# **WINCS02 Family Data Sheet**

**WINCS02IC and WINCS02 Family** 



### Introduction

The WINCS02IC is a low power consuming IC containing a 2.4 GHz IEEE® 802.11b/g/n-compliant radio with integrated High Power Amplifier (HPA), Low Noise Amplifier (LNA), Radio Frequency (RF) switches for TX/RX control and hardware-based security accelerator. The WINCS02IC is designed to execute Microchip-provided Wi-Fi® and Networking stack components accessible through a Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

The WINCS02 is a fully-integrated module based on WINCS02IC. It contains all necessary external components and antenna to simplify a new board design. The module is interoperable with various vendors' 802.11 b/g/n access points. The module has a compact form factor of 21.7 mm x 17.3 mm x 2.1 mm.

The WINCS02IC and WINCS02 Module operates at a single supply voltage V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>DDIO</sub> (3.3V typical).

The WINCS02 Module is available with an on-board Printed Circuit Board (PCB) antenna or U.FL connector for an external antenna and with or without integrated Microchip Trust&Go CryptoAuthentication<sup>™</sup> device.

**Note:** The WINCS02IC must be programmed with the appropriate Network Controller firmware version to meet the specification described in the data sheet.

## WINCS02IC and WINCS02 Module Features

- Compliant with IEEE® 802.11 b/g/n Single Spatial Stream of 20 MHz Channel Bandwidth
- Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)-Based Connectivity Protocols along with SSL and MQTT Capabilities
- Supports STA Mode and Soft AP Functionality in IEEE 802.11 Infrastructure and IBSS Networks
- Protected Management Frame (PMF) Handled in Hardware, WPA3 Support
- Integrated Power Amplifier (PA), TX/RX Switch and Power Management
- Internal Flash Memory (Up to 2 MB) to Store Firmware
- Immutable Secure Boot with Hardware Root of Trust
- Supports Host Assisted Over-the-Air (OTA) Firmware Update
- On-Chip Network Stack to Offload MCU
  - Network features TCP, UDP, DHCP, ARP, HTTP, MQTT, IPv6, TLS 1.2 and DNS
  - Hardware accelerators for Wi-Fi® and TLS security to improve connection time
- Hardware-Based IEEE 802.15.2 Compliant Three-Wire Packet Traffic Arbitration (PTA) Interface for Wi-Fi/ Bluetooth® Coexistence<sup>(2)</sup>
- SPI Host Interface
- Secure Device Firmware Upgrade (DFU)
- WINCS02 Module with Integrated Microchip Trust&Go Secure Device (Optional)

#### Security

- Hardware Accelerated Security Modes (CryptoMaster) with Built-in DMA Support
  - Encryption engines (AES and TDES with different NIST modes of operation)

- Modes Electronic Code Book (ECB), Cypher Block Chaining (CBC), Counter Mode (CTR), Cypher Feedback Mode (CFB) and Output Feedback Mode (OFB)
- AES key sizes: 128b, 192b and 256b
- Authentication engines:
  - SHA-1 and SHA-2
  - AES GCM (Galois/Counter mode)
  - HMAC and AES CMAC
- On-chip oscillator for NDRNG generation
- Multi-Purpose Public Key Crypto Engine Supporting the Following Algorithms:
  - ECC/ECDH/ECDSA with standard NIST prime curves up to 521-bit, Curve25519 and Ed25519
  - RSA up to 2048-bit keys

#### **Operating Conditions**

- WINCS02IC
  - Operating Voltage V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>DDIO</sub>: 3.0-3.6V (3.3V Typical)
  - Operating Temperature: -40°C to 105°C
    - · AEC-Q100 Grade 2 qualified
- WINCS02 Module
  - Operating Voltage V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>DDIO</sub>: 3.0-3.6V (3.3V Typical)
  - Operating Temperature: -40°C to 85°C

#### **Module Variants**

- PCB Antenna:
  - WINCS02PE
  - WINCS02PC
- U.FL Connector for External Antenna:
  - WINCS02UE
  - WINCS02UC

#### **Package**

- WINCS02IC
  - 48-pin VQFN
  - Size: 7 mm x 7 mm x 0.9 mm
- WINCS02 Module
  - 28-pin SMD Package with RF Shield Can on Top
  - Size: 21.7 mm x 14.7 mm x 2.1 mm

#### **Applications**

- Smart Factories/Control Devices
- Security Systems, CCTV
- Smart Homes/Lighting, Smart Locks
- · Computing, Wi-Fi Dongles, Protocol Bridging
- · Internet of Things (IoT) Sensor Tag
- · Remote Control
- · Wearable Smart Devices



• Industrial Control

### Certifications

- WINCS02 Module Certified to FCC, ISED, UKCA and CE Radio Regulations
- RoHS and REACH Compliant

#### **Notes:**

- 1. For more details about the latest supported features, refer to the WINCS02 Application Developer's Guide.
- 2. Either the PTA functionality or the RTCC oscillator can be used. For more details, refer to Pin Details of WINCS02 Module.



# **Table of Contents**

Intr	oduct	ion	1			
11/1/	VCSU3	IC and WINCS02 Module Features	1			
VVII						
1.	Orde	Ordering Information				
	1.1.	WINCS02IC Ordering Information	5			
	1.2.	Module Ordering Information	6			
2.	Devic	ce Overview	<del>.</del>			
	2.1.	Pin Details of WINCS02IC				
	2.2.	Pin Details of WINCS02 Module				
	2.3.	Basic Connection Requirement				
	2.4.	WINCS02 Module Placement Guidelines				
	2.5.	WINCS02 Module Routing Guidelines	18			
	2.6.	WINCS02 Module RF Considerations	19			
	2.7.	WINCS02 Module Antenna Considerations	19			
	2.8.	WINCS02 Module Reflow Profile Information	25			
	2.9.	WINCS02 Module Assembly Considerations	26			
3.	Electrical Specifications					
	3.1.	WINCS02IC Electrical Specifications				
	3.2.	WINCS02 Module Electrical Specifications				
		·				
4.		aging Information				
	4.1.	WINCS02IC Packaging Information				
	4.2.	WINCS02 Module Packaging Information	55			
5.	Appe	endix A: Regulatory Approval	59			
	5.1.	United States	59			
	5.2.	Canada	61			
	5.3.	Europe	63			
	5.4.	UKCA (UK Conformity Assessed)	64			
	5.5.	Other Regulatory Information	65			
6.	Appe	endix B: Acronyms and Abbreviations	66			
7.		ıment Revision History				
7.	Docu	interic Nevision Flistory	00			
Mic	rochip	o Information	69			
	The N	Microchip Website	69			
		Product Change Notification Service				
		Customer Support				
		Microchip Devices Code Protection Feature				
	_	l Notice				
		emarks				
		ity Management System				
	World	dwide Sales and Service	72			



# 1. Ordering Information

This chapter provides the ordering information of the WINCS02IC and the WINCS02 Module.

# 1.1 WINCS02IC Ordering Information

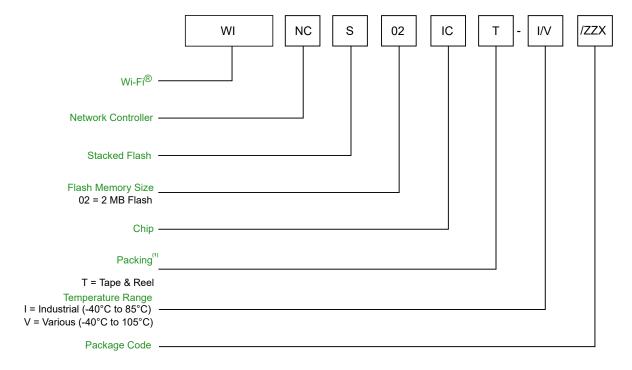
This section provides the ordering information of the WINCS02IC.

Table 1-1. WINCS02IC Ordering Details

SoC Name	Pin and Package	Description	Ordering Code
WINCS02IC	48-pin VQFN	32-bit Network Controller	WINCS02IC-I/ZZX
	(7 mm x 7 mm x 0.9 mm)	IC with WLAN connectivity and hardware-based security accelerator with 2 MB stacked Flash	WINCS02ICT-I/ZZX WINCS02IC-V/ZZX WINCS02ICT-V/ZZX

The following figure illustrates the details of the WINCS02IC ordering information.

Figure 1-1. WINCS02IC Ordering Information



#### Notes:

- 1. By default, the WINCS02IC comes with Tray packing.
- 2. The WINCS02IC must be programmed with the appropriate Network Controller firmware version to meet the specification described in the data sheet.



# 1.2 Module Ordering Information

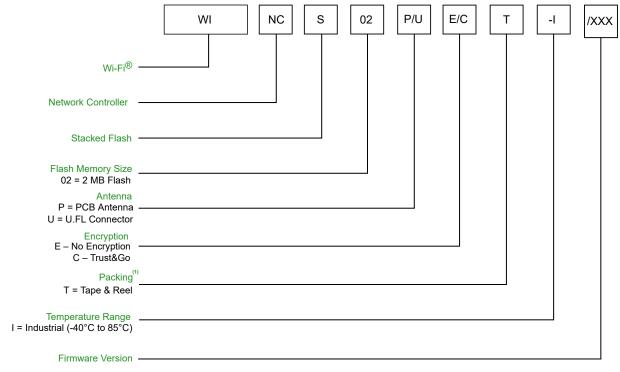
This chapter provides the ordering information of the WINCS02 Module.

**Table 1-2.** WINCS02 Module Ordering Details

Module Name	Description	Ordering Code
WINCS02PE	Wi-Fi® Network Controller Module with PCB Antenna	WINCS02PE-I/XXX
WINCS02PC	Wi-Fi Network Controller Module with PCB Antenna and Trust&Go	WINCS02PC-I/XXX
WINCS02UE	Wi-Fi Network Controller Module with U.FL connector for external Antenna	WINCS02UE-I/XXX
WINCS02UC	Wi-Fi Network Controller Module with U.FL connector for external Antenna and Trust&Go	WINCS02UC-I/XXX

The following figure illustrates the details of the WINCS02 Module ordering information.

Figure 1-2. WINCS02 Module Ordering Information



#### Note:

1. By default, the WINCS02 Module comes with Tray packing.

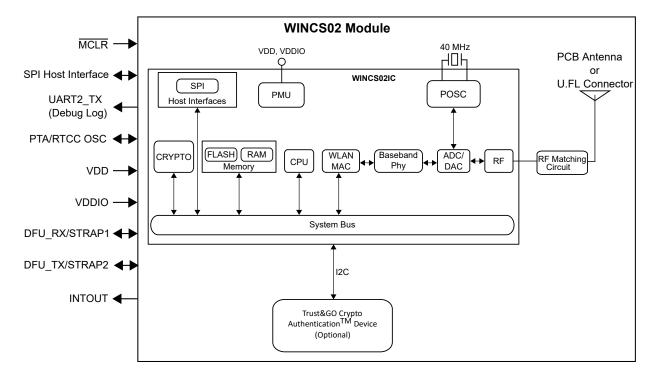
# 2. Device Overview

The WINCS02IC is a single chip 2.4 GHz and IEEE® 802.11b/g/n-compliant solution with integrated HPA, LNA and RF switches for TX/RX control. The WINCS02 is a fully RF-certified module based on WINCS02IC available with the following antenna variants:

- PCB antenna (WINCS02PE/WINCS02PC)
- U.FL connector (WINCS02UE/WINCS02UC) for external antenna

The following figure illustrates the WINCS02IC and the WINCS02 Module block diagram and various peripherals supported by these devices.

Figure 2-1. WINCS02 Module Block Diagram





# 2.1 Pin Details of WINCS02IC

This section provides details on pin diagrams and the pinout table of WINCS02IC.

Figure 2-2. WINCS02IC Pin Diagram

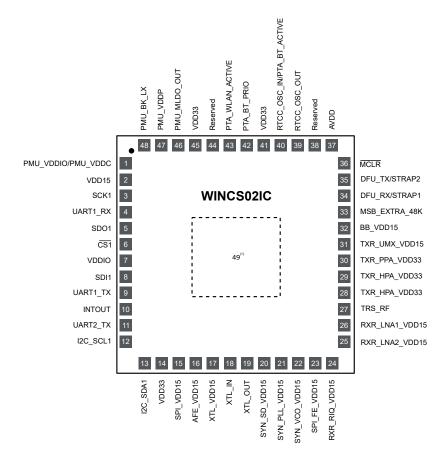


Table 2-1. WINCS02IC Pinout Table

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Description
1	PMU_VDDIO/ PMU_VDDC	Р	Input power supply to the on-chip PMU I/O and PMU Core section (3.0V-3.6V, 3.3V typical)
2	VDD15	P	1.5V input supply voltage Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output
3	SCK1	I	SPI1, Serial Clock Connect to the Serial Clock of the host device
4	UART1_RX <sup>(6)</sup>	0	Used for external antenna calibration Connect this signal to a test point or a pin header
5	SDO1	0	SPI1, Serial Data Out Connect to the Serial Data In of the host device
6	CS1	I	SPI1, Chip Select (Active low) Connect to the Chip Select of the host device
7	VDDIO	Р	Input supply voltage to I/O Port (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)
8	SDI1	I	SPI1, Serial Data In Connect to Serial Data Out of the host device



continued				
Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Description	
9	UART1_TX <sup>(6)</sup>	1	Used for external antenna calibration	
	G 1,.		Connect this signal to a test point or a pin header	
10	INTOUT	0	Interrupt request (Active-low) from the Wi-Fi* module	
11	UART2_TX	0	UART2 Transmit signal to print the firmware debug log	
12	I2C_SCL1	I/O	I2C Clock to connect Trust&Go Authentication Secure device. Connect an external Pull up resistor, if used	
13	I2C_SDA1	I/O	I <sup>2</sup> C Data to connect Trust&Go Authentication Secure device Connect an external Pull up resistor, if used	
14	VDD33	Р	Input supply voltage for the Main Power Domain (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)	
15	SPI_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to internal SPI Block Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
16	AFE_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to RF Analog Front-End Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
17	XTL_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to primary oscillator section Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
18	XTL_IN	I	40 MHz primary oscillator crystal input	
19	XTL_OUT	0	40 MHz primary oscillator crystal output	
20	SYN_SD_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to RF Synthesizer/SD Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
21	SYN_PLL_VDD15	Р	1.5V Input supply voltage to Synthesizer/PLL Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
22	SYN_VCO_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to RF Synthesizer/VCO Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
23	SPI_FE_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to RF Front-End/SPI Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
24	RXR_RIQ_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to RF IQ Mixer/RXR Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
25	RXR_LNA2_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to LNA stage-2 Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
26	RXR_LNA1_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to LNA stage-1 Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
27	TRS_RF	I/O	RF transmit/receive	
28	TXR_HPA_VDD33	Р	Input power supply to High-Power Amplifier (HPA) on the	
29	TXR_HPA_VDD33	Р	Transmitter (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)	
30	TXR_PPA_VDD33	Р	Input power supply to Pre-Power Amplifier (PPA) on the Transmitter (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)	
31	TXR_UMX_VDD15	Р	1.5V input supply voltage to RF Upconvertor Mixer/TXR Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
32	BB_VDD15	P	1.5V input supply voltage to RF Base Band section Connect to 1.5V on-chip PMU output	
33	MSB_EXTRA_48K	0	RF calibration resistor, connect a pull-down resistor of 48.7K with 1% tolerance	



contin	continued					
Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Description			
34	DFU_RX/STRAP1	1/0	Device Firmware Update, receive signal			
			Host interface configuration strapping1 pin. Connecting to a pull-up resistor of 10K is recommended.			
35	DFU_TX/STRAP2	I/O	Device Firmware Update, transmit signal			
			Host interface configuration strapping2 pin. Connecting to a pull-up resistor of 10K is recommended.			
36	MCLR	1	Master Clear Reset Input (Active low)			
37	AVDD	Р	Input power supply to Analog Block (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)			
38	Reserved <sup>(7)</sup>	I/O	Reserved pin			
			Connect to an I/O pin (tri-stated) of a host device or to an external switch for future use			
39	RTCC_OSC_OUT <sup>(5)</sup>	0	32.768 KHz RTCC oscillator output			
40	RTCC_OSC_IN/	1	32.768 KHz RTCC Oscillator input			
	PTA_BT_ACTIVE <sup>(4)(5)</sup>		PTA interface, Bluetooth® Coexistence device active indication input to WINCS02IC			
41	VDD33	Р	Input supply voltage for the Main Power Domain (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)			
42	PTA_BT_PRIO	I	PTA interface, Bluetooth Coexistence device priority indication input to WINCS02IC.			
43	PTA_WLAN_ACTIVE	0	PTA interface, WINCS02IC WLAN active indication output to Bluetooth Coexistence device			
44	Reserved	I/O	Reserved pin Do not connect.			
45	VDD33	Р	Input supply voltage for the Main Power Domain (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)			
46	PMU_MLDO_OUT <sup>(3)</sup>	Р	1.5V output of on-chip PMU MLDO			
47	PMU_VDDP	Р	Input power supply to the on-chip PMU (3.0-3.6V, 3.3V typical)			
48	PMU_BK_LX	Р	1.5V output of on-chip PMU Buck Regulator			
			Connect to an external LC filter (L = 4.7 uH and C = 10 uF)			
49	GND	Р	Thermal ground paddle			

#### Notes:

- 1. Refer to the reference design package for exact pin mapping and signal connection.
- 2. WINCS02IC does not support GPIO functionality. All the pins are reserved.
- 3. This is for internal use only. Do not connect any external circuits.
- 4. This pin can be used either as an oscillator input pin or as PTA BT\_ACTIVE. Both functionalities cannot be supported simultaneously.
- 5. Current firmware does not support the RTCC oscillator function; it is recommended to have an option to mount the RTCC oscillator in the design to upgrade with the future version of firmware releases.
- 6. For more details, refer to the WINCS02 Module External Antenna Calibration Guide (DS50003753).
- 7. Do not leave this pin unconnected. Follow the directions in the Pin Description column for future upgrades.



# 2.2 Pin Details of WINCS02 Module

This section provides details on pin diagrams and pinout table of WINCS02 Module.

Figure 2-3. WINCS02 Module Pin Diagram

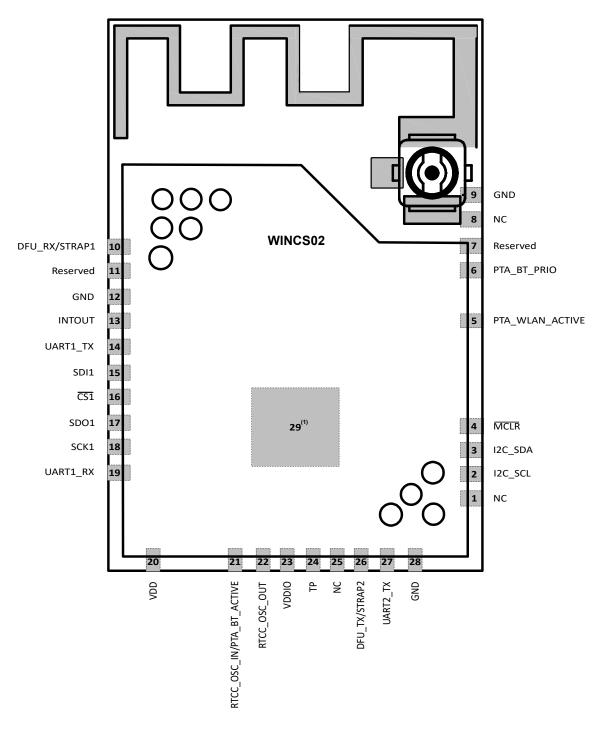


Table 2-2. WINCS02 Module Pinout Table

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Pin Description
1	NC	_	No connection



			Device Overview
contini			
Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Pin Description
2	I2C_SCL	I	I <sup>2</sup> C clock connected to Trust&GO device. Recommended to connect external pull-up resistor of 1.2K on the host board for WINCS02PC and WINCS02UC devices.
3	I2C_SDA	1/0	I <sup>2</sup> C data connected to Trust&GO device. Recommended to connect external pull-up resistor of 1.2K on the host board for WINCS02PC and WINCS02UC devices.
4	MCLR	1	Master Clear Reset Input (Active low)
5	PTA_WLAN_ACTIVE	0	PTA interface, WLAN Active indication output to Bluetooth® Coexistence device
6	PTA_BT_PRIO	1	PTA interface, Bluetooth Coexistence device priority indication input to WINCS02
7	Reserved	1/0	Reserved pin
			Do not connect.
8	NC	_	No connection
9	GND	Р	Ground
10	DFU_RX/STRAP1	1/0	Device Firmware Update, receive signal
			Host interface configuration, Strapping1 pin. For more details on exact configuration, refer to Table 2-3.
11	Reserved <sup>(5)</sup>	_	Reserved pin
			Connect to an I/O pin (tri-stated) of a host device or to an external switch for future use.
12	GND	Р	Ground
13	INTOUT	0	Interrupt request (Active low) from the Wi-Fi® module
14	UART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup>	1/0	Used for external antenna calibration  Connect this signal to a test point or a pin header.
15	SDI1	I	SPI1, Serial Data In Connect to Serial Data Out of the host device
16	CS1	I	SPI1, Chip Select (Active low) Connect to the Chip Select of host device
17	SDO1	0	SPI1, Serial Data Out
			Connect to the Serial Data In of the host device
18	SCK1	1	SPI1, Serial Clock
			Connect to the Serial Clock of the host device
19	UART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup>	1/0	Used for external antenna calibration Connect this signal to a test point or a pin header.
20	VDD	P	VDD power supply (3.0-3.6V)
21	RTCC_OSC_IN/	1	32.768 KHz RTCC Oscillator input
	PTA_BT_ACTIVE <sup>(1)(3)</sup>		PTA interface, Bluetooth Coexistence device active indication input to WINCS02
22	RTCC_OSC_OUT <sup>(3)</sup>	0	32.768 KHz RTCC Oscillator output
23	VDDIO	Р	I/O power supply (3.0-3.3V)
24	TP	Р	Test point: 1.5V <sup>(2)</sup>
25	NC	_	No connection
26	DFU_TX/STRAP2	I/O	Device Firmware Update, transmit signal
			Host interface configuration, Strapping2 pin. For more details on exact configuration, refer to the Table 2-3.



contin				
Pin Number Pin Name Pin Type F		Pin Type	Pin Description	
27	UART2_TX	I/O	UART2 transmit signal for the firmware log. UART setting: 460,800 baud, 8N1 and no flow control	
28	GND	Р	Ground	
29	GND Paddle	Р	Thermal ground paddle	

#### Notes:

- 1. This pin can be used either as an oscillator input pin or as PTA BT\_ACTIVE. The WINCS02 Module does not support both the functionality together.
- 2. Do not connect any signal to source the voltage as this is for internal purposes only.
- 3. Current firmware does not support RTCC Oscillator function; it is recommended to have an option to mount RTCC Oscillator in the design to upgrade with the future version of firmware releases.
- 4. For more details, refer to the WINCS02 Module External Antenna Calibration Guide (DS50003753).
- 5. Do not leave this pin unconnected. Follow the directions in the Pin Description column for future upgrades.



# 2.3 Basic Connection Requirement

The WINCS02 Module requires attention to a minimal set of device pin connections before proceeding with development.

Figure 2-4. WINCS02 Module Basic Connection and Interface Diagram

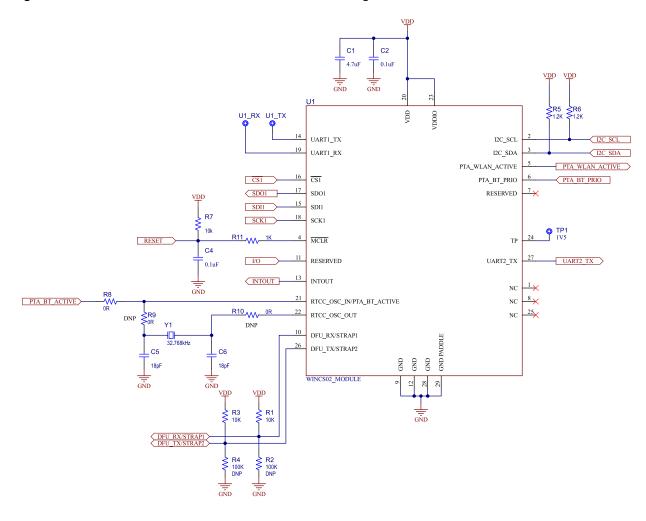


Table 2-3. Configuration Details

Configuration Details			
Module Pin10/Strap1	Module Pin26/Strap2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Host Interface Selection	Description
1	X (Pulled High)	SPI	WINCS02 Module with SPI

#### **Notes:**

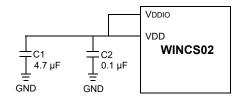
- 1. The recommendation is to provide an option to mount the pulled-high resistor in the host board design for future upgrades.
- 2. The mentioned resistance values are only guidelines. For details on the application schematics, refer to the WINCS02 Add On Board User's Guide (DS50003721).

## 2.3.1 Power Supply Pin

It is recommended to add a bulk and a decoupling capacitor at the input supply Pin 20 ( $V_{DD}$ ), Pin 23 ( $V_{DDIO}$ ) and GND of the WINCS02 Module.



Figure 2-5. Recommended Module Power Supply Connections



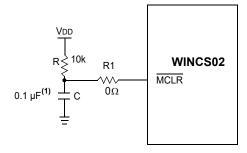
The value of the C1 and C2 capacitors may vary based on the application requirements and source of supply voltage. The C1 and C2 capacitors must be placed close to the pin.

# 2.3.2 Master Clear (MCLR) Pin

The MCLR pin works as a device Reset.

Pulling the MCLR pin low generates a device Reset. The basic connection and interface diagram of the module illustrates a typical MCLR circuit. See the *Module Basic Connection and Interface Diagram* in the *Basic Connection Requirement* from Related Links.

Figure 2-6. Example of MCLR Pin Connections



#### Note:

1. The capacitor can be sized to prevent unintentional Resets from brief glitches or to extend the device Reset period during POR.

#### Related Links

**Basic Connection Requirement** 

#### 2.3.3 Device Firmware Update

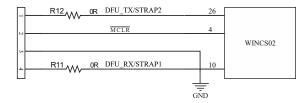
The WINCS02 Module is available for purchase with pre-programmed firmware. Microchip periodically releases the firmware to fix reported issues or to implement the latest feature support. There are two ways to perform a regular firmware update:

- 1. Serial DFU command-based update over UART
- 2. Host-assisted Over-the-Air (OTA) update

**Note:** For the serial DFU and OTA programming guidance, refer to the *WINCS02 Application Developer's Guide*.



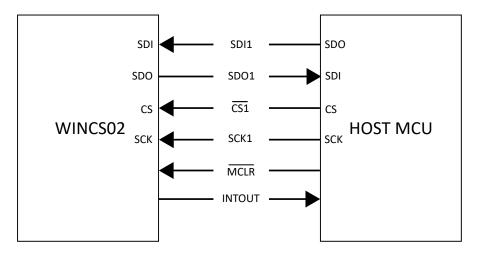
Figure 2-7. Basic Connection Diagram of DFU



#### 2.3.4 Interface with Host Microcontroller

The WINCS02 Module can be interfaced with the host microcontroller through the SPI.

Figure 2-8. WINCS02 Module Host Interface Diagram



### 2.4 WINCS02 Module Placement Guidelines

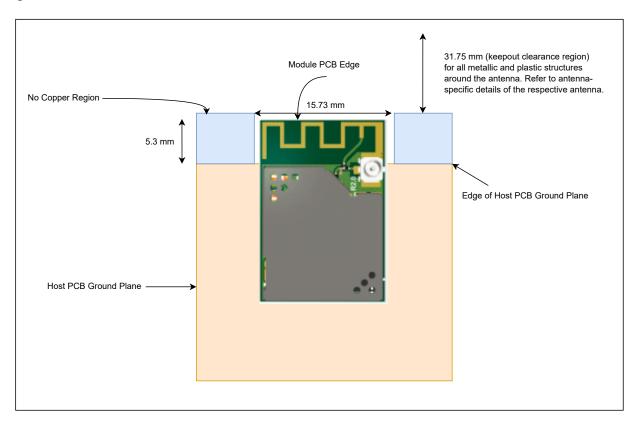
- For any Wi-Fi® product, the antenna placement affects the performance of the whole system. The antenna requires free space to radiate RF signals, and it must not be surrounded by the ground plane. Thus, for the best PCB antenna performance, it is recommended that the WINCS02PC/E Module is placed at the edge of the host board.
- The WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE Module ground outline edge must be aligned with the edge of the host board ground plane as shown in the following figure.
- A low-impedance ground plane for the WINCS02 Module ensures the best radio performance (best range and lowest noise). The ground plane can be extended beyond the minimum recommendation as required for the host board EMC and noise reduction.
- For the best performance, keep metal structures and components (such as mechanical spacers, bump-on and so on) at least 31.75 mm away from the PCB trace antenna as illustrated in the following figure.
- The antenna on the WINCS02 Module must not be placed in direct contact with or in close proximity to plastic casing or objects. Keep a minimum clearance of 10 mm in all directions around the PCB antenna as shown in the following figure. Keeping metallic and plastic objects close to the antenna can detune the antenna and reduce the performance of the device.
- Exposed GND pads on the bottom of the WINCS02 Module must be soldered to the host board (see the Example of Host Board on Top Layer figure in the WINCS02 Module Routing Guidelines from Related Links).
- A PCB cutout or a copper keepout is required under the RF test point (see WINCSO2 Module Packaging Information from Related Links).



- Copper keepout areas are required on the top layer under voltage test points (see *WINCS02 Module Packaging Information* from Related Links).
- Alternatively, the entire region, except the exposed ground paddle, can be solder-masked.

The following figure illustrates the examples of WINCS02 Module placement on a host board with a ground plane. Refer to the following figure for placement-specific guidance.

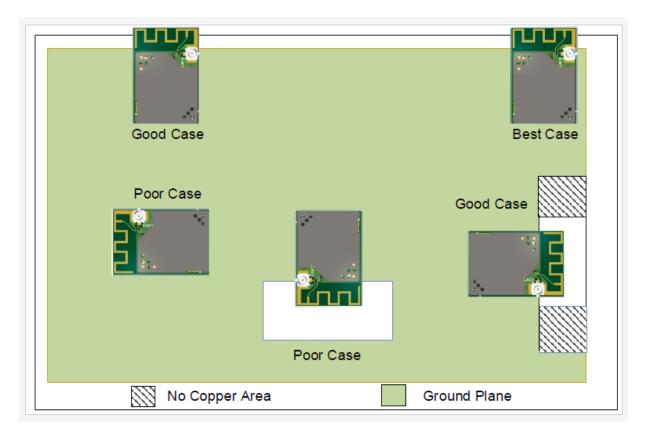
Figure 2-9. Module Placement Guidelines



The following figure illustrates the examples of the WINCS02 Module placement on a host board with a ground plane. Refer to Figure 2-9 for placement-specific guidance.



Figure 2-10. WINCS02 Module Placement



#### **Related Links**

WINCS02 Module Routing Guidelines WINCS02 Module Packaging Information

# 2.5 WINCS02 Module Routing Guidelines

- Use the multi-layer host board for routing signals on the inner layer and the bottom layer.
- The top layer (underneath the module) of the host board must be ground with as many GND vias as possible as shown in the following figure.
- Avoid fan-out of the signals under the module or antenna area. Use a via to fan-out signals to the edge of the WINCS02 Module.
- For a better GND connection to the WINCS02 Module, solder the exposed GND pads of the WINCS02 Module on the host board.
- For the module GND pad, use a GND via of a minimum 10 mil (hole diameter) for good ground to all the layers and thermal conduction path.
- Having a series resistor on the host board for all reserved pins and digital interface pins is recommended. These resistors must be placed close to the WINCS02 Module.
- The RTCC Oscillator (32.768 kHz) on the host board must be placed close to the WINCS02 Module and follow the shortest trace routing length with no vias (see the following figure).



Host Board Outline

Copper Keepout

GND Plane on Host Board

Exposed GND Pad
Underneath Module

Module Footprint

Figure 2-11. Example of RNWF02 Module Placement on Host Board (Top Layer)

#### 2.6 WINCS02 Module RF Considerations

The overall performance of the system is significantly affected by the product design, environment and application. The product designer must ensure system-level shielding (if required) and verify the performance of the product features and applications.

Consider the following guidelines for optimal RF performance:

- The WINCS02 Module must be positioned in a noise-free RF environment and must be kept far away from high-frequency clock signals and any other sources of RF energy.
- The antenna must not be shielded by any metal objects.
- The power supply must be clean and noise-free.
- Make sure that the width of the traces routed to GND, VDD rails are sufficiently large for handling peak TX current consumption.

**Note:** The WINCS02 Module includes RF shielding on top of the board as a standard feature.

### 2.7 WINCS02 Module Antenna Considerations

#### 2.7.1 PCB Antenna

For the WINCS02PE/PC Module, the PCB antenna is fabricated on the top copper layer. The layers below the antenna do not have copper trace. It is recommended that the module to be mounted on the edge of the host board and to have no PCB material below the antenna structure of the module and no copper traces or planes on the host board in that area.

The following table lists the technical specification of the PCB antenna when tested with the WINCS02 Module mounted on the WINCS02 Add-On Board.



Table 2-4. PCB Antenna Specification for WINCS02 Module

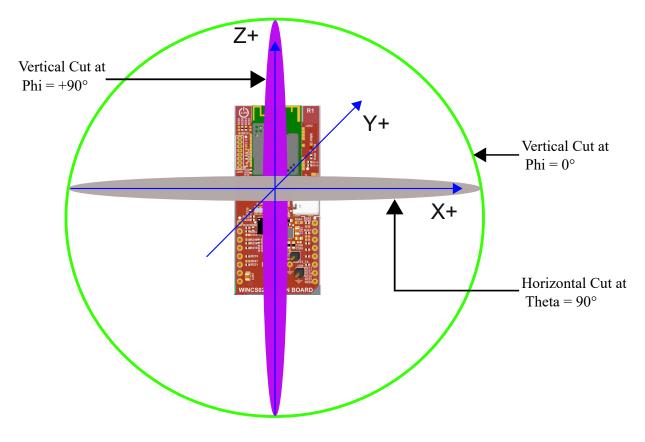
Parameter	Specification
Operating frequency	2400-2485 MHz
Peak gain	1.18 dBi at 2410 MHz
Efficiency (average)	45% <sup>(1)</sup>
••	

#### Note:

#### **PCB Antenna Radiation Pattern**

The following figure illustrates the module orientation in the measurement system for the PCB antenna radiation pattern.

Figure 2-12. Module Orientation for Radiation Pattern Measurement



#### **Antenna Radiation Pattern**

The following figures illustrate the 2D cross section of the antenna radiation pattern.

<sup>1.</sup> The size of the WINCS02 Add-On Board is 25.4 mm x 57.2 mm. The antenna efficiency will improve with larger ground plane base boards. The same antenna achieved an average efficiency of 69% with a base board size of 85 mm x 40 mm. If the best case routing guidelines are followed on a larger ground plane application board, the efficiency will be better.

Figure 2-13. Antenna Radiation Pattern when Phi = 0°

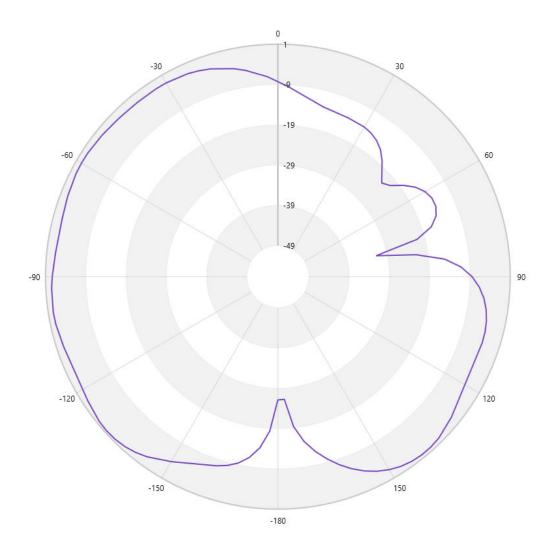


Figure 2-14. Antenna Radiation Pattern when Phi = 90°

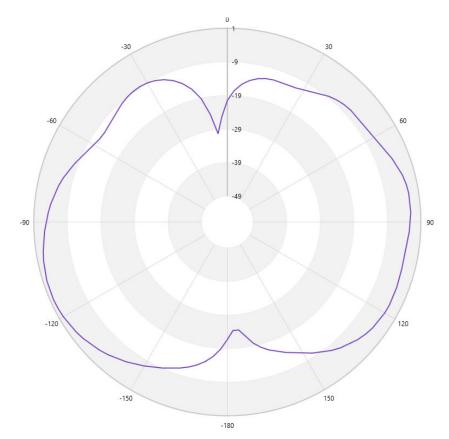
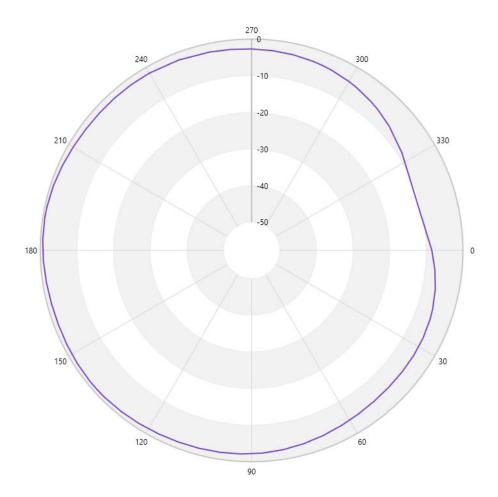


Figure 2-15. Antenna Radiation Pattern when Theta = 90°



#### 2.7.2 External Antenna Placement Recommendations

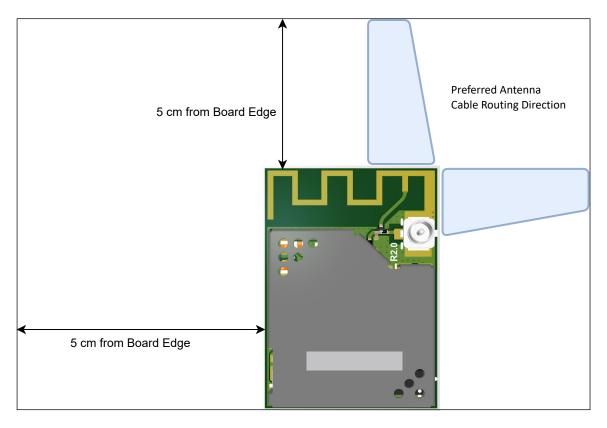
The user must ensure the following for the placement of the antenna and its cable:

- Do not route the antenna cable over circuits generating electrical noise on the host board or alongside or underneath the module. The recommendation is to route the cable straight out of the module.
- Do not place the antenna in direct contact or in close proximity of the plastic casing/objects.
- Do not enclose the antenna within a metal shield.
- The user must keep any components capable of radiating noise, signals or harmonics in the 2.4-2.5 GHz frequency range away from the antenna and, if feasible, provide shielding for such components. Any noise radiated from the host board in this frequency band degrades the sensitivity of the module.
- Place the antenna at a distance greater than 5 cm away from the module. The following figure illustrates the antenna keepout area (do not place the antenna in this area). This recommendation is based on an open-air measurement and does not take into account any metal shielding of the customer end product. When a metal enclosure is used, the antenna can be located closer to the WINCS02 Module.



The following figure illustrates how the antenna cable must be routed depending on the location of the antenna with respect to the WINCS02 PCB. There are two possible options for the optimum routing of the cable.

Figure 2-16. WINCS02 Module Antenna Placement Guidelines



**Note:** These are generic guidelines and the recommendation is that customers can check and fine-tune the antenna positioning in the final host product based on RF performance.

#### 2.7.2.1 External Antennas

The WINCS02/UE/UC Modules have a small surface mount U.FL connector for an external antenna connection. The choice of antenna is limited to the antenna types that the module is tested and approved for regulatory certification.

The WINCS02/UE/UC Modules are approved to use with the antennas listed in the following table. It is permissible to use a different antenna, provided it is the same antenna type, has the same antenna gain (equal or less than) and similar in-band and out-of-band characteristics are present (refer to antenna specification sheet for cutoff frequencies).

If other antenna types are used, the OEM installer must conduct the necessary assessments and authorize the antenna with the respective regulatory agencies and ensure compliance.

Table 2-5. Approved External Antenna List with Antenna Gain for WINCS02 Module

Antenna	Part Number		Antenna Gain (dBi)		Regulatory Certification	
No.				Туре	FCC/ISED <sup>(2)</sup> (3)	CE
1	WXE2400	TE Connectivity/Laird External Antennas	3	Dipole	х	x
2	ANT-2.4-CW-RCL-RPS	TE Connectivity/Linx Technologies	2.3	Dipole	Х	х



co	continued								
Antenna	Part Number	Manufacturer	Antenna	Antenna Type	Regulatory Certification				
No.			Gain (dBi)		FCC/ISED <sup>(2)</sup> (3)	CE			
3	RFA-02-C2M2-D034	Alead	2	Dipole	х	х			
4	RFA-02-L2H1 <sup>(5)</sup>	Aristotle	2	Dipole	x	х			
5	RFA-02-C2H1-D034 <sup>(5)</sup>	Alead	2	Dipole	x	х			
6	RFA-02-D3 <sup>(5)</sup>	Aristotle	2	Dipole	x	х			
7	RFDPA870920IMLB301 <sup>(5)</sup>	Walsin	1.84	Dipole	x	X			
8	RFDPA870920IMAB302 <sup>(5)</sup>	Walsin	1.82	Dipole	x	х			
9	RFDPA870920IMAB305 <sup>(5)</sup>	Walsin	1.82	Dipole	х	х			
10	RFDPA870910IMAB308 <sup>(5)</sup>	Walsin	2	Dipole	x	х			
11	RFA-02-C2M2 <sup>(5)</sup>	Aristotle	2	Dipole	x	х			
12	RN-SMA-S-RP <sup>(5)</sup>	Microchip	0.56	Dipole	х	х			
13	W1049B030 <sup>(5)</sup>	Pulse	2	Dipole	x	х			
14	RN-SMA4-RP <sup>(5)</sup>	Microchip	2.2	Dipole	x	х			

#### Notes:

- 1. 'x' denotes the antennas covered under the certification.
- 2. If the end product using the module is designed to have an antenna port that is accessible to the end user, a unique (non-standard) antenna connector (as permissible by FCC) must be used (for example, RP (Reverse Polarity)-SMA socket).
- 3. If an RF coaxial cable is used between the module RF output and the enclosure, a unique (non-standard) antenna connector must be used in the enclosure wall to interface with the antenna.
- 4. Contact the antenna vendor for detailed antenna specifications to review the suitability to the end product operating environment and to identify alternatives.
- 5. If any external antenna is used other than the recommended antennas in the list, it may need an extra step of post-calibration on the customer's application board. For more details, refer to the *WINCSO2 Module External Antenna Calibration Guide* (DS50003753).

### 2.8 WINCS02 Module Reflow Profile Information

The WINCS02 Module was assembled using the IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 standard lead-free reflow profile. The WINCS02 Module can be soldered to the host board using standard leaded or lead-free solder reflow profiles. To avoid damaging the module, adhere to the following recommendations:

- For solder reflow recommendations, refer to the *AN233 Solder Reflow Recommendation Application Note* (DS00233).
- Do not exceed a peak temperature (TP) of 250°C.
- For specific reflow profile recommendations from the vendor, refer to the *Solder Paste Data Sheet*.
- Use no-clean flux solder paste.
- Do not wash as moisture can be trapped under the shield.
- Use only one flow. If the PCB requires multiple flows, apply the module on the final flow.

### 2.8.1 Cleaning

The exposed GND pad helps to self-align the module, avoiding pad misalignment. The recommendation is to use the no clean solder pastes. Ensure full drying of no-clean paste fluxes as a result of the reflow process. As per the recommendation by the solder paste vendor, this requires longer reflow profiles and/or peak temperatures toward the high end of the process window. The uncured flux residues can lead to corrosion and/or shorting in accelerated testing and possibly the field.



# 2.9 WINCS02 Module Assembly Considerations

The WINCS02 Module is assembled with an Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI) shield to ensure compliance with EMI emission and immunity rules. The EMI shield is made of a tin-plated steel (SPTE) and is not hermetically sealed. Solutions like IPA and similar solvents can be used to clean the WINCS02 Module. However, do not use the cleaning solutions that contain acid on the module.

# 2.9.1 Conformal Coating

The modules are not intended for use with a conformal coating, and the customer assumes all risks (such as the module reliability, performance degradation and so on) if a conformal coating is applied to the modules.



# 3. Electrical Specifications

This chapter provides the electrical specifications and the characteristics of the WINCS02IC and the WINCS02 Module across the operating temperature range of the product.

# 3.1 WINCSO2IC Electrical Specifications

This chapter provides the electrical specifications and the characteristics of the WINCS02IC.

### 3.1.1 WINCS02IC Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following table provides details about the list of absolute maximum ratings for the WINCS02IC device. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied.

Table 3-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Ambient temperature under bias <sup>(1,2)</sup>	-40°C to +105°C
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub> with respect to GND	-0.3V to +4.0V
Voltage on any pin(s), with respect to GND <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.3V to (V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V)
Voltage on any pin, with respect to GND	-0.3V to (V <sub>DDIO</sub> +0.3V)
Maximum current out of GND pins	300 mA
Maximum current into V <sub>DD</sub> pins <sup>(2)</sup>	300 mA
Maximum output current sourced/sunk by any I/O pin	25 mA
Maximum current sunk by all ports	150 mA
Maximum current sourced by all ports <sup>(2)</sup>	150 mA
ESD Qualification	
Human Body Model (HBM) per JESD22-A114	±2000V
Charged Device Model (CDM) (ANSI/ESD STM 5.3.1) (All pins / Corner pins)	±500V

#### Notes:

### 3.1.2 Thermal Specifications

Table 3-2. Thermal Operating Conditions

Rating	Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit		
Industrial Temperature Devices:							
Operating ambient temperature range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	_	+85	°C		
Operating junction temperature range	T <sub>J</sub>	-40	_	+125	°C		
V-Temp Temperature Devices:							
Operating ambient temperature range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	_	+105	°C		
Operating junction temperature range <sup>(1)</sup>	Tj	-40	_	+125	°C		
Power Dissipation:							
Internal chip power dissipation:	$P_{D}$	$P_{INT} + P_{I/I}$	0		W		
$P_{INT} = (VDDIOx \times (IDD - \sum IOH)) + (VDD \times IDD)$							
Maximum allowed power dissipation	P <sub>DMAX</sub>	$(T_J - T_A)/\epsilon$	) <sub>JA</sub>		W		



<sup>1.</sup> The preceding table provides the list of stresses that can cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied.

<sup>2.</sup> Maximum allowable current is a function of the device's maximum power dissipation.

continued								
Rating Symbol Min. Typ Max. Unit								
Note:								
1. Junction temperature can exceed 125°C under these ambient conditions.								

**Table 3-3.** Thermal Packaging Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Тур	Max.	Unit			
Thermal resistance, 48-pin VQFN (7 mm x 7 mm x 0.9 mm) package	$\Theta_{JA}$	21	_	°C/W			
<b>Note:</b> Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, $\Theta_{IA}$ numbers are based on JEDEC 2S2P achieved by package simulations.							

Table 3-4. Recommended Operating Voltages

Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
DC_1	$V_{DD}$	V <sub>DD</sub> voltage range	3	3.3	3.6	V	_
DC_4	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V <sub>DDIO</sub> voltage range	3	3.3	3.6	V	_
DC_7	GNDDB	Common EDP ground reference	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{SS}$	V	_

# 3.1.3 Maximum Clock Frequencies AC Electrical Specifications

**Table 3-5.** Maximum Clock Frequencies AC Electrical Specifications

AC Characteristics			Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} =$ 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)					
			/ /	perature: 5°C for Industrial 05°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Max.	Units				
FCLK_1 F <sub>CY</sub> Frequency of system 80 MHz clock								
Note: By default, th	ne device runs at its n	naximum clock frequency.						

#### 3.1.4 WINCS02IC DC Characteristics

# 3.1.4.1 I/O Pin DC Electrical Specifications

Table 3-6. I/O Pin DC Electrical Specifications

DC Characte	DC Characteristics			ng Con	ditions: V <sub>DD</sub> =	· V <sub>DDIO</sub> =	3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise
			Operating Tempe -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C				
			-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +105	°C for \	/-temp		
Param. No. Symbol Characteristics			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DI_1	V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage I/O pins	GND	_	0.2*V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V	_
DI_3 V <sub>IH</sub> Input high voltage non-5V tolerant I/O pins		0.8*V <sub>DDIO</sub>	_	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V	_	
DI_5	V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage	_	_	0.4	V	$V_{DDIO}$ = 3.3V at $I_{OL} \le 10$ mA
DI_9	V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	2.4	_	_	V	$V_{DDIO}$ = 3.3V at $I_{OH} \le 10$ mA



con	tinued						
DC Characte	eristics		Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = 3.0V$ to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
			Operating Tempe -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°0				
			-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +105	°C for \	/-temp		
Param. No. Symbol Characteristics Min. Typ. Max. Units Conditions				Conditions			
DI_13	I <sub>IL</sub>	Input pin leakage current	-1	_	+1	μΑ	_
Mata							

#### Note:

# 3.1.4.2 WINCS02IC Wi-Fi® Current Consumption

**Table 3-7.** Wi-Fi® Current Consumption DC Electrical Specifications

DC Characteristics <sup>(1)(2)</sup>				(unless o Operatin -40°C ≤ T	Operating Cor therwise stated g Temperature $_{A} \le +85^{\circ}$ C for Ir $_{A} \le +105^{\circ}$ C for	d) :: ndustrial		<sub>DIO</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V
Param. No.	Symbol	Device States	Code Rate	Output Power (Typ.) (dBm)	Current (Typ.) (mA)	Max.	Units	Conditions
IWF_TX	I <sub>DD</sub>	On_Transmit	802.11b 1 Mbps	19	288	_	mA	$V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = 3.3V$
			802.11b 1 Mbps	13	263	_		
			802.11b 11 Mbps	20	289	_		
			802.11g 6 Mbps	19	287	_		
			802.11g 54 Mbps	17	263	_		
			802.11n MCS0	18	279	_		
			802.11n MCS7	17	262	_		
			802.11n MCS7	11	249	_		
IWF_RX	I <sub>DD</sub>	On_Receive	802.11b 1 Mbps	_	88	_		
			802.11n MCS7	_	94			

#### Notes:

- 1. Tested on channel 7 using an internal test firmware that provides manual control of the data rate. In the Application mode firmware, the data rate is selected automatically based on the RSSI and other variables.
- 2. Data in the "Typ." column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.
- 3. These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.



<sup>1.</sup> This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

#### 3.1.5 WINCS02IC AC Characteristics

# 3.1.5.1 External XTAL POSC 40 MHz AC Electrical Specifications

Table 3-8. External XTAL POSC 40 MHz AC Electrical Specifications

AC Characte	eristics		Standard Operating Conditions: V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 3.0V to						
				unless	otherwi	se state	d)		
				•	mperat +85°C fo	ure: or Indust	trial		
				≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ -	+105°C1	for V-ter	Conditions <sup>(1)</sup> KIN, XOUT primary oscillator  See parameter XOSC_1 for		
Param. No.	Symbol <sup>(2)</sup>	Characteristics	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units	Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>		
XOSC_1	FOSC_XOSC	XOSC crystal frequency	_	40	_	MHz	XIN, XOUT primary oscillator		
XOSC_1A	TOSC	TOSC = 1/FOSC_XOSC	_	_	_	ns	See parameter XOSC_1 for FOSC_XOSC value		
XOSC_34	gm	XOSC transconductance GAIN = 0	_	16	_	mA/V	XOSC auto gain control disabled		
XOSC_39	XCLK_FST	Primary XIN clock fail safe time-out period	_	2	_	ms	_		

#### Notes:

- 1. Crystal oscillator requirements:
  - ESR =  $50\Omega$
  - Maximum drive level = 200 μW
- 2. This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

# **3.1.5.2 XOSC32 RTCC Oscillator AC Electrical Specifications**

Table 3-9. XOSC32 RTCC Oscillator AC Electrical Specifications

AC Characteristics			(unles Opera -40°C	ard Oper s otherwating Tem $\leq T_A \leq +8$ $\leq T_A \leq +1$	vise stat nperatu 35°C for	ed) re: Industr	Conditions		
Param. No.	aram. No. Symbol Characteristics				Max.	Units	Conditions		
XOSC32_1	FOSC_XOSC32	XOSC32 oscillator crystal frequency	_	32.768	_	kHz	RTCC oscillator		
XOSC32_15	TOSC32	TOSC32 = 1/FOSC_XOSC32	_	_	_	μs	See parameter XOSC32_1 for FOSC_XOSC32 value		
XOSC32_21 XCLK32_DC Ext clock oscillator duty cycle				50	_	%	_		

#### Note:

1. This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.



# 3.1.5.3 SPI Electrical Specifications

Figure 3-1. SPI Client CPHA=0 Timing Diagram

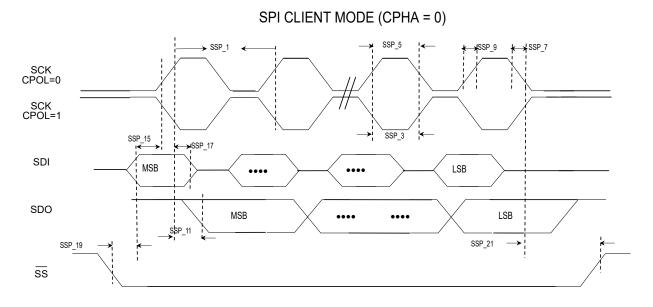


Figure 3-2. SPI Client CPHA=1 Timing Diagram

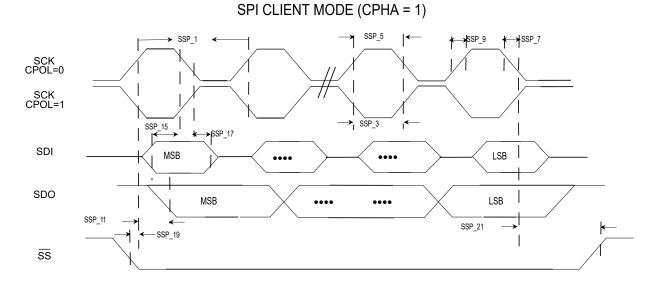


Table 3-10. SPI Client Mode Electrical Specifications

AC Characteristics			Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = 3.0V$ to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)					
			Operating Temperature: -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industrial					
	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +105°C for V-temp							
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units	Conditions	
SSP_1	FSCK	SCK frequency	_	_	40	MHz	Receiver mode, C <sub>LOAD</sub> =15 pf <sub>(MAX)</sub> .	
SSP_3	TSCL	SCK output low time	8.5	_	_	ns	_	



con	tinued							
AC Characteristics			Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = 3.0V$ to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)					
				Operating Temperature: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial				
			-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤	+105°C for \	V-temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units	Conditions	
SSP_5	TSCH	SCK output high time	8.5	_	_	ns	_	
SSP_7	TSCF	SCK and SDO output fall time	_	_	10	ns	_	
SSP_9	TSCR	SCK and SDO output rise time	_	_	10	ns	_	
SSP_11	TSOV	SDO data output valid after SCK	3	_	13	ns	$V_{DDIOX} = 3.3V$ , $C_{LOAD} = 15 pF_{(MAX)}$	
SSP_15	TSIS	SDI setup time of data input to SCK	6	_	_	ns		
SSP_17	TSIH	SDI hold time of data input to SCK	1	_	_	ns		
SSP_19	TSSS	SS setup to SCK	6	_	_	ns		
SSP_21	TSSH	SS hold after SCK Client	1	_	_	ns		

#### Notes:

- 1. Assumes V<sub>DDIOx</sub> (min) and 15 pF external load on all SPIx pins unless otherwise noted.
- 2. CPHA=0
- 3. CPHA=1
- 4. These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

# **3.1.5.4** Power-on Reset AC Electrical Specifications

Table 3-11. Power-on Reset AC Electrical Specifications

AC Characteristics			Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} =$ 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)					
			Operating Temperature: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial					
			-40°C	≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ -	+105°C fo	r V-temp		
Param. No.	Param. No. Symbol Characteristics		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
DC_11	VPOR	V <sub>DD</sub> start voltage to ensure internal POR signal	1.45	_	1.65	٧	_	
DC_12	SVDD	V <sub>DD</sub> rise rate to ensure internal POR signal	0.03	_	0.115	V/ms	0-3.0V in 0.1s	
DC_13	T(nRST)	External Reset valid active pulse width	3	_	_	us	_	

# 3.1.6 WINCS02IC Radio Specifications

**Table 3-12.** WINCSO2IC Radio Specifications

Feature	Description
WLAN standards	IEEE* 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and IEEE 802.11n
Frequency range	2.412 GHz ~ 2.472 GHz (2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz ISM band)
Number of channels	11 for North America and 13 for Europe and Japan



### 3.1.6.1 WINCSO2IC Receiver Performance

**Table 3-13.** WINCSO2IC Receiver Performance Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

RF Character	ristics		V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> otherwis Operation -40°C ≤	d Operation $_{\text{DIO}}=3.0\text{V}$ (se stated) and $_{\text{Tempe}}$ $_{\text{Tempe}}=7_{\text{A}} \leq +85^{\circ}$ $_{\text{Tempe}}=7_{\text{A}} \leq +105$	to 3.6V (u erature: C for Indu	inless		
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(5)</sup>	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units		
WF_RX_1	Frequency	_	2412	_	2472	MHz		
WF_RX_2	Sensitivity 802.11b	1 Mbps DSSS	_	-97	_	dBm		
		2 Mbps DSSS	_	-94	_			
		5.5 Mbps CCK	_	-93	_			
		11 Mbps CCK <sup>(6)</sup>	_	-89	_			
WF_RX_3	Sensitivity 802.11g	6 Mbps OFDM	_	-92	_	dBm		
		9 Mbps OFDM	_	-91	_			
		12 Mbps OFDM	_	-89	_			
		18 Mbps OFDM	_	-87	_			
		24 Mbps OFDM	_	-84	_			
		36 Mbps OFDM	_	-81	_			
		48 Mbps OFDM	_	-76	_			
		54 Mbps OFDM <sup>(6)</sup>	_	-75	_			
WF_RX_4	Sensitivity 802.11n (Bandwidth at 20 MHz) (Both long GI and short GI)	MCS 0	_	-90	_	dBm		
		MCS 1	_	-87	_			
		MCS 2	_	-85	_			
		MCS 3	_	-82	_			
		MCS 4	_	-79	_			
		MCS 5	_	-74	_			
		MCS 6	_	-73	_			
		MCS 7 <sup>(6)</sup>	_	-71	_			
WF_RX_5	Maximum receive signal level	1, 2 Mbps DSSS	-3	_	_	dBm		
		5.5, 11 Mbps CCK	-3	_	_			
		6 Mbps OFDM	-3	_	_			
		54 Mbps OFDM	-7.2	_	_			
		MCS 0	-3	_	_			
		MCS 7	-7	_	_			
WF_RX_6	Adjacent channel rejection	1 Mbps DSSS (30 MHz offset)	43.5	_	_	dB		
		11 Mbps CCK (25 MHz offset)	39.5	_	_			
		6 Mbps OFDM (25 MHz offset)	39.5	_	_			
		54 Mbps OFDM (25 MHz offset)	21.5	_	_			
		MCS 0 – 20 MHz Bandwidth (25 MHz offset)	38.5	-	_			
		MCS 7 – 20 MHz Bandwidth (25 MHz offset)	19.5	_	_			
WF_RX_7	RSSI accuracy	_	-5	_	5	dB		



conti	nued								
RF Characteristics				Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD}=V_{DDIO}=3.0V$ to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)					
			Operating -40°C ≤ T, -40°C ≤ T,	\ ≤ +85°C	for Indu	strial emp Temp			
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(5)</sup>	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units			

#### Notes:

- 1. Measured after RF matching network (assume  $50\Omega$  impedance).
- 2. RF performance is ensured at 3.3V, 25°C, with a 2-3 dB change at boundary conditions.
- 3. The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country-dependent and must be programmed in the host product at the factory to match the intended destination. Regulatory bodies prohibit exposing the settings to the end user. This requirement needs to be taken care of via host implementation.
- 4. The host product manufacturer must ensure that the RF behavior adheres to the certification (for example, FCC, ISED) requirements when the module is installed in the final host product.
- 5. This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- 6. This parameter is characterized and tested in manufacturing.

#### 3.1.6.2 WINCS02IC Transmitter Performance

Table 3-14. WINCS02IC Transmitter Performance Characteristics

RF Characteristics				Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD}=V_{DDIO}=3.0V$ to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)					
				ing Temperature: T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industr	ial				
			-40°C ≤	$T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$ for V-tem	р				
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(8)</sup>	Min.	Typ <sup>(3)</sup>	Max.	Units			
WF_TX_1	Frequency	_	2412	_	2472	MHz			
WF_TX_2	Output power <sup>(1)(2)</sup> 802.11b	1 Mbps DSSS <sup>(9)</sup>	_	19	_	dBm			
		2 Mbps DSSS	_	19	_				
		5.5 Mbps CCK	_	20	_				
		11 Mbps CCK	_	20	_				
WF_TX_3	Output power <sup>(1)(2)</sup> 802.11g	6 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_	dBm			
		9 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_				
		12 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_				
		18 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_				
		24 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_				
		36 Mbps OFDM	_	18	_				
		48 Mbps OFDM	_	17.5	_				
		54 Mbps OFDM <sup>(9)</sup>	_	17	_				



continued								
RF Characteristics				Standard Operating Conditions: V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DDIO</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
			Operating Temperature: -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industrial					
			-40°C ≤	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +105°C for V-tem	р			
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(8)</sup>	Min.	Typ <sup>(3)</sup>	Max.	Units		
WF_TX_4	Output power <sup>(1)(2)</sup> 802.11n (Bandwidth at 20 MHz)	MCS 0	_	18	_	dBm		
		MCS 1	_	18	_			
		MCS 2	_	18	_			
		MCS 3	_	17.5	_			
		MCS 4	_	17.5	_			
		MCS 5	_	17	_			
		MCS 6	_	17	_			
		MCS 7 <sup>(9)</sup>	_	17	_			
WF_TX_5	Transmit Power Control (TPC) accuracy	_	_	±2 <sup>(2)</sup>	_	dB		
WF_TX_6	· · ·	2nd	_	42	74 <sup>(7)</sup>	dBuV/m		
	(Radiated, Regulatory mode)	3rd	_	Below noise floor	74 <sup>(7)</sup>			

#### Notes:

- 1. Measured at IEEE® 802.11 specification compliant EVM/Spectral mask
- 2. Measured after RF matching network (assume  $50\Omega$  impedance)
- 3. RF performance is ensured at 3.3V, 25°C, with a 2-3 dB change at boundary conditions.
- 4. With respect to TX power, different (higher/lower) RF output power settings can be used for specific antennas and/or enclosures, in which case, re-certification can be required. Program the custom gain table to control the transmit power using the MCHPRT3 tool.
- 5. The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country-dependent and must be programmed in the host product at the factory to match the intended destination. Regulatory bodies prohibit exposing the settings to the end user. This requirement needs to be taken care of via host implementation.
- 6. The host product manufacturer must ensure that the RF behavior adheres to the certification (for example, FCC, ISED) requirements when the module is installed in the final host product.
- 7. FCC Radiated Emission limits (Restricted Band)
- 8. This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- 9. This parameter is characterized and tested in manufacturing.

### 3.1.6.3 WINCSO2IC Receiver and Transmitter Characteristics Graphs

Figure 3-3. Receive Current vs Temperature, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V

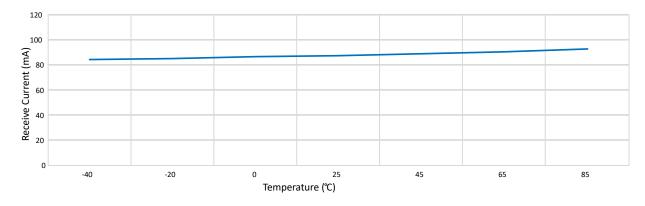




Figure 3-4. Receive Current vs Receive Signal Power, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V, 25°C

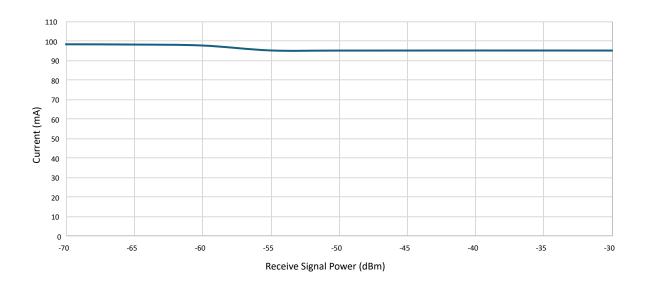


Figure 3-5. Transmit Current vs Temperature, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V

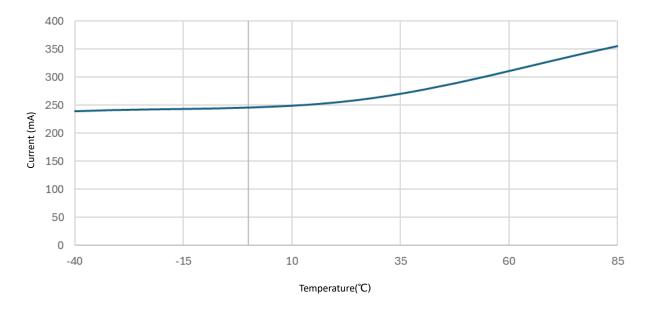




Figure 3-6. Transmit Current vs Transmit Output Power, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V, 25°C

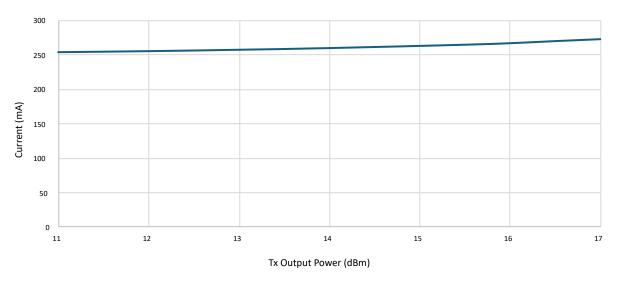
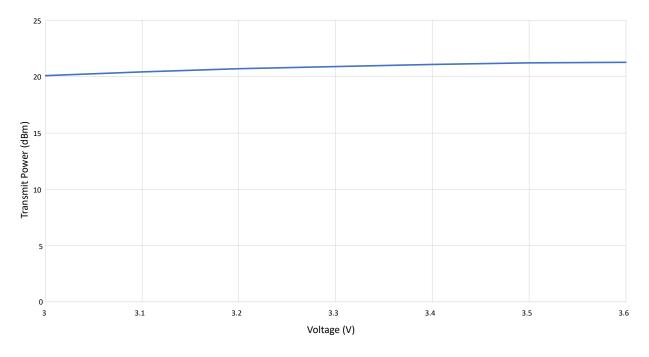
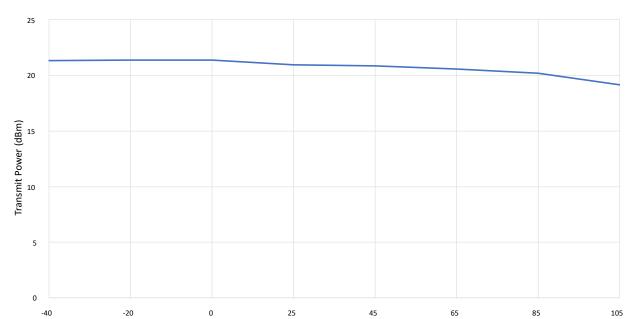


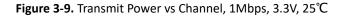
Figure 3-7. Transmit Power vs Voltage, 11b, 1Mbps, Channel 7, 25°C





Temperature (℃)

Figure 3-8. Transmit Power vs Temperature, 11b, 1Mbps, Channel 7, 3.3V, 25°C



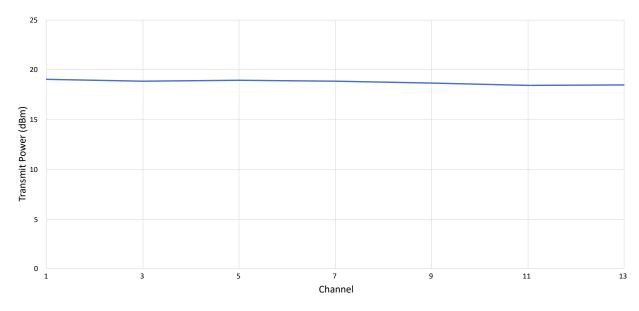




Figure 3-10. RSSI vs Received Signal Power, MCS7, Channel7, 3.3V, 25°C

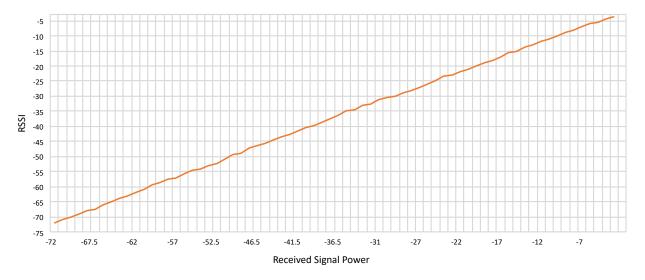


Figure 3-11. RX Sensitivity vs Channel, MCS7, 3.3V, 25°C

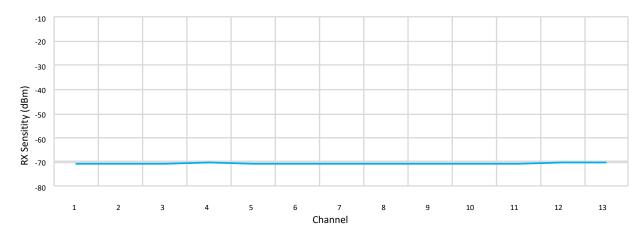
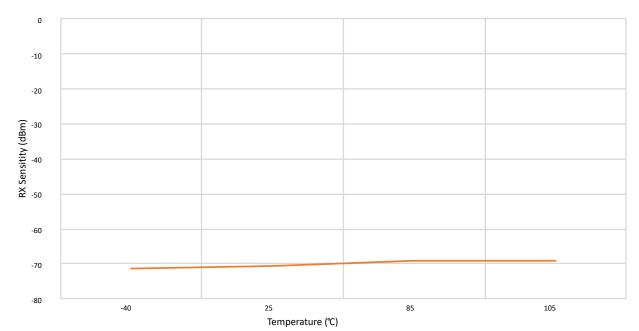




Figure 3-12. RX Sensitivity vs Temperature, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V



## 3.2 WINCS02 Module Electrical Specifications

This chapter provides the electrical specifications and the characteristics of the WINCS02 Module across the operating temperature range of the product.

### 3.2.1 WINCS02 Module Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following table provides details about the list of absolute maximum ratings for the WINCS02 Module. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect the device's reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied.

Table 3-15. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Ambient temperature under bias <sup>(1)</sup>	-40°C to +85°C
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub> with respect to GND	-0.3V to +4.0V
Voltage on any pin(s) with respect to GND	-0.3V to (V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V)
Voltage with respect to GND	-0.3V to (V <sub>DDIO</sub> +0.3V)
Maximum current out of GND pins <sup>(2)</sup>	500 mA
Maximum current into V <sub>DD</sub> pins <sup>(2)</sup>	500 mA
ESD Qualification	
Human Body Model (HBM) per JESD22-A114	±2000V
Charged Device Model (CDM) (ANSI/ESD STM 5.3.1)	±500V
Notes	

#### Notes:

- 1. The preceding table provides the list of stresses that can cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied.
- 2. Maximum allowable current is a function of the device's maximum power dissipation.

#### 3.2.2 Thermal Specifications

Table 3-16. Thermal Operating Conditions

Rating	Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit		
Industrial Temperature Devices:							
Operating ambient temperature range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	_	+85	°C		
Operating junction temperature range	T <sub>J</sub>	-40	_	+125	°C		

**Table 3-17.** Recommended Operating Voltages

Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
DC_1	$V_{DD}$	V <sub>DD</sub> voltage range	3	3.3	3.6	٧	_
DC_4	$V_{DDIO}$	V <sub>DDIO</sub> voltage range	3	3.3	3.6	٧	_
DC_7	GND	Common EDP ground reference	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{SS}$	V <sub>SS</sub>	V	_

#### 3.2.3 WINCS02 Module AC and DC Characteristics

For WINCS02 Module AC and DC Electrical Characteristics, refer to WINCS02IC Electrical Specifications.



## 3.2.3.1 Wi-Fi® Current Consumption

Table 3-18. Wi-Fi® Current Consumption DC Electrical Specifications

DC Characteristics <sup>(1)(2)</sup>			Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD}=V_{DDIO}=3.0V$ to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)  Operating Temperature: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{A} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ for Industrial}$					
Param. No.	Symbol	Device States	Code Rate	Output Power (Typ.) (dBm)	Current (Typ.) (mA) <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
IWF_TX	I <sub>DD</sub>	On_Transmit	802.11b 1 Mbps <sup>(4)</sup>	19	304	_	mA	$V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = 3.3V$
			802.11b 1 Mbps <sup>(4)</sup>	13	270	_		
			802.11b 11 Mbps <sup>(3)</sup>	20	311	_		
			802.11g 6 Mbps <sup>(4)</sup>	19	310	_		
			802.11g 54 Mbps <sup>(3)</sup>	17	274	_		
			802.11n MCS0 <sup>(4)</sup>	18	300	_		
			802.11n MCS7 <sup>(3)</sup>	17	273	_		
			802.11n MCS7 <sup>(4)</sup>	11	252	_		
IWF_RX	I <sub>DD</sub>	On_Receive	802.11b 1 Mbps <sup>(4)</sup>	_	92	_		
			802.11n MCS7 <sup>(3)</sup>	_	98			

#### Notes

- 1. Tested on channel 7 using an internal test firmware that provides manual control of data rate. In the Application mode firmware, the data rate is selected automatically based on the RSSI and other variables.
- 2. Data in the "Typ." column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.
- 3. These parameters are tested in manufacturing.
- 4. These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

### 3.2.4 WINCS02 Module Radio Specifications

Table 3-19. WINCS02 Module Radio Specifications

Feature	Description
WLAN standards	IEEE* 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, and IEEE 802.11n
Frequency range	2.412 GHz ~ 2.472 GHz (2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz ISM band)
Number of channels	11 for North America and 13 for Europe and Japan

#### 3.2.4.1 WINCS02 Module Receiver Performance

Table 3-20. WINCS02 Module Receiver Performance Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

		Standard Operating Conditions: $V_{DD}=V_{DDIO}=3.0V$ to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)  Operating Temperature: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{A} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial				
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(5)</sup>	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units
WF_RX_1	Frequency	_	2412	_	2472	MHz
WF_RX_2	Sensitivity 802.11b	1 Mbps DSSS	_	-97	_	dBm
		2 Mbps DSSS	_	-93	_	
		5.5 Mbps DSSS	_	-92	_	
		11 Mbps DSSS <sup>(6)</sup>	_	-88	_	



contir RF Characteris			Standard Op	perating Condit otherwise stat	tions: V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>D</sub>	<sub>DIO</sub> =3.0V to
			Operating Temperature: -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Indust			
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(5)</sup>	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units
WF_RX_3	Sensitivity 802.11g	6 Mbps OFDM	_	-91	_	dBm
		9 Mbps OFDM	_	-90	_	
		12 Mbps OFDM	_	-88	_	
		18 Mbps OFDM	_	-86	_	
		24 Mbps OFDM	_	-83	_	
		36 Mbps OFDM	_	-80	_	
		48 Mbps OFDM	_	-75	_	
		54 Mbps OFDM <sup>(6)</sup>	_	-74	_	
WF_RX_4	Sensitivity 802.11n	MCS 0	_	-89	_	dBm
	(Bandwidth at 20 MHz)	MCS 1	_	-86	_	
	(Both long GI and short GI)	MCS 2	_	-84	_	
	,	MCS 3	_	-81	_	
		MCS 4	_	-78	_	
		MCS 5	_	-74	_	
		MCS 6	_	-72	_	
		MCS 7 <sup>(6)</sup>	_	-70	_	
WF_RX_5	Maximum receive	1, 2 Mbps DSSS	-3	_	_	dBm
	signal level	5.5, 11 Mbps CCK	-3	_	_	
		6 Mbps OFDM	-3	_	_	
		54 Mbps OFDM	-8.5	_	_	
		MCS 0	-3	_	_	
		MCS 7	-8.5	_	_	
WF_RX_6	Adjacent channel	1 Mbps DSSS	43.5	_	_	dB
	rejection	(30 MHz offset)				
		11 Mbps CCK	38.5	_	_	
		(25 MHz offset)				
		6 Mbps OFDM	46.5	_	_	
		(25 MHz offset)				
		54 Mbps OFDM	28.5	_	_	
		(25 MHz offset)				
		MCS 0 – 20 MHz Bandwidth (25 MHz offset)	45.5	-	_	
		MCS 7 – 20 MHz Bandwidth (25 MHz offset)	25.5	_	_	
WF_RX_7	RSSI accuracy	_	-5	_	5	dB



continu	ied							
RF Characteristic				Standard Operating Conditions: V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DDIO</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
			Operating Ter -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +		trial			
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(5)</sup>	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units		

#### Notes:

- 1. Measured after RF matching network (assume  $50\Omega$  impedance)
- 2. RF performance is ensured at 3.3V, 25°C, with a 2-3 dB change at boundary conditions.
- 3. The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country-dependent and must be programmed in the host product at the factory to match the intended destination. Regulatory bodies prohibit exposing the settings to the end user. This requirement needs to be taken care of via host implementation.
- 4. The host product manufacturer must ensure that the RF behavior adheres to the certification (for example, FCC, ISED) requirements when the module is installed in the final host product.
- 5. This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- 6. This parameter is characterized and tested in manufacturing.

#### 3.2.4.2 WINCS02 Module Transmitter Performance

Table 3-21. WINCS02 Module Transmitter Performance Characteristics

RF Characteristics		Standard Operating Conditions: V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DDIO</sub> =3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)					
			Operating Temperature: -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industrial				
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(8)</sup>	Min.	Typ <sup>(3)</sup>	Max.	Units	
WF_TX_1	Frequency	_	2412	_	2472	MHz	
WF_TX_2	Output power <sup>(1)(2)</sup> 802.11b	1 Mbps DSSS <sup>(9)</sup>	_	19	_	dBm	
		2 Mbps DSSS	_	19	_		
		5.5 Mbps CCK	_	20	_		
		11 Mbps CCK	_	20	_		
WF_TX_3	Output power <sup>(1)(2)</sup> 802.11g	6 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_	dBm	
		9 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_		
		12 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_		
		18 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_		
		24 Mbps OFDM	_	19	_		
		36 Mbps OFDM	_	18	_		
		48 Mbps OFDM	_	17.5	_		
		54 Mbps OFDM <sup>(9)</sup>	_	17	_		
WF_TX_4		MCS 0	_	18	_	dBm	
	(Bandwidth at 20 MHz)	MCS 1	_	18	_		
		MCS 2	_	18	_		
		MCS 3	_	17.5	_		
		MCS 4	_	17.5	_		
		MCS 5	_	17	_		
		MCS 6	_	17	_		
		MCS 7 <sup>(9)</sup>	_	17	_		
WF_TX_5	Transmit Power Control (TPC) accuracy	_	_	±2 <sup>(2)</sup>	_	dB	



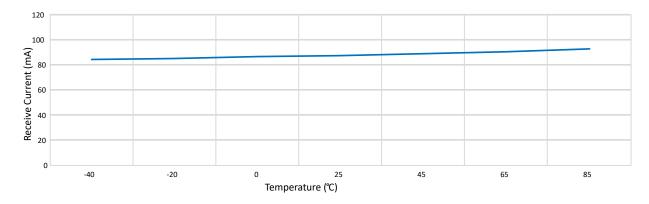
co	ntinued					
RF Characteristics Standard Operating Conditions: V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DDIO</sub> 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)			<sub>0</sub> =3.0V to			
				ing Temperature: T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for Industr	ial	
Param. No.	Characteristics	Description <sup>(8)</sup>	Min.	Typ <sup>(3)</sup>	Max.	Units
WF_TX_6	WF_TX_6 Harmonic output power (Radiated, Regulatory mode)	2nd	_	42	74 <sup>(7)</sup>	dBuV/m
		3rd	_	Below noise floor	74 <sup>(7)</sup>	

#### Notes:

- 1. Measured at IEEE® 802.11 specification compliant EVM/Spectral mask
- 2. Measured after RF matching network (assume  $50\Omega$  impedance)
- 3. RF performance is ensured at 3.3V, 25°C, with a 2-3 dB change at boundary conditions.
- 4. With respect to TX power, different (higher/lower) RF output power settings can be used for specific antennas and/or enclosures, in which case, re-certification can be required. Program the custom gain table to control the transmit power using the MCHPRT3 tool.
- 5. The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country-dependent and must be programmed in the host product at the factory to match the intended destination. Regulatory bodies prohibit exposing the settings to the end user. This requirement needs to be taken care of via host implementation.
- 6. The host product manufacturer must ensure that the RF behavior adheres to the certification (for example, FCC, ISED) requirements when the module is installed in the final host product.
- 7. FCC Radiated Emission limits (Restricted Band)
- 8. This parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- 9. This parameter is characterized and tested in manufacturing.

#### 3.2.4.3 WINCS02 Module Receiver and Transmitter Characteristics Graphs

Figure 3-13. Receive Current vs Temperature, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V





**Figure 3-14.** Receive Current vs Receive Signal Power, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}$ C

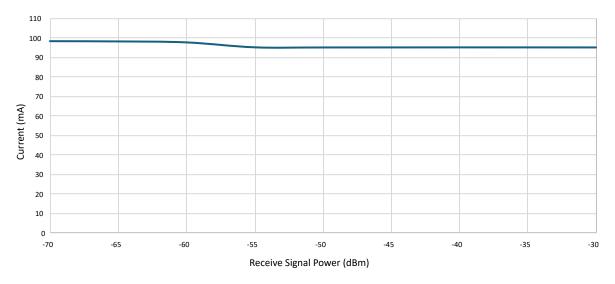
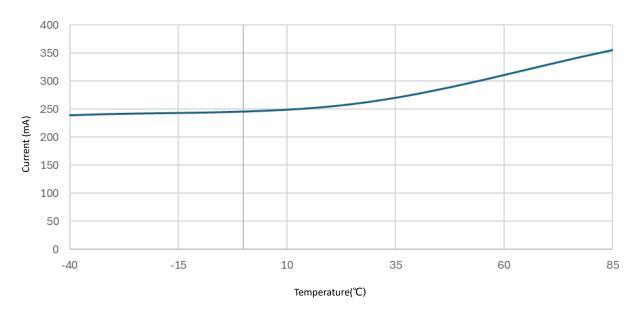


Figure 3-15. Transmit Current vs Temperature, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V



**Figure 3-16.** Transmit Current vs Transmit Output Power, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

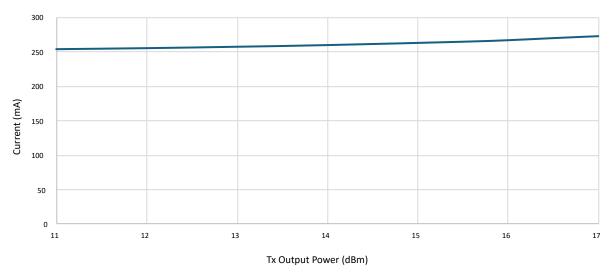
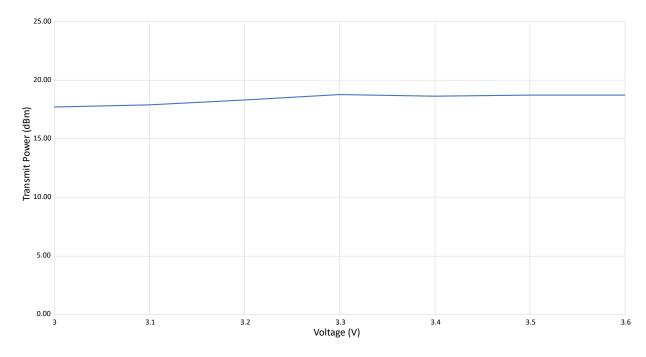


Figure 3-17. Transmit Power vs Voltage, 1M, Channel 7, 3.3V, 25°C



 $\textbf{Figure 3-18.} \ \textbf{Transmit Power vs Temperature, 1M, Channel 7, 3.3V}$ 

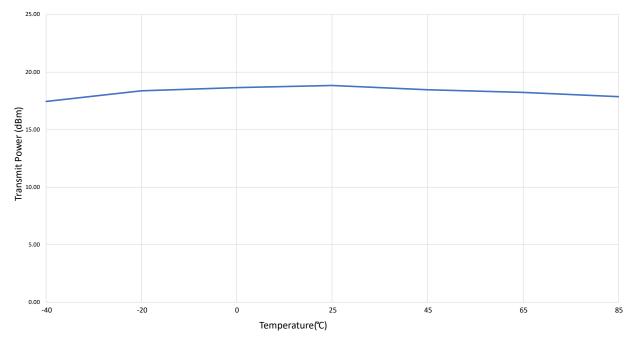


Figure 3-19. Transmit Power vs Channel, 1M, Channel 7, 3.3V, 25°C

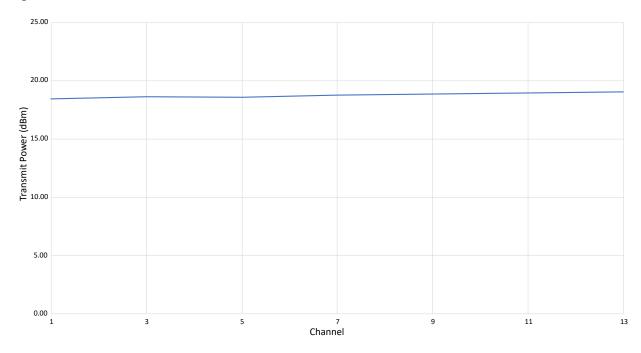


Figure 3-20. RX RSSI vs RX Input Power, MCS7, 3.3V, 25°C

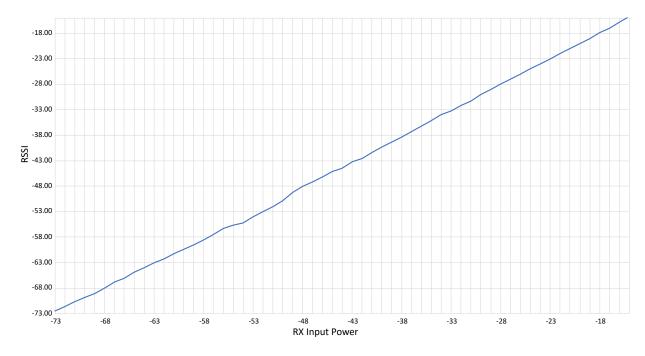
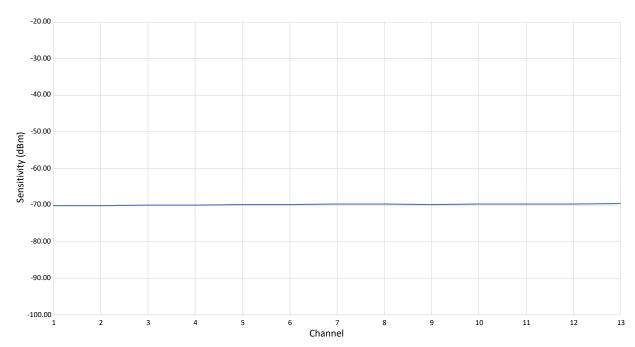
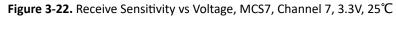


Figure 3-21. RX Sensitivity vs Channel, MCS7, 3.3V, 25°C





DS70005577A - 49



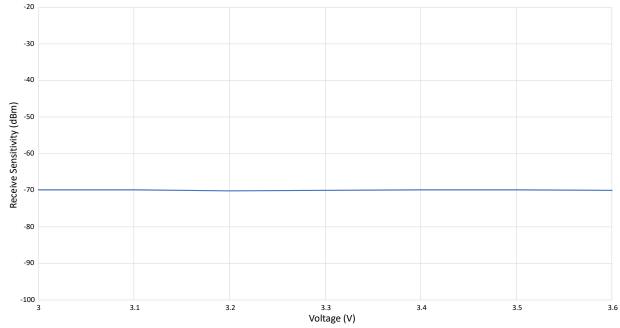
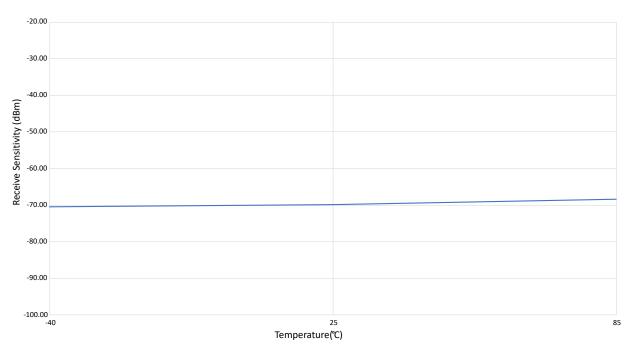


Figure 3-23. Receive Sensitivity vs Temperature, MCS7, Channel 7, 3.3V





## 4. Packaging Information

This chapter provides information on package markings, dimension and footprint of the WINCS02IC and the WINCS02 Module.

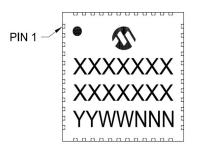
## 4.1 WINCSO2IC Packaging Information

For the most current package drawings, see the Microchip Packaging Specification available at www.microchip.com/en-us/support/package-drawings.

#### 4.1.1 WINCS02IC Package Marking

Figure 4-1. WINCSO2IC Package Marking

48L VQFN 7x7x0.9 mm



#### Example



Legend: XX...X Customer-specific information

Year code (last digit of calendar year)

YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)

WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')

NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

#### Note:

In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

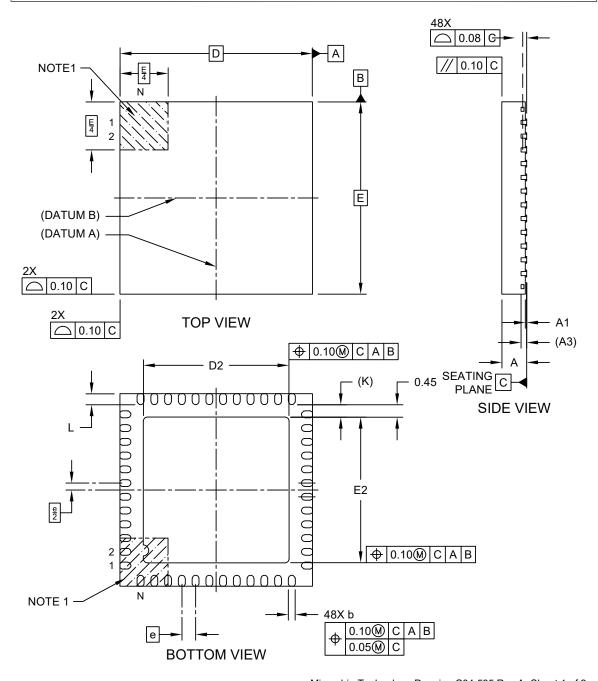
#### 4.1.2 WINCS02IC Packaging Dimension

This section provides the package dimension details of WINCS02IC.



# 48-Lead Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ZZX) - 7x7 mm Body [VQFN] With 5.3 mm Exposed Pad

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging

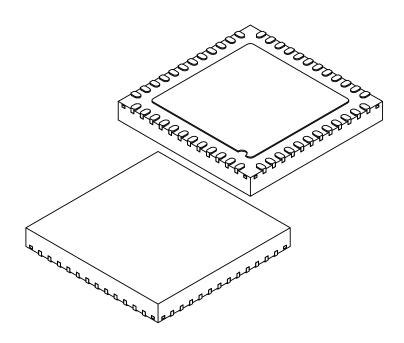


Microchip Technology Drawing C04-535 Rev A  $\,$  Sheet 1 of 2  $\,$ 



## 48-Lead Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ZZX) - 7x7 mm Body [VQFN] With 5.3 mm Exposed Pad

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	N	ILLIMETER	S		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Terminals	N		48		
Pitch	е		0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	Α	0.80	0.85	0.90	
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.035	0.05	
Terminal Thickness	A3	0.203 REF			
Overall Length	D		7.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Length	D2	5.20	5.30	5.40	
Overall Width	Е		7.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Width	E2	5.20	5.30	5.40	
Terminal Width	b	0.20 0.25 0.30			
Terminal Length	L	0.30 0.40 0.50			
Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad	K	0.45 REF			

#### Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. Package is saw singulated
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

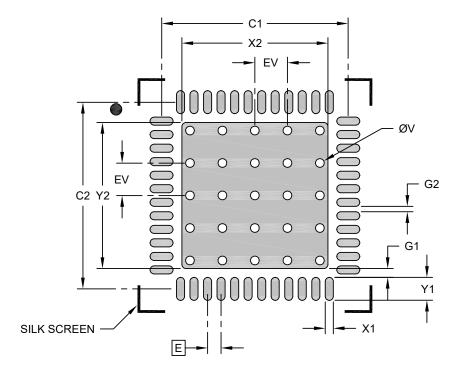
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-535 Rev A Sheet 2 of 2



## 48-Lead Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ZZX) - 7x7 mm Body [VQFN] With 5.3 mm Exposed Pad

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	N	IILLIMETER:	S	
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	Е		0.50 BSC	
Center Pad Width	X2			5.40
Center Pad Length	Y2			5.40
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		6.90	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		6.90	
Contact Pad Width (X48)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X48)	Y1			0.85
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X48)	G1	0.33		
Contact Pad to Contact Pad (X44)	G2	0.20		
Thermal Via Diameter	V		0.33	
Thermal Via Pitch	EV	•	1.20	

#### Notes:

- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
- 2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2535 Rev A

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## 4.2 WINCS02 Module Packaging Information

### 4.2.1 WINCS02 Module Packaging Marking

Figure 4-2. WINCS02 Module Packaging Marking











#### Legend:

XX....X Module part number and version and regulatory designator

YY: Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week "01")
NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

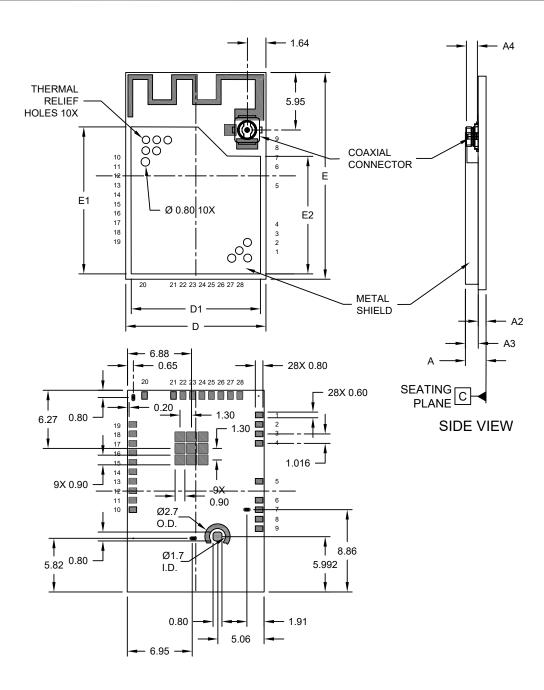
## 4.2.2 WINCS02 Module Packaging Dimension

This section provides the package dimension details of the WINCS02 Module.



# 28-Lead PCB Module (TEC) - 14.73x21.72x2.1 mm Body [MODULE] With Metal Shield and Coaxial Connector

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging

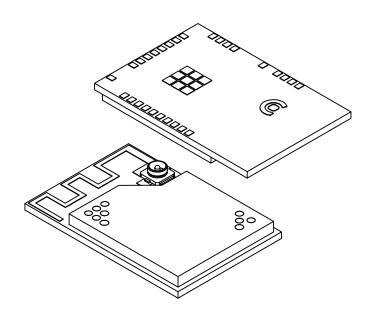


Microchip Technology Drawing C04-21567 Rev C Sheet 1 of 2



# 28-Lead PCB Module (TEC) - 14.73x21.72x2.1 mm Body [MODULE] With Metal Shield and Coaxial Connector

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units MILLIMETERS		S		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Terminals	N		28	
Overall Height	Α	1.90	2.10	2.30
PCB Thickness	A2	0.70	0.80	0.90
Shield Height	A3	1.30 REF		
UFL Connector Height	A4	1.25 REF		
Overall Length	D	14.73 BSC		
Overall Width	Е	21.72 BSC		
Shield Length	D1	13.53	13.63	13.73
Shield Width	E1	15.36	15.46	15.56
Terminal Width	b	0.50	0.60	0.70
Terminal Length	L	0.70	0.80	0.90
Shield Width 2	E2	12.30	12.40	12.50

#### Notes:

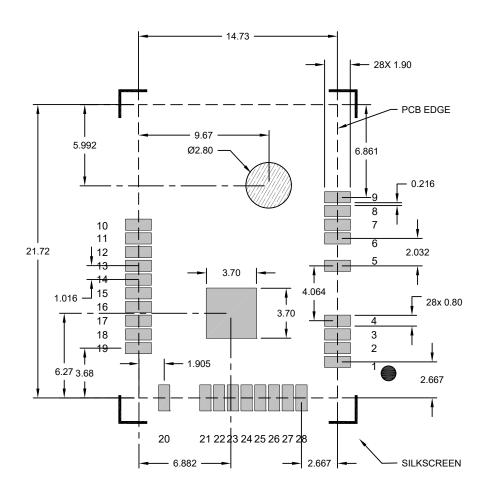
1. All dimensions are in millimeters.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-21567 Rev C  $\,$  Sheet 2 of 2  $\,$ 



# 28-Lead PCB Module (TEC) - 14.73x21.72x2.1 mm Body [MODULE] With Metal Shield and Coaxial Connector

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging





#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Keep these areas free from routes and exposed copper. Ground fill with solder mask may be placed here.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-23567 Rev C



## 5. Appendix A: Regulatory Approval

The WINCS02PC module has received regulatory approval for the following countries:

- United States/FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02
- Canada/ISED:
  - IC: 20266-WIXCS02
  - HVIN: WINCS02PC
  - PMN:Wireless MCU Module with IEEE®802.11 b/g/n
- Europe/CE
- Great Britain/UKCA

The WINCS02PE module has received regulatory approval for the following countries:

- United States/FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02
- Canada/ISED:
  - IC: 20266-WIXCS02
  - HVIN: WINCS02PE
  - PMN:Wireless MCU Module with IEEE®802.11 b/g/n
- Europe/CE
- Great Britain/UKCA

The WINCS02UC module has received regulatory approval for the following countries:

- United States/FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02U
- Canada/ISED:
  - IC: 20266-WIXCS02U
  - HVIN: WINCS02UC
  - PMN:Wireless MCU Module with IEEE®802.11 b/g/n
- Europe/CE
- Great Britain/UKCA

The WINCS02UE module has received regulatory approval for the following countries:

- United States/FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02U
- Canada/ISED:
  - IC: 20266-WIXCS02U
  - HVIN: WINCS02UE
  - PMN:Wireless MCU Module with IEEE®802.11 b/g/n
- Europe/CE
- · Great Britain/UKCA

### 5.1 United States

The WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE modules have received Federal Communications Commission (FCC) CFR47 Telecommunications, Part 15 Subpart C "Intentional Radiators" single-modular approval in accordance with Part 15.212 Modular Transmitter approval. Single-modular transmitter approval is defined as a complete RF transmission sub-assembly, designed to be incorporated into another device, that must demonstrate compliance with FCC rules and policies independent of any host. A transmitter with a modular grant can be installed in different end-use products (referred to as a host, host product or host device) by the grantee or other equipment manufacturer, then the host product may not require additional testing or



equipment authorization for the transmitter function provided by that specific module or limited module device.

The user must comply with all of the instructions provided by the Grantee, which indicate installation and/or operating conditions necessary for compliance.

A host product itself is required to comply with all other applicable FCC equipment authorization regulations, requirements, and equipment functions that are not associated with the transmitter module portion. For example, compliance must be demonstrated: to regulations for other transmitter components within a host product; to requirements for unintentional radiators (Part 15 Subpart B), such as digital devices, computer peripherals, radio receivers, etc.; and to additional authorization requirements for the non-transmitter functions on the transmitter module (i.e., Suppliers Declaration of Conformity (SDoC) or certification) as appropriate (e.g., Bluetooth and Wi-Fi transmitter modules may also contain digital logic functions).

### 5.1.1 Labeling and User Information Requirements

The WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE modules have been labeled with its own FCC ID number, and if the FCC ID is not visible when the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the finished product into which the module is installed must display a label referring to the enclosed module. This exterior label must use the following wording:

For the WINCS02PC/PE module	Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02
	or
	Contains FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02
	This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
For the WINCS02UC/UE module	Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02U
	or
	Contains FCC ID: 2ADHKWIXCS02U
	This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The user's manual for the finished product must include the following statement:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
- · Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help

Additional information on labeling and user information requirements for Part 15 devices can be found in KDB Publication 784748, which is available at the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Laboratory Division Knowledge Database (KDB) apps.fcc.gov/oetcf/kdb/index.cfm.

#### 5.1.2 RF Exposure

All transmitters regulated by FCC must comply with RF exposure requirements. KDB 447498 General RF Exposure Guidance provides guidance in determining whether proposed or existing transmitting



facilities, operations or devices comply with limits for human exposure to Radio Frequency (RF) fields adopted by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

From the FCC Grant: Output power listed is conducted. This grant is valid only when the module is sold to OEM integrators and must be installed by the OEM or OEM integrators. This transmitter is restricted for use with the specific antenna(s) tested in this application for Certification and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitters within a host device, except in accordance with FCC multi-transmitter product procedures.

WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE: These modules are approved for installation into mobile or/and portable host platforms.

#### 5.1.3 Approved Antenna Types

To maintain modular approval in the United States, only the tested antenna types are used. It is permissible to use different antenna, provided the same antenna type, antenna gain (equal to or less than), with similar in-band and out-of band characteristics (refer to specification sheet for cutoff frequencies).

For the WINCS02PC/PE, the approval is received using the integral PCB antenna.

For the WINCS02UC/UE, approved antennas are listed in the WINCS02 Module Approved External Antenna.

#### 5.1.4 Helpful Web Sites

- Federal Communications Commission (FCC): www.fcc.gov.
- FCC Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Laboratory Division Knowledge Database (KDB) apps.fcc.gov/oetcf/kdb/index.cfm.

#### 5.2 Canada

The WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE modules have been certified for use in Canada under Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED, formerly Industry Canada) Radio Standards Procedure (RSP) RSP-100, Radio Standards Specification (RSS) RSS-Gen and RSS-247. Modular approval permits the installation of a module in a host device without the need to recertify the device.

#### **5.2.1** Labeling and User Information Requirements

Labeling Requirements (from RSP-100 - Issue 12, Section 5): The host product shall be properly labeled to identify the module within the host device.

The Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada certification label of a module shall be clearly visible at all times when installed in the host device; otherwise, the host product must be labeled to display the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada certification number of the module, preceded by the word "Contains" or similar wording expressing the same meaning, as follows:

For the WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE module
For the WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE module
Contains IC: 20266-WIXCS02U
Contains IC: 20266-WIXCS02U

User Manual Notice for License-Exempt Radio Apparatus (from Section 8.4 RSS-Gen, Issue 5, February 2021): User manuals for license-exempt radio apparatus shall contain the following or equivalent notice in a conspicuous location in the user manual or alternatively on the device or both:



This device contains license-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's license-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause interference;
- (2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- 1. L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
- 2. L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Transmitter Antenna (From Section 6.8 RSS-GEN, Issue 5, February 2021): User manuals, for transmitters shall display the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter IC: 20266-20266-WIXCS02 and IC: 20266-20266-WIXCS02U have been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Le présent émetteur radio IC: 20266-20266-WIXCS02 and IC: 20266-20266-WIXCS02U a été approuvé par Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés cidessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, et dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué pour tout type figurant sur la liste, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types approved for use with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and required impedance for each.

#### 5.2.2 RF Exposure

All transmitters regulated by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED) must comply with RF exposure requirements listed in RSS-102 - Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands).

This transmitter is restricted for use with a specific antenna tested in this application for certification, and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitters within a host device, except in accordance with Canada multi-transmitter product procedures.

WINCS02PC/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE: The device operates at an output power level which is within the ISED SAR test exemption limits at any user distance.

#### **Exposition aux RF**

Tous les émetteurs réglementés par Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada (ISDE) doivent se conformer à l'exposition aux RF. exigences énumérées dans RSS-102 - Conformité à l'exposition aux radiofréquences (RF) des appareils de radiocommunication (toutes les bandes de fréquences).

Cet émetteur est limité à une utilisation avec une antenne spécifique testée dans cette application pour la certification, et ne doit pas être colocalisé ou fonctionner conjointement avec une autre antenne ou émetteur au sein d'un appareil hôte, sauf conformément avec les procédures canadiennes relatives aux produits multi-transmetteurs.

Les appareils fonctionnent à un niveau de puissance de sortie qui se situe dans les limites du DAS ISED. tester les limites d'exemption à toute distance d'utilisateur supérieure à 20 cm.

#### 5.2.3 Approved Antenna Types

For the WINCS02PC/PE, approval was received using the integral PCB antenna.



For the WINCS02UC/UE, approved antennas are listed in the WINCS02 Module Approved External Antenna.

#### 5.2.4 Helpful Web Sites

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED): www.ic.gc.ca/.

#### 5.3 Europe

The WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE modules are a Radio Equipment Directive (RED) assessed radio module that is CE marked and has been manufactured and tested with the intention of being integrated into a final product.

The WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE modules have been tested to RED 2014/53/EU Essential Requirements mentioned in the following European Compliance table.

Table 5-1. European Compliance Information

Certification	Standard	Article
Safety	EN 62368	2.1.2
Health	EN 62311	3.1a
EMC	EN 301 489-1	2.16
EIVIC	EN 301 489-17	3.1b
Radio	EN 300 328	3.2

The ETSI provides guidance on modular devices in the "Guide to the application of harmonised standards covering articles 3.1b and 3.2 of the RED 2014/53/EU (RED) to multi-radio and combined radio and non-radio equipment" document available at http://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi eg/203300 203399/20 3367/01.01.01 60/eg 203367v010101p.pdf.

**Note:** To maintain conformance to the standards listed in the preceding European Compliance table, the module shall be installed in accordance with the installation instructions in this data sheet and shall not be modified. When integrating a radio module into a completed product, the integrator becomes the manufacturer of the final product and is therefore responsible for demonstrating compliance of the final product with the essential requirements against the RED.

#### 5.3.1 Labeling and User Information Requirements

The label on the final product that contains the WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE modules must follow CE marking requirements.

### **5.3.2** Conformity Assessment

From ETSI Guidance Note EG 203367, section 6.1, when non-radio products are combined with a radio product:

If the manufacturer of the combined equipment installs the radio product in a host non-radio product in equivalent assessment conditions (i.e. host equivalent to the one used for the assessment of the radio product) and according to the installation instructions for the radio product, then no additional assessment of the combined equipment against article 3.2 of the RED is required.

### 5.3.2.1 Simplified EU Declaration of Conformity

Hereby, Microchip Technology Inc. declares that the radio equipment type WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UE modules are in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU.

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity, for this product, is available at www.microchip.com/design-centers/wireless-connectivity/.

#### 5.3.3 Approved Antenna Types

For the WINCS02PC/PE, approval was received using the integral PCB antenna.



For the WINCS02UC/UE, approved antennas are listed in the WINCS02 Module Approved External Antenna.

#### 5.3.4 Helpful Websites

A document that can be used as a starting point in understanding the use of Short Range Devices (SRD) in Europe is the European Radio Communications Committee (ERC) Recommendation 70-03 E, which can be downloaded from the European Communications Committee (ECC) at: http://www.ecodocdb.dk/.

Additional helpful web sites are:

- Radio Equipment Directive (2014/53/EU): https://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/european-standards/harmonised-standards/red\_en
- European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations (CEPT): http://www.cept.org
- European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI): http://www.etsi.org
- The Radio Equipment Directive Compliance Association (REDCA): http://www.redca.eu/

## 5.4 UKCA (UK Conformity Assessed)

The WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE Module is a UK conformity assessed radio module that meets all the essential requirements according to CE RED requirements.

#### 5.4.1 Labeling Requirements for Module and User's Requirements

The label on the final product that contains the WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE Module must follow UKCA marking requirements.



The UKCA mark above is printed on the module itself or on the packing label.

Additional details for the label requirement are available at:

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/using-the-ukca-marking#check-whether-you-need-to-use-the-new-ukca-marking.



#### 5.4.2 UKCA Declaration of Conformity

Hereby, Microchip Technology Inc. declares that the radio equipment type the WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE modules are in compliance with the Radio Equipment Regulations 2017. The full text of the UKCA declaration of conformity for this product is available (under *Documents > Certifications*) at: www.microchip.com/en-us/product/WINCS02.

#### 5.4.3 Approved Antennas

The testing of the WINCS02PC/WINCS02PE/WINCS02UC/WINCS02UE Module was performed with the antennas listed in WINCS02 Module Approved External Antenna.

### 5.4.4 Helpful Websites

For more information on the UKCA regulatory approvals, refer to the www.gov.uk/guidance/placing-manufactured-goods-on-the-market-in-great-britain.

## 5.5 Other Regulatory Information

- For information about other countries' jurisdictions not covered here, refer to the www.microchip.com/design-centers/wireless-connectivity/certifications.
- Should other regulatory jurisdiction certification be required by the customer, or the customer needs to recertify the module for other reasons, contact Microchip for the required utilities and documentation.



## 6. Appendix B: Acronyms and Abbreviations

Table 6-1. Acronyms and Abbreviations

Acronyms	Abbreviations	
ADC	Analog-to-Digital Converter	
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard	
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	
CBC	Cypher Block Chaining	
CDM	Charged Device Model	
CFB	Cypher Feedback Mode	
CLK	Clock	
CMD	Command	
CPU	Central Processing Unit	
CTR	Counter Mode	
CTS	Clear-to-Send	
DAC	Digital-to-Analog Converter	
DC	Direct Current	
DES	Data Encryption Standard	
DFU	Device Firmware Update	
DNP	Do Not Populate	
ECB	Electronic Code Book	
ECC	Elliptic-Curve Cryptography	
EMC	Electro-Magnetic Compatibility	
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge	
ESR	Effective Series Resistance	
EVM	Error Vector Magnitude	
FCC	Federal Communications Commission	
GND	Ground	
GPIO	General Purpose I/O	
НВМ	Human Body Model	
НРА	High Power Amplifier	
НТТР	Hypertext Transfer Protocol	
I <sup>2</sup> C	Inter-Integrated Circuit	
IP	Internet Protocol	
1/0	Input Output	
IPWR	Idle Current	
ISED	Innovation, Science and Economic Development	
ISM	International Safety Management Certification	
LNA	Low Noise Amplifier	
MCLR	Master Clear Reset Active Low	
MSB	Most Significant Bit	
NC	No Connection	
NDRNG	Non Deterministic Random Number Generator	
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology	
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer	



Acronyms OFB Output Feedback Mode OFDM Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing OSC Oscillator OTA Over-the-Air OTP One Time Programmable PA Power Amplifier PCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RX Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Static Random Access Memory TP Test Point Tro Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VGFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WIAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access	continued	
OFB OFDM Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing OSC Oscillator OTA Over-the-Air OTP One Time Programmable PA Power Amplifier PFCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Power Management Frame PMU Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO PRIO PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TY Test Point TT Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VGFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WIAN WIF-IP Protected Access		Abbreviations
OFDM OSC OScillator OScillator OYA Over-the-Air OTP One Time Programmable PA Power Amplifier PCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmitsion Control Protocol TLS Transmit Dower Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WHAN Wireless Local Area Network WHA Wireless Local Area Network WUAN Wireless Local Area Network WUAP Wireless Local Area Network WIFE Protected Access		
OSC OTA Over-the-Air OTP One Time Programmable PA Power Amplifier PCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TTP Test Point Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wireless Local Area Network WUAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA		·
OTA Over-the-Air OTP One Time Programmable PA Power Amplifier PCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power Operating State Sta		
OTP One Time Programmable PA Power Amplifier PCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power Management Unit POR Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM TCP Transmitsion Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access		
PA Power Amplifier PCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access		
PCB Printed Circuit Board PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power Annagement Unit POR Power On Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VOFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access		
PMF Protected Management Frame PMU Power Management Unit POR Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TreC Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VGPN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WHA Wireless Local Area Network Wi-Fi* Protected Access		
PMU Power Management Unit POR Power-on Reset POSC Primary Oscillator PRIO Priority PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VGPN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access		
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PTA Packet Traffic Arbitration PWM Pulse Width Modulation RF Radio Frequency ROM Read Only Memory RP Reverse Polarity RSSI Receive Signal Strength Indication RTCC Real Time Clock Calendar RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TYC Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA		
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RTCC RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX UART UART UINVERSAL Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wi-Fi* Protected Access	RP	Reverse Polarity
RTS Request-to-Send RX Receive SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access	RSSI	Receive Signal Strength Indication
RX SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	RTCC	Real Time Clock Calendar
SMA SubMiniature Connector SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access	RTS	Request-to-Send
SMD Surface Mount Device SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	RX	Receive
SRAM Static Random Access Memory SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access	SMA	SubMiniature Connector
SSL Secure Sockets Layer STM Standard Test Method TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	SMD	Surface Mount Device
STM TCP Transmission Control Protocol TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN WI-Fi® Protected Access	SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
TCP Transmission Control Protocol  TLS Transport Layer Security  TP Test Point  TPC Transmit Power Control  TX Transmit  UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter  UDP Unified Data Packet  VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead  WLAN Wireless Local Area Network  WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
TLS Transport Layer Security TP Test Point TPC Transmit Power Control TX Transmit UART UDP Unified Data Packet VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Transport Layer Security Test Point Test Point Transmit Unified Data Packet Vnified Data Packet Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	STM	Standard Test Method
TP Test Point  TPC Transmit Power Control  TX Transmit  UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter  UDP Unified Data Packet  VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead  WLAN Wireless Local Area Network  WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TPC Transmit Power Control  TX Transmit  UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter  UDP Unified Data Packet  VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead  WLAN Wireless Local Area Network  WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	TLS	Transport Layer Security
TX Transmit  UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter  UDP Unified Data Packet  VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead  WLAN Wireless Local Area Network  WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	TP	Test Point
TX Transmit  UART Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter  UDP Unified Data Packet  VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead  WLAN Wireless Local Area Network  WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access	TPC	Transmit Power Control
UDP Unified Data Packet  VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead  WLAN Wireless Local Area Network  WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access	TX	
UDP Unified Data Packet  VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead  WLAN Wireless Local Area Network  WPA Wi-Fi* Protected Access	UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
VQFN Very Thin Quad Flat No-lead WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access		-
WLAN Wireless Local Area Network WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access		
WPA Wi-Fi® Protected Access		-
	XOSC	Crystal Oscillator



## 7. Document Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

Table 7-1. Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Section	Description
Α	09/2024	Document	Initial Revision



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ISBN: 978-1-6683-0115-9

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