MAX4617/MAX4618/
MAX4619

## High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches

## General Description

The MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 are high-speed, lowvoltage, CMOS analog ICs configured as an 8-channel multiplexer (MAX4617), two 4-channel multiplexers (MAX4618), and three single-pole/double-throw (SPDT) switches (MAX4619).
These CMOS devices can operate continuously with a +2 V to +5.5 V single supply. Each switch can handle rail-to-rail analog signals. The off-leakage current is only 1 nA at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 10 nA at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
All digital inputs have 0.8 V to 2.4 V logic thresholds, ensuring TTL/CMOS-logic compatibility when using a single +5 V supply.

- Fast Switching Times 15ns toN 10ns toff
- Pin Compatible with Industry-Standard 74HC4051/74HC4052/74HC4053 and MAX4581/MAX4582/MAX4583
- Guaranteed On-Resistance $10 \Omega$ max (+5V Supply) $20 \Omega$ max (+3V Supply)
- Guaranteed 1 $\mathbf{2}$ On-Resistance Match Between Channels (single +5 V supply)
- Guaranteed Low Off-Leakage Current: 1nA at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Guaranteed Low On-Leakage Current: 1nA at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- +2V to +5.5 V Single-Supply Operation
- TTL/CMOS-Logic Compatible
- Low Crosstalk: <-96dB
- High Off-Isolation: <-93dB
- Low Distortion: <0.017\% (600 )


## Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MAX4617CUE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 TSSOP |
| MAX4617CSE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Narrow SO |
| MAX4617CPE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Plastic DIP |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.
$T=$ Tape and reel.
Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams


For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

## MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 <br> High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltages Referenced to GND

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Voltage into Any Analog Terminal |  |
| (Note 1) | to (VCC + 0.3V) |
| Continuous Current into Any Terminal.......................... $\pm 75 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| Peak Current, $\mathrm{X}_{-}, Y_{-}, Z_{-}$ |  |
| (pulsed at 1ms, 10\% duty cycle) ............................ $\pm 200 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| P (derate $9.4 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above +70 | 755 |

Narrow SO (derate $8.70 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )............. 696 mW Plastic DIP (derate $10.53 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) ................. 842 mW Operating Temperature Ranges
MAX461 C
.$^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
MAX461_E
$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature Range ............................... $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) ............................. $+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Soldering Temperature (reflow) ....................................... $+260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Note 1: Voltages exceeding $V_{C C}$ or GND on any analog signal terminal are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward-diode current to maximum current rating.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+4.5 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{-} \mathrm{H}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\_} \mathrm{L}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $)($ Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANALOG SWITCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog-Signal Range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{X}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Y}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ |  | C, E | 0 |  | VCC | V |
| Switch On-Resistance | Ron | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; I_{X}, I_{Y}, I_{Z}=10 \mathrm{~mA} ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=3 V \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 8 | 10 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 13 |  |
| Switch On-Resistance Match Between Channels (Note 3) | $\triangle \mathrm{RON}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=5 V ; I X, I Y, I Z=10 \mathrm{~mA} ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=3 V \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.2 | 1 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 1.2 |  |
| Switch On-Resistance Flatness (Note 4) | RFLAT(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=5 V ; I X, I Y, I Z=10 \mathrm{~mA} ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V Z=1 V, 2 V, 3 V \end{aligned}$ | C, E |  |  | 1 | $\Omega$ |
| $X_{-}, Y_{-}, Z_{-}$ <br> Off-Leakage Current (Note 5) | IX_(OFF), <br> IY_(OFF), <br> IZ_(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{VX}_{\mathrm{X}}, \mathrm{~V}_{Y_{-}}, \mathrm{V}_{Z_{-}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~V} \text {; } \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -1 | 0.002 | 1 | nA |
|  |  |  | C, E | -10 |  | 10 |  |
| X, Y, Z Off-Leakage Current (Note 5) | IX(OFF), <br> IY(OFF), <br> IZ(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{E E}=-5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{-}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -1 | 0.002 | 1 | nA |
|  |  |  | C, E | -10 |  | 10 |  |
| X, Y, Z On-Leakage Current (Note 5) | IX(ON), <br> $\mathrm{IY}(\mathrm{ON})$, <br> IZ(ON) | $V_{C C}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V}$; <br> $V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or unconnected | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -1 | 0.002 | 1 | nA |
|  |  |  | C, E | -10 |  | 10 |  |
| DIGITAL I/O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Voltage High | $V_{A H}, V_{B H}$, VCH, VENABLEH |  | C, E | 2.4 |  |  | V |
| Input Voltage Low | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{AL}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BL}}$, $V_{C L}$, VENABLEL |  | C, E |  |  | 0.8 | V |

# MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches 

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS-Single +5 V Supply (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{VCC}=+4.5 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V} \_\mathrm{H}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V} \_\mathrm{L}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Current High | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{AH}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{BH}}$, Існ, I ENABLE | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ENABLE}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | C, E | -1 | 0.0003 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input Current Low | IAL, IbL, ICL, IENABLE | $V_{A}, V_{B}, V_{C}=V_{\text {ENABLE }}=0$ |  | C, E | -1 | 0.0003 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enable Turn-On Time (Note 6) | ton | $V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=3 V ; R L=300 \Omega ; C L=35 p F ;$ Figure 3 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 7 | 15 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 18 |  |
| Enable Turn-Off Time (Note 6) | tofF | $V_{X-}, V_{Y}, V_{Z_{-}}=3 V ; R L=300 \Omega ; C L=35 p F ;$ <br> Figure 3 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 4.5 | 10 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 13 |  |
| Address Transition Time (Note 6) | tTRANS | $V X_{-}, V_{Y_{-}}, V Z_{-}=3 V ; R L=300 \Omega ; C L=35 p F ;$ Figure 2 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 7 | 15 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 18 |  |
| Break-Before-Make Time (Note 6) | tBBM | $V X_{-}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=3 V ; R L=300 \Omega ; C L=35 p F ;$ Figure 4 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.2 | 1.5 |  | ns |
| Charge Injection | Q | $\mathrm{C}=1 \mathrm{nF}, \mathrm{RS}_{\mathrm{S}}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=0$, Figure 5 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 3 |  | pC |
| Input Off-Capacitance | CX_(OFF), <br> CY_(OFF), <br> CZ_(OFF) | $V_{X-}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=0 ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz}$; Figure 7 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 |  |  | pF |
| Output Off-Capacitance | CX(OFF), <br> CY(ofF), <br> CZ(OFF) | $V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=0 ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz} ;$ <br> Figure 7 | MAX4617 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 27 |  | pF |
|  |  |  | MAX4618 |  |  | 15 |  |  |
|  |  |  | MAX4619 |  |  | 8.5 |  |  |
| Output On-Capacitance | CX(ON), <br> Cy(ON), <br> CZ(ON) | $V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=0 ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz} ;$ <br> Figure 7 | MAX4617 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 32 |  | pF |
|  |  |  | MAX4618 |  |  | 21 |  |  |
|  |  |  | MAX4619 |  |  | 15.5 |  |  |
| Off-Isolation | VISO | $R \mathrm{~L}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}$, Figure 6 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -93 |  | dB |
| Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CT}}$ | $R L=50 \Omega, f=100 \mathrm{kHz}$, Figure 6 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -96 |  |  | dB |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | $R \mathrm{~L}=600 \Omega, 1 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 20 kHz |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.017 |  |  | \% |
| POWER SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power-Supply Range | VCC |  |  | C, E | +2 |  | +5.5 | V |
| Power-Supply Current | Icc | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {ENABLE }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or 0 |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -1 |  | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | C, E | -10 |  | 10 |  |

## MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 <br> High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS-Single +3.3V Supply

$\left(\mathrm{VCC}=+3 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V} \_\mathrm{H}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V} \_\mathrm{L}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANALOG SWITCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog-Signal Range | $\begin{gathered} V_{X}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} \\ V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z} \end{gathered}$ |  | C, E | 0 |  | VCC | V |
| Switch On-Resistance | Ron | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=3 V ; I_{X}, I_{Y}, I_{Z}=10 \mathrm{~mA} ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 8 | 20 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 25 |  |
| X_, Y_, Z_ Off-Leakage Current (Note 5) | IX_(OFF), <br> IY_(OFF), <br> IZ_(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z_{-}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=3 V, 1 V_{-} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -1 | 0.002 | 1 | nA |
|  |  |  | C, E | -10 |  | 10 |  |
| X, Y, Z Off-Leakage Current (Note 6) | IX(OFF), <br> IY(OFF), <br> IZ(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=3.6 V ; V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{-}=1 V, 3 V ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=3 V, 1 V \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -1 | 0.002 | 1 | nA |
|  |  |  | C, E | -10 |  | 10 |  |
| X, Y, Z On-Leakage Current (Note 6) | IX(ON), <br> IY(ON), <br> IZ(ON) | $V_{C C}=3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{X}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Y}}, \mathrm{V}_{Z}=3 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~V}$; <br> $V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~V}$, or unconnected | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -1 | 0.002 | 1 | nA |
|  |  |  | C, E | -10 |  | 10 |  |
| DIGITAL I/O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Voltage High | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{AH}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BH}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CH}}$, Venableh |  | C, E | 2.0 |  |  | V |
| Input Voltage Low | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{AL}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BL}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CL}}$, VENABLEL |  | C, E |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| Input Current High | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{AH}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{BH}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CH}}$, IENABLEH | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ENABLE}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | C, E | -1 | 0.0003 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input Current Low | $I_{A L}, I_{B L}, I_{C L}$, IENABLEL | $V_{\text {A }}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ENABLE}}=0$ | C, E | -1 | 0.0003 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enable Turn-On Time (Note 6) | ton | $V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega$$C L=35 \mathrm{pF} ; \text { Figure } 3$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 9 | 20 | ns |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 25 |  |
| Enable Turn-Off Time (Note 6) | tofF | $V_{X}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{RL}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega ;$$C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF} \text {; Figure } 3$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 6 | 15 | ns |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 20 |  |
| Address Transition Time (Note 6) | tTRANS | $\begin{aligned} & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z_{-}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} / 0 ; R_{L}=300 \Omega ; \\ & C L=35 p F ; \text { Figure } 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 9 | 20 | ns |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 25 |  |
| Break-Before-Make Time (Note 6) | tBBM | $V_{X}, V_{Y_{-},} V_{Z_{-}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{RL}^{\prime}=300 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.2 | 1.5 |  | ns |
| Charge Injection (Note 6) | Q | $\mathrm{C}=1 \mathrm{nF}, \mathrm{Rs}=0, \mathrm{Vs}=0$, Figure 5 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 3 |  | pC |
| POWER SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power-Supply Current | ICC | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=3.6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{A}, V_{B}, V_{C}, V_{\text {ENABLE }}=V_{C C} \text { or } 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 10 |  |

# MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches 

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +2.5V Supply

$\left(\mathrm{VCC}=+2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}\right.$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANALOG SWITCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switch On-Resistance | Ron | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=2.5 V ; I^{\prime}, I_{Y}, I_{Z}=10 \mathrm{~mA} ; \\ & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z}=1.2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 30 | 60 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | C, E |  |  | 100 |  |
| SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enable Turn-On Time (Note 6) | ton | $\begin{aligned} & V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z_{-}}=1 V ; R_{L}=300 \Omega ; \\ & C_{L}=35 p F ; \text { Figure } 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 12 |  | ns |
| Enable Turn-Off Time (Note 6) | tofF | $\begin{aligned} & V_{X_{L}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=1 V ; R_{L}=300 \Omega ; \\ & C L=35 \mathrm{pF} \text {; Figure } 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 10 |  | ns |
| Address Transition Time (Note 6) | ttrans | $\begin{aligned} & V_{X_{L}}, V_{Y}, V_{Z_{-}}=1 V ; R L=300 \Omega ; \\ & C L=35 \mathrm{pF} \text {; Figure } 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 12 |  | ns |

Note 2: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.
Note 3: $\Delta \operatorname{RON}=\operatorname{RON}(M A X)-\operatorname{RON}(M I N)$.
Note 4: Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal ranges; i.e., $V X_{-}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}}=3 V$ to 0 and 0 to -3 V .
Note 5: Leakage parameters are $100 \%$ tested at maximum-rated hot operating temperature, and guaranteed by correlation at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Note 6: Guaranteed by design, not production tested.

## MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619

## High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches

## Typical Operating Characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{GND}=0, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted. $)$


# MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches 

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)
$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{GND}=0, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted. $)$


## MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619

## High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches

Pin Description

| PIN |  |  | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAX4617 | MAX4618 | MAX4619 |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 13,14,15, \\ 12,1,5,2,4 \end{gathered}$ | - | - | X0-X7 | Analog Switch Inputs 0-7 |
| 3 | - | - | X | Analog Switch Output |
| - | 12, 14, 15, 11 | - | X0, X1, X2, X3 | Analog Switch "X" Inputs 0-3 |
| - | 13 | 14 | X | Analog Switch "X" Output |
| - | - | 13 | X1 | Analog Switch "X" Normally Open Input |
| - | - | 12 | X0 | Analog Switch "X" Normally Closed Input |
| - | - | 1 | Y1 | Analog Switch "Y" Normally Open Input |
| - | - | 2 | YO | Analog Switch "Y" Normally Closed Input |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | ENABLE | Digital Enable Input. Normally connect to GND. Can be driven to logic high to set all switches off. |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | N.C. | No Connection. Not Internally connected. |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | GND | Ground |
| 11 | 10 | 11 | A | Digital Address "A" Input |
| 10 | 9 | 10 | B | Digital Address "B" Input |
| 9 | - | 9 | C | Digital Address "C" Input |
| - | 1, 5, 2, 4 | - | Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3 | Analog Switch "Y" Inputs 0-3 |
| - | 3 | 15 | Y | Analog Switch "Y" Output |
| - | - | 5 | Z0 | Analog Switch "Z" Normally Closed Input |
| - | - | 3 | Z1 | Analog Switch "Z" Normally Open Input |
| - | - | 4 | Z | Analog Switch "Z" Output |
| 16 | 16 | 16 | VCC | Positive Analog and Digital Supply Voltage Input |

Note: Input and output pins are identical and interchangeable. Any may be considered an input or output; signals pass equally well in both directions.

## Applications Information

Power-Supply Considerations Overview
The MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 construction is typical of most CMOS analog switches. They have two supply pins: VCC and GND. VCC and GND are used to drive the internal CMOS switches and set the limits of the analog voltage on any switch. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between each analogsignal pin and both VCC and GND. If any analog signal exceeds VCc or GND, one of these diodes conducts. During normal operation, these and other reversebiased ESD diodes leak, forming the only current drawn from VCC or GND.

Virtually all the analog leakage current comes from the ESD diodes. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either VCC or GND and the analog signal. This means their leakages will vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages to the VCC and GND pins constitutes the analog-signal-path leakage current. All analog leakage current flows between each pin and one of the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This is why both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of either the same or opposite polarity.
VCC and GND power the internal logic and set the input logic limits. Logic inputs have ESD-protection diodes to ground.

# MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches 

The logic-level thresholds are TTL/CMOS compatible when $V C C$ is +5 V . As $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ rises, the threshold increases; as Vcc falls, the threshold decreases. For example, when $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+3 \mathrm{~V}$ the guaranteed minimum logic-high threshold decreases to 2.0 V

Power Supply
These devices operate from a single supply between +2.5 V and +5.5 V . All of the bipolar precautions must be observed. At room temperature, they actually "work" with a single supply near or below +2 V , although as supply voltage decreases, switch on-resistance becomes very high.

## Overvoltage Protection

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings because stresses beyond the listed ratings can cause permanent damage to the devices. Always sequence VCC on first, followed by the logic inputs and analog signals. If power-supply sequencing is not possible, add two small signal diodes (D1, D2) in series with the supply pins for overvoltage protection (Figure 1).
Adding diodes reduces the analog-signal range to one diode drop below Vcc and one diode drop above GND, but does not affect the devices' low switch resistance and low leakage characteristics. Device operation is unchanged, and the difference between VCC and GND should not exceed 6V. These protection diodes are not recommended if signal levels must extend to ground.

High-Frequency Performance In $50 \Omega$ systems, signal response is reasonably flat up to 50 MHz (see Typical Operating Characteristics). Above 20 MHz , the on-response has several minor peaks that are highly layout dependent. The problem is not turning the switch on, but turning it off. The off-state switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation. At 10 MHz , off-isolation is about -50 dB in $50 \Omega$ systems, becoming worse (approximately 20 dB per decade) as frequency increases. Higher circuit impedances also degrade off-isolation. Adjacent channel attenuation is about 3dB above that of a bare IC socket and is entirely due to capacitive coupling.

Pin Nomenclature
The MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 are pin compatible with the industry-standard $74 \mathrm{HC} 4051 / 74 \mathrm{HC} 4052 /$ 74HC4053 and the MAX4581/MAX4582/MAX4583. In single-supply applications, they function identically and have identical logic diagrams, although these parts differ electrically.
The pin designations and logic diagrams in this data sheet conform to the original 1972 specifications published by RCA for the CD4051/CD4052/CD4053. These designations differ from the standard Maxim switch and mux designations found on other Maxim data sheets (including the MAX4051/MAX4052/MAX4053) and may cause confusion. Designers who feel more comfortable with Maxim's standard designations are advised that the pin designations and logic diagrams on the MAX4051/MAX4052/MAX4053 data sheet may be freely applied to the MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619.


Figure 1. Overvoltage Protection Using External Blocking Diodes

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Table 1. Truth Table/Switch Programming

| ENABLE INPUT | SELECT INPUTS |  |  | ON SWITCHES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | C* | B | A | MAX4617 | MAX4618 | MAX4619 |
| H | X | X | X | All switches open | All switches open | All switches open |
| L | L | L | L | X-X0 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{XO}, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{YO} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{XO}, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{YO}, \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{ZO} \end{aligned}$ |
| L | L | L | H | X-X1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 1, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 1, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{YO}, \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{ZO} \end{aligned}$ |
| L | L | H | L | X-X2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 2, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{XO}, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{ZO} \end{aligned}$ |
| L | L | H | H | X-X3 | $\begin{aligned} & X-X 3, \\ & Y-Y 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 1, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{ZO} \end{aligned}$ |
| L | H | L | L | X-X4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X-XO, } \\ & \text { Y-YO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X0}, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{YO}, \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{Z1} \end{aligned}$ |
| L | H | L | H | X-X5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 1, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X1}, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y0}, \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{Z1} \end{aligned}$ |
| L | H | H | L | X-X6 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 2, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X0} \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{Z1} \end{aligned}$ |
| L | H | H | H | X-X7 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 3, \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{Z1} \end{aligned}$ |

$X=$ Don't care
*C not present on MAX4618.
Note: Input and output pins are identical and interchangeable. Either may be considered an input or output; signals pass equally well in either direction.


TEST EACH SECTION INDIVIDUALLY.

Figure 2. Address Transition Times

## MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619

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## Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)



TEST EACH SECTION INDIVIDUALLY.

Figure 3. Enable Switching Times

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Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)


TEST EACH SECTION INDIVIDUALLY.


Figure 4. Break-Before-Make Interval


TEST EACH SECTION INDIVIDUALLY.

$\Delta$ VOUT IS THE MEASURED VOLTAGE DUE TO CHARGETRANSFER ERROR Q WHEN THE CHANNEL TURNS OFF.
$Q=\Delta V_{\text {OUT }} \cdot C_{L}$

Figure 5. Charge Injection

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NOTES: MEASUREMENTS ARE STANDARDIZED AGAINST SHORT AT SOCKET TERMINALS.
OFF ISOLATION IS MEASURED BETWEEN COM AND "OFF" NO TERMINAL ON EACH SWITCH.
ON LOSS IS MEASURED BETWEEN COM AND "ON" NO TERMINAL ON EACH SWITCH.
CROSSTALK (MAX4618/MAX4619) IS MEASURED FROM ONE CHANNEL (A, B, C) TO ALL OTHER CHANNELS. SIGNAL DIRECTION THROUGH SWITCH IS REVERSED; WORST VALUES ARE RECORDED.

Figure 6. Off-Isolation, On-Loss, and Crosstalk


Figure 7. Capacitance

# MAX4617/MAX4618/MAX4619 High-Speed, Low-Voltage, CMOS Analog Multiplexers/Switches 

Ordering Information (continued)

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MAX4617EUE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 TSSOP |
| MAX4617ESE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Narrow SO |
| MAX4617EPE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Plastic DIP |
| MAX4618CUE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 TSSOP |
| MAX4618CSE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Narrow SO |
| MAX4618CPE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Plastic DIP |
| MAX4618EUE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 TSSOP |
| MAX4618ESE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Narrow SO |
| MAX4618EPE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Plastic DIP |
| MAX4619CUE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 TSSOP |
| MAX4619CSE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Narrow SO |
| MAX4619CPE +T | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Plastic DIP |
| MAX4619EUE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 TSSOP |
| MAX4619ESE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Narrow SO |
| MAX4619EPE +T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 16 Plastic DIP |

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.
$T$ = Tape and reel.

Chip Information
PROCESS: BiCMOS

Package Information
For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a " + ", "\#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE <br> TYPE | PACKAGE <br> CODE | OUTLINE NO. | LAND <br> PATTERN NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 TSSOP | $\mathrm{U} 16+2$ | $\underline{21-0066}$ | $\underline{90-0117}$ |
| 16 Narrow SO | $\mathrm{S} 16+3$ | $\underline{21-0041}$ | $\underline{90-0097}$ |
| 16 PDIP | $\mathrm{P} 16+1$ | $\underline{21-0043}$ | - |

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Revision History

| REVISION <br> NUMBER | REVISION <br> DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES <br> CHANGED |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0 | $7 / 99$ | Initial release | - |
| 1 | $8 / 01$ | Change specifications | 2,7 |
| 2 | $4 / 02$ | Added QFN package | $1,2,5,15$ |
| 3 | $12 / 12$ | Added lead-free information to data sheet, removed QFN package | $1,2,5,15$ |

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