

### **General Description**

The MAX4996/MAX4996L triple DPDT analog switches operate from a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply, and feature  $2.0\Omega$  (typ) on-resistance, low 6pF (typ) on-capacitance, and low power-supply current consumption. The MAX4996/MAX4996L combine the low capacitance and low resistance necessary for high-frequency switching applications in portable electronics.

The MAX4996/MAX4996L have three logic inputs to control the switches in pairs. The MAX4996 has an active-high enable input (EN) to disable the switches, while the MAX4996L has an active-low enable input (EN) to disable the switches. The enable input decreases the supply current and also places the COM outputs in a high-impedance state.

The MAX4996/MAX4996L feature a 5µA (max) supplycurrent consumption when the logic inputs are not rail-to-rail. This feature is especially valuable in applications where direct interface to low-voltage processors is necessary.

The MAX4996/MAX4996L are available in a spacesaving 24-pin (3.5mm x 3.5mm) TQFN package and operate over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

### **Applications**

SD Card Switching

**USB Signal Switching** 

**UART Signal Switching** 

Cell Phones

**PDAs** 

**GPS** 

Portable Media Players (PMP)

### **Ordering Information**

PART	PIN- PACKAGE	PACKAGE CODE		
MAX4996ETG+	24 TQFN-EP*	T243A3-1		
MAX4996LETG+	24 TQFN-EP*	T243A3-1		

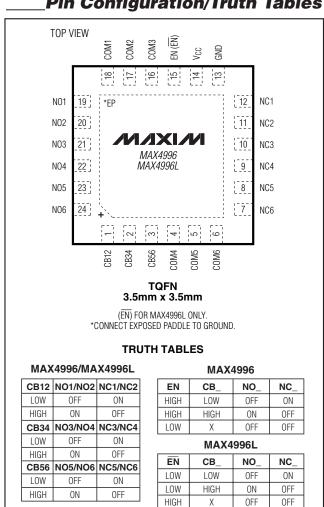
**Note:** All devices operate over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.

Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

### **Features**

- ♦ Multiplex SD2.0/SDIO Interfaces
- ♦ Low Power Consumption (2µA max)
- ♦ +2.5V to +5.5V Supply Voltage Range
- ♦ Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- **♦** Low-Capacitance Switches, 6pF (typ)
- ♦ Low On-Resistance, 2Ω (typ)
- ♦ Excellent On-Resistance Flatness Over the Range of 0V to Vcc
- ♦ Wide -3dB Bandwidth, 670MHz
- ♦ Small 24-Pin TQFN (3.5mm x 3.5mm)

### Pin Configuration/Truth Tables



<sup>+</sup>Denotes a lead-free package.

<sup>\*</sup>EP = Exposed paddle.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>CC</sub> to GND EN, EN, CB	
All Other Pins to GND	
Continuous Current	
NO_, NC_, COM	±150mA
Peak Current NO_, NC_, COM_	
(pulsed at 1ms, 50% Duty Cycle)	
(pulsed at 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle)	
ESD per Human Body Model	±2kV

Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C) 24-Pin TQFN (derate 20.8mW/°C	
above +70°C)	1228mW
Thermal Resistance (Note 1)	
θJA	65.1°C/W
θJC	5.4°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering)	+300°C

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations see <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial">www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial</a>.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +2.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.8V, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.}$ ) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER SYMBOL CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
ANALOG SWITCH	•					
Analog Signal Range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub> , V <sub>NC</sub> _	0			V <sub>C</sub> C	V
On-Resistance	Ron	V <sub>COM</sub> _= 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> , I <sub>COM</sub> _= 25mA		2	4	Ω
On-Resistance Match Between Channels	ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.8V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 25mA; V <sub>NO</sub> = 1.5V or V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5V (Note 4)		0.1	0.2	Ω
On-Resistance Flatness	R <sub>FLAT</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 25mA; V <sub>COM</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 5)		0.2	0.5	Ω
Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>COM</sub> _	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0, 4V; V <sub>NO</sub> , V <sub>NC</sub> = 4V, 0	-250		+250	nA
	(OFF)	$V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $V_{COM} = 5.5V$ ; $V_{NO}$ , $V_{NC}$ with 50 $\mu$ A sink current to GND			180	μΑ
On-Leakage Current	ICOM_ (ON)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0, 5.5V; V <sub>NO</sub> , V <sub>NC</sub> unconnected -250			+250	nA
-3dB Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = R_S = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 5pF$ , Figure 4	670		MHz	
Off-Isolation	VISO	$ f = 1 MHz, V_{NO\_}, V_{NC\_} = 0; $ $ C_L = 5 pF, R_L = R_S = 50 \Omega, $ $ Figure 4 (Note 6) $	-60			dB
Crosstalk	V <sub>CT</sub>	$f = 1MHz, V_{NO\_}, V_{NC\_} = 0;$ $R_L = R_S = 50\Omega$ , Figure 4 (Note 7)			dB	
LOGIC INPUTS						
Input Logic High	VIH	1.4			V	
Input Logic Low	V <sub>IL</sub>	0.5		0.5	V	
Input Leakage Current	ILEAK	$0 \le V \le V_{IL}$ and $V_{IH} \le V \le V_{CC}$ ; $V_{CC} = 5.5V$	1 -/:00		+250	nA

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

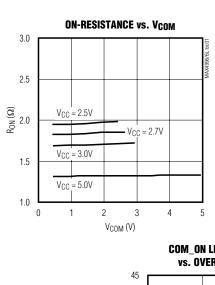
 $(V_{CC} = +2.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.8V, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.)$  (Notes 2, 3)

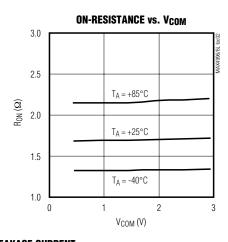
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
SWITCH DYNAMICS								
Turn-On Time	ton	$V_{CC}$ = 2.7V, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC}$ : $R_L$ = 50 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 35pF, Figur	*			100	μs	
Turn-Off Time	toff	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ , $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC}$ : $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 35pF$ , Figur	*			6	μs	
Break-Before-Make Interval	t <sub>BBM</sub>	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ ; $V_{NO}$ , or $V_{NC}$ $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 35pF$ , Figur		10		μs		
Output Skew Between Switches	tskew	$R_L = R_S = 50\Omega$ , Figure 3			40		Ps	
NO or NC Off-Capacitance	C <sub>NO_</sub> (OFF) C <sub>NC_</sub> (OFF)	f = 10MHz, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 0V, signal = 500mV <sub>P-P</sub> , Figure 5		2.5		pF		
COM Off-Capacitance	C <sub>COM</sub> _ (OFF)	f = 10MHz, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 0V, signal = 500mV <sub>P-P</sub> , Figure 5		4		pF		
COM On-Capacitance	C <sub>COM</sub> _ (ON)	f = 10MHz, V <sub>BIAS</sub> = 0V, signal = 500mV <sub>P-P</sub> , Figure 5		6		pF		
Operating Power-Supply Range	V <sub>CC</sub>			2.5		5.5	V	
Shutdown Supply Current		V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 (MAX4996), V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> (MAX4996L)			0.1	0.5	μA	
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	lcc	V <sub>CB</sub> <sub>_</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> ; V <sub>EN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> (MAX4996); V <sub>EN</sub> = 0 (MAX4996L)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.8V		1	2	μA	
VCC Supply Current			V <sub>C</sub> C = 5.5V		5	10	μΑ	
Increase in Supply Current with V <sub>CB</sub> / V <sub>EN</sub> Voltage		$0 \le V_{CB} \le V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH} \le V_{CB} \le V_{CC}$ or $0 \le V_{EN} \le V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH} \le V_{EN} \le V_{CC}$				5	μА	
ESD Protection		Human Body Model		±2		kV		

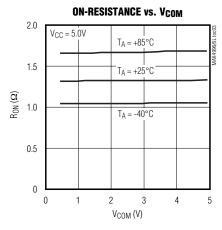
- Note 2: The algebraic convention is used. The most negative value is shown in the minimum column.
- Note 3: Parts are 100% tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C. Limits across the full temperature range are guaranteed by correlation and design.
- **Note 4:**  $\Delta R_{ON} = R_{ON(MAX)} R_{ON(MIN)}$ .
- **Note 5:** Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal ranges.
- Note 6: Off-isolation =  $20log_{10}$  [ $V_{COM}$  / ( $V_{NO}$  or  $V_{NC}$ )],  $V_{COM}$  = output,  $V_{NO}$  or  $V_{NC}$  = input to off switch.
- Note 7: Between any two switches.

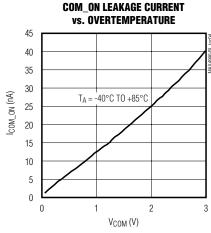
Typical Operating Characteristics

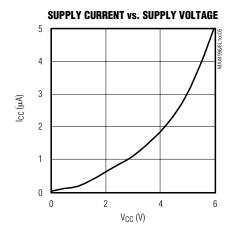
( $V_{CC} = 3V$ ,  $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

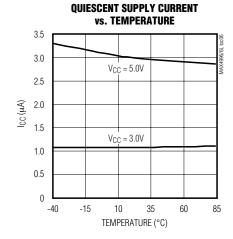


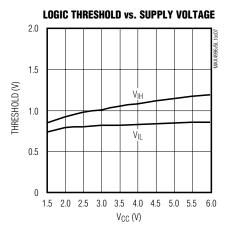






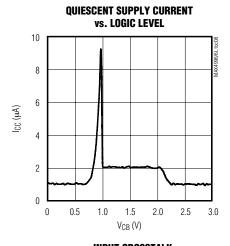


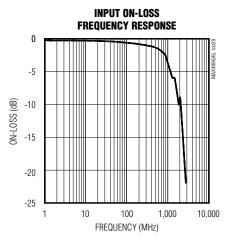


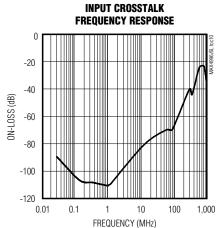


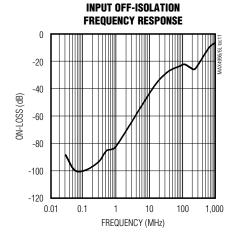
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = 3V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 









## **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	CB12	Digital Control Input for Analog Switches 1 and 2. Drive CB12 low to connect COM1 to NC1 and COM2 to NC2. Drive CB12 high to connect COM1 to NO1 and COM2 to NO2.
2	CB34	Digital Control Input for Analog Switches 3 and 4. Drive CB34 low to connect COM3 to NC3 and COM4 to NC4. Drive CB34 high to connect COM3 to NO3 and COM4 to NO4.
3	CB56	Digital Control Input for Analog Switches 5 and 6. Drive CB56 low to connect COM5 to NC5 and COM6 to NC6. Drive CB56 high to connect COM5 to NO5 and COM6 to NO6.
4	COM4	Analog Switch 4—Common Terminal
5	COM5	Analog Switch 5—Common Terminal
6	COM6	Analog Switch 6—Common Terminal
7	NC6	Analog Switch 6—Normally Closed Terminal
8	NC5	Analog Switch 5—Normally Closed Terminal
9	NC4	Analog Switch 4—Normally Closed Terminal
10	NC3	Analog Switch 3—Normally Closed Terminal
11	NC2	Analog Switch 2—Normally Closed Terminal
12	NC1	Analog Switch 1—Normally Closed Terminal
13	GND	Ground
14	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage. Bypass V <sub>CC</sub> to GND with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the device.
15	EN, EN	Enable Logic Input. For the MAX4996, drive EN high to enable all the switches. Drive EN low to disable all switches. For the MAX4996L, drive EN low to enable all the switches. Drive EN high to disable all switches. COM_ is high impedance when the switch is disabled. (See <i>Pin Configuration/Truth Tables</i> .)
16	COM3	Analog Switch 3—Common Terminal
17	COM2	Analog Switch 2—Common Terminal
18	COM1	Analog Switch 1—Common Terminal
19	NO1	Analog Switch 1—Normally Open Terminal
20	NO2	Analog Switch 2—Normally Open Terminal
21	NO3	Analog Switch 3—Normally Open Terminal
22	NO4	Analog Switch 4—Normally Open Terminal
23	NO5	Analog Switch 5—Normally Open Terminal
24	NO6	Analog Switch 6—Normally Open Terminal
	EP	Exposed Paddle. Internally connected to GND. Connect to a large ground plane to maximize thermal performance; not intended as an electrical connection point.

### Timing Circuits/Timing Diagrams

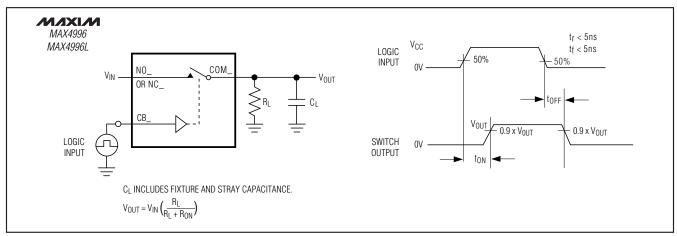


Figure 1. Switching Time

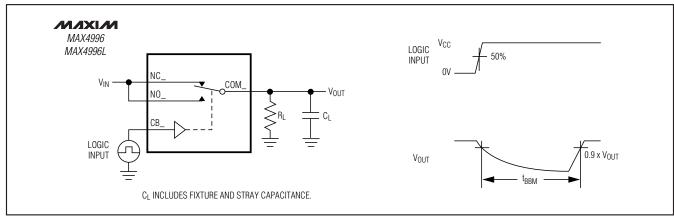


Figure 2. Break-Before-Make Interval

### Timing Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

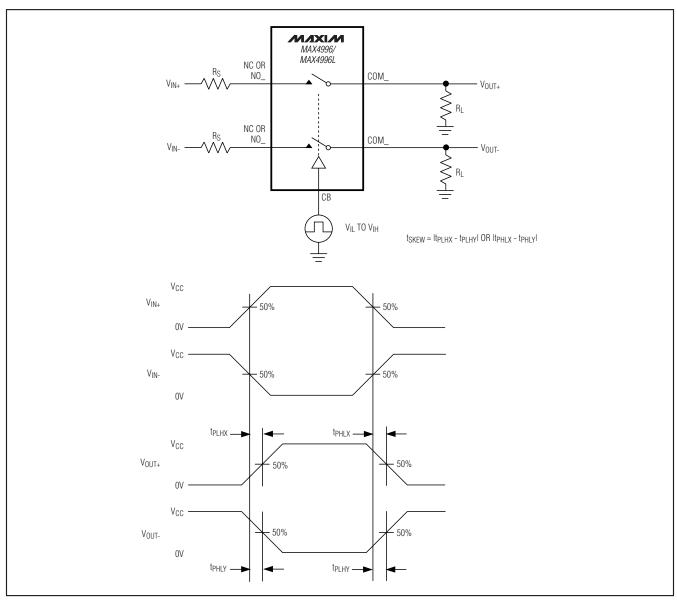


Figure 3. Input/Output Skew Timing Diagram

### Timing Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

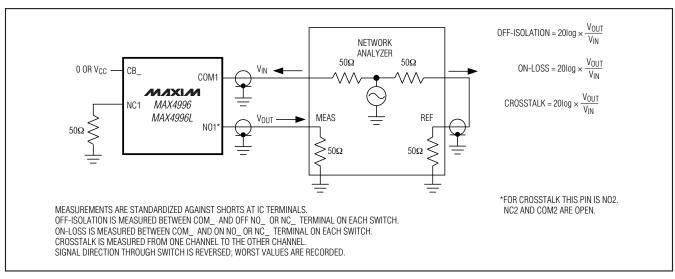


Figure 4. On-Loss, Off-Isolation, and Crosstalk

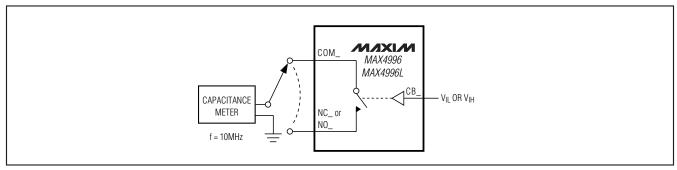


Figure 5. Channel On-/Off-Capacitance

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX4996/MAX4996L triple DPDT analog switches operate from a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply and feature  $2.0\Omega$  (typ) on-resistance, low 6pF (typ) on-capacitance, and low power-supply current consumption. The combination of low resistance and low capacitance make this switch ideal for high-frequency applications.

The MAX4996 has an active-high enable input (EN) to disable the switches, while the MAX4996L has an active-low enable input (EN) to disable the switches. The enable input decreases the supply current and also places the COM\_ outputs in a high-impedance state.

#### **Digital Control Inputs**

Each pair of switches feature a digital-control logic input: CB\_. CB\_ controls the position of the switches as shown in the *Pin Configuration/Truth Tables*. The MAX4996/MAX4996L also feature an enable input to turn all switches on or off. Drive EN low on the MAX4996, or EN high on the MAX4996L, to disable the switches. While disabled, the switches are high-impedance and the supply current drops to 0.1µA (typ). To enable all switches, drive EN high on the MAX4996 or EN low on the MAX4996L.

Driving all digital inputs (CB\_, EN,  $\overline{\text{EN}}$ ) rail-to-rail minimizes supply current.

#### **Analog Signal Levels**

The on-resistance of the MAX4996/MAX4996L are very low and stable as the analog input signals are swept from ground to VCC (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*). These switches are bidirectional, allowing NO\_, NC\_, and COM\_ to be configured as either inputs or outputs.

### \_Applications Information

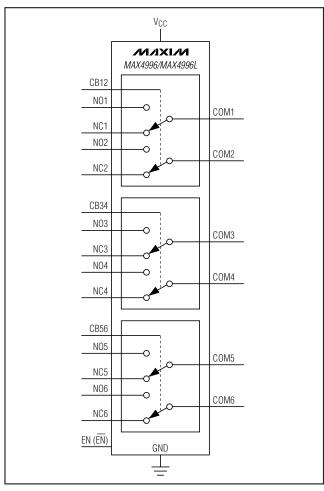
#### **Power-Supply Bypassing**

Power-supply bypassing improves noise margin and prevents switching noise from propagating from the VCC supply to other components. A 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor connected from VCC to GND is adequate for most applications.

#### **Power-Supply Sequencing**

Always apply VCC before the analog signals.

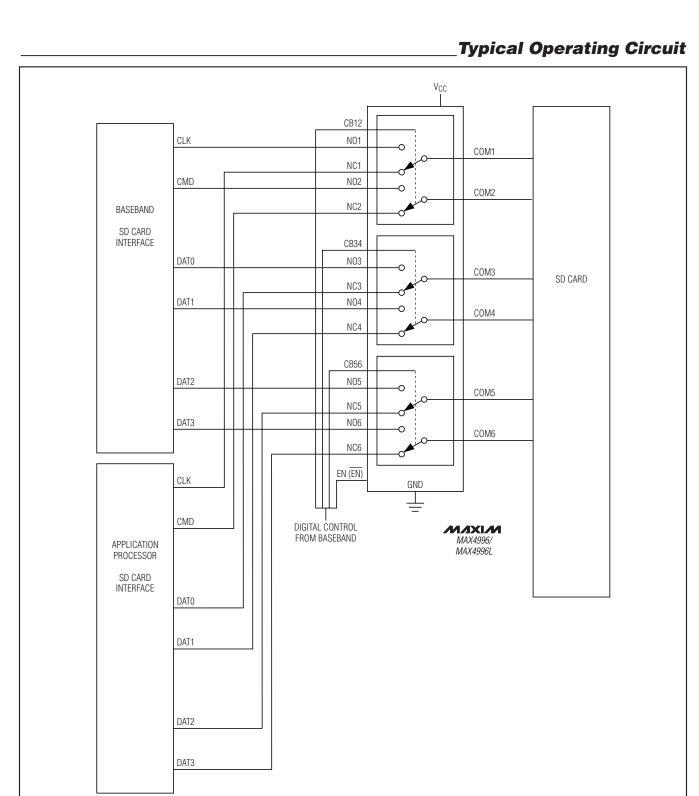
### **Functional Diagram**



**Chip Information** 

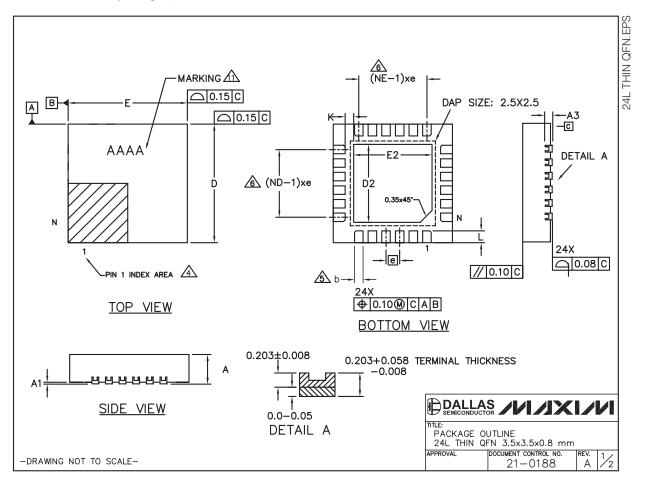
PROCESS: BICMOS

\_\_ /N/XI/M



### **Package Information**

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



### Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)

#### NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.

THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.

DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25mm AND 0.30mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.

AND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.

- 7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
- 8. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
- 9. REFER TO JEDEC MO-220 EXCEPT D2. E2. & L DIMENSIONS.
- 10. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10mm.
- MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION PURPOSE ONLY.

COMMON DIMENSION				
REF.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	N T E
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80	
A1	0	_	0.05	
A3		0.20	REF	
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	
D	3.40	3.50	3.60	
E	3.40	3.50	3.60	
е				
К	0.25	ı	ı	
L	0.30	0.35	0.40	
N_				
ND	6			
NE				

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS							
		D2			E2		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
T243A3-1	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.20	2.30	2.40	

TITLE:
PACKAGE OUTLINE
24L THIN QFN 3.5x3.5x0.8 mm

DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.

21 - 0188

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

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NLAS5123MNR2G PI5A4157CEX NLAS4717EPFCT1G PI5A3167CCEX SLAS3158MNR2G PI5A392AQE PI5A4157ZUEX
PI5A3166TAEX FSA634UCX XS3A1T3157GMX TC4066BP(N,F) DG302BDJ-E3 PI5A100QEX HV2605FG-G HV2301FG-G
RS2117YUTQK10 RS2118YUTQK10 RS2227XUTQK10 ADG452BRZ-REEL7 MAX4066ESD+ MAX391CPE+ MAX4730EXT+T
MAX314CPE+ BU4066BCFV-E2 MAX313CPE+ BU4S66G2-TR NLASB3157MTR2G TS3A4751PWR NLAS4157DFT2G
NLAST4599DFT2G NLAST4599DTT1G DG419LDY+T DG300BDJ-E3 DG2503DB-T2-GE1 TC4W53FU(TE12L,F) HV2201FG-G
74HC2G66DC.125 DG3257DN-T1-GE4 ADG619BRMZ-REEL ADG1611BRUZ-REEL7 DG2535EDQ-T1-GE3 LTC201ACN#PBF