a back EMF (BEMF) current and voltage spike. At high supply voltages (+65V), this can cause the supply to rise above the absolute maximum allowable voltage to the supply pins of a motor drive IC. It is highly recommended that the power supply be clamped appropriately to avoid damage to the motor driver IC.
- 2) Verify that shunts are installed in the default position.
- 3) Connect a +65V supply to VM and adjust the VM voltage to the desired operating voltage.
- 4) Adjust the  $I_{TRIP}$  chopping current according to the position of shunts on headers J2 and J3 to accommodate the load requirement.
- 5) Adjust the  $t_{OFF}$  time using potentiometer R9 if the off-time is being observed.
- 6) Apply a PWM signal to the DIN1\_ /DIN2\_ inputs as desired to drive the load. For example, a +3.3V to 0V, 20kHz PWM signal with a 20% duty cycle can be used to drive a 24V or 48V brushed DC motor connected to output A. To drive load with current flowing from OUT2A to OUT1A, DIN1A would be driven to logic LOW (GND) and the PWM signal would be applied to DIN2A.

## Detailed Description of Hardware

### Enable Controls

The MAX22203 enable pins (ENA and ENB) are controlled by installing shunts on headers J13 and J14 or the pins can be connected to a microcontroller using header J4.

**Table 1. Full Bridge EN\_, DIN1\_, DIN2\_, OUT1\_, OUT2\_ Truth Table**

EN_	DIN1_	DIN2_	OUT1_	OUT2_	DESCRIPTION
0	X	X	High-Z	High-Z	H-bridge disabled. High impedance (High-Z)
1	0	0	L	L	Brake Low; Slow decay
1	1	0	H	L	Forward (Current from OUT1_ to OUT2_)
1	0	1	L	H	Reverse (Current from OUT2_ to OUT1_)
1	1	1	H	H	Brake High; Slow decay

### On-Board +3.3V Control

The MAX22203 features an on-board +3.3V LDO that operates from +4.5V to +65V. The input voltage to the LDO is supplied by the VM voltage. To provide 3.3V to the MAX22203 logic pins from the LDO, install a shunt in position 2–3 of header J18. An external +3.3V supply can be used, which can be connected to TP3, and in this case, a shunt should be installed in position 1–2 of header J18.

### PWM Controls

Each MAX22203 H-Bridge can be individually PWM controlled by two logic inputs (DIN1\_, DIN2\_) applied to either headers J4 or J9 to J14, or test points TP5 to TP10. [Table 1](#) below describes the behavior of the full H-Bridge output pins OUT1\_ and OUT2\_ with respect to the input signals EN, DIN1\_, and DIN2\_. PWM techniques can be used to control the output duty cycle and implement motor speed control.

### Current Regulation Controls

The MAX22203 features embedded current drive regulation (CDR). The bridge current is sensed by a non-dissipative integrated current-sensing circuit (ICS) and it is then compared with the threshold current ( $I_{TRIP}$ ). As soon as the bridge current exceeds the threshold, the device enforces the decay for a fixed OFF-time ( $t_{OFF}$ ). Once  $t_{OFF}$  has elapsed, the driver is re-enabled for the next PWM cycle.  $t_{OFF}$  can be adjusted by connecting a resistor ( $R_{ROFF}$ ) from the ROFF pin to GND. Potentiometer R9 and resistor R2 can be used to adjust the  $R_{ROFF}$  resistance from 15k $\Omega$  to 215k $\Omega$  and hence the  $t_{OFF}$  time. The following equation shows the relationship between  $t_{OFF}$  and  $R_{ROFF}$ :

$$t_{OFF} = R_{ROFF} \times K_{TOFF}$$

Where  $K_{TOFF}$  is 0.667 $\mu$ s/k $\Omega$  and  $t_{OFF}$  can be programmed in a range from 10 $\mu$ s to 80 $\mu$ s.

The chopping current threshold ( $I_{TRIP}$ ) can be configured by connecting a resistor between the REF\_ pins and GND. The MAX22203 EV kit has two 20k $\Omega$  resistors installed in series from each of the REF\_ pins (R3 and R5 for REFA, and R4 and R6 for REFB) to GND. Shunts can be installed on headers J2 or J3 to short one of the 20k $\Omega$  series resistors to reduce the resistance from each REF\_ pin to GND from 40k $\Omega$  to 20k $\Omega$ .

The following equation describes the relationship between  $I_{TRIP}$  and  $R_{REF}$ , where  $K_I = 36KV$ .

$$I_{TRIP} = \frac{K_I(KV)}{R_{REF}(K\Omega)}$$

Using headers J2 and J3 and resistors R3–R6, the  $I_{TRIP}$  current for each H-Bridge can be configured to 0.9A or 1.8A.

Other  $I_{TRIP}$  current levels can be obtained by mounting different resistors in place of R3, R4, R5, and R6. Refer to the MAX22203 IC data sheet for the  $R_{REF}$  resistor range. [Table 2](#) describes the relationship between  $I_{TRIP}$  and the header J2 and J3 shunt positions.

### Current-Sense Output (CSO)

Currents proportional to the internally sensed motor current are output to pins ISENA and ISENB for the H-bridge A and B, respectively. The current is sensed when one of the two low-side FETs sinks the output current and it is therefore meaningful both during the energizing ( $t_{ON}$ ) phase and during the slow-decay phase (brake). During the blanking time, the ISEN current is hold constant. In fast decay, the current is not monitored and the ISEN outputs are a zero current. The following equation shows the relationship between the current sourced at ISEN and the output current.

$$I_{ISEN}(A) = \frac{I_{OUT}(A)}{K_{ISEN}}$$

$K_{ISEN}$  represents the current scaling factor between the output current and its replica at pin ISEN.  $K_{ISEN}$  is typi-

cally 7500A/A. For instance, if the instantaneous output current is 1.8A, the current sourced at ISEN is 240 $\mu$ A. By connecting an external signal resistor ( $R_{ISEN}$ ) between ISEN\_ and GND, a voltage proportional to the motor current is generated. The EV kit is shipped with 3k $\Omega$  resistors (R7 and R8) installed from ISENA and ISENB to GND.

### CDR Open Drain Outputs

The CDRA and CDRB pins are active-low open-drain outputs, which are asserted during the fixed decay time interval ( $t_{OFF}$ ) enforced by the current-drive regulation loop. In this way, the external controller can monitor whether the integrated current loop has taken control of the driver overwriting the status of the PWM logic inputs (DIN1\_ and DIN2\_). The CDR signal can be used by the external controller for a variety of reasons and provides information about the actual load during current regulation. The CDRA and CDRB pins on the MAX22203 EV kit have a 1k $\Omega$  pullup to +3.3V installed. The CDRA and CDRB pins can be monitored either using pins 4 and 5 of header J5, or test points TP13 and TP14.

### Decay Mode Controls

Two logic input pins allow the user to set the decay mode during  $t_{OFF}$ . The MAX22203 supports slow, fast, and mixed-decay mode. The decay mode can be controlled by driving the DECAY1 and DECAY0 pins to GND or +3.3V. [Table 3](#) describes the decay mode truth table and the behavior of the DECAY\_ headers (DECAY1 and DECAY2) on the MAX22203 EV kit.

**Table 2.  $I_{TRIP}$  Chopping Current Control**

HEADER	SHUNT POSITION	$R_{REF\_VALUE}$ (k $\Omega$ )	OUTPUT CHOPPING CURRENT $I_{TRIP}$ (A)
J2	Not Installed	40	Output A chopping current set to 0.9A
	1–2	20	Output A chopping current set to 1.8A
J3	Not Installed	40	Output B chopping current set to 0.9A
	1–2	20	Output B chopping current set to 1.8A

**Table 3. Decay Mode**

DECAY HEADER DECAY2	DECAY HEADER DECAY1	DECAY MODE
0	0	Slow
0	1	Mixed 30% Fast/70% Slow
1	0	Mixed 60% Fast/40% Slow
1	1	Fast

## Default Header Position

The following table describes the default position of the headers to operate the MAX22203 EV kit as described in the [Quick Start Procedure](#) section.

**Table 4. Default Header Position**

HEADER	SHUNT POSITION	DESCRIPTION
J2	Not Installed	Output A chopping current set to 0.9A
	1-2*	Output A chopping current set to 1.8A
J3	Not Installed	Output B chopping current set to 0.9A
	1-2*	Output B chopping current set to 1.8A
J13	Not Installed	Output A disabled
	1-2*	Output A enabled
J14	Not Installed	Output B disabled
	1-2*	Output B enabled
J17	1-2*	Connects the $\overline{\text{SLEEP}}$ pin to VM to wake the part
	2-3	Connects the $\overline{\text{SLEEP}}$ pin to GND to put the part in low power mode
J18	1-2	+3.3V supplied externally
	2-3*	+3.3V supplied using on-board LDO

\* indicates default position

## Ordering Information

PART	TYPE
MAX22203EVKIT#	EV Kit

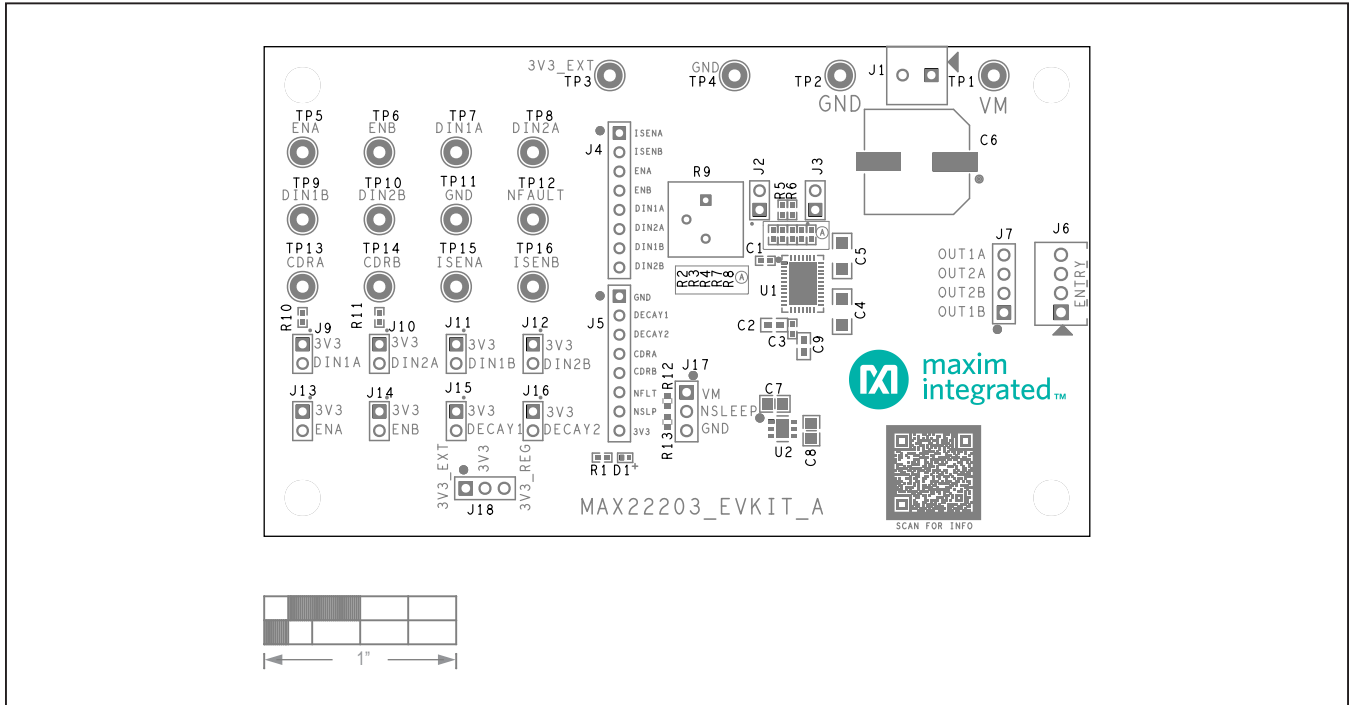
#Denotes RoHS compliance.

MAX22203 EV Kit Bill of Materials

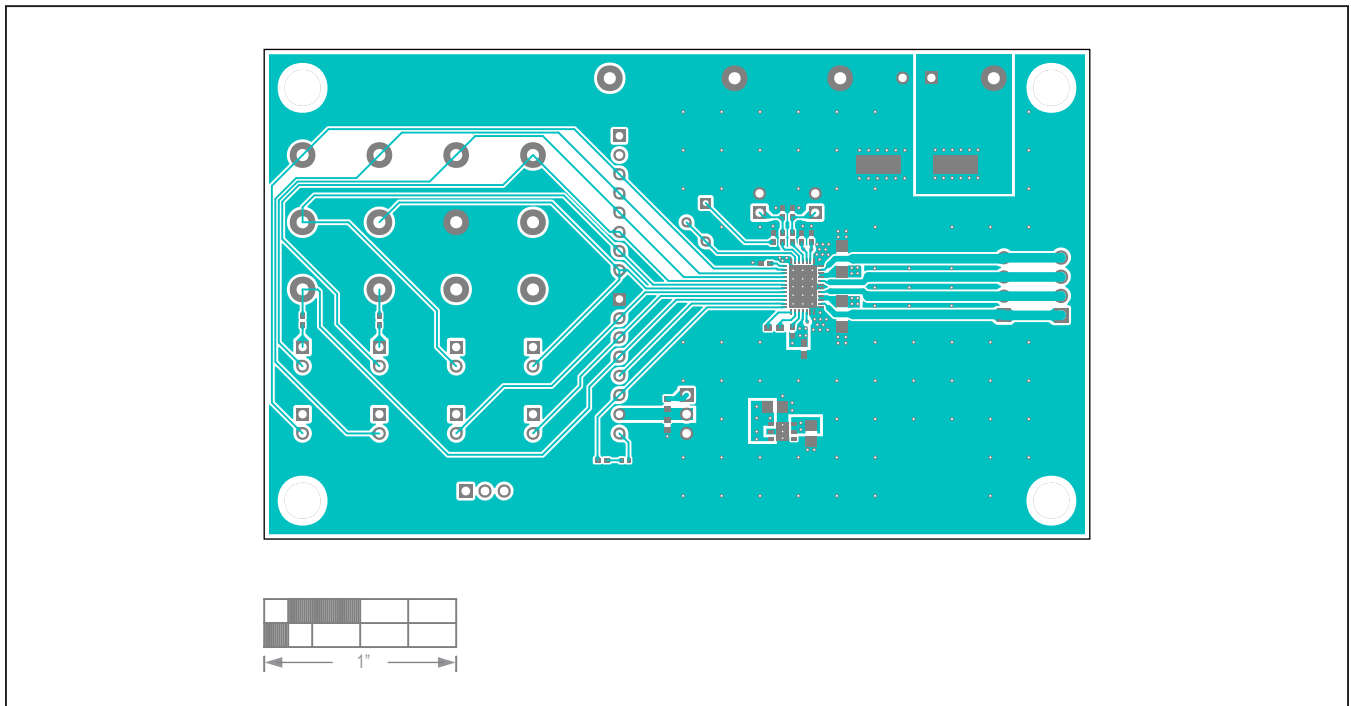
ITEM	REF_DES	QTY	MFG PART #	MANUFACTURER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
1	C1, C3	2	CL05A105K05NNN	SAMSUNG	1UF	CAP; SMT (0402); 1UF; 10%; 16V; X5R; CERAMIC	
2	C2	1	CGA3E2X7R2A223K080AA	TDK	0.022UF	CAP; SMT (0603); 0.022UF; 10%; 100V; X7R; CERAMIC	
3	C4, C5	2	C3216C0G2A104J160	TDK	0.1UF	CAP; SMT (1206); 0.1UF; 5%; 100V; C0G; CERAMIC	
4	C6	1	EEE-FK2A470AQ	PANASONIC	47UF	CAP; SMT (CASE_H13); 47UF; 20%; 100V; ALUMINUM-ELECTROLYTIC	
5	C7	1	C0805C224K1RAC; GRM21AR72A224KAC5	KEMET;MURATA	0.22UF	CAP; SMT (0805); 0.22UF; 10%; 100V; X7R; CERAMIC	
6	C8	1	GRM21BR70J106K; C2012X7R0J106K125AB; CGA4J1X7R0J106K125AC	MURATA;TDK;TDK	10UF	CAP; SMT (0805); 10UF; 10%; 6.3V; X7R; CERAMIC	
7	C9	1	C1608X7S2A104K080AB	TDK	0.1UF	CAP; SMT (0603); 0.1UF; 10%; 100V; X7S; CERAMIC	
8	D1	1	SML-P11UTT86	ROHM	SML-P11UTT86	DIODE; LED; SMT; PIV=1.8V; IF=0.02A	
9	J1	1	1727010	PHOENIX CONTACT	1727010	CONNECTOR; FEMALE; THROUGH HOLE; GREEN TERMINAL BLOCK; RIGHT ANGLE; 2PINS	
10	J2, J3, J9-J16	10	PCC02SAAN	SULLINS	PCC02SAAN	CONNECTOR; MALE; THROUGH HOLE; BREAKAWAY; STRAIGHT THROUGH; 2PINS; -65 DEGC TO +125 DEGC	
11	J4, J5	2	90120-0128	MOLEX	90120-0128	CONNECTOR; THROUGH HOLE; C-GRID III SINGLE ROW STRAIGHT PIN HEADER; STRAIGHT THROUGH; 8PINS	
12	J6	1	OSTVN04A150	ON-SHORE TECHNOLOGY INC	OSTVN04A150	CONNECTOR; TERMINAL BLOCK; FEMALE; THROUGH HOLE; STRAIGHT; 4PINS	
13	J7	1	PBC04SAAN	SULLINS ELECTRONICS CORP.	PBC04SAAN	CONNECTOR; MALE; THROUGH HOLE; BREAKAWAY; STRAIGHT; 4PINS; -65 DEGC TO +125 DEGC	
14	J17, J18	2	PBC03SAAN	SULLINS	PBC03SAAN	CONNECTOR; MALE; THROUGH HOLE; BREAKAWAY; STRAIGHT; 3PINS; -65 DEGC TO +125 DEGC	
15	R1	1	CRCW04021K40FK; RC0402FR-071K4L	VISHAY DALE;YAGEO PHICOMP	1.4K	RES; SMT (0402); 1.4K; 1%; +/-100PPM/DEGC; 0.0630W	
16	R2	1	ERJ-2RK1502	PANASONIC	15K	RES; SMT (0402); 15K; 1%; +/-100PPM/DEGC; 0.1000W	
17	R3-R6	4	ERA-2AEB203	PANASONIC	20K	RES; SMT (0402); 20K; 0.10%; +/-25PPM/DEGC; 0.0630W	
18	R7, R8	2	CRCW04023K00FK	VISHAY DALE	3K	RES; SMT (0402); 3K; 1%; +/-100PPM/DEGC; 0.0630W	
19	R9	1	3386P-1-204TLF	BOURNS	200K	RES; THROUGH HOLE-RADIAL LEAD; 200K; 10%; +/-100PPM/DEGC; 0.5W	
20	R10, R11	2	CRCW04021K00FK; RC0402FR-071KL; MCR01MZPF1001	VISHAY DALE;YAGEO PHICOMP;ROHM SEMI	1K	RES; SMT (0402); 1K; 1%; +/-100PPM/DEGC; 0.0630W	
21	SPACER1-SPACER4	4	9032	KEYSTONE	9032	MACHINE FABRICATED; ROUND-THRU HOLE SPACER; NO THREAD; M3.5; 5/8IN; NYLON	
22	TP1, TP3	2	5010	KEYSTONE	N/A	TEST POINT; PIN DIA=0.125IN; TOTAL LENGTH=0.445IN; BOARD HOLE=0.063IN; RED; PHOSPHOR BRONZE WIRE SIL;	RED
23	TP2, TP4, TP11	3	5011	KEYSTONE	N/A	TEST POINT; PIN DIA=0.125IN; TOTAL LENGTH=0.445IN; BOARD HOLE=0.063IN; BLACK; PHOSPHOR BRONZE WIRE SILVER PLATE FINISH;	BLK
24	TP5-TP10, TP12-TP16	11	5014	KEYSTONE	N/A	TEST POINT; PIN DIA=0.125IN; TOTAL LENGTH=0.445IN; BOARD HOLE=0.063IN; YELLOW; PHOSPHOR BRONZE WIRE SILVER PLATE FINISH;	YEL
25	U1	1	MAX22203	MAXIM	MAX22203	IC; MAX22203; PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING: 21-0172; LAND PATTERN: 90-0076; PACKAGE CODE: T3857+1; TQFN38-EP	
26	U2	1	MAX6765TTS2+	MAXIM	MAX6765TTS2+	IC; VREG; AUTOMOTIVE MICROPPOWER LINEAR REGULATOR WITH SUPERVISOR; TDFN6-EP	
27	PCB	1	MAX22203	MAXIM	PCB	PCB:MAX22203	-
28	R12, R13	0	N/A	N/A	OPEN	RESISTOR; 0603; OPEN; FORMFACTOR	
TOTAL		61					



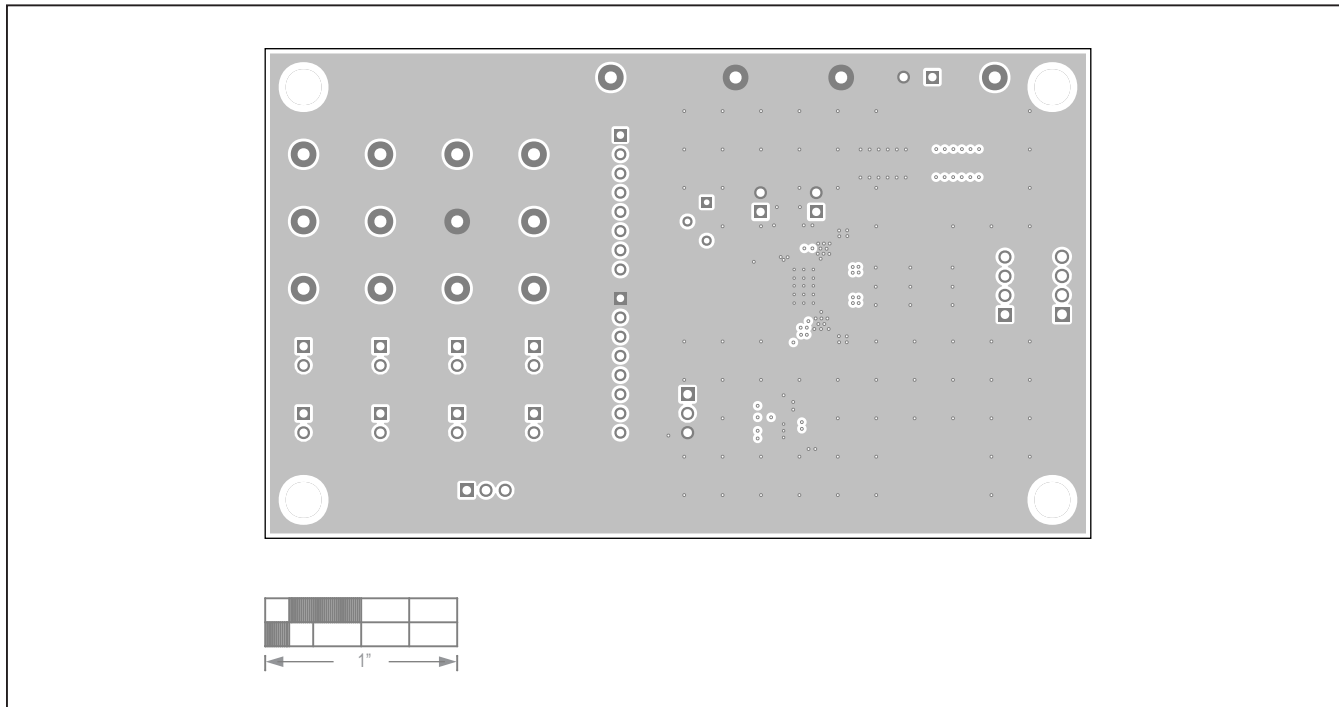
MAX22203 EV Kit PCB Layouts



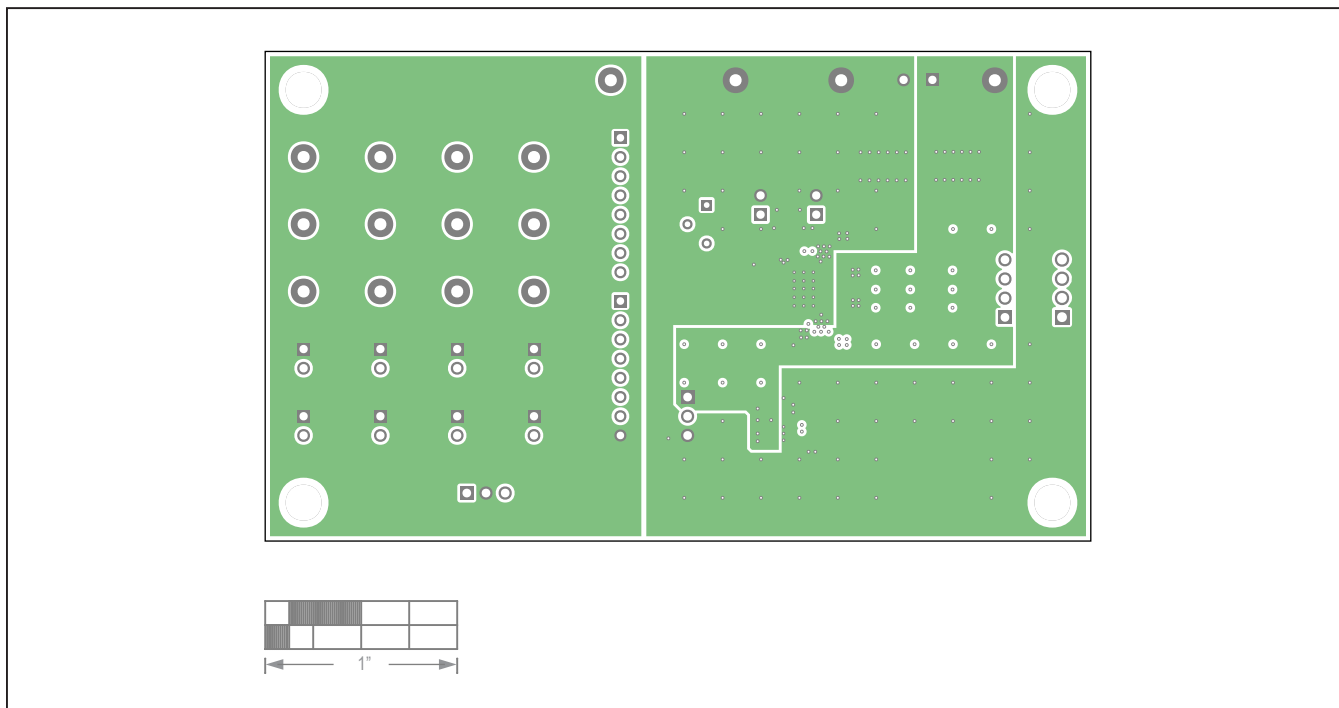
MAX22203 EV Kit—Silkscreen Top Layer



MAX22203 EV Kit PCB Layouts (continued)



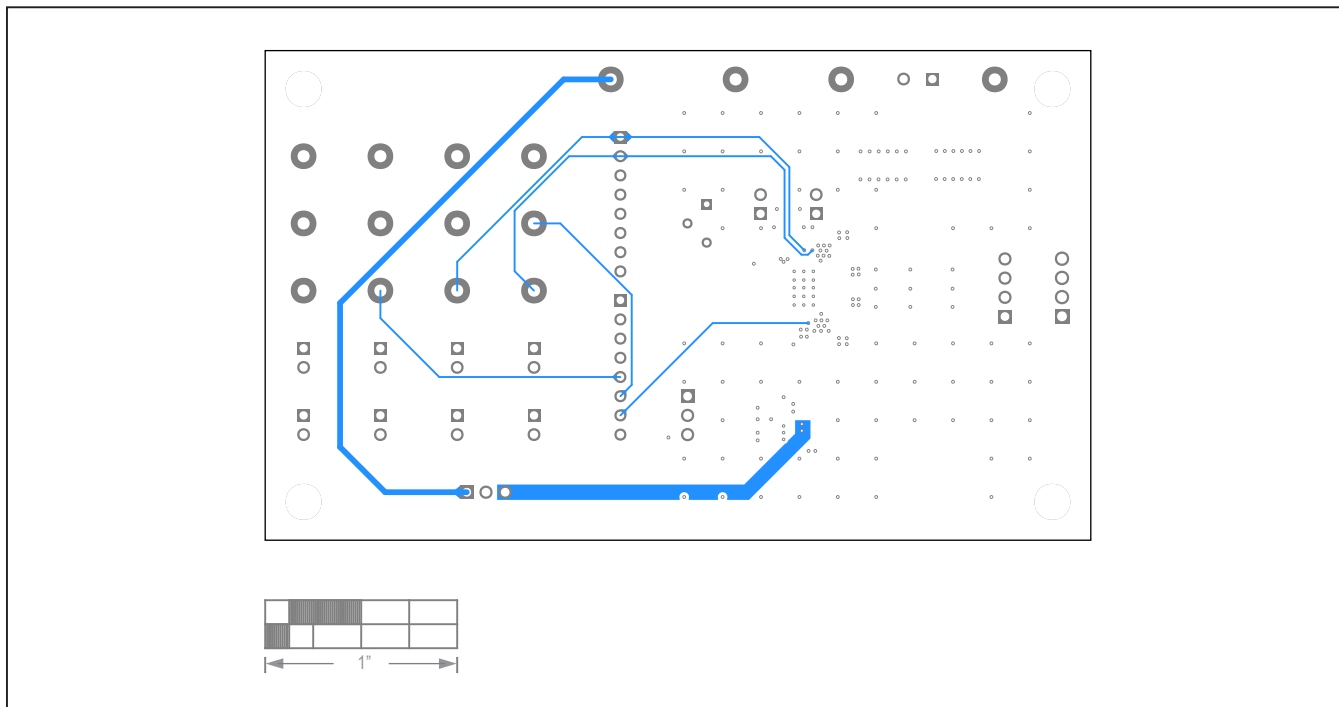
MAX22203 EV Kit—Layer 2



MAX22203 EV Kit—Layer 3



MAX22203 EV Kit PCB Layouts (continued)



MAX22203 EV Kit—Bottom Layer

## Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	4/21	Initial release	—

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