3-Channel LED Array Driver IC

Features

- Integrated 200V, 25Ω (typ.) MOSFETs
- ▶ Programmable output current to 80mA per channel
- TTL compatible PWM dimming inputs
- 3-Phase synchronous operation
- Leading edge blanking
- Short circuit protection with skip mode
- Over-temperature protection

Applications

- LCD panel backlighting
- ▶ DLP RPTV or projector LED engine driver
- RGB decorative lighting
- General LED lighting

General Description

The HV9980 is a fully integrated 3-channel peak-current PWM controller for driving buck converters in constant output current mode. It is optimized for use with a large array of 20~80mA LED strings, where multiple HV9980 ICs are used sharing a common clock and a common reference voltage.

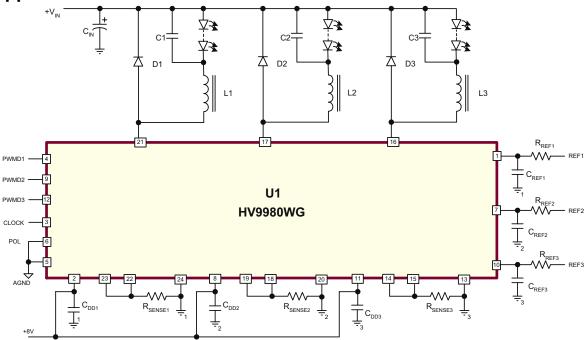
Both the clock and the voltage reference are external to the HV9980 for improved output current accuracy and uniform

illumination. The output currents are programmed by controlling peak source current in each of the three internal 200V, 25Ω switching MOSFETs.

The peak current is detected by monitoring voltage at external sense resistors connected to RSENSE1-3. The switching MOSFET is turned off when the corresponding current sense signal exceeds the reference voltage applied at REF1-3 (in the case of normal output signal polarity). Beginning of the next switching cycle is determined by the external clock signal received at the CLK input. All three channels operate at a switching frequency of 1/6 of the external clock frequency and positioned 120° out-of-phase for the purpose of input and output ripple current reduction. Each channel is protected from an output short circuit condition. When an over-current condition is detected in the output switch (RSENSE1-3), the corresponding channel shuts down for 200us. HV9980 recovers automatically, when the short circuit condition is removed. Each current sense input (CS1-CS3) is equipped with a leading edge blanking delay to prevent false triggering of the current sense comparators due to circuit parasitics.

Over-temperature protection is included to prevent destructive failures due to over-heating. Programmable slope compensation is available at each CS input. AGND and PGND1-3 must be tied together on the printed circuit board. VDD1-3 must be also connected together on the PCB.

Typical Application Circuit



Ordering Information

	Package Option
Device	24-Lead SOW 15.40x7.50 body 2.65mm height (max) 1.27mm pitch
HV9980	HV9980WG-G

-G indicates package is RoHS compliant ('Green')





Absolute Maximum Ratings

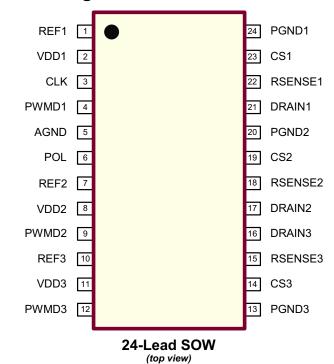
Parameter	Value			
Supply voltage, V _{DD}	-0.3V to +10V			
Drain1-3 outputs	-0.3V to +200V			
CS1-3 inputs	-0.3V to +5.0V			
Other inputs and outputs	-0.3V to $V_{\scriptscriptstyle DD}$			
Supply current, I _{DD}	+10mA			
Power dissipation (T _A = +25°C)	1300mW			
Thermal impedance (θ_{JA})	60°C/W			
Operating ambient temperature range	-40°C to +85°C			
Operating junction temperature range	-40°C to +125°C ¹			
Operating junction temperature range	-40°C to +150°C ²			
Storage temperature range	-65°C to +150°C			

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. All voltages referenced to ground.

Notes:

- Operation out of this range will not guarantee electrical characteristics 1. described in this datasheet.
- Operation out of this range will be destructive to the IC.

Pin Configuration



Product Marking





YY = Year Sealed WW = Week Sealed

L = Lot Number C = Country of Origin

Bottom Marking ccccccccc

A = Assembler ID* ____ = "Green" Packaging

*May be part of top marking

24-Lead SOW (WG)

Electrical Characteristics (The specifications are at $T_A = 25$ °C and $V_{DD} = 8.0$ V, unless otherwise noted.)

Sym	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Conditions		
Supply In	put (VDD1 - VDD3)						
$V_{DD(UVLO)}$	V _{DD} undervoltage threshold *		-	-	5.3	V	VDD falling
$\Delta V_{DD(UVLO)}$	V _{DD} undervoltage hysteresis		-	500	-	mV	
I _{DD}	Operating supply current	*	-	-	3.0	mA	Total of VDD1 - VDD3

High Voltage Switches (DRAIN1 - RSENSE1, DRAIN2 - RSENSE2, DRAIN3 - RSENSE3)

$V_{_{\mathrm{BR}}}$	Breakdown voltage	*	210	-	-	٧	
R _{on}	On-resistance	-	-	25	45	Ω	$I_{DRAIN} = 50 \text{mA}, V_{RSENSE} = 0 \text{V}$
I _{SAT}	DRAIN saturation current	*	200	-	-	mA	$V_{DRAIN} = 120V, V_{RSENSE} = 1.3V$

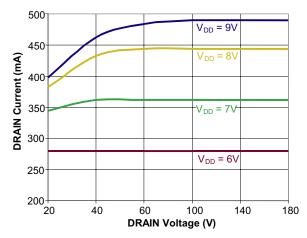
Denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating ambient temperature range of -40°C < T_a < +85°C.

Electrical Characteristics (cont.) (The specifications are at T_A = 25°C and V_{DD} = 8.0V, unless otherwise noted.)

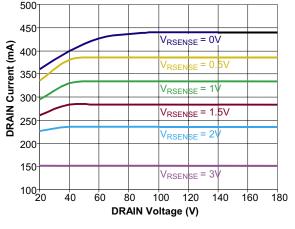
	· · · · · ·				^		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Sym	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions					
Current S	Current Sense Comparators (CS1 - REF1, CS2 - REF2, CS3 - REF3)											
V _{CS(LIM)}	Short circuit protection threshold	*	1.0	-	1.3	V						
T _{SKIP}	Short circuit recovery delay	-	-	200	-	μs						
T _{BLANK}	Leading edge blanking delay	-	120	-	220	ns						
V _{os}	Input offset voltage	*	-7.0	-	7.0	mV						
T _{DELAY}	Propagation delay CS-to-DRAIN	*	-	-	150	ns	V _{CS} - V _{REF} = 50mV					
T _{DELAY(LIM)}	Shutdown delay CS-to-DRAIN	*	-	-	0.5	μs	$V_{CS} = V_{CS(LIM)} + 100 \text{mV}, V_{REF} > V_{CS(LIM)}$					
Oscillator Input and Frequency Divider (CLK)												
F _{SW(max)}	Maximum switching frequency	*	500	-	-	kHz	f _{CLK} = 3.0MHz					
K _{sw}	Frequency divider ratio	-	-	6	-	-	Guaranteed by design					
φ ₂	DRAIN1-DRAIN2 phase delay	-	-	120	-	deg	Guaranteed by design					
φ ₃	DRAIN1-DRAIN3 phase delay	-	-	240	-	deg	Guaranteed by design					
T _{OFF}	CLK high time	-	50	-	-	ns						
T _{on}	CLK low time	-	50	-	-	ns						
V _{CLK,HI}	CLK Input high	*	2.0	-	-	V						
V _{CLK,LO}	CLK Input low	*	-	-	0.8	V						
	ming (PWMD1, PWMD2, PWMD3)											
V _{PWMD,HI}	PWMD Input high	*	2.0	-	-	V						
$V_{\text{PWMD,LO}}$	PWMD Input low	*	-	-	0.8	V						
R _{PWMD}	PWMD Pull down resistance	-	100	200	300	kΩ	PWMD = 5.0V					
	perature Protection											
T _{ot}	Over temperature trip limit	-	125	140	-	°C	Guaranteed by design					
T _{HYST}	Temperature hysteresis	-	-	60	-	°C	Guaranteed by design					

^{*} Denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating ambient temperature range of -40 °C < $T_{\rm A}$ < +85 °C.

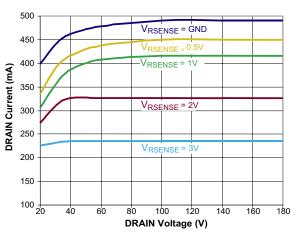
Typical Performance Characteristics ($T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)



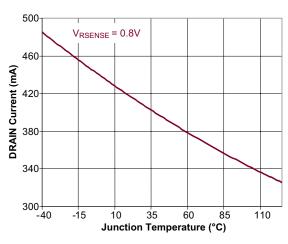
Output Saturation Current $(I_{DRAIN} vs. V_{DRAIN} at V_{RSENSE} = 0V)$



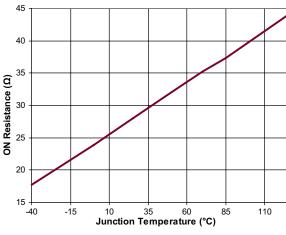
Output Saturation Current (I_{DRAIN} vs. V_{DRAIN} at V_{DD} = 8.0V)



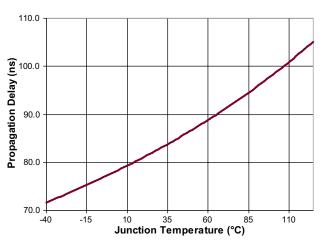
Output Saturation Current (I_{DRAIN} vs. V_{DRAIN} at V_{DD} = 9.0V)



Output Saturation Current $(I_{DRAIN} vs. T_{J} at V_{DD} = 9.0V)$

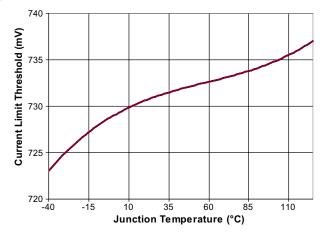


ON Resistance (R_{ON} vs. T_J at V_{DD} = 8.0 or 9.0V)

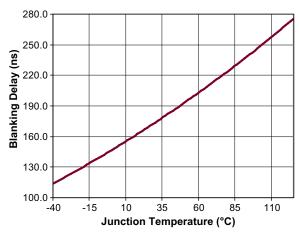


CS-to-DRAIN Propagation Delay $(T_{DELAY} \text{ vs. } T_{J} \text{ at } V_{DD} = 8.0 \text{ or } 9.0 \text{V})$

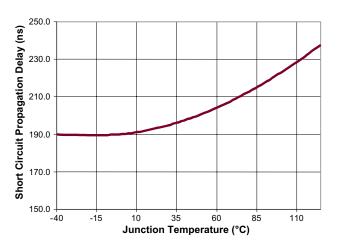
Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.) ($T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)







Leading Edge Blanking Delay $(T_{BLANK} vs. T_{J} at V_{DD} = 8.0 or 9.0V)$



Short Circuit Protection Delay $(T_{DELAY(LIM)} \text{ vs. } T_{J} \text{ at } V_{DD} = 8.0 \text{ or } 9.0 \text{V})$

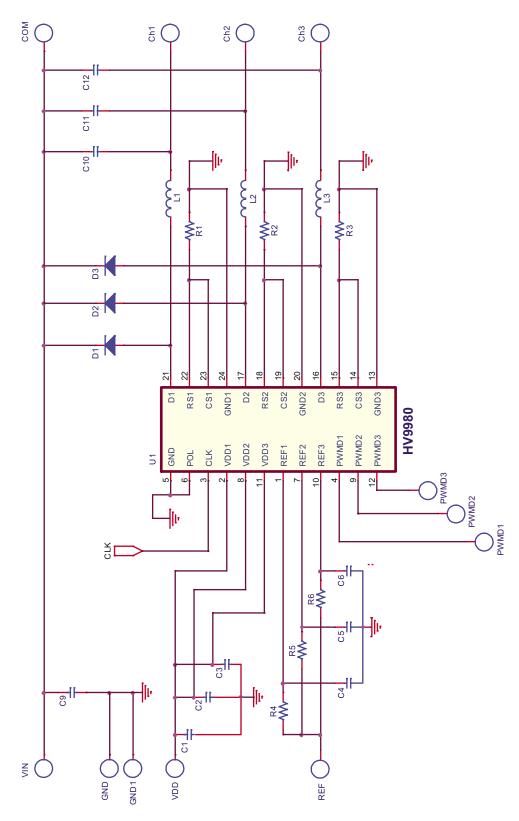


Figure 1: 110-190VDC 3-channel 50V 70mA LED Driver Schematic

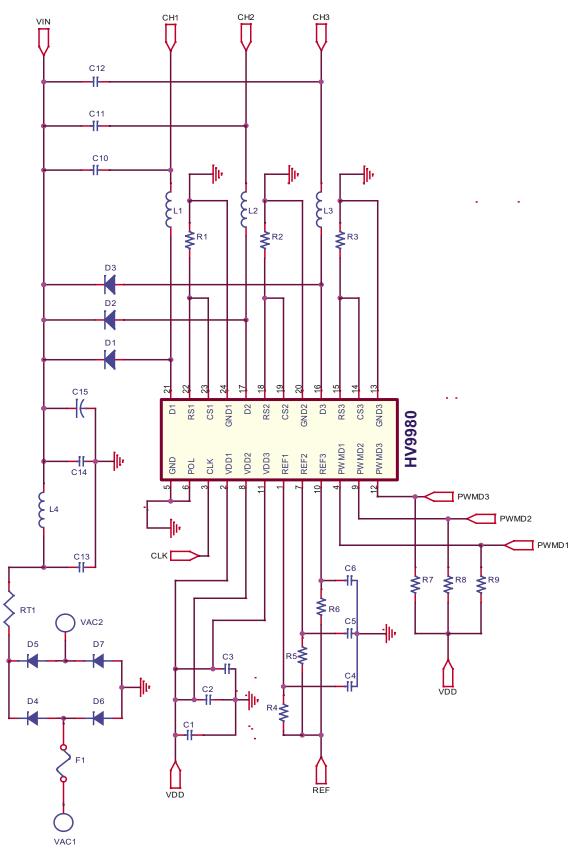


Figure 2: 90-135VAC 3-channel 50V 70mA LED Driver Schematic

Application Information

Programming LED current and selecting L and D

The required value of the output inductor L is inversely proportional to the ripple current ΔI_{\odot} in it. Setting the relative peak-to-peak ripple to 20~30% is a good practice to ensure noise immunity of the current sense comparator.

$$L = (V_O \cdot T_{OFF}) / \Delta I_O = (V_O \cdot [1 - D]) / f_S \Delta I_O$$
 (1)

 V_{\odot} is the forward voltage of the LED string, $f_{\rm S}$ is the switching frequency, $D = V_{\rm C}/V_{\rm IN}$ is the switching duty cycle.

The output current in the LED string (I_0) is calculated as:

$$I_{O} = (V_{REF}/R_{SENSE}) - 1/2 \cdot \Delta I_{O} \tag{2}$$

where V_{REF} is the voltage at REF1-3, and R_{SENSE} is the current sense resistor at RSENSE1-3. (The ripple current introduces a peak-to-average error in the output current setting that needs to be accounted for.)

Adding a filter capacitor across the LED string can reduce the output current ripple yielding a reduced value of L. However, one must keep in mind that the peak-to-average current error is affected by the variation of the input and output voltage. Therefore, the line and load regulation of the LED current might be sacrificed at large ripple current in L.

Another important aspect of designing an LED driver with the HV9980 is related to certain parasitic elements of the circuit, including distributed coil capacitance of L1, junction capacitance and reverse recovery of the rectifier diode D1, capacitance of the printed circuit board traces $C_{\rm PCB}$ and output capacitance $C_{\rm DRAIN}$ of the controller itself. These parasitic elements affect the efficiency of the switching converter and could potentially cause false triggering of the current sense comparator if not properly managed. Minimizing these parasitics is essential for efficient and reliable operation of the HV9980.

Coil capacitance of inductors is typically provided in the manufacturer's data books either directly or in terms of the self-resonant frequency (SRF).

$$SRF = 1 / (2\pi \sqrt{L \cdot C_i})$$

where L is the inductance value, and C_L is the coil capacitance.) Charging and discharging this capacitance every switching cycle causes high-current spikes in the LED string. Therefore, connecting a small capacitor C_O (~10nF) is recommended to bypass these spikes.

Using an ultra-fast rectifier diode for D1 is recommended to achieve high efficiency and reduce the risk of false triggering of the current sense comparator. Using diodes with shorter reverse recovery time $t_{_{77}}$ and lower junction capacitance $C_{_{3}}$ achieves better performance. The reverse voltage rating $V_{_{R}}$ of the diode must be greater than the maximum input voltage of the LED lamp.

The total parasitic capacitance present at the DRAIN output of the HV9980 can be calculated as:

$$C_P = C_{DRAIN} + C_{PCR} + C_I + C_I \tag{3}$$

When the switch turns on, the capacitance C_p is discharged into the DRAIN output of the IC. The discharge current is limited to about 300mA typically. However, it may become lower at increased junction temperature. The duration of the leading edge current spike can be estimated as:

$$T_{SPIKE} = [(V_{IN} \cdot C_{P}) / I_{SAT}] = t_{rr}$$
 (4)

In order to avoid false triggering of the current sense comparator, C_p must be minimized in accordance with the following expression:

$$C_{P} < [I_{SAT} \cdot (T_{BLANK(MIN)} - t_{rr})] / V_{IN(MAX)}$$
(5)

where $T_{_{BLANK(MIN)}}$ is the minimum blanking time of 120ns, and $V_{_{IN(MAX)}}$ is the maximum instantaneous input voltage.

Layout Considerations

The HV9980 provides three independent power ground connections PGND1-3 for each channel. The PGND pins must be wired together on the printed circuit board (PCB). To minimize interference between the channels, the PGND pins should be wired to the negative terminal of the input filter capacitor CIN using separate tracks. All four power supply inputs VDD, VDD1-3 must be connected together on the PCB also.

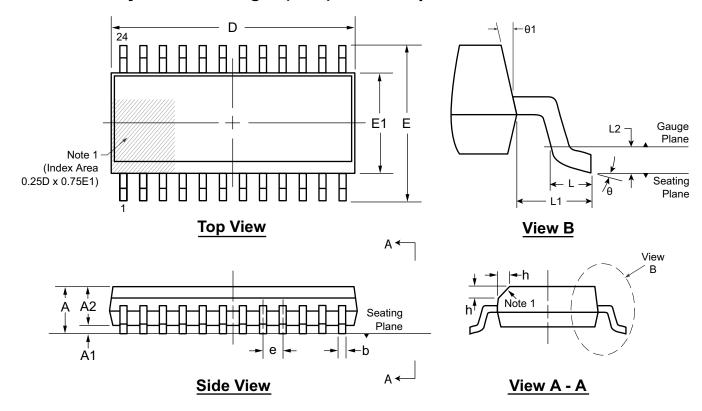
Although in many layout arrangements wiring the reference pins REF1-3 together is acceptable, further reduction of the "cross-talk" between the channels is possible by adding low-pass RC filters with the filter capacitors referenced to the corresponding PGND pins. These filters composed from $R_{\text{REF1-3}}$ and $C_{\text{REF1-3}}$ are shown in the Typical Application Circuit diagram.

Pin Description

Pin#	Name	Description
1	REF1	Voltage reference inputs to the current sense comparators. For best noise immunity, connect an
7	REF2	RC filter at each of these pins referenced to the corresponding PGND pin. The filter can consist
10	REF3	of a 1.0nF low impedance capacitor and a 1.0kΩ resistor.
2	VDD1	Power supply inputs. For best noise immunity, bypass each of these pins to the corresponding
8	VDD2	PGND pin with a 0.1uF low impedance capacitor. The VDD pins must be tied together on the
11	VDD3	PCB.
3	CLK	Input to an external clock signal common to all three channels. Programs the switching frequency of the power MOSFET outputs at 1/6 of the clock signal frequency.
4	PWMD1	
9	PWMD2	Dedicated PWM dimming inputs for each individual LED string driver channel.
12	PWMD3	
5	AGND	Common return pin for CLK, POL and PWMD inputs.
6	POL	Must be connected to AGND.
13	PGND3	
20	PGND2	Power return terminals for corresponding DRAIN outputs. The PGND and AGND pins must be tied together on the PCB.
24	PGND1	
14	CS3	Signal inputs to the current sense comparators. Connect these pins to the corresponding
19	CS2	RSENSE outputs directly when the slope compensation feature is not used. When the slope compensation is needed, connect a capacitor between each RSENSE and its corresponding CS
23	CS1	pin, and connect a resistor between each CS pin and VDD.
15	RSENSE3	
18	RSENSE2	Open source outputs of the switching power MOSFETs. Connect a current sense resistor between each of the RSENSE pins and its corresponding PGND pin.
22	RSENSE1	
16	DRAIN3	
17	DRAIN2	Open drain outputs of the switching power MOSFETs.
21	DRAIN1	

24-Lead SOW (Wide Body) Package Outline (WG)

15.40x7.50 body, 2.65mm height (max), 1.27mm pitch



Note:

1. This chamfer feature is optional. If it is not present, then a Pin 1 identifier must be located in the index area indicated. The Pin 1 Identifier can be: a molded mark/identifier; an embedded metal marker; or a printed indicator.

Symbo	ol	Α	A1	A2	b	D	Е	E1	е	h	L	L1	L2	θ	θ1	
Dimension (mm)	MIN	2.15*	0.10	2.05	0.31	15.20*	9.97*	7.40*	0.25 1.27 BSC			0.40			0 °	5°
	NOM	-	-	ı	-	15.40	10.30	7.50		ı	-		0.25 BSC	-	-	
	MAX	2.65	0.30	2.55*	0.51	15.60*	10.63*	7.60*		0.75	1.27			8 º	15°	

JEDEC Registration MS-013, Variation AD, Issue E, Sep. 2005.

* This dimension is not specified in the original JEDEC drawing. The value listed is for reference only.

Drawings are not to scale.

Supertex Doc. #: DSPD-24SOWWG, Version D090408.

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to http://www.supertex.com/packaging.html.)

Supertex inc. does not recommend the use of its products in life support applications, and will not knowingly sell them for use in such applications unless it receives an adequate "product liability indemnification insurance agreement." Supertex inc. does not assume responsibility for use of devices described, and limits its liability to the replacement of the devices determined defective due to workmanship. No responsibility is assumed for possible omissions and inaccuracies. Circuitry and specifications are subject to change without notice. For the latest product specifications refer to the Supertex inc. website: http://www.supertex.com.

©2008 Supertex inc. All rights reserved. Unauthorized use or reproduction is prohibited.



X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for LED Lighting Drivers category:

Click to view products by Microchip manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LV5235V-MPB-H MB39C602PNF-G-JNEFE1 MIC2871YMK-T5 AL1676-10BS7-13 AL1676-20AS7-13 AP5726WUG-7 MX877RTR

ICL8201 IS31BL3228B-UTLS2-TR IS31BL3506B-TTLS2-TR AL3157F-7 AP5725FDCG-7 AP5726FDCG-7 LV52204MTTBG

AP5725WUG-7 STP4CMPQTR NCL30086BDR2G CAT4004BHU2-GT3 LV52207AXA-VH AP1694AS-13 TLE4242EJ AS3688

IS31LT3172-GRLS4-TR TLD2311EL KTD2694EDQ-TR KTZ8864EJAA-TR IS32LT3174-GRLA3-TR ZXLD1374QESTTC MP2488DN-LF-Z NLM0010XTSA1 AL1676-20BS7-13 MPQ7220GF-AEC1-P MPQ4425BGJ-AEC1-P MPQ7220GF-AEC1-Z MPQ4425BGJ-AEC1-Z IS31FL3737B-QFLS4-TR IS31FL3239-QFLS4-TR KTD2058EUAC-TR KTD2037EWE-TR DIO5662ST6 IS31BL3508A-TTLS2-TR

MAX20052CATC/V+ MAX25606AUP/V+ BD6586MUV-E2 BD9206EFV-E2 BD9416FS-E2 LYT4227E LYT6079C-TL MP3394SGF-P MP4689AGN-P