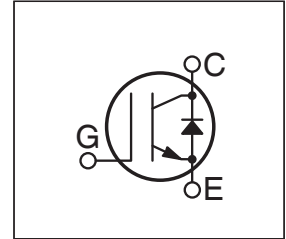
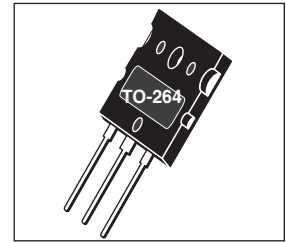


Utilizing the latest Field Stop and Trench Gate technologies, these IGBT's have ultra low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and are ideal for low frequency applications that require absolute minimum conduction loss. Easy paralleling is a result of very tight parameter distribution and a slightly positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ temperature coefficient. A built-in gate resistor ensures extremely reliable operation, even in the event of a short circuit fault. Low gate charge simplifies gate drive design and minimizes losses.



- 600V Field Stop
- Trench Gate: Low $V_{CE(on)}$
- Easy Paralleling
- 6 μ s Short Circuit Capability
- Intergrated Gate Resistor: Low EMI, High Reliability

Applications: Welding, Inductive Heating, Solar Inverters, SMPS, Motor drives, UPS

MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT75GN60LDQ3(G)	UNIT
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	600	Volts
V_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	± 30	
I_{C1}	Continuous Collector Current ^③ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	155	Amps
I_{C2}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	93	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ^①	225	
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	225A @ 600V	
P_D	Total Power Dissipation	536	Watts
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 4mA$)	600			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1mA, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	5.0	5.8	6.5	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 75A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	1.05	1.45	1.85	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 75A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)		1.87		
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ^②			50	μA
	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$) ^②			TBD	
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{GE} = \pm 20V$)			600	nA
$R_{G(int)}$	Intergrated Gate Resistor		4		Ω

 **CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT75GN60LDQ3(G)

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	Capacitance $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		4500		pF	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance			370			
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			150			
V_{GEP}	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	Gate Charge $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 300V$ $I_C = 75A$		9.5		V	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge ^③			485		nC	
Q_{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge			30			
Q_{gc}	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			270			
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 4.3\Omega^{\text{⑦}}, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu\text{H}, V_{CE} = 600V$	225			A	
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	$V_{CC} = 600V, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 4.3\Omega^{\text{⑦}}$	6			μs	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (25°C) $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 75A$ $R_G = 1.0\Omega^{\text{⑦}}$ $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$		47		ns	
t_r	Current Rise Time			48			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			385			
t_f	Current Fall Time			38			
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④				2500		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤				3725		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥				2140		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time		Inductive Switching (125°C) $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 75A$ $R_G = 1.0\Omega^{\text{⑦}}$ $T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$		47		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			48			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			430			
t_f	Current Fall Time			55			
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④				2600		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤				4525		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥				2585		

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			.28	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (DIODE)			.34	
W_T	Package Weight		5.9		gm

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② For Combi devices, I_{ces} includes both IGBT and FRED leakages

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.

④ E_{on1} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. Tested in inductive switching test circuit shown in figure 21, but with a Silicon Carbide diode.

⑤ E_{on2} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. (See Figures 21, 22.)

⑥ E_{off} is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)

⑦ R_G is external gate resistance, not including $R_{G(int)}$ nor gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

⑧ Continuous current limited by package lead temperature to 100A.

APT Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT75GN60LDQ3(G)

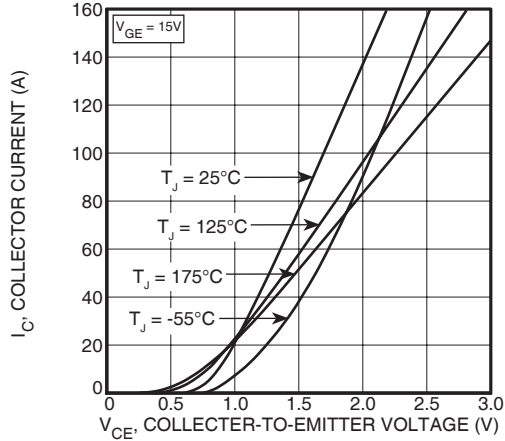


FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

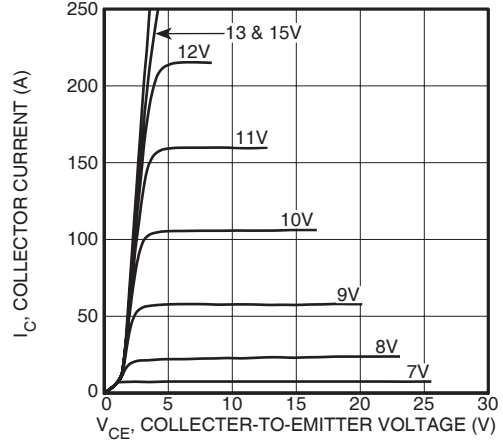


FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ($T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)

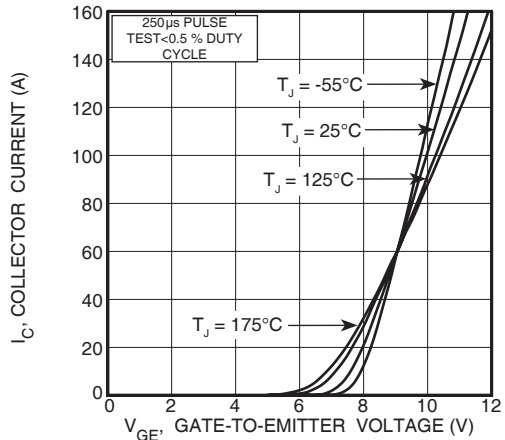


FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics

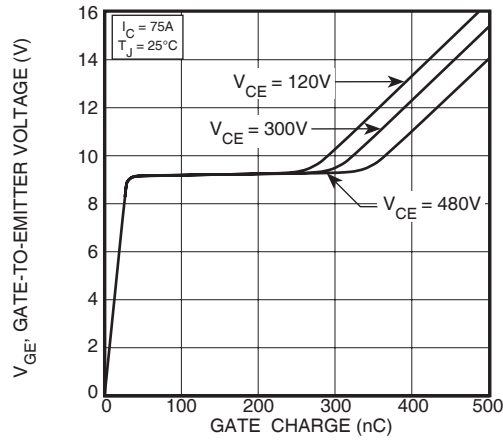


FIGURE 4, Gate Charge

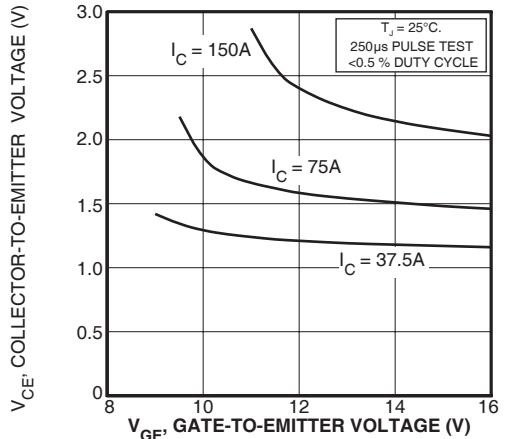


FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

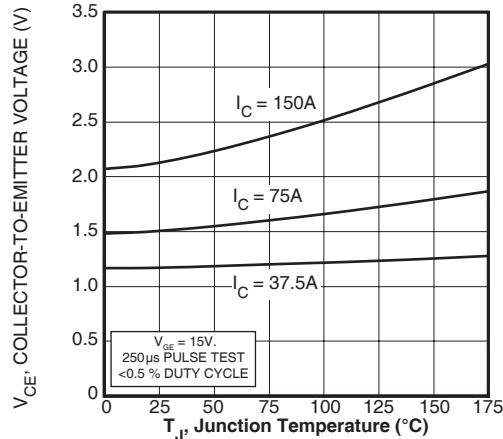


FIGURE 6, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature

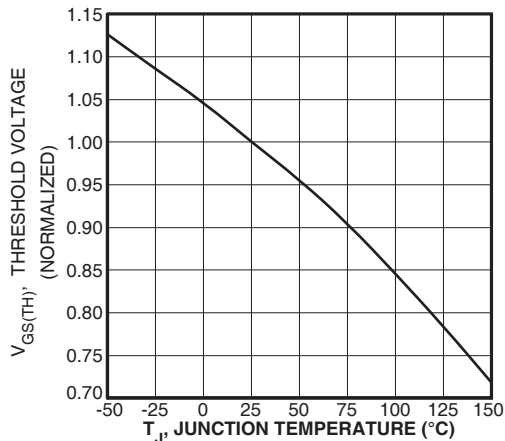


FIGURE 7, Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

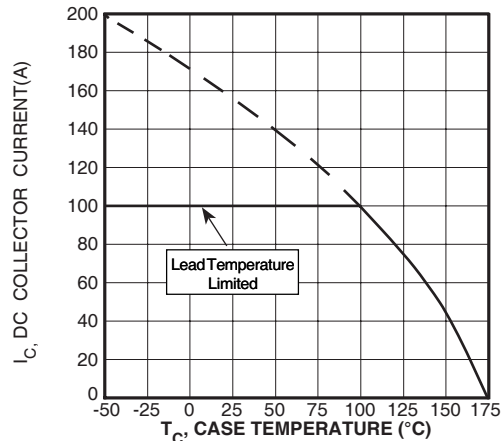


FIGURE 8, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature

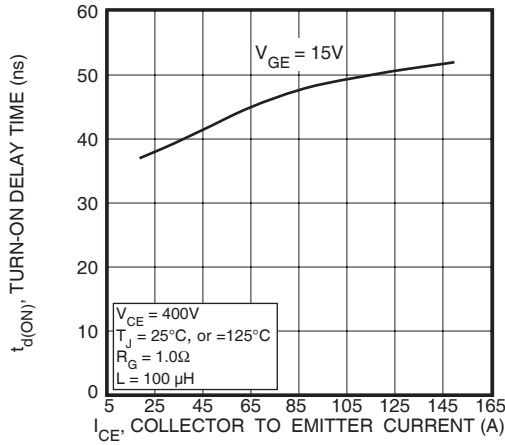


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

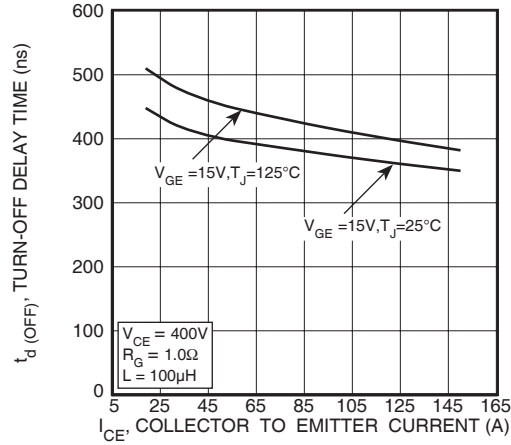


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

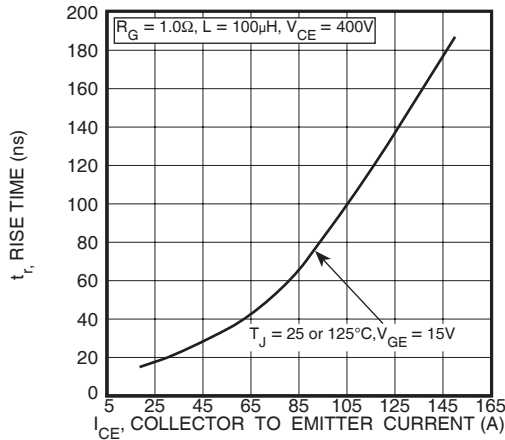


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

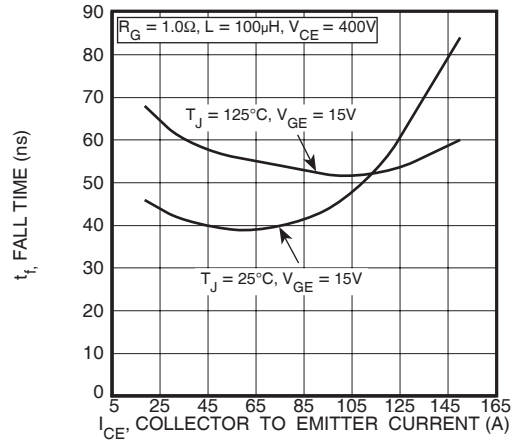


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

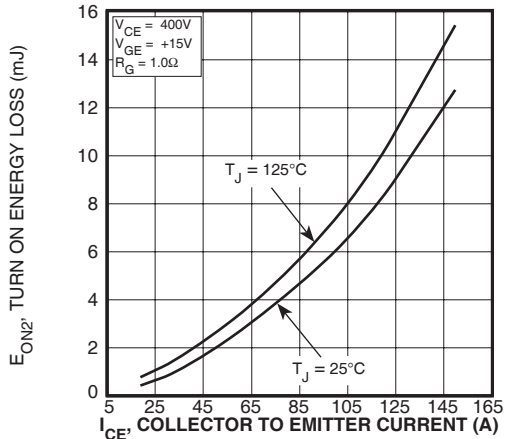


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

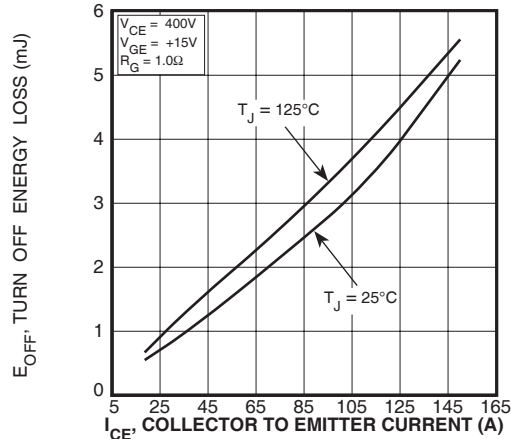


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

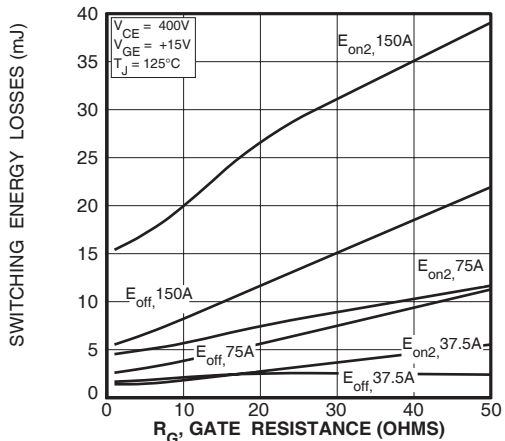


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

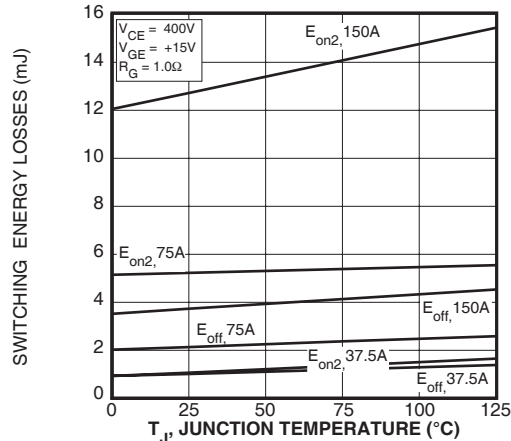


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT75GN60LDQ3(G)

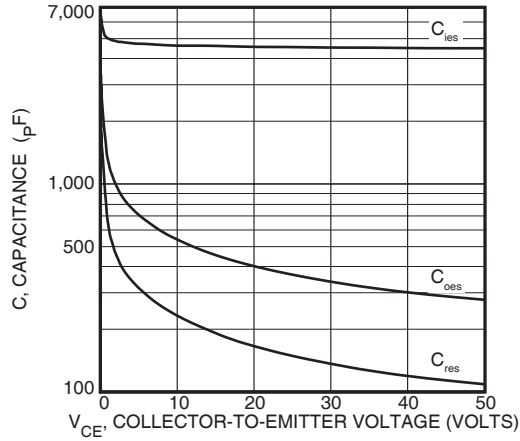


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

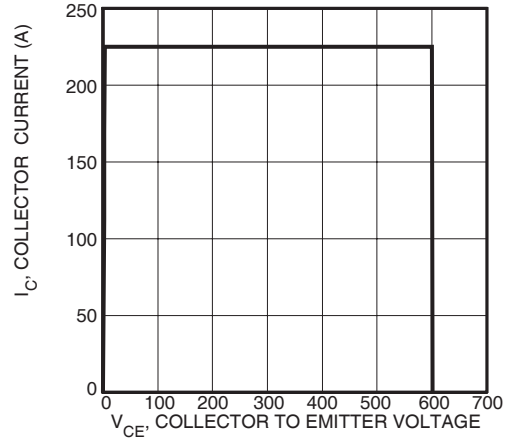


Figure 18, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area

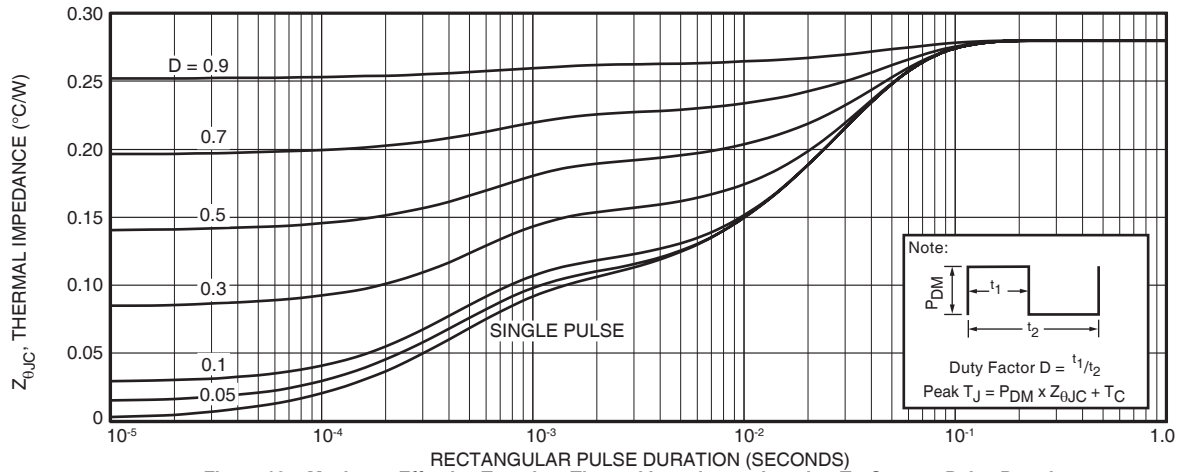


Figure 19a, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

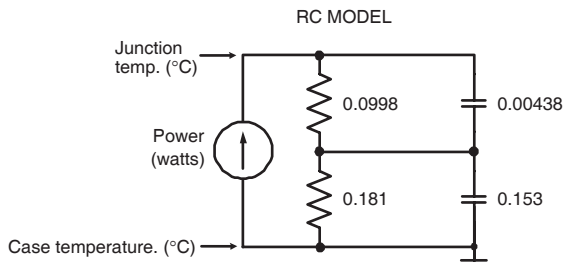


FIGURE 19b, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

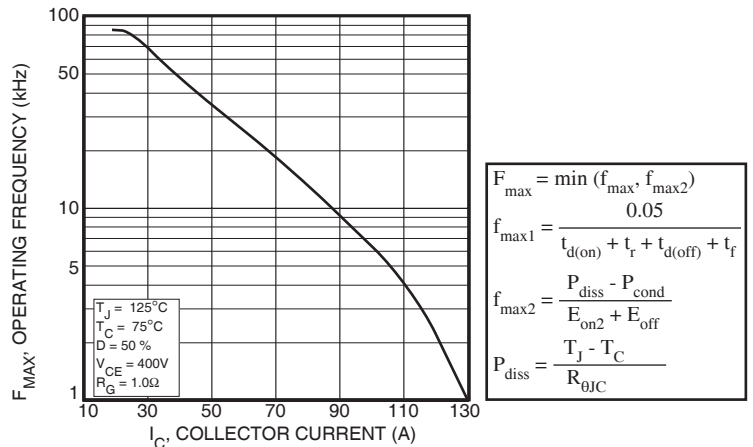


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

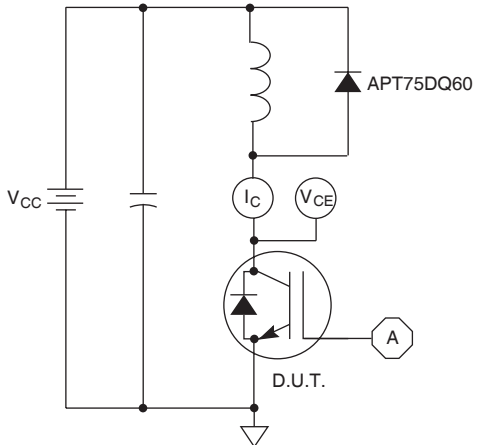


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

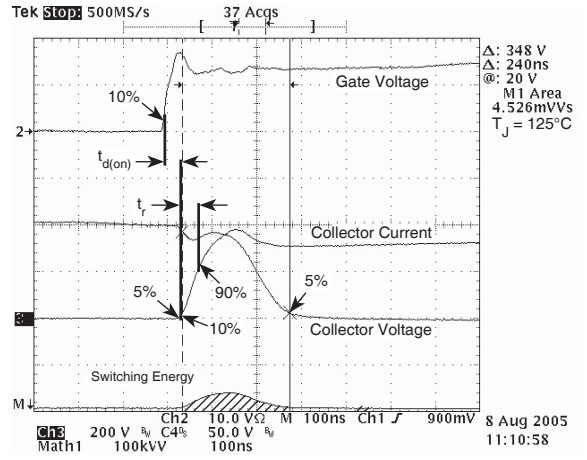


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

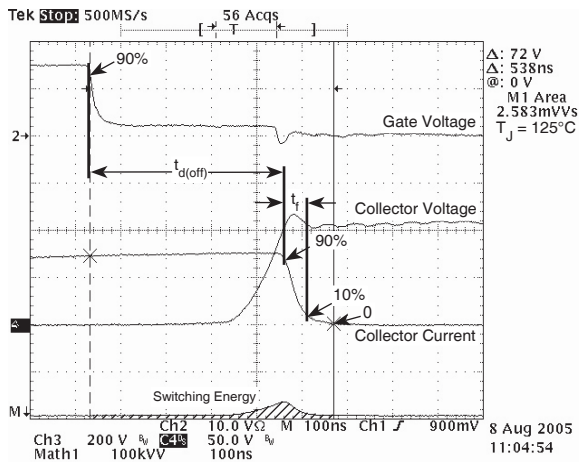


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY ANTI-PARALLEL DIODE

MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	APT75GN60LDQ3(G)			UNIT
$I_{F(AV)}$	Maximum Average Forward Current ($T_C = 108^\circ\text{C}$, Duty Cycle = 0.5)		75		Amps
$I_{F(RMS)}$	RMS Forward Current (Square wave, 50% duty)		117		
I_{FSM}	Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current ($T_J = 45^\circ\text{C}$, 8.3ms)		600		

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_F	Forward Voltage		$I_F = 75\text{A}$	2.0	Volts
			$I_F = 150\text{A}$	2.4	
			$I_F = 75\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.7	

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 1\text{A}, di_F/dt = -100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	29		ns
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 75\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 400\text{V}, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	31		
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	55		nC
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	4	-	Amps
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 75\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 400\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	140		ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	650		nC
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	9	-	Amps
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 75\text{A}, di_F/dt = -1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 400\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	90		ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	1300		nC
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	27		Amps

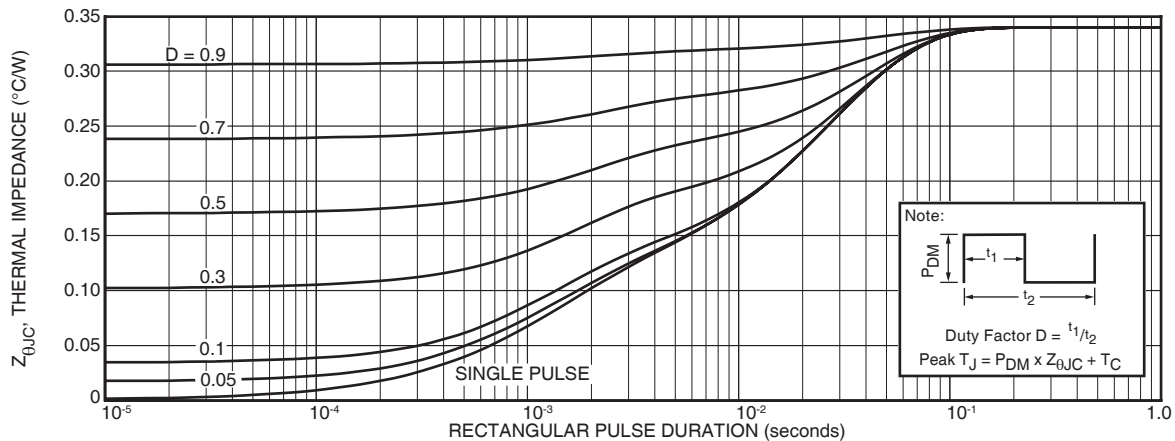


FIGURE 24a. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs. PULSE DURATION

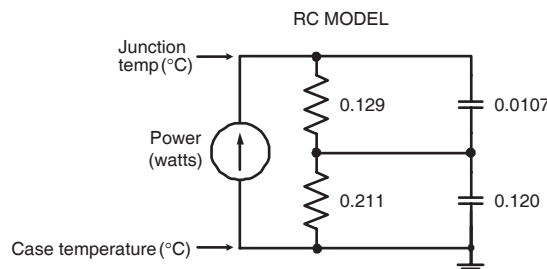


FIGURE 24b. TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

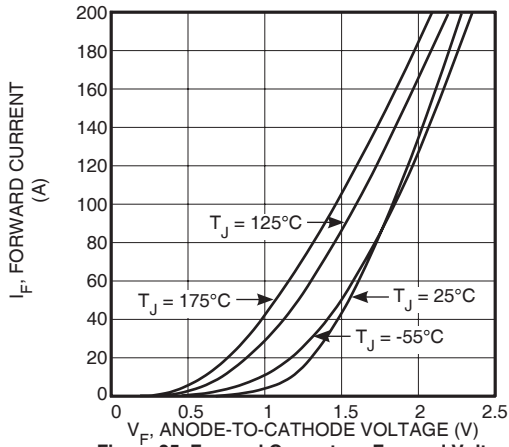


Figure 25. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

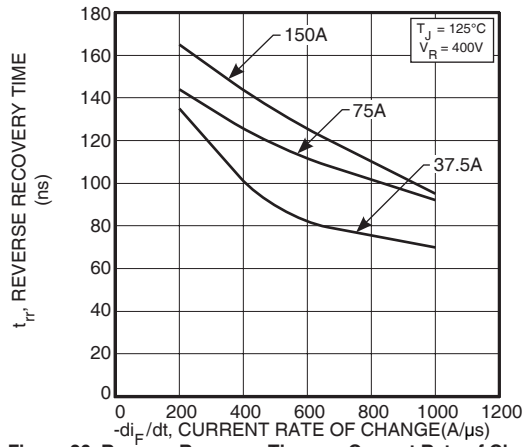


Figure 26. Reverse Recovery Time vs. Current Rate of Change

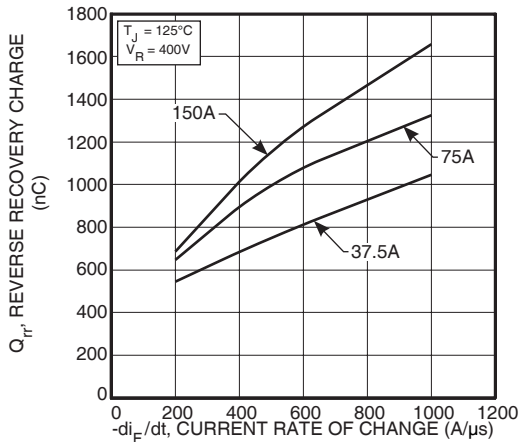


Figure 27. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Current Rate of Change

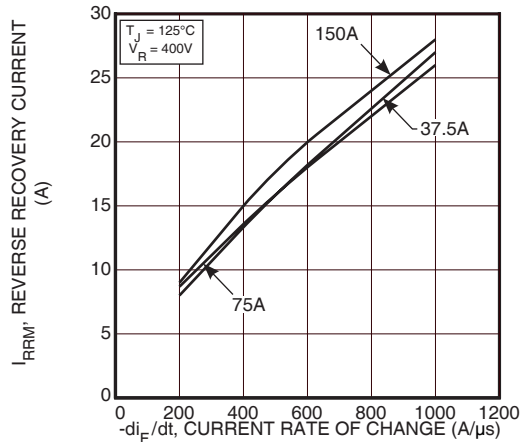


Figure 28. Reverse Recovery Current vs. Current Rate of Change

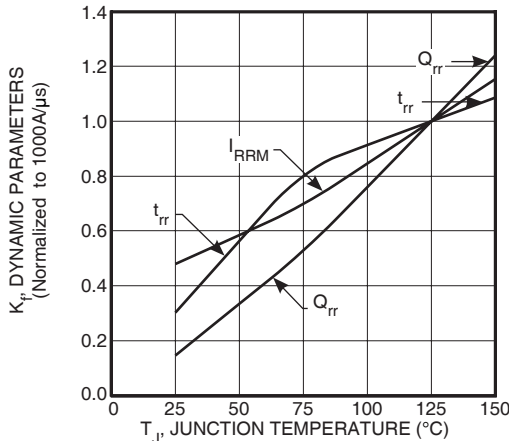


Figure 29. Dynamic Parameters vs. Junction Temperature

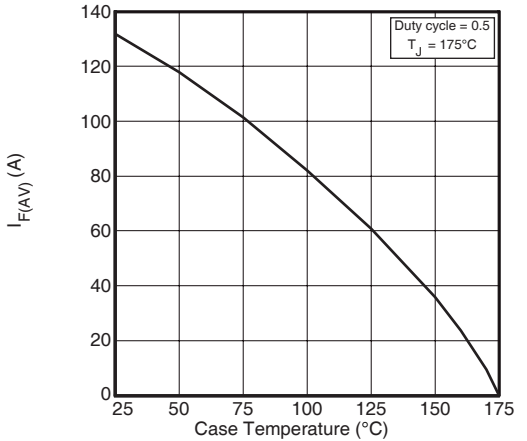


Figure 30. Maximum Average Forward Current vs. Case Temperature

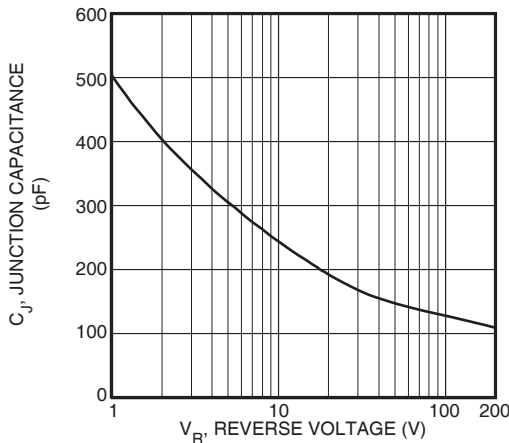


Figure 31. Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

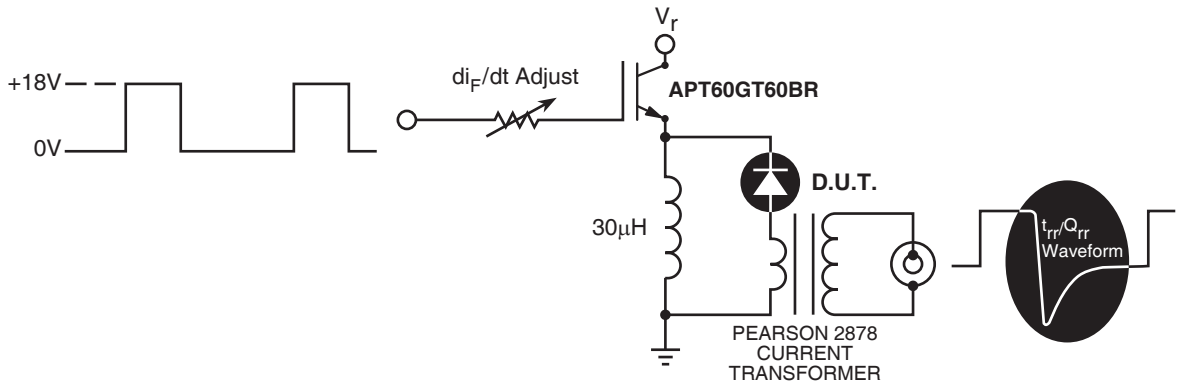


Figure 32. Diode Test Circuit

- 1 I_F - Forward Conduction Current
- 2 di_F/dt - Rate of Diode Current Change Through Zero Crossing.
- 3 I_{RRM} - Maximum Reverse Recovery Current.
- 4 t_{rr} - Reverse Recovery Time, measured from zero crossing where diode current goes from positive to negative, to the point at which the straight line through I_{RRM} and $0.25 \cdot I_{RRM}$ passes through zero.
- 5 Q_{rr} - Area Under the Curve Defined by I_{RRM} and t_{rr} .

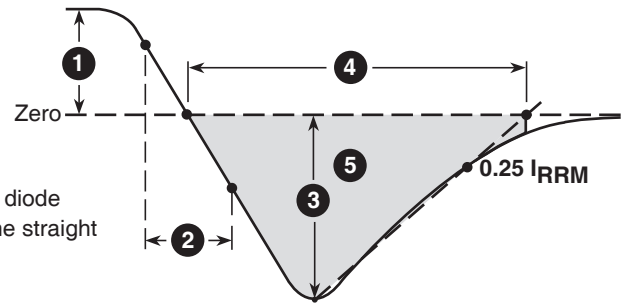
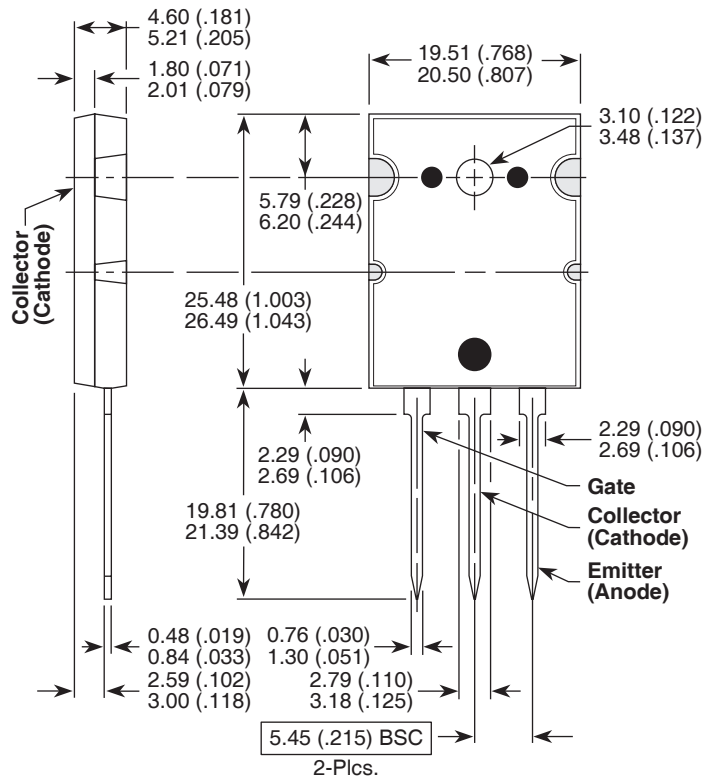


Figure 33. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

TO-264(L) Package Outline

Ⓢ SAC: Tin, Silver, Copper



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

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[MG150HF12MIC2](#) [SL15T65FK](#) [KGF50N65KDF-U/H](#) [IHF40N65R5S](#) [IKW08N120CS7XKSA1](#) [IKQ75N120CH3](#) [IHW30N160R5](#)