MAX40242

20V, Low Input Bias-Current, Low-Noise, Dual Op Amp

General Description

The MAX40242 provides a combination of high voltage, low noise, low input bias current in a dual channel and features rail-to-rail at the output.

This dual amplifier operates over a wide supply voltage range from a single 2.7V to 20V supply or split ±1.35V to ±10V supplies and consumes only 1.2mA quiescent supply current per channel.

The MAX40242 is a unity-gain stable amplifier with a gain-bandwidth product of 10MHz. The device outputs drive up to 200pF load capacitor without any external isolation resistor compensation.

The MAX40242 is available in 8-thin wafer-level packages (WLPs) and is rated for operation over the -40°C to +125°C automotive temperature range.

Applications

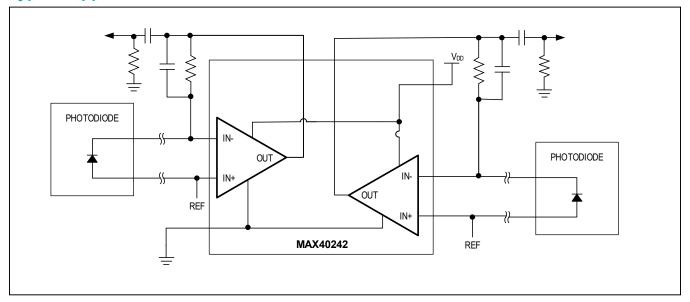
- Chemical Sensor Interface
- Photodiode Sensor Interface
- Medical Pulse Oximetry
- Industrial: Process and Control
- Precision Instrumentation

Benefits and Features

- 2.7V to 20V Single Supply or ±1.35V to ±10V Dual Supplies
- 2pA (Max) Input Bias Current
- 5nV/√Hz Input Voltage Noise
- 10MHz Bandwidth
- 8V/µs Slew Rate
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- Integrated EMI Filters
- 1.2mA Supply Current per Amplifier
- Tiny, 0.85mm x 1.65mm 8-WLP

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

Typical Application Circuit





20V, Low Input Bias-Current, Low-Noise, Dual Op Amp

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to V _S	s)	0.3V to +22V	Operating Temperature Ra
All Other Pins	(V _{SS} - 0.3V)	to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)	Junction Temperature
Short-Circuit Duration to V _I	_{DD} or V _{SS}	1s	Storage Temperature Ran
Continuous Input Current (Any Pins)	±20mA	Lead Temperature (solder
Differential Input Voltage		±6V	
Continuous Power Dissipat	$T_A = +70^{\circ}C$		
8-THIN WI P (derate 11)	4mW/°C above +70°	C) 912mW	

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Package Thermal Characteristics (Note 1)

8-THIN WI P

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}).....87.71°C/W Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})......NA°C/W

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial.

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{DD}$ = 10V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = $V_{DD}/2$, R_L = 10k Ω to $V_{DD}/2$, T_A = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
POWER SUPPLY	•			•				
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}	Guaranteed by PSR	R	2.7		20	V	
Dower Supply Bajastian Batia	PSRR	V _{DD} = 2.7V to 20V,	T _A = +25°C	106	130		dB	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PORK	$V_{CM} = 0V$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}C$		100			ub	
Quiggent Current Der Amplifier	1	D infinity	T _A = +25°C		1.2	1.6		
Quiescent Current Per Amplifier	I _{DD}	R _{LOAD} = infinity	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C			1.8	mA	
Power-Up Time	t _{ON}		R_{LOAD} = 10kΩ to $V_{DD}/2$, C_{LOAD} = 20pF, V_{OUT} reaches $V_{DD}/2$ to 1%		20		μs	
DC CHARACTERISTICS								
Input Common-Mode Range	V _{CM}	Guaranteed by CMF	Guaranteed by CMRR test)5	V _{DD} - 1.5	٧	
Comment Made Baile History Batis	CMDD	$V_{CM} = V_{SS} - 0.05V$	$V_{CM} = V_{SS} - 0.05V$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	94	111		-ID	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	to V _{DD} - 1.5V	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C	90			dB	
Innut Offert Veltere	.,,	T _A = +25°C			50	600	/	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C				800	μV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3)	TC V _{OS}				0.25	2.5	μV/ºC	
			T _A = +25°C		0.02	2		
Input Bias Current (Note 3)	IB	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +85°C				15	рА	
		-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C				75		

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{DD}$ = 10V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = $V_{DD}/2$, R_L = 10k Ω to $V_{DD}/2$, T_A = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	co	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		T _A = +25°C			0.04	1	
Input Offset Current (Note 3)	los	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +85	°C			10	рА
		-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +12	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +125°C			25	
Open Loop Gain	A _{VOL}	250mV ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{DD} - 250mV	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ -40°C \le T_A \le +125°C	134 129	145		- dB
		Differential	1.0 0 = 1A = 120 0		50		
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	Common mode			200		ΜΩ
Output Short-Circuit Current (Note 3)		To V _{DD} or V _{SS}	Noncontinuous (1s)		95		mA
, , ,			$D_{AD} = 10 \text{K}\Omega \text{ to } V_{DD}/2,$		11	15	
Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}		$_{DAD}$ = 10KΩ to V _{DD} /2, °C			25	mV
Output voltage Low	VOL.	T _A = +25°C	$_{DAD}$ = 2K Ω to $V_{DD}/2$,		47	60	
		V _{OUT} - V _{SS} , R _{LC} -40°C < T _A < 125	$_{DAD}$ = 2KΩ to V _{DD} /2, $_{DAD}$ °C	85		85	
		V_{OUT} - V_{SS} , R_{LOAD} = 10K Ω to V_{DE} T_A = +25°C			20	26	- mV
	V	V_{OUT} - V_{SS} , R_{LOAD} = 10KΩ to V_{DD} /2, -40°C < T_A < 125°C				37	
Output Voltage High	V _{OH}	$V_{OUT} - V_{SS}$, $R_{LOAD} = 2KΩ$ to $V_{DD}/2$, $T_{A} = +25°C$ 80 $V_{OUT} - V_{SS}$, $R_{LOAD} = 2KΩ$ to $V_{DD}/2$, $-40°C < T_{A} < 125°C$		80	100		
				135			
AC CHARACTERISTICS							
Input Voltage-Noise Density	e _n	f = 1kHz			5		nV/√Hz
Input Voltage Noise		0.1Hz ≤ f ≤ 10Hz			1.6		μV _{P-P}
Input Current-Noise Density	I _N	f = 1kHz			0.3		pA/√Hz
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}				4		pF
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW				10		MHz
Phase Margin	PM	C _{LOAD} = 20pF			60		۰
Slew Rate	SR	A _V = 1V/V, V _{OUT} = 2V _{P-P} , 10% to 90%			8		V/µs
Large-Signal Bandwidth	BW	R_{LOAD} = 10KΩ to $V_{DD}/2$, C_{LOAD} = 20pF, A_V = 1V/V			1		MHz
Capacitive Loading	C _{LOAD}	No sustained osc	illation, A _V = 1V/V		200		pF
Crosstalk	X _T	R_{LOAD} = 2KΩ to V_{OUT} = 5 V_{P-P} , f	V _{DD} /2, C _{LOAD} = 20pF, = 100kHz		-98		dB

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{DD}$ = 10V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = $V_{DD}/2$, R_L = 10k Ω to $V_{DD}/2$, T_A = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2)

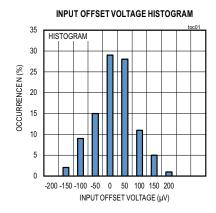
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Tatal Hammania Diatantian Diva Naisa	THDIN	D+N VOUI - 2VP-P,		-124		dB	
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	וודטחו			-100			
EMI Rejection Ratio			f = 400MHz	35			
	EMIDD	- 100m\/	f = 800MHz	40		4D	
	EMIRR	$V_{RF_PEAK} = 100 \text{mV}$	f = 1800MHz	50		- dB	
			f = 2400MHz		57		
Settling Time		To 0.1%, V _{OUT} = 2V s	step, A _V = -1V/V		2		μs

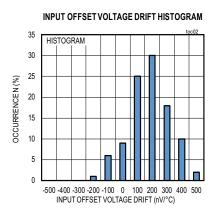
Note 2: All devices are production tested at T_A = +25°C. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.

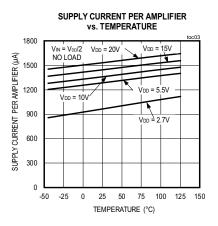
Note 3: Guaranteed by design.

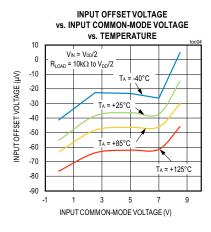
Typical Operating Characteristics

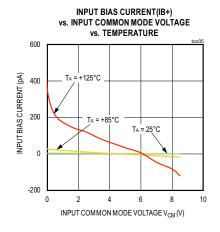
 $(V_{DD}$ = 10V, V_{SS} = 0V, outputs have R_L = 10k Ω to $V_{DD}/2$. T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

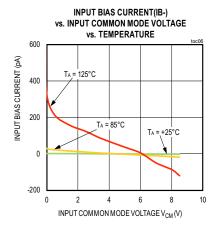


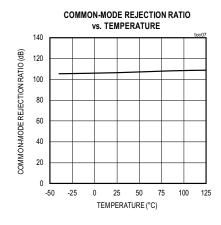


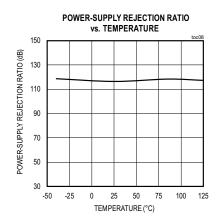






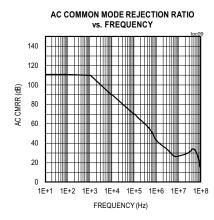


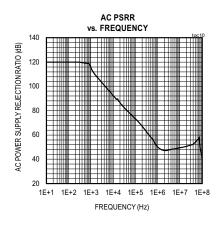


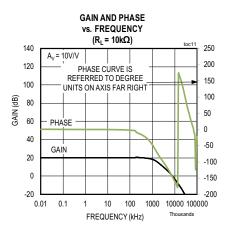


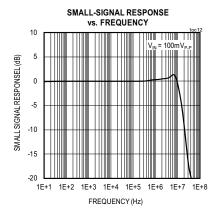
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

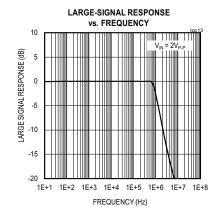
 $(V_{DD}$ = 10V, V_{SS} = 0V, outputs have R_L = 10k Ω to $V_{DD}/2$. T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

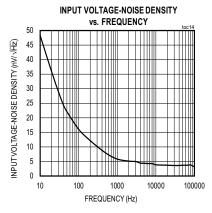


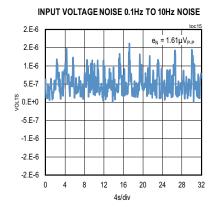


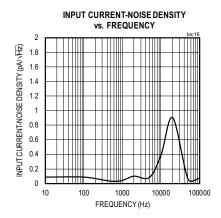






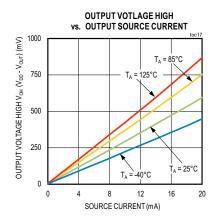


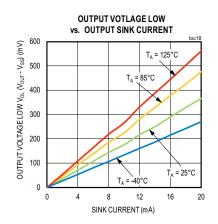


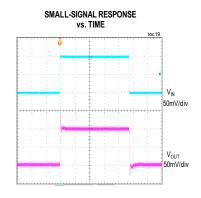


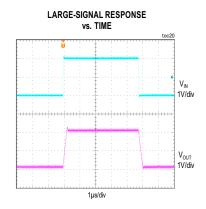
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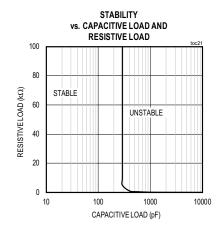
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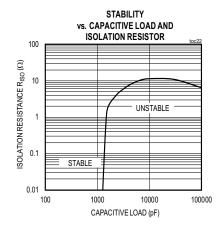


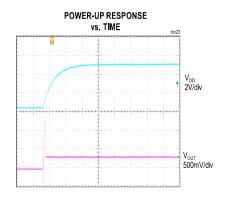






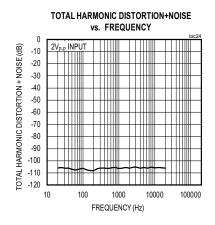


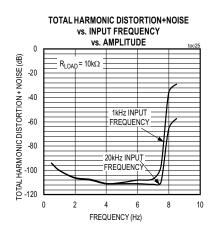


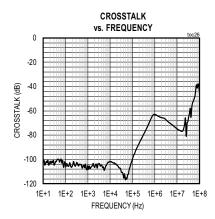


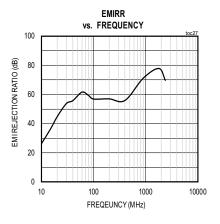
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = 10V, V_{SS} = 0V)$, outputs have $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2$. $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise specified.)

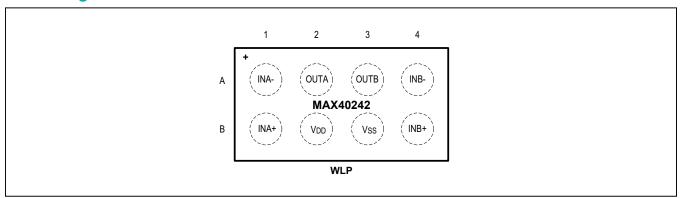








Pin Configuration



Bump Description

BUMP (WLP)	NAME	FUNCTION
A1	INA-	Channel A Negative Input
A2	OUTA	Channel A Output
A3	OUTB	Channel B Output
A4	INB-	Channel B Negative Input
B1	INA+	Channel A Positive Input
B2	V _{DD}	Positive Supply Voltage
В3	V _{SS}	Negative Supply Voltage. Connect V _{SS} to ground if single supply is used.
B4	INB+	Channel B Positive Input

Detailed Description

Combining high input impedance, low input bias current, wide bandwidth, and fast settling time, the MAX40242 is an ideal amplifier for driving precision analog-to-digital inputs and buffering digital-to-analog converter outputs.

Input Bias Current

The MAX40242 features a high-impedance CMOS input stage and a special ESD structure that allows low input bias current operation at low-input, common-mode voltages. Low input bias current is useful when interfacing with high-ohmic or capacitive sensors and is beneficial for designing transimpedance amplifiers for photodiode sensors. This makes the device ideal for ground-referenced medical and industrial sensor applications.

Integrated EMI Filter

Electromagnetic interference (EMI) noise occurs at higher frequency that results in malfunction or degradation of electrical equipment.

The MAX40242 has an input EMI filter to avoid the output from getting affected by radio frequency interference. The EMI filter, composed of passive devices, presents significant higher impedance to higher frequencies.

High Supply Voltage Range

The device features 1.2mA current consumption per channel and a voltage supply range from either 2.7V to 20V single supply or $\pm 1.35V$ to $\pm 10V$ split supply.

Typical Application Circuit

High-Impedance Sensor Application

High impedance sources like pH sensor, photodiodes in applications require negligible input leakage currents to the input transimpedance/buffer structure. The MAX40242 benefits with clean and precise signal conditioning due to its input structure.

The device interfaces to both current-output sensors (photodiodes) (Figure 1), and high-impedance voltage sources (piezoelectric sensors). For current output sensors, a transimpedance amplifier is the most noiseefficient method for converting the input signal to a voltage. High-value feedback resistors are commonly chosen to create large gains, while feedback capacitors help stabilize the amplifier by cancelling any poles introduced in the feedback loop by the highly capacitive sensor or cabling. A combination of low-current noise and low-voltage noise is important for these applications. Take care to calibrate out photodiode dark current if DC accuracy is important. The high bandwidth and slew rate also allow AC signal processing in certain medical photodiode sensor applications such as pulse-oximetry. For voltage-output sensors, a noninverting amplifier is typically used to buffer and/or apply a small gain to the input voltage signal. Due to the extremely high impedance of the sensor output, a low input bias current with minimal temperature variation is very important for these applications.

Transimpedance Amplifier

As shown in Figure 1, the noninverting pin is biased at 2V with C2 added to bypass high-frequency noise. This bias voltage to reverse biases the photodiode D1 at 2V which is often enough to minimize the capacitance across the junction. Hence, the reverse current (IR) produced by the photodiode as light photons are incident on it, a proportional voltage is produced at the output of the amplifier by the given relation:

$$V_{OUT} = I_R \times R1$$

The addition of C1 is to compensate for the instability caused due to the additional capacitance at the input (junction capacitance Cj and input capacitance of the op amp C_{IN}), which results in loss of phase margin. More information about stabilizing the transimpedance amplifier can be found in <u>Application Note 5129:</u> Stabilize Your Transimpedance Amplifier.

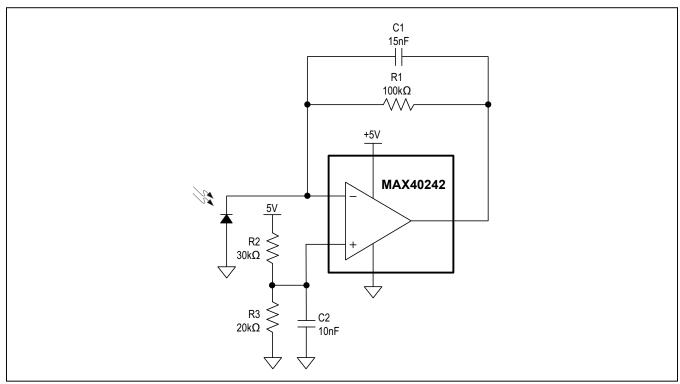


Figure 1. High-Impedance Source/Sensor Preamp Application

20V, Low Input Bias-Current, Low-Noise, Dual Op Amp

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX40242ANA+	-40°C to +125°C	8-THIN WLP	+AAN

⁺Denotes lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE	PACKAGE	OUTLINE	LAND
TYPE	CODE	NO.	PATTERN NO.
8-THIN WLP	N80D1+1	21-100280	<u>Apps Note</u> <u>1891</u>

MAX40242

20V, Low Input Bias-Current, Low-Noise, Dual Op Amp

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	6/18	Initial release	_

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

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