

ME2185



High Efficiency 2A, 1.0MHZ Synchronous Step-Up DC/DC Converter

General Description

The ME2185 is synchronous, 2A, 1.0MHZ step-up DC-DC Converter, which mainly consists of a reference voltage source, an oscillation circuit, an error amplifier, a phase compensation circuit, a PWM / PFM switching control circuit and an adjustable output current limit circuit. With an internal low-ON-resistance N-ch Power MOS and P-ch Power MOS. This product is ideal for applications requiring high efficiency and a high output current.

Features

- •High efficiency.(up to 94%)
- Up to 92.5% Efficiency at I_{OUT}=2A V_{OUT} = 5V from
 3.3V Input.
- Guaranteed 2.5A Output Current at V_{OUT} = 5V from
 3.3V Input
- Synchronous and internal P-ch Power MOSFET and N-ch power MOSFET, No Schottky Diode Required
- Oscillator frequency: 1.0MHz
- •Reference voltage: 1.25V (±2%)
- Input voltage range: 2.9 V to 4.4 V
- Continuous output current: 2.0A typ.
 (V_{IN}=3V, V_{OUT}=5.0V)
- Soft start function
- •Shutdown function:1.0 µA max.
- UVLO (under-voltage lockout) function
- Current Limit: adjustable by the Rcs using different valve
- Thermal Shutdown Preotection:156℃

Typical Application

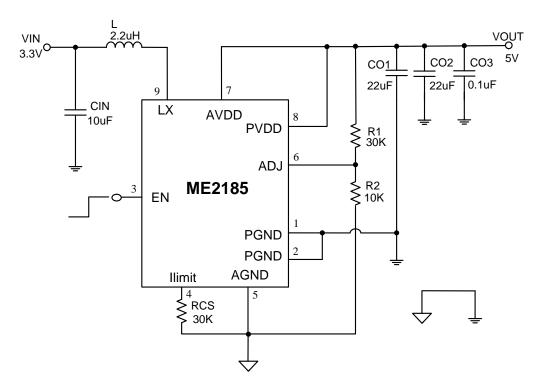
- Portable charger, mobile power.
- Digital cameras, GPS, wireless transceiver
- IPad-like computers, smart phones and portable handheld devices

Package

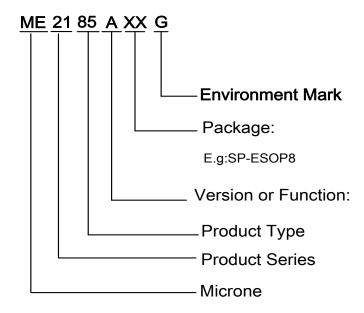
• 8-pin ESOP8



Typical Application Circuit



Selection Guide



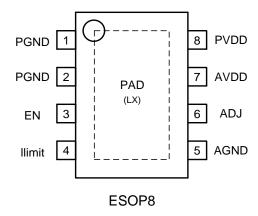
product series	product description
M2185ASPG	V _{ADJ} =1.25V; Package: ESOP8

NOTE: If you need other voltage and package, please contact our sales staff.

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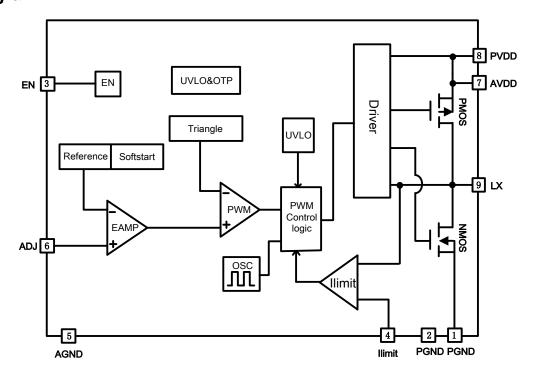
Pin Configuration& Pin Assignment



Pin Assignment

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function		
1	PGND	Power Ground		
2	PGND	Power Ground		
3	EN	Power-enable "H": Power-on (normal operation) "L": Power-off (standby)		
4	llimit	Current limit External transistor		
5	AGND	Analog Ground		
6	ADJ	Feed Back voltage pin		
7	AVDD	IC Analog power supply pin		
8	PVDD	IC power supply pin		
9	LX	Power switching pin		

Block Diagram



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
VDD Pin Voltage	AVDD,PVDD	-0.3~6.0	V
LX Pin Voltage	V_{LX}	-0.3∼VDD+0.3	V
ADJ Pin Voltage	V_{ADJ}	-0.3∼VDD+0.3	V
EN Pin Voltage	V _{EN}	-0.3∼VDD+0.3	V
Power Dissipation (ESOP8)	Pd	2000	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T_{Opr}	-40~+85	$^{\circ}$
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40~+125	$^{\circ}$

External Parts List When Measuring Electrical Characteristics

Element Name	Symbol	Value	Unit
Inductor	L	≤2.2	uH
Input capacitor	CIN	10	uF
Output capacitor	Co1, Co2	22	uF
Output capacitor	Co3	0.1	uF
ADJ Resistance	R1,R2	30K,10K	Ω

Electrical Characteristics

Measuring conditions: $V_{IN}=V_{EN}=3.3V$, $V_{OUT}=5.0V$, $Ta=25\,^{\circ}C$. Unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Feedback voltage	V_{ADJ}	-		1.25	1.275	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}	-	2.9	-	4.4	V
Current consumption 1	I _{SS1}	At switching operation, no external components ,AVDD=PVDD= V_{EN} =3.3V, V_{ADJ} = V_{ADJ} (S)× 0.95,	-	4	6	mA
Current consumption 2	I _{SS2}	At switching stop, no external components, AVDD=PVDD= V_{EN} =3.3V V_{ADJ} = V_{ADJ} (S)+ 0.5V,	-	150	300	μΑ
Current consumption during shutdown	I _{SSS}	AVDD=PVDD= 3.3V, V _{EN} =0V, no external components	-	-	1.0	μΑ
Oscillation frequency	Fosc	-	0.8	1.0	1.2	MHz
Max. duty ratio	MAXDUTY	$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=0.9V$, no load		81		%
PWM/PFM switching duty ratio	PFMDUTY	V _{IN} =V _{EN} = 3.3V,no load		18		%
High level input voltage	V_{SH}	V _{IN} = 2.9 V to4.4V, EN pin	0.9	ı	-	V
Low level input voltage	V _{SL}	V _{IN} = 2.9 V to 4.4 V, EN pin	-	ı	0.2	V
ADJ pin input current	I _{ADJ}	AVDD= PVDD= V _{EN} =2.9 V to4.4V, ADJ pin	-0.1	0	0.1	μA
UVLO release voltage	V _{UVLO+}				2.4	V
UVLO hysteresis width	V _{UVLOHYS}			0.4		V
Soft start time	t _{ss}	-		3		mS



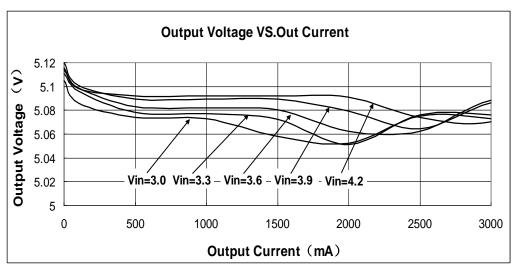
				 	•
Thermal					ĺ
Shutdown	Tsd		156	$^{\circ}$ C	ĺ
Protection					ĺ

Note:

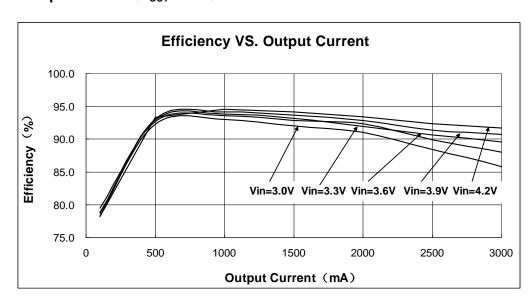
- V_{ADJ}(S) is a setting value for ADJ voltage.
- V_{OUT}(S) is a setting value for output voltage. V_{OUT} is the typical value of actual output voltage. V_{OUT}(S) can be set
 by using the rate of V_{ADJ} and output voltage setting resistors (R1, R2).

Typical Characteristics

1. Output Voltage VS. Output Current (V_{OUT} =5.0V)



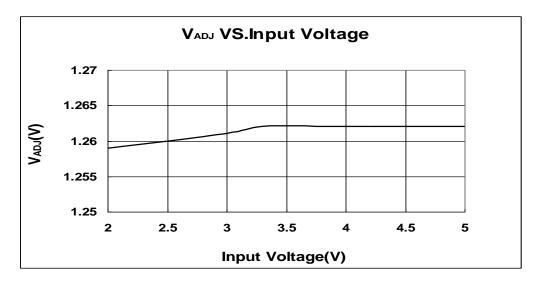
2. Efficiency VS. Output Current (V_{OUT} =5.0V)



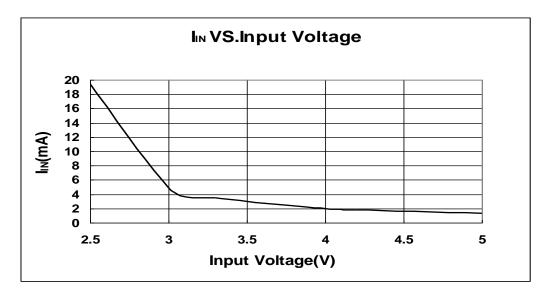
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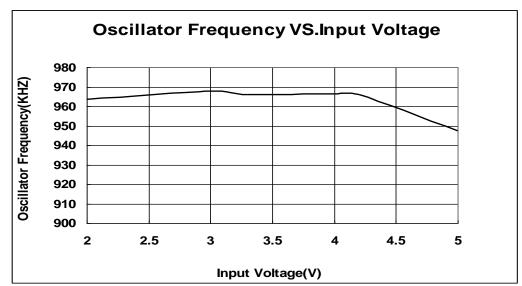
3、 V_{ADJ} VS. Input Voltage (I_{OUT} =10mA)



4、IIN VS. Input Voltage (system testing, No load)



5. Oscillator Frequency VS. Input Voltage (Vin=3.3V,I_{OUT}=500mA)



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Application information

PWM / PFM switching control

The ME2185 switching regulator controller automatically switches between the pulse width modulation method (PWM) and pulse frequency modulation method (PFM) according to the load current. A low ripple power can be supplied by operating on PWM control for which the pulse width changes from 15% to 85% in the range where the output load current is large. The ME2185 operates on PFM control when the output load current is small and the fixed pulses which have the width of 15% are skipped according to the load current amount. Therefore, the oscillation circuit intermittently oscillates, reducing the self-current consumption. This avoids decreased efficiency when the output load current is small. The point at which PWM control switches to PFM control varies depending on the external element (inductor, diode, etc.), input voltage value, and output voltage value.

Soft-start function

The ME2185 has a soft-start circuit. The output voltage (V_{OUT}) gradually rises after power-on or startup when the EN pin is set to high, suppressing rush current and overshooting the output voltage. The soft-start time (tss) for the ME2185 is defined as the time from startup until V_{OUT} reaches 90% of the output set voltage value ($V_{OUT}(S)$). A reference voltage adjustment method is used as the soft-start method and the reference voltage gradually rises from 0 V after soft-start.

UVLO function

The ME2185 has a UVLO (under voltage lockout) circuit for avoiding IC malfunctions due to power supply voltage drops. The ME2185 stops switching operation upon UVLO detection and retains the external transistor in the off state. After entering the UVLO detection status once, the soft-start function is reset.

Note, however, that the other internal circuits operate normally and that the status differs from the power-off status.

CURRENT LIMIT DESIGNING

The ME2185 has a cycle-by-cycle current limit to maximum inductor peak current (I_{PK}), adjust inductor peak current limit ($I_{pklimit}$) by the Rcs with calculating the value for RCS as

$$R_{CS} \approx \frac{5}{I_{\text{oklimit}} \times R_{DSON}} \times 1000$$

The R_{DSON} is the ON-resistance of Nch Power MOS and the value of R_{DSON} is about $40m\Omega$ in this product. When an over current condition is detected, the device reduces the output voltage accordingly.

When Output Current (IOUT) increases The inductor peak current (lpk) increases, as The inductor peak current up to $I_{pklimit,}$, the Output Current is the I_{OLIMIT}

L=2.2uH, Co1,Co2=22uF, VOUT=5V

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Table 1. Common R_{CS} Resistor Selections

VIN=3.3V				
R _{CS}	I _{pklimit}			
60K	2.15A			
30K	4.30A			
25K	5.16A			
20K	6.45A			

NOTE: When selecting an R_{CS} be careful about the influence of temperature at the R_{DSON} and other devices, select an R_{CS} inductor such that that $I_{pklimit}$ does not exceed the allowable current

External parts selection for DC/DC converter

Inductor

The recommended L value of ME2185 is $2.2\mu H$ or less for 1.0 MHz products. Note the following when changing the inductance. The inductance (L) has a strong influence on the maximum output current (I_{OUT}) and efficiency (η). The inductor peak current (Ipk) increases when L is decreased, which improves the circuit stability and increases the I_{OUT} users can obtain. If L is decreased further, the ability of the external transistor to drive the current becomes insufficient, reducing the efficiency and decreasing I_{OUT} .

The loss due to the lpk of the switching transistor is decreased by increasing L and the efficiency maximizes at a certain L value. If L is increased further, the loss due to the serial resistance of the inductor increases, lowering the efficiency.

Caution: When selecting an inductor, be careful about its allowable current. If a current exceeding the allowable current flows through the inductor, magnetic saturation occurs, substantially lowering the efficiency and destroying ICs due to large current. Therefore, select an inductor such that lpk does not exceed the allowable current.

2. Capacitor (CIN, CO1, CO2)

To improve efficiency, an input capacitor (CIN) lowers the power supply impedance and averages the input current. Select Cin according to the impedance of the power supply used. The recommended capacitance is 10µF for ME2185. An output capacitor (CO), which is used to smooth the output voltage, requires a capacitance larger than that of the step-down type because the current is intermittently supplied from the input to the output side in the step-up type. A 22µF ceramic capacitor is recommended for ME2185. However, a higher capacitance is recommended if the output voltage is high or the load current is large. If the output voltage or load current is low,

Select CO after sufficient evaluation with actual application.

another 22µF can be used without problems.



A ceramic capacitor can be used for both the input and output.

3. Output voltage setting resistors (R1, R2)

For ME2185, VOUT can be set to any value by using external divider resistors. Connect the divider resistors between the VOUT and VSS pins. Because VADJ = 1.25 V typ., VOUT can be calculated by using the following equation:

$$VOUT = \frac{(R1 + R2)}{R2} \times 1.25$$
 (V)

Connect divider resistors R1 and R2 as close to the IC as possible to minimize the effects of noise.

The typical constants based on our evaluation are shown in the next Table:

V _{OUT} (S) (V)	VIN (V)	R1 (KΩ)	R2 (KΩ)	L (µH)	Co1,Co2 (μF)
3.3	2.4	16.4	10	2.2	22
5	3.3	30	10	2.2	22

4. Precautions

- Mount external capacitors, a diode, and a coil as close as possible to the IC.
- Characteristics ripple voltage and spike noise occur in IC containing switching regulators. Moreover rush current flows at the time of a power supply injection. Because these largely depend on the inductor, the capacitor and impedance of power supply used, fully check them using an actually mounted model.
- •The 0.1 μF capacitor connected between the VIN and GND pins is a bypass capacitor. It stabilizes the power supply in the IC when application is used with a heavy load, and thus effectively works for stable switching regulator operation. Allocate the bypass capacitor as close to the IC as possible, prioritized over other parts.
- Although the IC contains a static electricity protection circuit, static electricity or voltage that exceeds the limit of the protection circuit should not be applied.
- •The power dissipation of the IC greatly varies depending on the size and material of the board to be connected.

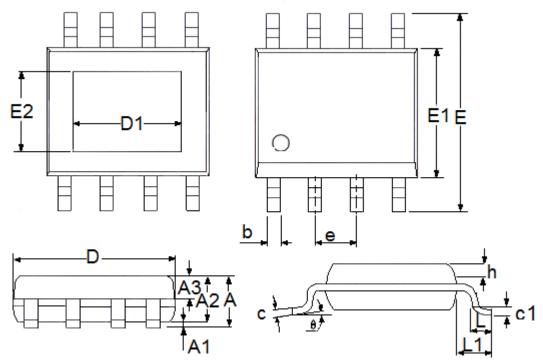
 Perform sufficient evaluation using an actual application before designing.

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Packaging Information

Packaging Type: ESOP8



5114	Millim	Millimeters		hes	
DIM	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.3	1.75	0.0512	0.0689	
A1	0	0.2	0.0000	0.0079	
A2	1.25	1.65	0.0492	0.0650	
А3	0.5	0.7	0.0197	0.0276	
b	0.33	0.51	0.0130	0.0201	
С	0.17	0.25	0.0067	0.0098	
D	4.7	5.1	0.1850	0.2008	
E	5.8	6.2	0.2283	0.2441	
E1	3.8	4	0.1496	0.1575	
е	1.27(TYP)		0.05(TYP)	
h	0.25	0.5	0.0098	0.0197	
L	0.4	1.27	0.0157	0.0500	
L1	1.04(TYP)	0.0409	P(TYP)	
θ	0	8°	0.0000	8°	
c1	0.25(TYP)		0.0098(TYP)		
D1(90*90)	2.09(TYP)		0.0823(TYP)		
D1(95*130)	3.1(TYP)		0.122(TYP)		
E2(90*90)	2.09(TYP)		0.0823(TYP)		
E2(95*130)	2.21(TYP)	0.087(TYP)		



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