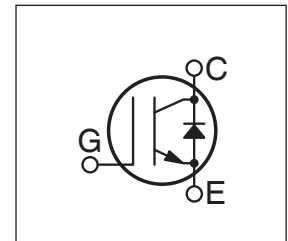


## FAST IGBT & FRED

The Fast IGBT is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Non-Punch through technology, the Fast IGBT combined with an APT free wheeling Ultra Fast Recovery Epitaxial Diode (FRED) offers superior ruggedness and fast switching speed.

- Low Forward Voltage Drop
- High Freq. Switching to 20KHz
- RBSOA and SCSOA Rated
- Ultra Low Leakage Current
- Ultrafast Soft Recovery Anti-parallel Diode



### MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT60GF120JRDQ3	UNIT
$V_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	1200	Volts
$V_{GE}$	Gate-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 30$	
$I_{C1}$	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	149	Amps
$I_{C2}$	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	79	
$I_{CM}$	Pulsed Collector Current <sup>①</sup>	300	
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	300A @ 1200V	
$P_D$	Total Power Dissipation	625	Watts
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	

### STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 350\mu\text{A}$ )	1200			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 500\mu\text{A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	4.5	5.5	6.5	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 100A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )		2.5	3.0	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 100A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )		3.1		
$I_{CES}$	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = 1200V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			0.35	mA
	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = 1200V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			3.0	
$I_{GES}$	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ( $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$ )			$\pm 100$	nA

 **CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT60GF120JRDQ3

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	<b>Capacitance</b> $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		7080		pF
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance			785		
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			435		
$V_{GEP}$	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	Gate Charge		10.0		V
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>③</sup>	$V_{GE} = 15V$		685		nC
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-Emitter Charge	$V_{CE} = 600V$		80		
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge	$I_C = 100A$		420		
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area	$T_J = 150^\circ C, R_G = 1.0\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu H, V_{CE} = 1200V$	300			A
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	<b>Inductive Switching (25°C)</b> $V_{CC} = 800V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 100A$ $R_G = 1.0\Omega$ $T_J = +25^\circ C$		44		ns
$t_r$	Current Rise Time			100		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			460		
$t_f$	Current Fall Time			38		mJ
$E_{on1}$	Turn-on Switching Energy <sup>④</sup>			14.6		
$E_{on2}$	Turn-on Switching Energy (With Diode) <sup>⑤</sup>			16.4		
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Energy <sup>⑥</sup>		6.5			
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	<b>Inductive Switching (125°C)</b> $V_{CC} = 800V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 100A$ $R_G = 1.0\Omega$ $T_J = +125^\circ C$		44		ns
$t_r$	Current Rise Time			100		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			540		
$t_f$	Current Fall Time			125		mJ
$E_{on1}$	Turn-on Switching Energy <sup>④</sup>			14.6		
$E_{on2}$	Turn-on Switching Energy (With Diode) <sup>⑤</sup>			21.4		
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Energy <sup>⑥</sup>		9.2			

## THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case ( <b>IGBT</b> )			0.20	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case ( <b>DIODE</b> )			N/A	
$V_{Isolation}$	RMS Voltage (50-60Hz Sinusoidal Waveform from Terminals to Mounting Base for 1 Min.)	2500			Volts
$W_T$	Package Weight		1.03		oz
			29.2		gm
Torque	Maximum Terminal & Mounting Torque			10	lb•in
				1.1	N•m

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② For Combi devices,  $I_{ces}$  includes both IGBT and diode leakages

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.

④  $E_{on1}$  is the clamped inductive turn-on energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. Tested in inductive switching test circuit shown in figure 21, but with a Silicon Carbide diode.

⑤  $E_{on2}$  is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. (See Figures 21, 22.)

⑥  $E_{off}$  is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)

APT Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT60GF120JRDQ3

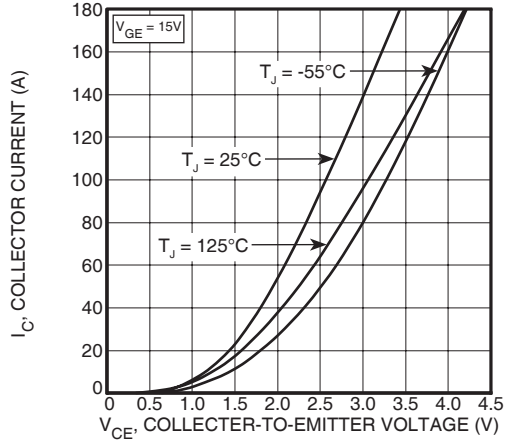


FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

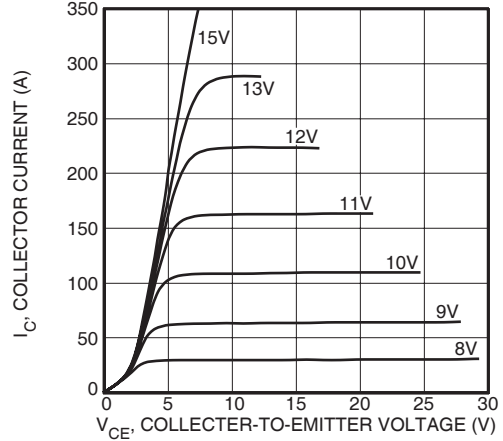


FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ( $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )

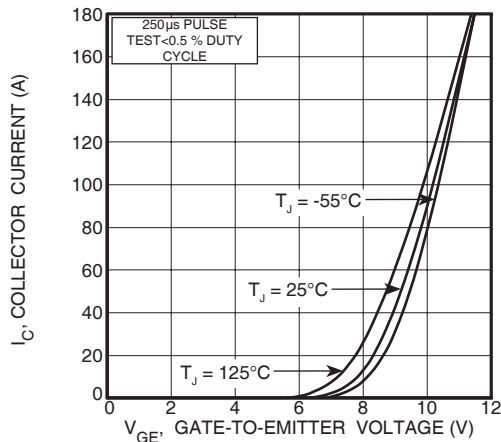


FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics

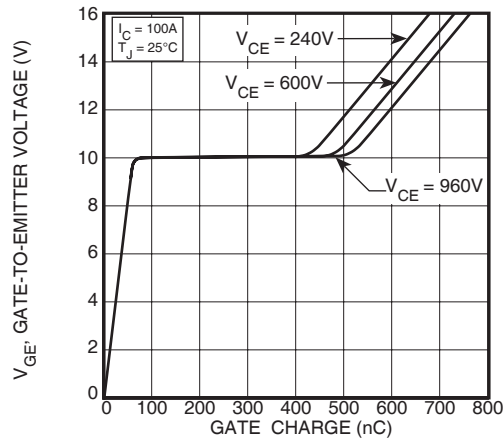


FIGURE 4, Gate Charge

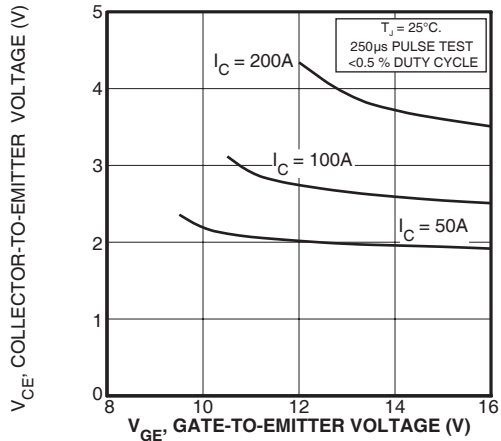


FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

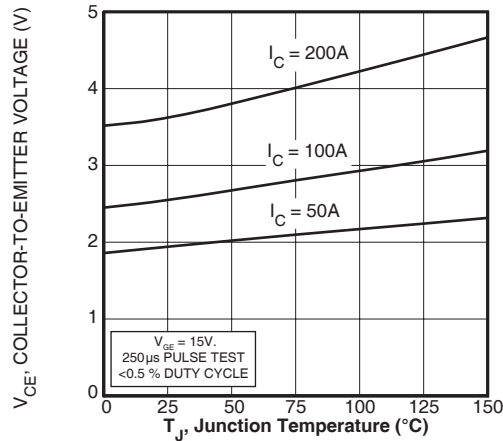


FIGURE 6, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature

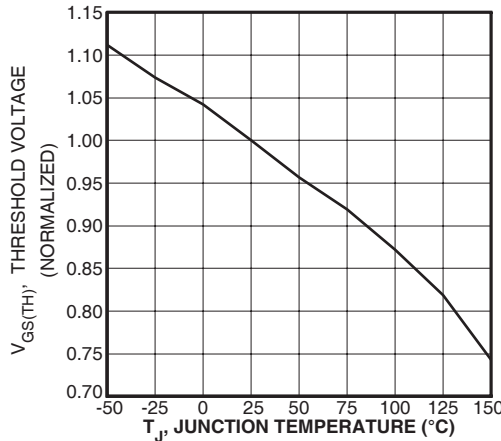


FIGURE 7, Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

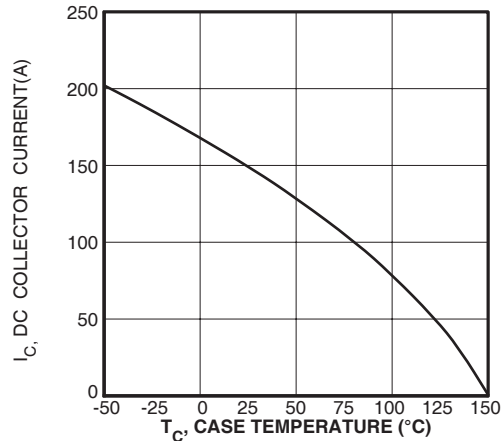


FIGURE 8, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature

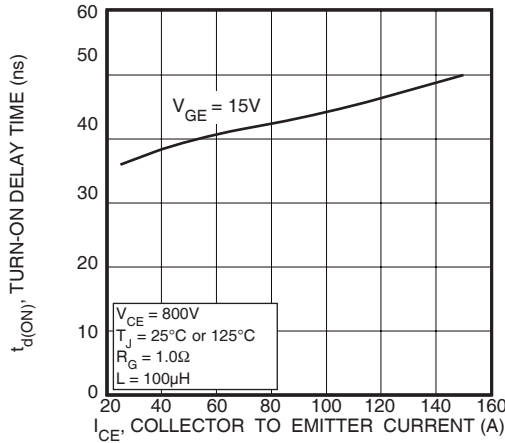


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

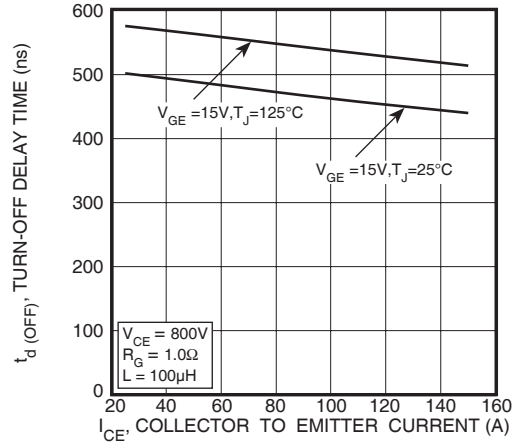


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

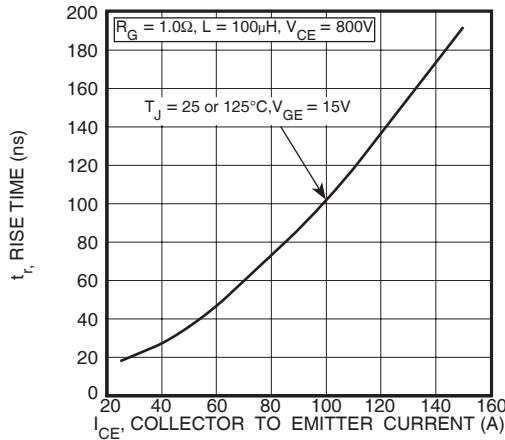


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

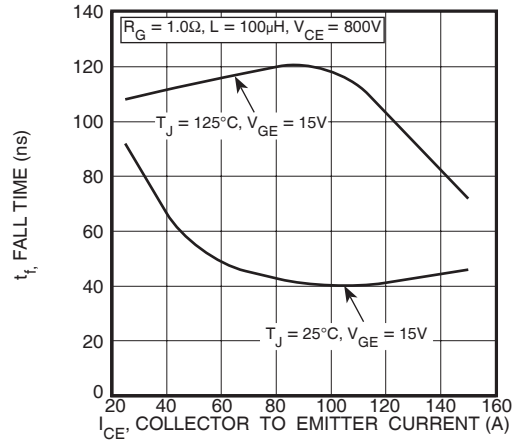


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

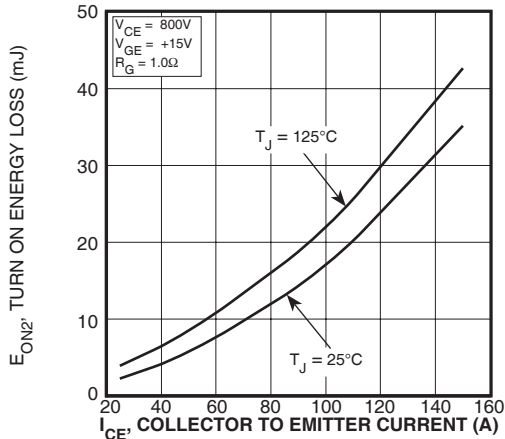


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

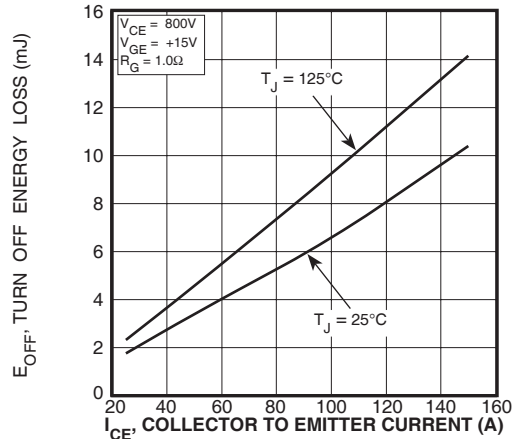


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

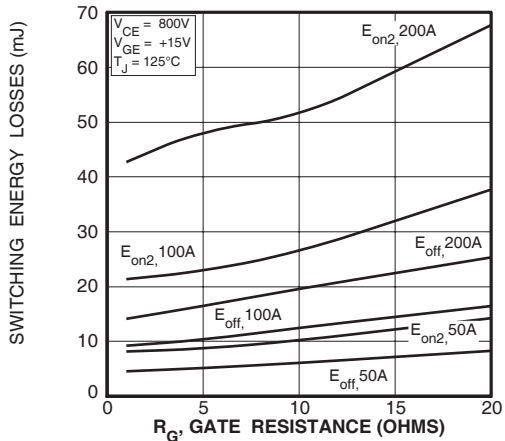


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

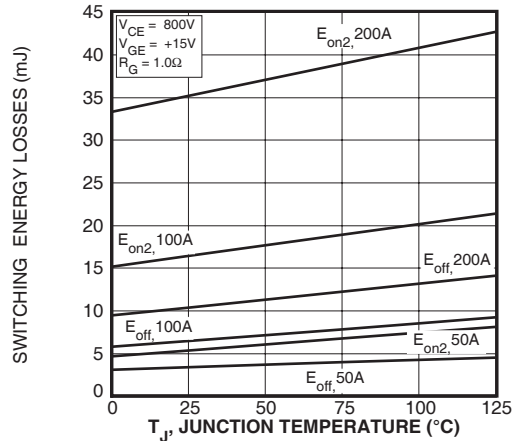


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

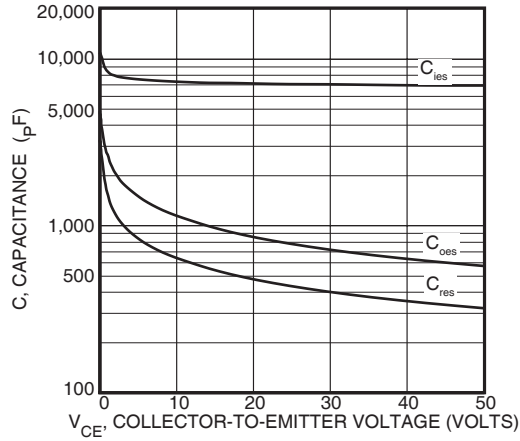


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

### APT60GF120JRDQ3

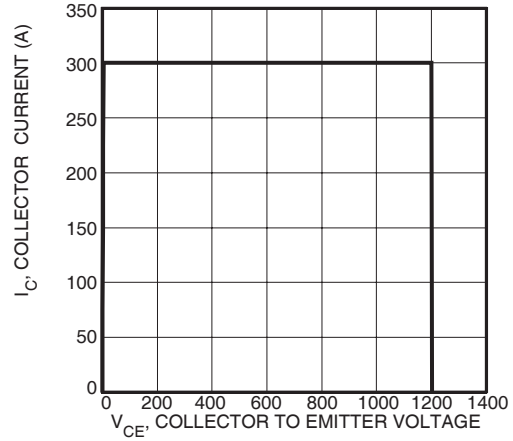


Figure 18, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area

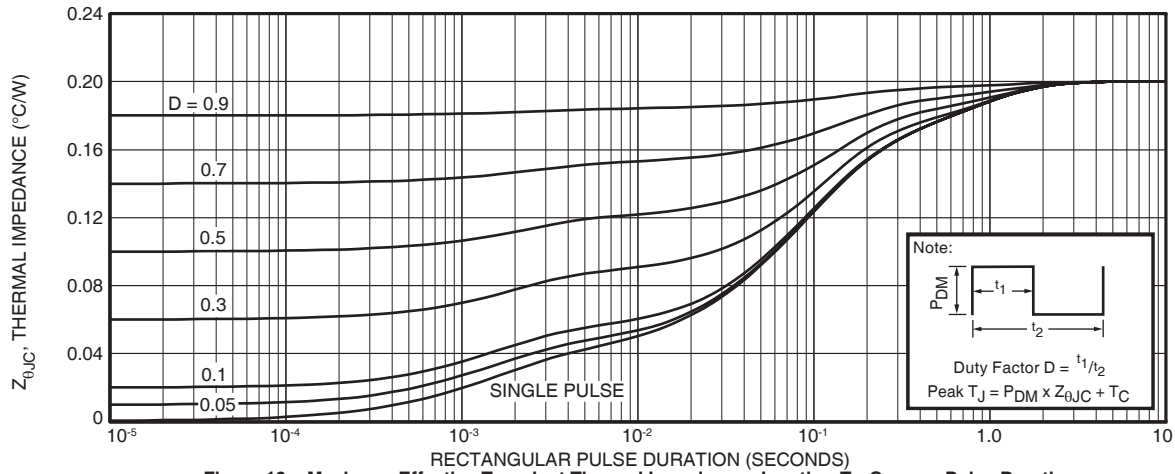


Figure 19a, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

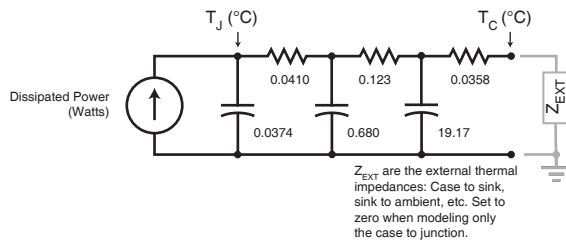


FIGURE 19b, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

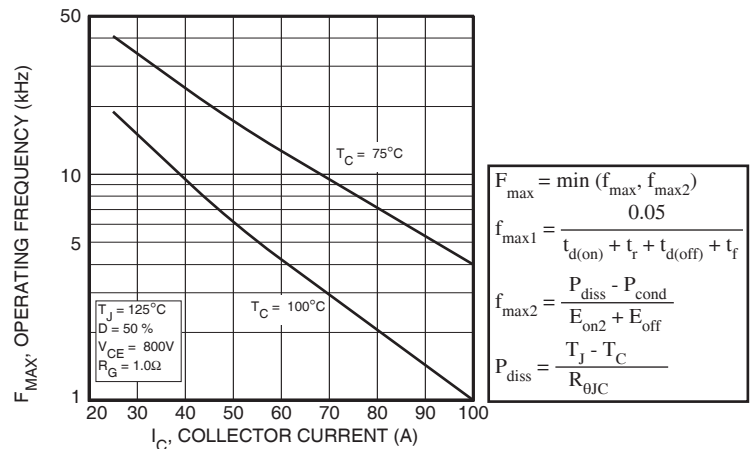


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

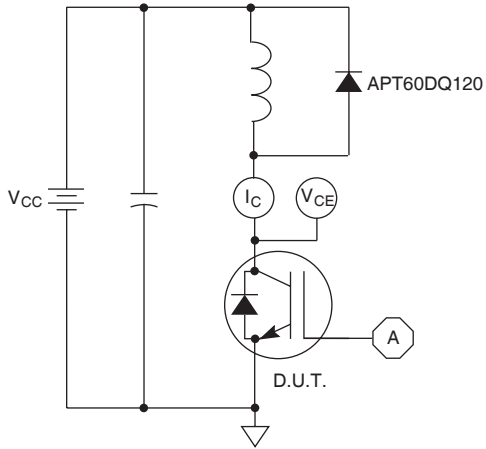


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

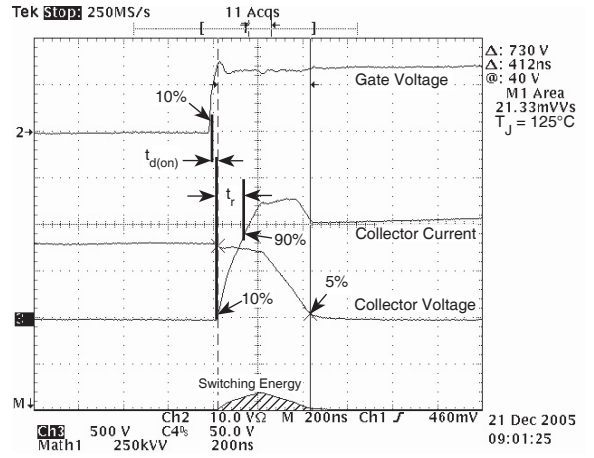


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

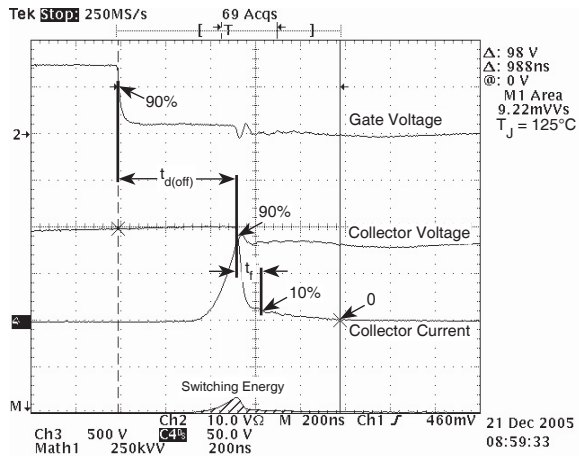


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

# ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY ANTI-PARALLEL DIODE

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	APT60GF120JRDQ3		UNIT
$I_F(\text{AV})$	Maximum Average Forward Current ( $T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , Duty Cycle = 0.5)	60		Amps
$I_F(\text{RMS})$	RMS Forward Current (Square wave, 50% duty)	73		
$I_{\text{FSM}}$	Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current ( $T_J = 45^\circ\text{C}$ , 8.3ms)	540		

**STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_F$	Forward Voltage		$I_F = 60\text{A}$	2.5	Volts
			$I_F = 120\text{A}$	3.07	
			$I_F = 60\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.82	

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 1\text{A}, di_F/dt = -100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	60		ns
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 60\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 800\text{V}, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	265		
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	560		nC
$I_{RRM}$	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	5	-	Amps
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 60\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 800\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	350		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	2890		nC
$I_{RRM}$	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	13	-	Amps
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 60\text{A}, di_F/dt = -1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 800\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	150		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	4720		nC
$I_{RRM}$	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	40	-	Amps



FIGURE 24a. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs. PULSE DURATION

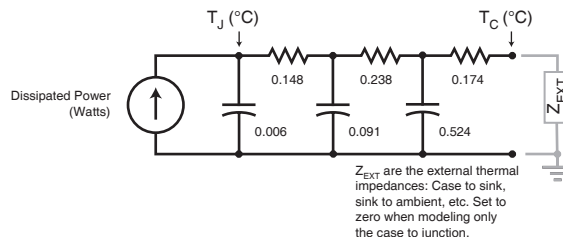


FIGURE 24b. TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

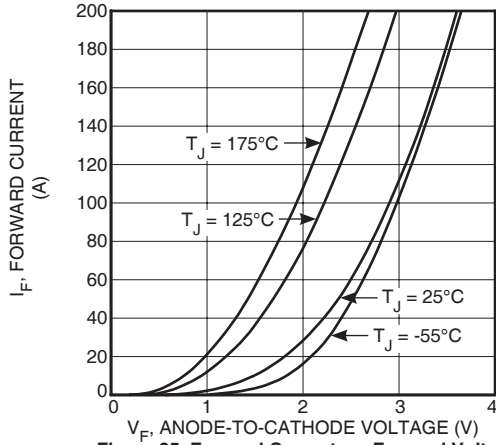


Figure 25. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

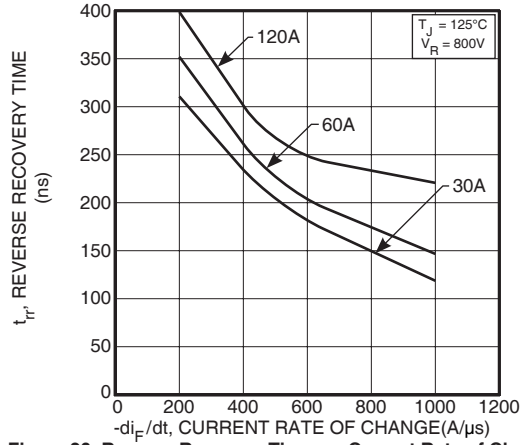


Figure 26. Reverse Recovery Time vs. Current Rate of Change



Figure 27. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Current Rate of Change



Figure 28. Reverse Recovery Current vs. Current Rate of Change

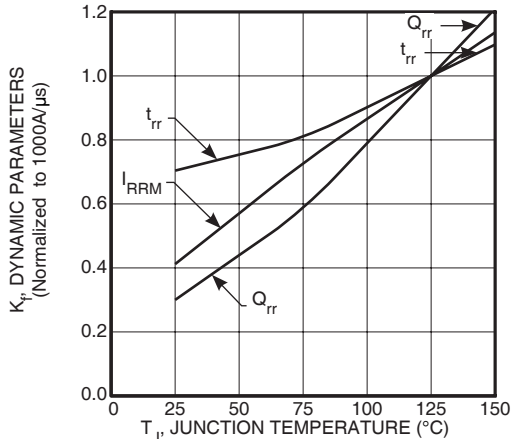


Figure 29. Dynamic Parameters vs. Junction Temperature

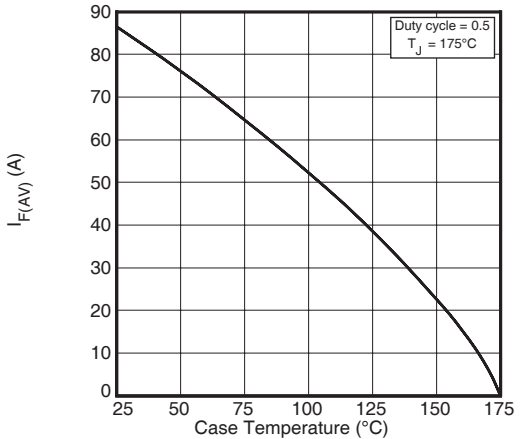


Figure 30. Maximum Average Forward Current vs. Case Temperature

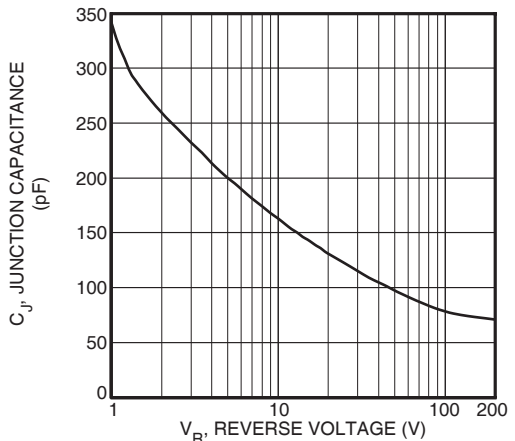


Figure 31. Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage



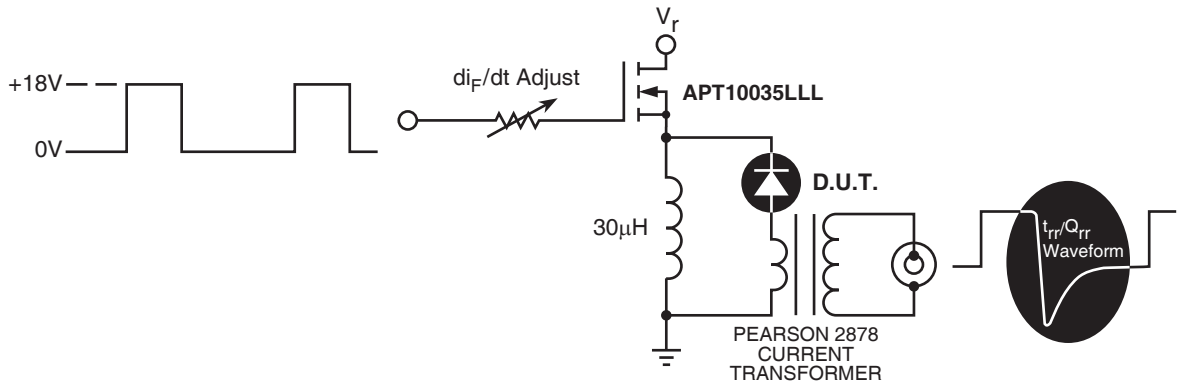


Figure 32. Diode Test Circuit

- 1  $I_F$  - Forward Conduction Current
- 2  $di_F/dt$  - Rate of Diode Current Change Through Zero Crossing.
- 3  $I_{RRM}$  - Maximum Reverse Recovery Current.
- 4  $t_{rr}$  - Reverse Recovery Time, measured from zero crossing where diode current goes from positive to negative, to the point at which the straight line through  $I_{RRM}$  and  $0.25 \cdot I_{RRM}$  passes through zero.
- 5  $Q_{rr}$  - Area Under the Curve Defined by  $I_{RRM}$  and  $t_{rr}$ .

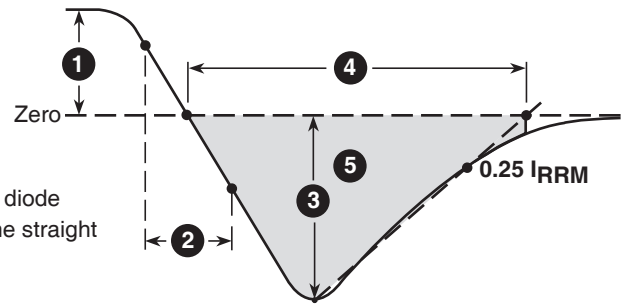
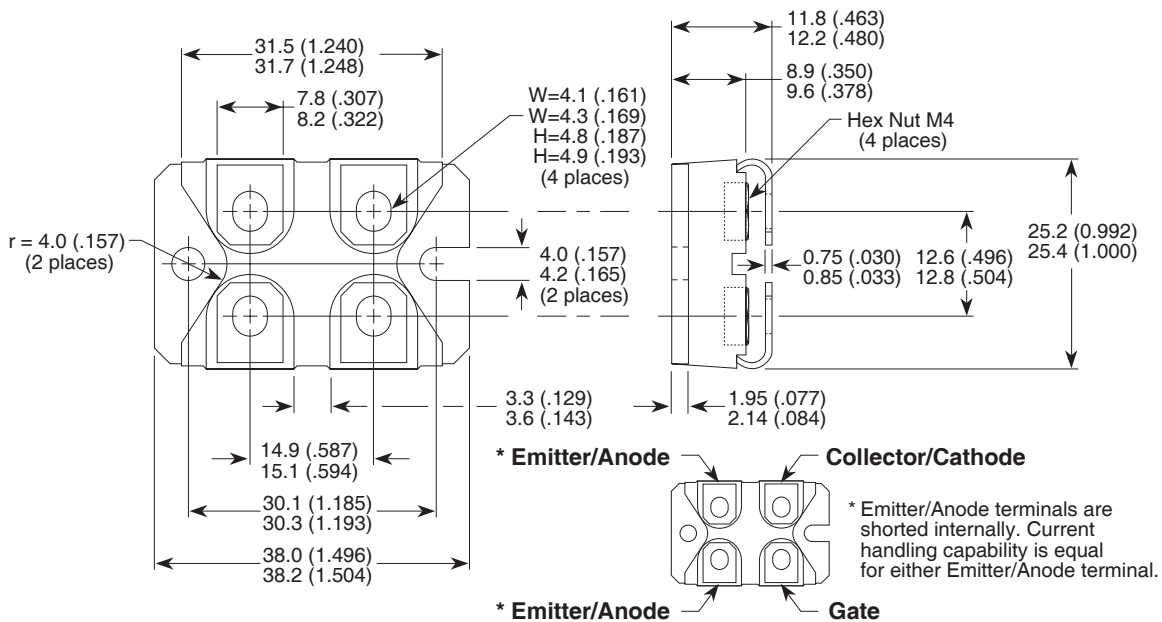


Figure 33. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

SOT-227 (ISOTOP®) Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

## X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

*Click to view similar products for [IGBT Modules category](#):*

*Click to view products by [Microchip manufacturer](#):*

Other Similar products are found below :

[F3L400R07ME4\\_B22](#) [F4-50R07W2H3\\_B51](#) [FB15R06W1E3](#) [FB20R06W1E3\\_B11](#) [FD1000R33HE3-K](#) [FD400R33KF2C-K](#)  
[FD401R17KF6C\\_B2](#) [FD-DF80R12W1H3\\_B52](#) [FF200R06YE3](#) [FF300R12KE4\\_E](#) [FF450R12ME4P](#) [FF600R12IP4V](#) [FP10R06W1E3\\_B11](#)  
[FP20R06W1E3](#) [FP50R12KT3](#) [FP75R07N2E4\\_B11](#) [FS10R12YE3](#) [FS150R07PE4](#) [FS150R12PT4](#) [FS200R12KT4R](#) [FS50R07N2E4\\_B11](#)  
[FZ1000R33HE3](#) [FZ1800R17KF4](#) [DD250S65K3](#) [DF1000R17IE4](#) [DF1000R17IE4D\\_B2](#) [DF1400R12IP4D](#) [DF200R12PT4\\_B6](#)  
[DF400R07PE4R\\_B6](#) [BSM75GB120DN2\\_E3223c-Se](#) [F3L300R12ME4\\_B22](#) [F3L75R07W2E3\\_B11](#) [F4-50R12KS4\\_B11](#)  
[F475R07W1H3B11ABOMA1](#) [FD1400R12IP4D](#) [FD200R12PT4\\_B6](#) [FD800R33KF2C-K](#) [FF1200R17KP4\\_B2](#) [FF300R17KE3\\_S4](#)  
[FF300R17ME4\\_B11](#) [FF401R17KF6C\\_B2](#) [FF650R17IE4D\\_B2](#) [FF900R12IP4D](#) [FF900R12IP4DV](#) [STGIF7CH60TS-L](#) [FP50R07N2E4\\_B11](#)  
[FS100R07PE4](#) [FS150R07N3E4\\_B11](#) [FS150R17N3E4](#) [FS150R17PE4](#)