

MAX985/MAX986/MAX989/ MAX990/MAX993/MAX994

Micropower, Low-Voltage, UCSP/SC70, Rail-to-Rail I/O Comparators

General Description

The MAX985/MAX986/MAX989/MAX990/MAX993/MAX994 single/dual/quad micropower comparators feature low-voltage operation and rail-to-rail inputs and outputs. Their operating voltages range from 2.5V to 5.5V, making them ideal for both 3V and 5V systems. These comparators also operate with ±1.25V to ±2.75V dual supplies. They consume only 11µA of supply current while achieving a 300ns propagation delay.

Input bias current is typically 1.0pA, and input offset voltage is typically 0.5mV. Internal hysteresis ensures clean output switching, even with slow-moving input signals.

The output stage's unique design limits supply-current surges while switching, virtually eliminating the supply glitches typical of many other comparators. The MAX985/MAX989/MAX993 have a push-pull output stage that sinks as well as sources current. Large internal output drivers allow rail-to-rail output swing with loads up to 8mA. The MAX986/MAX990/MAX994 have an open-drain output stage that can be pulled beyond VCC to 6V (max) above VEE. These open-drain versions are ideal for level translators and bipolar to single-ended converters.

The single MAX985 is available in a chip-scale package (UCSP™), significantly reducing the required PC board area. The single MAX985/MAX986 are available in 5-pin SC70 packages and the dual MAX989/MAX990 are available in 8-pin SOT23 packages.

Selector Guide

PART	COMPARATORS PER PACKAGE	OUTPUT STAGE
MAX985	1	Push-Pull
MAX986	1	Open-Drain
MAX989	2	Push-Pull
MAX990	2	Open-Drain
MAX993	4	Push-Pull
MAX994	4	Open-Drain

_Applications

Digital Line Receivers

Portable/Battery- Powered Systems	Threshold Detectors/ Discriminators
Mobile Communications	Ground/Supply-Sensing
Zero-Crossing Detectors	Applications
Window Comparators	IR Receivers

Level Translators

UCSP is a trademark and µMAX is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

Features

- ♦ 11µA Quiescent Supply Current
- ♦ 2.5V to 5.5V Single-Supply Operation
- ♦ Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Extends 250mV Beyond the Rails
- ♦ 300ns Propagation Delay
- Push-Pull Output Stage Sinks and Sources 8mA Current (MAX985/MAX989/MAX993)
- ♦ Open-Drain Output Voltage Extends Beyond V_{CC} (MAX986/MAX990/MAX994)
- Unique Output Stage Reduces Output Switching Current, Minimizing Overall Power Consumption
- ♦ 80µA Supply Current at 1MHz Switching Frequency
- ♦ No Phase Reversal for Overdriven Inputs
- ♦ Available in Space-Saving Packages: UCSP (MAX985) SOT23 (MAX985/MAX986/MAX989/MAX990) µMAX® (MAX989/MAX990)

Ordering Information

PART	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX985 EBT+TG45	6 UCSP	AAY
MAX985EXK+T	5 SC70	ABK

Note: All devices are specified over the -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range.

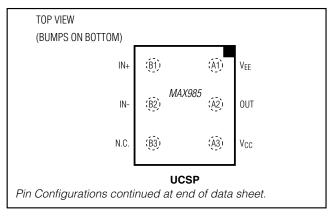
+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

G45 = Protective die coating.

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet. Typical Application Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

Pin Configurations



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

8-Pin SOT23 (derate 5.1mW/°C above +70°C)408.2mW 8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.8mW/°C above +70°C)387.8mW 8-Pin SO (derate 7.4mW/°C above +70°C)588.2mW 14-Pin TSSOP (derate 10mW/°C above +70°C)796.8mW 14-Pin SO (derate 11.9mW/°C above +70°C)952.4mW Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C Junction Temperature+150°C Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature (except UCSP, soldering, 10s)+300°C Soldering Temperature (reflow)+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V, V_{EE} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER SYMBOL			ONDITION	S	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	Inferred from PSRR test		2.5		5.5	V		
		Vac EV	T _A =	: +25°C		12	20		
Supply Current per		V _{CC} = 5V	T _A =	-40°C to +85°C			24		
Comparator	Icc	V _{CC} = 2.7V	T _A =	: +25°C		11	20	μA	
		VCC = 2.7 V	T _A =	-40°C to +85°C			24		
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$2.5V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$	'		55	80		dB	
Common-Mode Voltage Range (Note 2)	V _{CMR}	T _A = +25°C			V _{EE} - 0.25		V _{CC} + 0.25	V	
nariye (Note 2)		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85$	°C		VEE		Vcc		
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	Full common-mod	e T _A =	: +25°C		±0.5	±5	mV	
(Note 3)	VOS	range	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$				±7	IIIV	
Input Hysteresis	VHYST		•			±3		mV	
Input Bias Current (Note 4)	IB					0.001	10	nA	
Input Offset Current	los					0.5		рА	
Input Capacitance	CIN					1.0		рF	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR				52	80		dB	
Output Leakage Current (MAX986/MAX990/ MAX994 only)	ILEAK	V _{OUT} = high	V _{OUT} = high				1.0	μΑ	
Output Short Circuit Current	laa	Sourcing or sinking, VCC		Vcc = 5V		95		mA	
Output Short-Circuit Current	Isc	Vout = VEE or Vo	$V_{OUT} = V_{EE} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ $V_{CC} = 2.7V$			35			
OUT Output Voltage Low	VoL	Vcc = 5V,	T _A = +25°C			0.2	0.4		
		Isink = 8mA	$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C				0.55	V	
Out Output Voltage Low	VOL	$V_{CC} = 2.7V,$	T _A = +25°C			0.15	0.3	v	
		$I_{SINK} = 3.5 mA$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$				0.4		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{V to } 5.5 \text{V}, V_{EE} = 0 \text{V}, V_{CM} = 0 \text{V}, T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_{A} = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS				MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OUT Output Voltage High		VCC = 5V, ISOURCE = 8mA		T _A =	+25°C	4.6	4.85		V	
	Voh			T _A =	-40°C to +85°C	4.45				
(MAX985/MAX989/ MAX993 only)	VOH	V _{CC} = 2.7V,		T _A =	+25°C	2.4	2.55			
,,		ISOURCE =	3.5mA	T _A =	-40°C to +85°C	2.3				
OUT Rise Time				C _L =	15pF		40			
(MAX985/MAX989/	trise	Vcc = 5.0V		C _L =	50pF		50		ns	
MAX993 only)				C _L =	200pF		80			
	tFALL	V _{CC} = 5.0V		C _L =	15pF		40			
OUT Fall Time				C _L =	50pF		50		ns	
				C _L =	200pF		80			
		C _L = 15pF	MAX985/MA		10mV overdrive		450			
			MAX993 only	ly	100mV overdrive		300			
Propagation Delay	tpD-		MAX986/MA MAX994 on		10mV overdrive		450		ns	
			R _{PULLUP} = \$		100mV overdrive		300			
	tPD+	MAX985/MAX989/ MAX993 only, C _L = 15pF			10mV overdrive		450			
				F	100mV overdrive		300			
Power-Up Time	tpu						20		μs	

Note 1: All device specifications are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the extended temperature range are guaranteed by design.

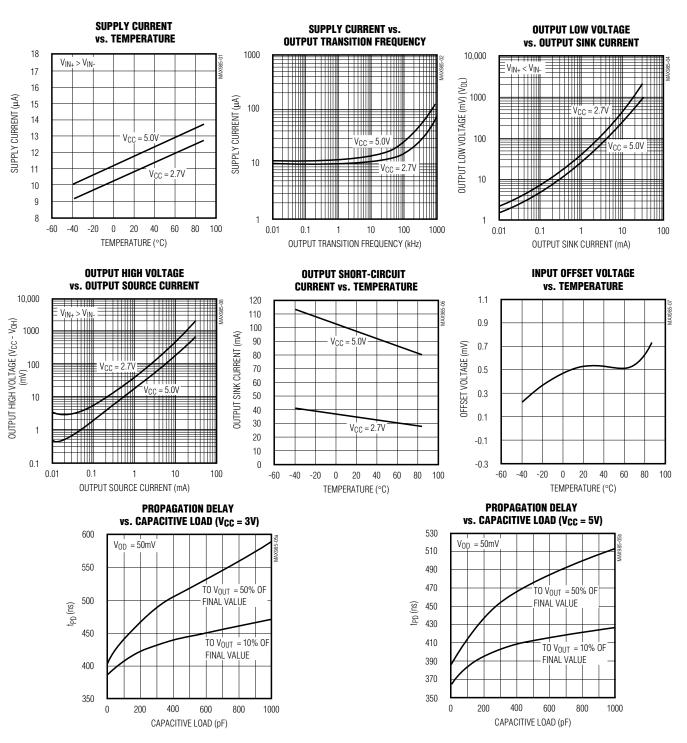
Note 2: Inferred from the Vos test. Both or either inputs can be driven 0.3V beyond either supply rail without output phase reversal.

Note 3: VOS is defined as the center of the hysteresis band at the input.

Note 4: IB is defined as the average of the two input bias currents (IB-, IB+).

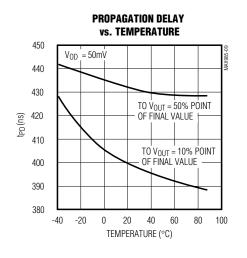
Typical Operating Characteristics

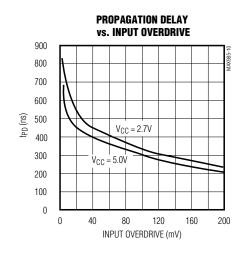
 $(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{CM} = 0V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

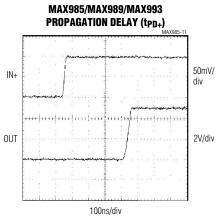


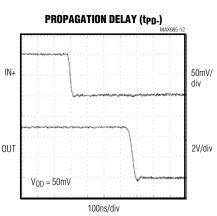
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

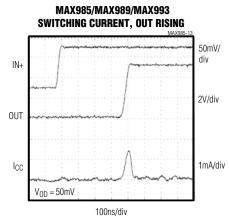
 $(V_{CC} = 5V, V_{CM} = 0V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

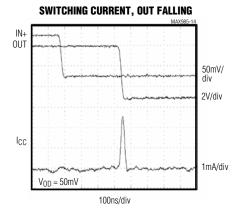


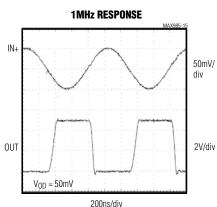


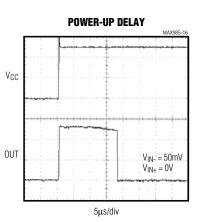












Pin/Bump Description

BUMP		PIN					
MAX985		X985/ X986	MAX989/ MAX990	MAX993/ MAX994	NAME	FUNCTION	
UCSP*	so	SOT23/ SC70	SO/µMAX/ SOT23	SO/ TSSOP			
A2	6	1	_	_	OUT	Comparator Output	
А3	7	2	8	4	Vcc	Positive Supply Voltage	
B1	3	3	_	_	IN+	Comparator Noninverting Input	
B2	2	4	_	_	IN-	Comparator Inverting Input	
A1	4	5	4	11	VEE	Negative Supply Voltage	
_	_	_	1	1	OUTA	Comparator A Output	
_	_	_	2	2	INA-	Comparator A Inverting Input	
_	_	_	3	3	INA+	Comparator A Noninverting Input	
_	_	_	5	5	INB+	Comparator B Noninverting Input	
_	_	_	6	6	INB-	Comparator B Inverting Input	
_	_	_	7	7	OUTB	Comparator B Output	
_	_	_	_	8	OUTC	Comparator C Output	
_	_	_	_	9	INC-	Comparator C Inverting Input	
				10	INC+	Comparator C Noninverting Input	
				12	IND+	Comparator D Noninverting Input	
				13	IND-	Comparator D Inverting Input	
				14	OUTD	Comparator D Output	
В3	1, 5, 8	_	_	_	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.	

^{*}MAX985 only

Detailed Description

The MAX985/MAX986/MAX989/MAX990/MAX993/MAX994 are single/dual/quad low-power, low-voltage comparators. They have an operating supply voltage range between 2.5V and 5.5V and consume only 11µA. Their common-mode input voltage range extends 0.25V beyond each rail. Internal hysteresis ensures clean output switching, even with slow-moving input signals. Large internal output drivers allow rail-to-rail output swing with up to 8mA loads.

The output stage employs a unique design that minimizes supply-current surges while switching, virtually eliminating the supply glitches typical of many other comparators. The MAX985/MAX989/MAX993 have a push-pull output structure that sinks as well as sources current. The MAX986/MAX990/MAX994 have an opendrain output stage that can be pulled beyond VCC to an absolute maximum of 6V above VEE.

Input Stage Circuitry

The devices' input common-mode range extends from -0.25V to ($V_{\text{CC}} + 0.25\text{V}$). These comparators may operate at any differential input voltage within these limits. Input bias current is typically 1.0pA if the input voltage is between the supply rails. Comparator inputs are protected from overvoltage by internal body diodes connected to the supply rails. As the input voltage exceeds the supply rails, these body diodes become forward biased and begin to conduct. Consequently, bias currents increase exponentially as the input voltage exceeds the supply rails.

Output Stage Circuitry

These comparators contain a unique output stage capable of rail-to-rail operation with up to 8mA loads. Many comparators consume orders of magnitude more current during switching than during steady-state operation. However, with this family of comparators, the supply-current change during an output transition is extremely small. The *Typical Operating Characteristics* graph Supply Current vs. Output Transition Frequency shows the minimal supply-current increase as the output switching frequency approaches 1MHz. This characteristic eliminates the need for power-supply filter capacitors to reduce glitches created by comparator switching currents. Another advantage realized in highspeed, battery-powered applications is a substantial increase in battery life.

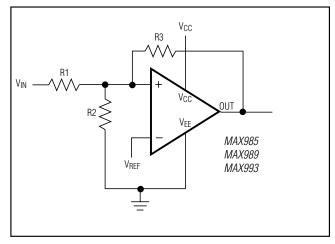


Figure 1. Additional Hysteresis (MAX985/MAX989/MAX993)

Applications Information

Additional Hysteresis *MAX985/MAX989/MAX993*

The MAX985/MAX989/MAX993 have ±3mV internal hysteresis. Additional hysteresis can be generated with three resistors using positive feedback (Figure 1). Unfortunately, this method also slows hysteresis response time. Use the following procedure to calculate resistor values for the MAX985/MAX989/MAX993.

- 1) Select R3. Leakage current at IN is under 10nA, so the current through R3 should be at least 1µA to minimize errors caused by leakage current. The current through R3 at the trip point is (VREF VOUT) / R3. Considering the two possible output states in solving for R3 yields two formulas: R3 = VREF / 1µA or R3 = (VREF VCC) / 1µA. Use the smaller of the two resulting resistor values. For example, if VREF = 1.2V and VCC = 5V, then the two R3 resistor values are 1.2M Ω and 3.8M Ω . Choose a 1.2M Ω standard value for R3.
- 2) Choose the hysteresis band required (V_{HB}). For this example, choose 50mV.
- 3) Calculate R1 according to the following equation:

$$R1 = R3 \times (V_{HB} / V_{CC})$$

For this example, insert the values R1 = $1.2M\Omega \times (50mV / 5V) = 12k\Omega$.

4) Choose the trip point for VIN rising (VTHR; VTHF is the trip point for VIN falling). This is the threshold voltage at which the comparator switches its output from low to high as VIN rises above the trip point. For this example, choose 3V.

5) Calculate R2 as follows. For this example, choose an $8.2k\Omega$ standard value:

R2 =
$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{V_{THR}}{V_{REF} \times R1}\right) - \frac{1}{R1} - \frac{1}{R3}}$$

R2 = $\frac{1}{\left(\frac{3.0V}{1.2 \times 12k\Omega}\right) - \frac{1}{12k\Omega} - \frac{1}{2.2M\Omega}}$ = 8.03k Ω

6) Verify trip voltages and hysteresis as follows:

$$\begin{split} &V_{IN} \text{ rising: } V_{THR} = V_{REF} \times R1 \times \left(\frac{1}{R1} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R3}\right) \\ &V_{IN} \text{ falling: } V_{THF} = V_{THR} - \left(\frac{R1 \times V_{CC}}{R3}\right) \\ &\text{Hysteresis } = V_{THR} - V_{THF} \end{split}$$

MAX986/MAX990/MAX994

The MAX986/MAX990/MAX994 have ±3mV internal hysteresis. They have open-drain outputs and require an external pullup resistor (Figure 2). Additional hysteresis can be generated using positive feedback, but the formulas differ slightly from those of the MAX985/MAX989/MAX993.

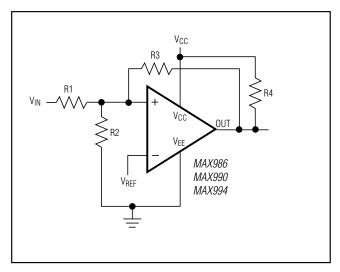


Figure 2. Additional Hysteresis (MAX986/MAX990/MAX994)

Use the following procedure to calculate resistor values:

- 1) Select R3 according to the formulas R3 = V_{REF} / $500\mu A$ or R3 = $(V_{REF} V_{CC})$ / $500\mu A$ R4. Use the smaller of the two resulting resistor values.
- 2) Choose the hysteresis band required (V_{HB}). For this example, choose 50mV.
- 3) Calculate R1 according to the following equation:

$$R1 = (R3 + R4) \times (V_{HB} / V_{CC})$$

- 4) Choose the trip point for V_{IN} rising (V_{THR}; V_{THF} is the trip point for V_{IN} falling). This is the threshold voltage at which the comparator switches its output from low to high as V_{IN} rises above the trip point.
- 5) Calculate R2 as follows:

$$R2 = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{V_{THR}}{V_{RFF} \times R1}\right) - \frac{1}{R1} - \frac{1}{R3 + R4}}$$

6) Verify trip voltages and hysteresis as follows:

$$\begin{split} V_{IN} \text{ rising: } V_{THR} &= V_{REF} \times R1 \times \\ & \left(\frac{1}{R1} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R3 + R4}\right) \\ V_{IN} \text{ falling: } V_{THF} &= V_{THR} - \left(\frac{R1 \times V_{CC}}{R3 + R4}\right) \\ \text{Hysteresis } &= V_{THR} - V_{THF} \end{split}$$

Board Layout and Bypassing

Power-supply bypass capacitors are not typically needed, but use 100nF bypass capacitors when supply impedance is high, when supply leads are long, or when excessive noise is expected on the supply lines. Minimize signal trace lengths to reduce stray capacitance.

Zero-Crossing Detector

Figure 3 shows a zero-crossing detector application. The MAX985's inverting input is connected to ground, and its noninverting input is connected to a 100mV_{P-P} signal source. As the signal at the noninverting input crosses 0V, the comparator's output changes state.

Logic-Level Translator

Figure 4 shows an application that converts 5V logic levels to 3V logic levels. The MAX986 is powered by the 5V supply voltage, and the pullup resistor for the MAX986's open-drain output is connected to the 3V supply voltage. This configuration allows the full 5V logic swing without creating overvoltage on the 3V logic inputs. For 3V to 5V logic-level translation, simply connect the 3V supply to VCC and the 5V supply to the pullup resistor.

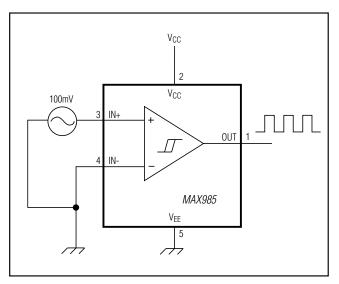


Figure 3. Zero-Crossing Detector

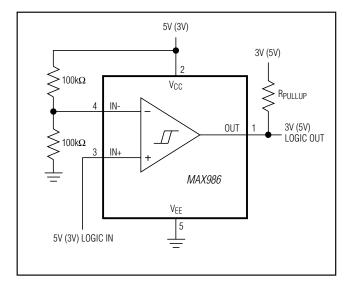
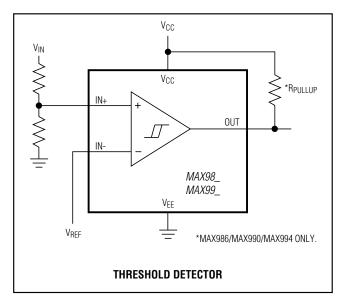


Figure 4. Logic-Level Translator

Typical Application Circuit

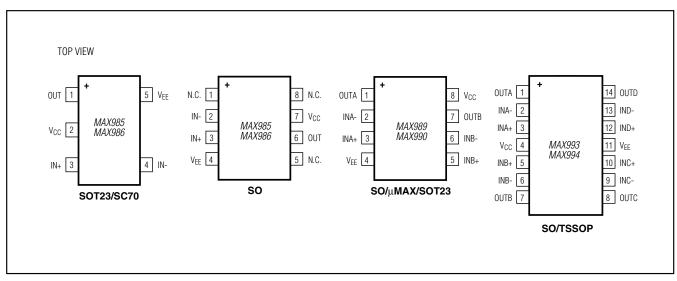


Ordering Information (continued)

PART	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX985EUK+T	5 SOT23	ABYZ
MAX985ESA+	8 SO	_
MAX986EXK+T	5 SC70	ABL
MAX986EUK+T	5 SOT23	ABZA
MAX986ESA+	8 SO	_
MAX989EKA+T	8 SOT23	AADZ
MAX989EUA+T	8 μMAX	_
MAX989ESA+	8 SO	_
MAX990EKA+T	8 SOT23	AAEA
MAX990EUA+T	8 µMAX	_
MAX990ESA+	8 SO	_
MAX993EUD+	14 TSSOP	_
MAX993ESD+	14 SO	_
MAX994EUD+	14 TSSOP	_
MAX994ESD+	14 SO	_

Note: All devices are specified over the -40°C to +85°C operating temperature range.

Pin Configurations (continued)



⁺Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
6 UCSP	B6+3	<u>21-0097</u>	_
5 SOT23	U5+1	<u>21-0057</u>	<u>90-0174</u>
5 SC70	X5+1	<u>21-0076</u>	<u>90-0188</u>
8 SO	S8+2	21-0041	90-0096
8 SOT23	K8+5	21-0078	<u>90-0176</u>
8 μMAX	U8+1	21-0036	90-0092
14 SO	S14+1	21-0041	90-0112
14 TSSOP	U14+1	21-0066	<u>90-0113</u>

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
5	4/12	Replaced Figure 3, added lead-free compliant packaging info, updated package information, updated <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> , rearranged <i>Pin Description</i> table	1, 2, 6, 9, 10
6	8/12	Updated Ordering Information and Figure 3	1, 9



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