#### **General Description**

The MAX811/MAX812 are low-power microprocessor ( $\mu$ P) supervisory circuits used to monitor power supplies in  $\mu$ P and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with 5Vpowered or 3V-powered circuits. The MAX811/MAX812 also provide a debounced manual reset input.

These devices perform a single function: They assert a reset signal whenever the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage falls below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 140ms after V<sub>CC</sub> has risen above the reset threshold. The only difference between the two devices is that the MAX811 has an active-low RESET output (which is guaranteed to be in the correct state for V<sub>CC</sub> down to 1V), while the MAX812 has an active-high RESET output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on V<sub>CC</sub>. Reset thresholds are available for operation with a variety of supply voltages.

Low supply current makes the MAX811/MAX812 ideal for use in portable equipment. The devices come in a 4-pin SOT143 package.

#### **Applications**

- Computers
- Controllers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Critical µP and µC Power Monitoring
- Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment

### 4-Pin μP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

#### **Benefits and Features**

- Integrated Voltage Monitor Increases System Robustness with Added Manual Reset
  - Precision Monitoring of 3V, 3.3V, and 5V Power-Supply Voltages
  - 140ms Min Power-On-Reset Pulse Width
    RESET Output (MAX811), RESET Output (MAX812)
  - Guaranteed Over Temperature
  - Guaranteed RESET Valid to V<sub>CC</sub> = 1V (MAX811)
  - Power-Supply Transient Immunity
- Saves Board Space
  - No External Components
  - 4-Pin SOT143 Package
- Low Power Consumption Simplifies Power-Supply Requirements
  - 6µA Supply Current

#### **Ordering Information**

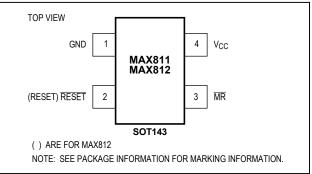
PART*	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	
MAX811_EUS-T	-40°C to +85°C	4 SOT143	
MAX812_EUS-T	-40°C to +85°C	4 SOT143	

\*This part offers a choice of five different reset threshold voltages. Select the letter corresponding to the desired nominal reset threshold voltage, and insert it into the blank to complete the part number.

Devices are available in both leaded and lead(Pb)-free packaging. Specify lead-free by replacing "-T" with "+T" when ordering.

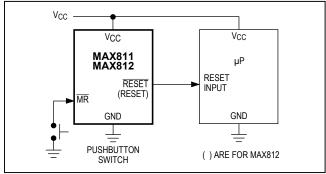
RESET THRESHOLD				
SUFFIX	VOLTAGE (V)			
L	4.63			
М	4.38			
Т	3.08			
S	2.93			
R	2.63			

#### **Pin Configuration**





#### Typical Operating Circuit



### 4-Pin μP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

V <sub>CC</sub>	0.3V to 6.0V
All Other Inputs	
Input Current, V <sub>CC</sub> , MR	20mA
Output Current, RESET or RESET	20mA
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +7	′0°C)
SOT143 (derate 4mW/°C above +70	°C)320mW

Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V for L/M versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V for T/S versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3V for R version,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Operating Valtage Bange	V <sub>CC</sub>	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C		1.0		5.5	V	
Operating Voltage Range		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$		1.2				
		MAX81_L/M, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0			6	15	۵	
Supply Current	lcc	MAX81_R/S/	T, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0		2.7	10	μA	
		MAX81_L	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	4.54	4.63	4.72		
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	4.50		4.75		
			T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	4.30	4.38	4.46		
		MAX81_M	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	4.25		4.50		
Reset Threshold	V		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	3.03	3.08	3.14	V	
Reset Infeshold	V <sub>TH</sub>	MAX81_T	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	3.00		3.15	V	
			T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	2.88	2.93	2.98		
		MAX81_S	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	2.85		3.00		
		MAX81_R	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	2.58	2.63	2.68		
			$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.55		2.70		
Reset Threshold Tempco					30		ppm/°C	
		V <sub>OD</sub> = 125mV, MAX81_L/M			40			
V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Delay (Note 2)		V <sub>OD</sub> = 125mV, MAX81_R/S/T			20		μs	
Reset Active Timeout Period	t <sub>RP</sub>	$V_{CC} = V_{TH(N)}$	IAX)	140		560	ms	
MR Minimum Pulse Width	t <sub>MR</sub>			10			μs	
MR Glitch Immunity (Note 3)					100		ns	
MR to Reset Propagation Delay (Note 2)	t <sub>MD</sub>				0.5		μs	
	V <sub>IH</sub>	- V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>TH(MAX)</sub> , MAX81_L/M		2.3				
	V <sub>IL</sub>					0.8		
MR Input Threshold	V <sub>IH</sub>	N/		0.7 x V <sub>CC</sub>			V	
	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>TH(MAX)</sub> , MAX81_R/S/T			0.	25 x V <sub>CC</sub>	L	
MR Pull-Up Resistance				10	20	30	kΩ	
RESET Output Voltage (MAX812)	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 150µA, 1.8V < V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>TH(MIN)</sub>		0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>				
		MAX812R/S/T only, $I_{SINK}$ = 1.2mA, $V_{CC} = V_{TH(MAX)}$				0.3	V	
	V <sub>OL</sub>	MAX812L/M V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>TH(N</sub>	only, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 3.2mA, IAX)			0.4		

### 4-Pin µP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

#### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V for L/M versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V for T/S versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3V for R version,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
RESET Output Voltage (MAX811)	V <sub>OL</sub>	MAX811R/S/T only, $I_{SINK}$ = 1.2mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>TH(MIN)</sub>			0.3		
		MAX811L/M only, $I_{SINK}$ = 3.2mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>TH(MIN)</sub>			0.4	V	
		I <sub>SINK</sub> = 50μA, V <sub>CC</sub> > 1.0V			0.3		
	V <sub>OH</sub>	MAX811R/S/T only, $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu$ A, V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>TH(MAX)</sub>	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>				
		MAX811L/M only, $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$ , $V_{CC} > V_{TH(MAX)}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.5				

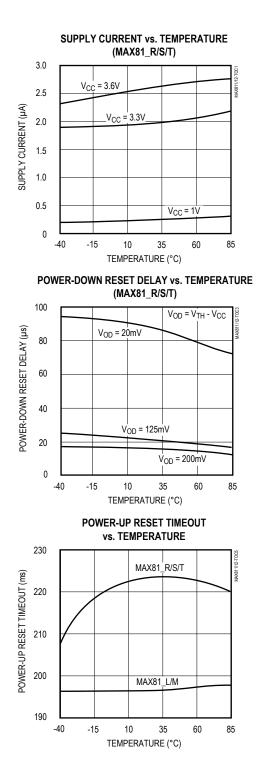
**Note 1:** Production testing done at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, over temperature limits guaranteed by design using six sigma design limits. **Note 2:** RESET output for MAX811, RESET output for MAX812.

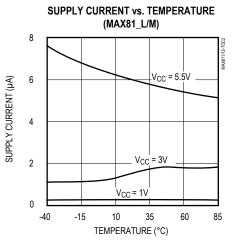
Note 3: "Glitches" of 100ns or less typically will not generate a reset pulse.

### 4-Pin µP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

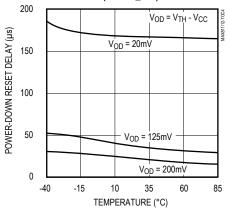
### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

( $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

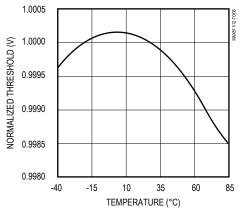




POWER-DOWN RESET DELAY vs. TEMPERATURE (MAX81\_L/M)



RESET THRESHOLD DEVIATION vs. TEMPERATURE



### 4-Pin μP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

#### **Pin Description**

Р	IN	NAME	FUNCTION	
MAX811	MAX812	NAME	FUNCTION	
1	1	GND	Ground	
2	_	RESET	$\begin{array}{l} \hline Active-Low \ Reset \ Output. \ \overline{RESET} \ remains \ low \ while \ V_{CC} \ is \ below \ the \ reset \ threshold \ or \ while \ \overline{MR} \ is \ held \ low. \ \overline{RESET} \ remains \ low \ for \ the \ Reset \ Active \ Timeout \ Period \ (t_{RP}) \ after \ the \ reset \ conditions \ are \ terminated. \end{array}$	
_	2	RESET	Active-High Reset Output. RESET remains high while $V_{CC}$ is below the reset threshold or while $\overline{MR}$ is held low. RESET remains high for Reset Active Timeout Period ( $t_{RP}$ ) after the reset conditions are terminated.	
3	3	MR	Manual Reset Input. A logic low on $\overline{\text{MR}}$ asserts reset. Reset remains asserted as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low and for 180ms after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ returns high. This active-low input has an internal 20k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor. It can be driven from a TTL or CMOS-logic line, or shorted to ground with a switch. Leave open if unused.	
4	4	V <sub>CC</sub>	+5V, +3.3V, or +3V Supply Voltage	

#### **Detailed Description**

#### **Reset Output**

A microprocessor's ( $\mu$ P's) reset input starts the  $\mu$ P in a known state. These  $\mu$ P supervisory circuits assert reset to prevent code execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions.

If a brownout condition occurs (V<sub>CC</sub> dips below the reset threshold),  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  goes low. Any time V<sub>CC</sub> goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  goes low. The internal timer starts after V<sub>CC</sub> returns above the reset threshold, and  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  remains low for the reset timeout period.

The manual reset input  $(\overline{MR})$  can also initiate a reset. See the *Manual Reset Input* section.

The MAX812 has an active-high RESET output that is the inverse of the MAX811's RESET output.

#### **Manual Reset Input**

Many  $\mu$ P-based products require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. A logic low on MR asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while MR is low, and for the Reset Active Timeout Period (t<sub>RP</sub>) after MR returns high. This input has an internal 20k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor, so it can be left open if it is not used. MR can be driven with TTL or CMOS-logic levels, or with open-drain/collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from MR to GND to create a manual-reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If MR is driven from long cables or if the device is used in a noisy environment, connecting a 0.1µF capacitor from MR to ground provides additional noise immunity.

#### **Reset Threshold Accuracy**

The MAX811/MAX812 are ideal for systems using a 5V  $\pm$ 5% or 3V  $\pm$ 5% power supply with ICs specified for 5V  $\pm$ 10% or 3V  $\pm$ 10%, respectively. They are designed to meet worst-case specifications over temperature. The reset is guaranteed to assert after the power supply falls out of regulation, but before power drops below the minimum specified operating voltage range for the system ICs. The thresholds are pre-trimmed and exhibit tight distribution, reducing the range over which an undesirable reset may occur.

### 4-Pin μP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

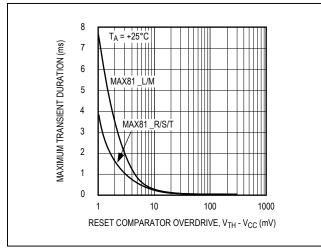


Figure 1. Maximum Transient Duration without Causing a Reset Pulse vs. Comparator Overdrive

#### **Applications Information**

#### **Negative-Going V<sub>CC</sub> Transients**

In addition to issuing a reset to the  $\mu$ P during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, the MAX811/MAX812 are relatively immune to short duration negative-going V<sub>CC</sub> transients (glitches).

Figure 1 shows typical transient durations vs. reset comparator overdrive, for which the MAX811/MAX812 do not generate a reset pulse. This graph was generated using a negative-going pulse applied to V<sub>CC</sub>, starting above the actual reset threshold and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset comparator overdrive). The graph indicates the typical maximum pulse width a negative-going V<sub>CC</sub> transient may have without causing a reset pulse to be issued. As the magnitude of the transient increases (goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, a V<sub>CC</sub> transient that goes 125mV below the reset threshold and lasts 40µs or less (MAX81\_L/M) or 20µs or less (MAX81 T/S/R) will not cause a reset pulse to be issued. A 0.1µF capacitor mounted as close as possible to V<sub>CC</sub> provides additional transient immunity.

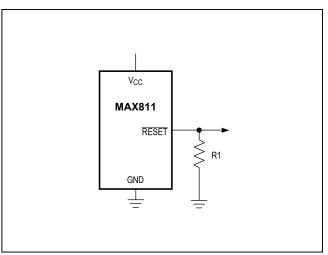


Figure 2. RESET Valid to V<sub>CC</sub> = Ground Circuit

## Ensuring a Valid RESET Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0V$

When V<sub>CC</sub> falls below 1V, the MAX811 RESET output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS-logic inputs connected to the RESET output can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications, since most  $\mu$ P and other circuitry is inoperative with V<sub>CC</sub> below 1V. However, in applications where the RESET output must be valid down to 0V, adding a pulldown resistor to the RESET pin will cause any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding RESET low (Figure 2). R1's value is not critical; 100k $\Omega$  is large enough not to load RESET and small enough to pull RESET to ground.

A 100k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor to V<sub>CC</sub> is also recommended for the MAX812 if RESET is required to remain valid for V<sub>CC</sub> < 1V.

### 4-Pin μP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

# Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

 $\mu$ Ps with bidirectional reset pins (such as the Motorola 68HC11 series) can contend with the MAX811/MAX812 reset outputs. If, for example, the MAX811 RESET output is asserted high and the  $\mu$ P wants to pull it low, indeterminate logic levels may result. To correct such cases, connect a 4.7k $\Omega$  resistor between the MAX811 RESET (or MAX812 RESET) output and the  $\mu$ P reset I/O (Figure 3). Buffer the reset output to other system components.

#### **Chip Information**

**TRANSISTOR COUNT: 341** 

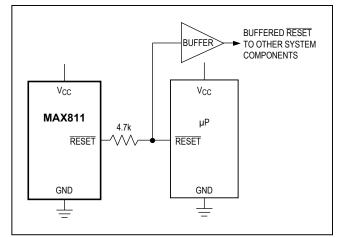


Figure 3. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

# 4-Pin µP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

#### **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
4 SOT143	U4+1	<u>21-0052</u>	<u>90-0183</u>

### 4-Pin µP Voltage Monitors with Manual Reset Input

#### **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
5	6/15	Updated Benefits and Features and Package Information sections	1, 8
6	5/18	Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings	2

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please visit Maxim Integrated's online storefront at https://www.maximintegrated.com/en/storefront/storefront.html.

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