# 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply SPDT Analog Switches 

$\qquad$
General Description
The MAX4624/MAX4625 are low-on-resistance, lowvoltage single-pole/double-throw (SPDT) analog switches that operate from a single +1.8 V to +5.5 V supply. The MAX4624 has break-before-make switching; the MAX4625 has make-before-break switching. These devices also have fast switching speeds (toN $=50 \mathrm{~ns}$ max, tOFF = 50ns max).
When powered from a +5 V supply, the MAX4624/ MAX4625 offer $1 \Omega$ max on-resistance (RON), with $0.12 \Omega$ max Ron matching and flatness. The digital logic inputs are TTL compatible when using a single +5 V supply. These switches also feature overcurrent protection to prevent damage from short circuits and excessive loads.
The MAX4624/MAX4625 are pin compatible with the MAX4544 and are available in space-saving standard 6-pin SOT23 packages, as well as the 1.0 mm high Thin SOT package.

Applications
Power Routing
Battery-Operated Equipment
Audio and Video Signal Routing
Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems
Communications Circuits
PCMCIA Cards
Cellular Phones
Modems
Hard Drives
Low RoN
$1 \Omega$ max (+5V Supply)
$2 \Omega$ max (+3V Supply)
$0.12 \Omega$ max Ron Flatness (+5V Supply)
Overcurrent Protection
+1.8V to +5.5V Single-Supply Operation
Available in SOT23 Packages

- Fast Switching: toN = 50ns max, toFF = 50ns max
tTL-Logic Compatible (+5V Supply)
- Pin Compatible with MAX4544
- Guaranteed Break-Before-Make (MAX4624)
- Guaranteed Make-Before-Break (MAX4625)

Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP. RANGE | PIN- <br> PACKAGE | TOP <br> MARK |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MAX4624EUT-T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23-6 | AADL |
| MAX4624EZT-T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23-6* | AAAE |
| MAX4625EUT-T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23-6 | AADM |
| MAX4625EZT-T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23-6* | AAAF |

*Thin SOT (1.0mm height) package. Recommended for new designs.

Pin Configuration/
Functional Diagram/Truth Table

## TOP VIEW



| LOGIC | NC | NO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ON | OFF |
| 1 | OFF | ON |

SWITCHES SHOWN
FOR LOGIC "0" INPUT

## 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply SPDT Analog Switches

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltages Referenced to GND


Continuous Power Dissipation
6 -Pin SOT23 (derate $7.1 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )............. 571 mW 6 -Pin Thin SOT23 (derate $6.25 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )... 500 mW Operating Temperature Range
MAX462_E_T ................................................... $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Junction Temperature ..................................................... $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature Range ............................. $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Note 1: Signals on NC, NO, and COM exceeding V+ or GND are clamped by internal diodes.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply

$\left(\mathrm{V}+=+5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, G N D=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {INH }}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {INL }}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}\right.$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted. $)($ Notes 2,3$)$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANALOG SWITCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog Signal Range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ |  |  | 0 |  | V+ | V |
| On-Resistance | Ron | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=3.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{ICOM}=100 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.65 | 1 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ |  |  | 1.2 |  |
| On-Resistance Match Between Channels (Note 4) | $\Delta \mathrm{RON}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=3.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.06 | 0.12 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=$ TMIN to TMAX |  |  | 0.15 |  |
| On-Resistance Flatness (Note 5) | Rflat(ON) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}+=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text {; } \mathrm{ICOM}=100 \mathrm{~mA} \text {; } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=0,1 \mathrm{~V}, 2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.08 | 0.12 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ |  |  | 0.15 |  |
| NO or NC Off-Leakage Current | INO(OFF), INC(OFF) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \text {; } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text {; } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -2 | 0.01 | 2 | nA |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to TMAX | -20 |  | 20 |  |
| COM On-Leakage Current | ICOM(ON) | $\mathrm{V}+=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V}$, or floating | $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -4 | 0.3 | 4 | nA |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ | -40 |  | 40 |  |
| Overcurrent-Protection Current Threshold |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1.2 |  |  | A |
| DYNAMIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-On Time | ton | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$, Figure 2 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 40 | 50 | ns |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ |  |  | 60 |  |
| Turn-Off Time | toff | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$, Figure 2 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 40 | 50 | ns |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to TMAX |  |  | 60 |  |
| Break-Before-Make Delay (Note 6) | tBBM | MAX4624 only, Figure 3a | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 | 20 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ | 1 |  |  |  |
| Make-Before-Break Delay (Note 6) | $\mathrm{tmBB}^{\text {m }}$ | MAX4625 only, Figure 3b | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 | 6 |  | ns |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ | 1 |  |  |  |

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS-Single +5 V Supply (continued)

$\left(\mathrm{V}+=+5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{GND}=0, \mathrm{~V}\right.$ INH $=2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}$ INL $=0.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted. $)($ Notes 2, 3)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | UNITS

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply

$\left(\mathrm{V}+=+2.7 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{GND}=0, \mathrm{~V} \operatorname{INH}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V} \operatorname{INL}=0.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted. $)($ Notes 2,3$)$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANALOG SWITCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analog Signal Range | Vcom, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ $V_{N C}$ |  |  | 0 |  | V+ | V |
| On-Resistance | Ron | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{+}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} \text {, } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}}=100 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1.2 | 2.0 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ |  |  | 2.5 |  |
| On-Resistance Flatness (Note 6) | Rflat(On) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}+=2.7 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{ICOM}=100 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}} \text { or } \mathrm{V} \mathrm{VC}=0, \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~V}, 1.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 0.25 |  | $\Omega$ |
| DYNAMIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-On Time | ton | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$, Figure 2 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 65 | 80 | ns |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }}$ |  |  | 100 |  |
| Turn-Off Time | toff | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$, Figure 2 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 62 | 80 | ns |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ |  |  | 100 |  |
| Break-Before-Make Time Delay (Note 4) | tBBM | MAX4624 only, Figure 3a |  | 1 | 40 |  | ns |
| Make-Before-Break Time Delay (Note 4) | tMBB | MAX4625 only, Figure 3b |  | 1 | 8 |  | ns |
| Charge Injection | Q | $\begin{aligned} & C_{L}=1.0 n F, \text { Figure 4, } V_{G E N}=0, \\ & R_{G E N}=0, T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 40 |  | pC |

## 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply SPDT Analog Switches

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply (continued)
$\left(\mathrm{V}+=+2.7 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{GND}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{INH}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{INL}}=0.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$, unless otherwise noted.) ( Notes 2, 3)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOGIC INPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Voltage Low | VINL |  |  |  | 0.6 | V |
| Input Voltage High | VINH |  | 2.0 |  |  | V |
| Logic Input Current | IIN |  | -1 |  | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive Supply Current | $1+$ | $\mathrm{V}+=3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=0$ or $\mathrm{V}+$ |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Note 2: The algebraic convention, where the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum, is used in this data sheet.
Note 3: SOT-packaged parts are $100 \%$ tested at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Limits across the full temperature range are guaranteed by design and correlation.
Note 4: $\Delta \mathrm{RON}=\mathrm{RON}(\mathrm{MAX})-\mathrm{RON}(\mathrm{MIN})$.
Note 5: Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum values of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.
Note 6: Guaranteed by design.
Note 7: Off-Isolation = $20 \log _{10}\left[\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{COM}} /\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}\right.\right.$ or $\left.\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}\right)\right], \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=$ output, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=$ input to off switch.
Note 8: Between the two switches

## Typical Operating Characteristics

( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)


# 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply <br> SPDT Analog Switches 

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)




LOGIC THRESHOLD VOLTAGE



## 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply SPDT Analog Switches

| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | NN | Digital Control Input |
| 2 | V+ | Positive Supply Voltage Input |
| 3 | GND | Ground |
| 4 | NC | Analog Switch—Normally Closed |
| 5 | COM | Analog Switch-Common |
| 6 | NO | Analog Switch—Normally Open |

## Detailed Description

The MAX4624/MAX4625 are low-on-resistance (RON), low-voltage, single-pole/double-throw (SPDT) analog switches that operate from $\mathrm{a}+1.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to +5.5 V supply. The MAX4624 has break-before-make switching, and the MAX4625 has make-before-break switching. These devices also have fast switching speeds (ton $=50 \mathrm{~ns}$ max, tOFF $=50 \mathrm{~ns}$ max).
When powered from a +5 V supply, their $1 \Omega$ max RON allows high continuous currents to be switched in a variety of applications. In an overcurrent condition, these switches provide both current-limit and thermalshutdown protection.

## Current-Limit Protection

The MAX4624/MAX4625 feature current-limit protection circuitry. When the voltage drop across the on switch reaches 0.6 V typ, the internal circuitry activates. The current limit is not instantaneous, but rather integrates


Figure 1. Overvoltage Protection Using Two External Blocking Diodes
over time, so current limiting will not activate when the switch output charges a small $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor. For sustained overload conditions, the switch turns off (opens). The switch turns on after 5 ms . If the overload persists, the switch cycles off and on to produce a pulsed output. A direct short circuit will be detected immediately, and the switch will pulse on for $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, then remain off for 5 ms .

## Applications Information

## Logic Inputs

The MAX4624/MAX4625 logic inputs can be driven up to +5.5 V regardless of the supply voltage. For example, with a +3.3 V supply, IN may be driven low to OV and high to 5.5 V . Driving IN Rail-to-Rail ${ }^{\circledR}$ minimizes power consumption.

## Analog Signal Levels

Analog signals that range over the entire supply voltage (V+ to GND) can be passed with very little change in on-resistance (see Typical Operating Characteristics). The switches are bidirectional, so the NO, NC, and COM pins can be used as either inputs or outputs.

## Power-Supply Sequencing and Overvoltage Protection

Caution: Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings because stresses beyond the listed ratings may cause permanent damage to the devices.

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Always apply V+ before applying analog signals, especially if the analog signal is not current limited. If this sequencing is not possible, and if the analog inputs are not current limited to $<20 \mathrm{~mA}$, add

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a small-signal diode (D1) as shown in Figure 1. If the analog signal can dip below GND, add D2. Adding protection diodes reduces the analog range to a diode drop (about 0.7 V ) below $\mathrm{V}+$ (for D 1 ), and a diode drop above ground (for D2). On-resistance increases slightly at low supply voltages. Maximum supply voltage (V+) must not exceed +6 V .
Adding protection diode D2 causes the logic threshold to be shifted relative to GND. TTL compatibility is not guaranteed when D2 is added.

Protection diodes D1 and D2 also protect against some overvoltage situations. With Figure 1's circuit, if the supply voltage is below the absolute maximum rating, and if a fault voltage up to the absolute maximum rating is applied to an analog signal pin, no damage will result.

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams


Figure 2. Switching Time


Figure 3a. Break-Before-Make Interval (MAX4624 only)

## 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply SPDT Analog Switches

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)


Figure 3b. Make-Before-Break Interval (MAX4625 only)


IN DEPENDS ON SWITCH CONFIGURATION INPUT POLARITY DETERMINED BY SENSE OF SWITCH.

Figure 4. Charge Injection

mEASUREMENTS ARE STANDARDIZED AGAINST SHORTS AT IC TERMINALS.
OFF-ISOLATION IS MEASURED BETWEEN COM_ AND "OFF" NO_ OR NC_ TERMINAL ON EACH SWITCH.
ON-LOSS IS MEASURED BETWEEN COM_ AND "ON" NO_OR NC_TERMINAL ON EACH SWITCH.
CROSSTALK IS MEASURED FROM ONE CHANNEL TO ALL OTHER CHANNELS.
SIGNAL DIRECTION THROUGH SWITCH IS REVERSED; WORST VALUES ARE RECORDED.
Figure 5. On-Loss, Off-Isolation, and Crosstalk

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Chip Information
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 186

Figure 6. Channel Off/On-Capacitance

## 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply SPDT Analog Switches



## 1 $\Omega$, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply SPDT Analog Switches

Package Information (continued)


TIP VIEW
NOTE: PIN 1 WIL BE IDENTIFIED BY


END VIEW


DETAIL " $A$ "


PACKAGE QUTLINE, 6 LEAD THIN SOT23,


## NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MLLIMETERS.
2. "D" AND "E1" ARE REFERENCE DATUM AND DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS, AND ARE MEASURED AT THE BOTTOM PARTING LINE. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 mm ON "D" AND 0.25 mm ON "E" PER SIDE.
3. THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.07 mm TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
4. DATUM PLANE "H" LOCATED AT MOLD PARTING LINE AND COINCIDENT WITH LEAD, WHERE LEAD EXITS PLASTIC BODY at The bottom of parting line.
5. THE LEAD TIPS MUST LINE WTHIN A SPECIFIED TOLERANCE ZONE. THIS TOLERANCE ZONE IS DEFINED BY TWO PARALLEL LINES. ONE PLANE IS THE SEATING PLANE, DATUM [-C-]; AND THE OTHER PLANE IS AT THE SPECIFIED DISTANCE FROM $[-C-]$ IN THE DIRECTION INDICATED. FORMED LEADS SHALL BE PLANAR WITH RESPECT TO ONE ANOTHER WITH 0.10 mm AT SEATING PLANE.
6. THIS PART IS COMPLIANT WITH JEDEC SPECIFICATION

MO-193 EXCEPT FOR THE "e" DIMENSION WHICH IS 0.95 mm INSTEAD OF 1.00 mm . THIS PART IS IN FULL COMPLIANCE TO EIAJ SPECIFICAION SC-74.

| SYMBDLS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | NDM | MAX |
| A | - | - | 1.10 |
| A1 | 0.05 | 0.075 | 0.10 |
| A2 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| A3 | 0.50 BSC |  |  |
| b | 0.30 | - | 0.45 |
| b1 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.40 |
| C | 0.15 | - | 0.20 |
| C1 | 0.12 | 0.127 | 0.15 |
| D | 2.80 | 2.90 | 3.00 |
| E | 2.75 BSC |  |  |
| E1 | 1.55 | 1.60 | 1.65 |
| L | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| e1 | 1.90 BSC |  |  |
| e | 0.95 BSC |  |  |
| C | 0. | $4^{-}$ | $8^{-}$ |
| a.a.a | 0.20 |  |  | implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time

## X-ON Electronics

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