



## Voltage Detectors, ME2807 Series

### General Description

ME2807 Series are a set of three-terminal low power voltage detectors implemented in CMOS technology. Each voltage detector in the series detects a particular fixed voltage ranging from 2.0V to 7.0V. The voltage detectors consist of a high precision and low power consumption standard voltage source, a comparator, hysteresis circuit, and an output driver. CMOS technology ensures low power consumption.

### Features

- Highly accuracy Detection voltage:  $\pm 1\%$
- Low power consumption: TYP 1.8uA (Vin=3V)
- Detection voltage range : 2.0V~7.0V in 0.1V increments
- Operating voltage range: 1.5V~18V
- Detect voltage temperature characteristics: TYP  $\pm 0.9\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Output configuration: CMOS

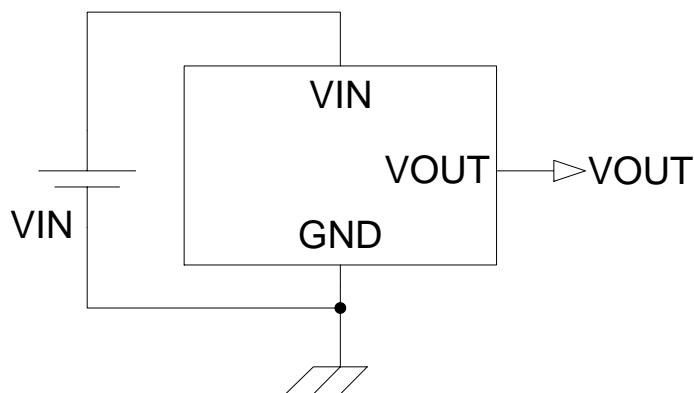
### Typical Application

- battery checkers
- Level selectors
- Power failure detectors
- Microcomputer reset
- Battery backup of Memories
- Store non-volatile RAM signal protectors

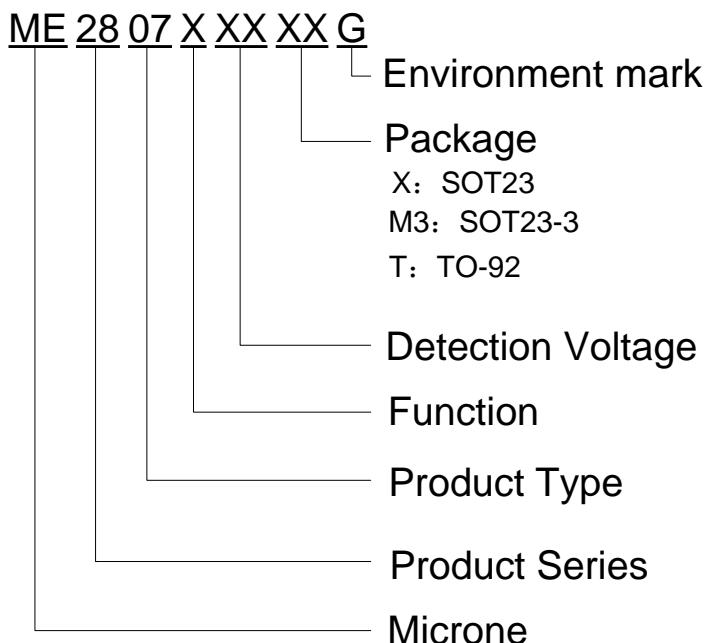
### Package

- 3-pin SOT23、SOT23-3、TO-92

### Typical Application Circuit



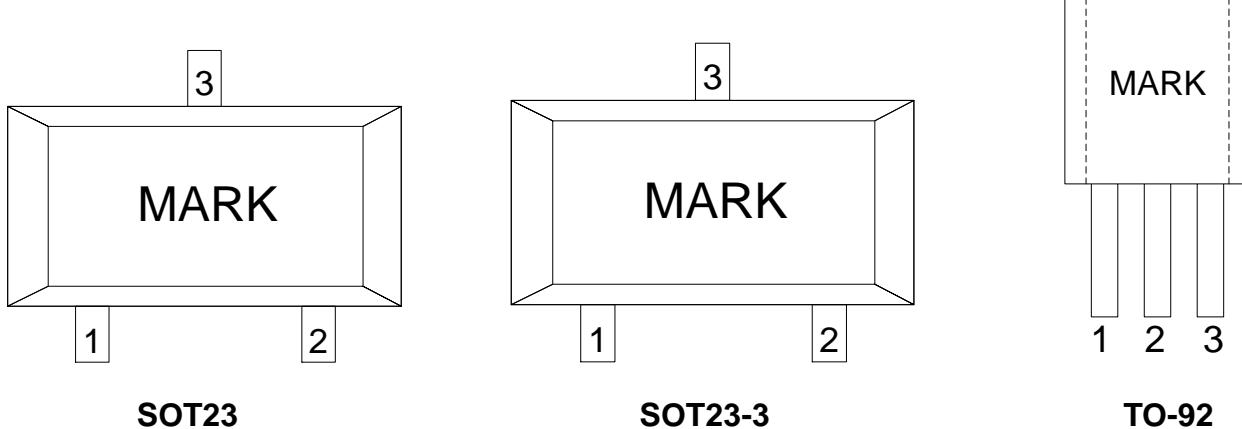
## Selection Guide



product series	product description
ME2807A27XG	VIN=H→L $V_{DET} = 2.7V$ ; VIN Falling edge detection; Package: SOT23
ME2807A33XG	VIN=H→L $V_{DET} = 3.3V$ ; VIN Falling edge detection; Package: SOT23
ME2807A22M3G	VIN=H→L $V_{DET} = 2.2V$ ; VIN Falling edge detection; Package: SOT23-3
ME2807A33M3G	VIN=H→L $V_{DET} = 3.3V$ ; VIN Falling edge detection; Package: SOT23-3
ME2807A22TG	VIN=H→L $V_{DET} = 2.2V$ ; VIN Falling edge detection; Package: TO-92
ME2807B33M3G	VIN=L→H $V_{DET} = 3.3V$ ; VIN Rising edge detection; Package: SOT23-3

**NOTE:** At present ,there are seventeen kinds of detection voltage value: 2.2V、2.4V、2.5V、2.7V、2.8V、3.0V、3.2V、3.3V、3.5V、3.6V、3.8V、3.9V、4.0V、4.2V、4.3V、4.5V、5.0V。If you need other detection voltage and package, please contact our sales staff.

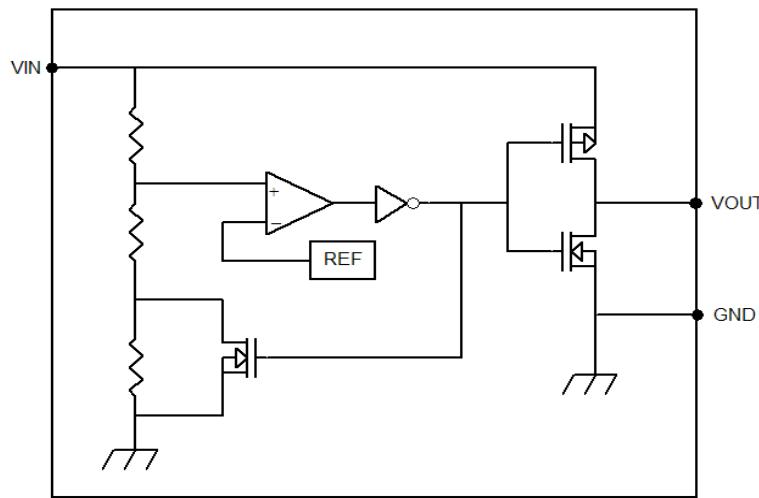
## Pin Configuration



## Pin Assignment

Pin Number			Pin Name	Functions
SOT23	SOT23-3	TO-92		
2	2	3	GND	Ground
1	1	1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage
3	3	2	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage

## Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER		SYMBAL	RATINGS	UNITS
$V_{IN}$ Input Voltage		$V_{INmax}$	18	V
Output Current		$I_{OUTmax}$	20	mA
Output Voltage	CMOS	$V_{OUT}$	GND-0.3~ $V_{IN}$ +0.3	V
Continuous Total Power Dissipation	SOT23	$P_D$	0.38	W
	SOT23-3		0.54	
	TO-92		0.83	
Thermal resistance (Junction to air)	SOT23	$\theta_{JA}$	330	°C /W
	SOT23-3		230	
	TO-92		150	
Maximum junction temperature		$T_J$	-40~+150	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature		$T_{Opr}$	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature		$T_{stg}$	-55~+150	°C
Soldering temperature and time		$T_{solder}$	260°C, 10s	

## Electrical Characteristics ( $V_{DET} = 2.0V$ to $7.0V$ , $T_A = 25°C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Detect Voltage	$V_{DET}$	ME2807A	$V_{IN}=H \rightarrow L$	$V_{DET} \times 0.99$	$V_{DET}$	$V_{DET} \times 1.01$	V
		ME2807B	$V_{IN}=L \rightarrow H$				
Hysteresis Width	$V_{HYS}$	$V_{IN}=L \rightarrow H \rightarrow L$ $V_{HYS} = V_{DET(+)} - V_{DET(-)}$		$V_{DET} \times 0.02$	$V_{DET} \times 0.05$	$V_{DET} \times 0.1$	V
Operating Current	$I_{IN}$	$V_{DET}=2.0V \sim 2.8V$	$V_{IN}=3.0V$	-	1.8	4	μA
		$V_{DET}=2.8V \sim 3.6V$	$V_{IN}=4.0V$	-	1.8	4	
		$V_{DET}=3.6V \sim 4.7V$	$V_{IN}=5.0V$	-	2.1	7	
		$V_{DET}=4.7V \sim 7.0V$	$V_{IN}=6.0V$	-	2.5	7	
Operating Voltage	$V_{IN}$	$V_{DET}=2.0V \sim 7.0V$		0.7	-	18	V
Output Sink Current	$I_{OL}$	$V_{DET}=2.2V$	$V_{IN}=2V$ $V_{OUT}=0.2V$	0.5	1		mA
		$V_{DET}=2.4V$					
		$V_{DET}=2.7V$					
Output Source Current	$I_{OH}$	$V_{DET}=2.2V$	$V_{IN}=2.5V$ $V_{OUT}=2.2V$	-0.3	-0.5		mA
		$V_{DET}=2.4V$	$V_{IN}=3V$ $V_{OUT}=2.7V$	-0.3	-0.5		
		$V_{DET}=2.7V$	$V_{IN}=3.2V$ $V_{OUT}=2.9V$	-0.3	-0.5		
Temperature characteristics	$\Delta V_{DET}/\Delta T_A$	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_{Opr} \leq 70^{\circ}C$			$\pm 0.9$		mV/°C

## Functional Description

The ME2807 series is a set of voltage detectors equipped with a high stability voltage reference which is connected to the negative input of a comparator — denoted as  $V_{REF}$  in the following figure (Fig. 1). When the voltage drop to the positive input of the comparator (i.e.,  $V_B$ ) is higher than  $V_{REF}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  goes high,  $M1$  turns off, and  $V_B$  is expressed as  $V_{BH}=V_{IN}\times(R_B+R_C)/(R_A+R_B+R_C)$ . If  $V_{IN}$  is decreased so that  $V_B$  falls to a value that is less than  $V_{REF}$ , the comparator output inverts (from high to low),  $V_{OUT}$  goes low,  $V_C$  is high,  $M1$  turns on,  $R_C$  is bypassed, and  $V_B$  becomes:  $V_{BL}=V_{IN}\times R_B/(R_A+R_B)$ , which is less than  $V_{BH}$ . By so doing the comparator out-put will stay low to prevent the circuit from oscillating when  $V_B \approx V_{REF}$ . If  $V_{IN}$  falls below the minimum operating voltage, the output becomes undefined. When  $V_{IN}$  goes from low to  $V_{IN}\times R_B/(R_A+R_B) > V_{REF}$ , the comparator output goes high and  $V_{OUT}$  goes high again.

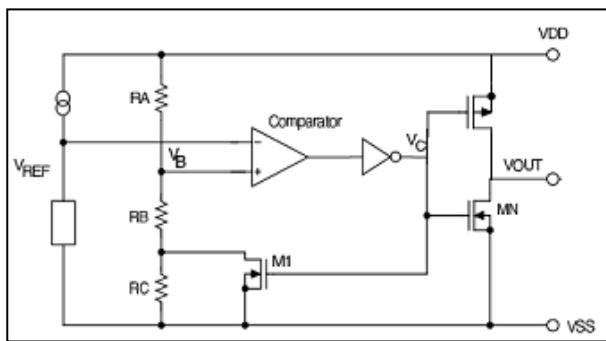


Fig.1 CMOS output voltage detector (ME2807)

### ME2807A: The detection voltage is as defined:

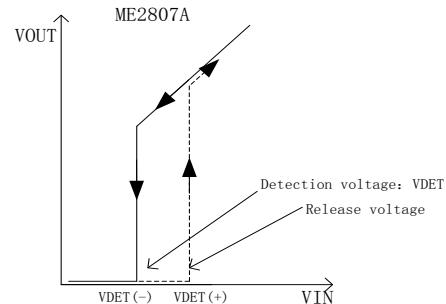
$$V_{DET} = V_{DET(-)} = (R_A + R_B + R_C) \times V_{REF} / (R_B + R_C)$$

The release voltage is as defined:

$$V_{DET(+)} = (R_A + R_B) \times V_{REF} / R_B$$

The hysteresis width is:

$$V_{HYS} = V_{DET(+)} - V_{DET(-)}$$



### ME2807B: The detection voltage is as defined:

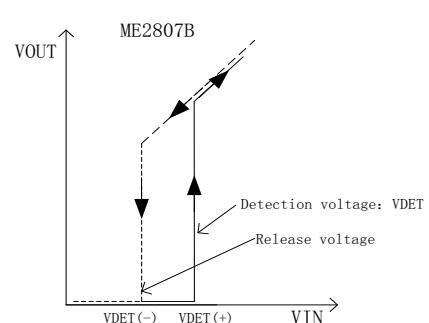
$$V_{DET} = V_{DET(+)} = (R_A + R_B) \times V_{REF} / R_B$$

The release voltage is as defined:

$$V_{DET(-)} = (R_A + R_B + R_C) \times V_{REF} / (R_B + R_C)$$

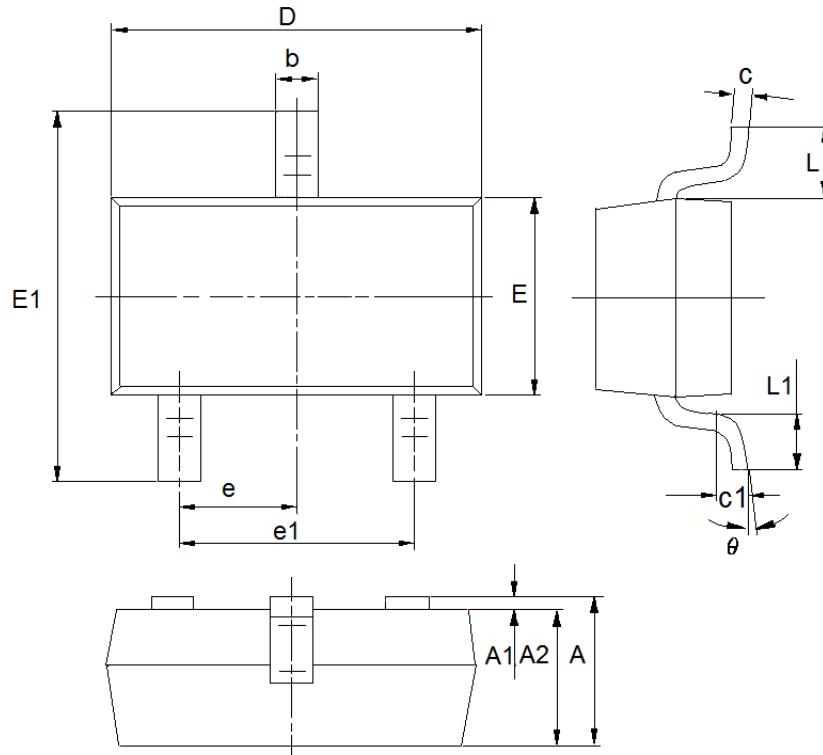
The hysteresis width is:

$$V_{HYS} = V_{DET(+)} - V_{DET(-)}$$



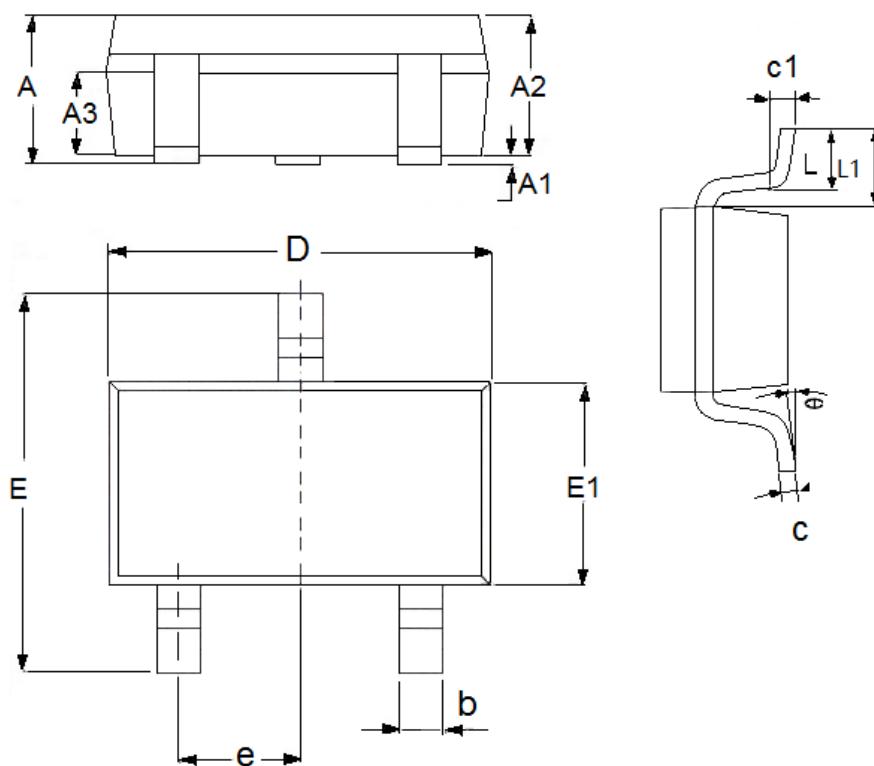
## Packaging Information

- SOT23



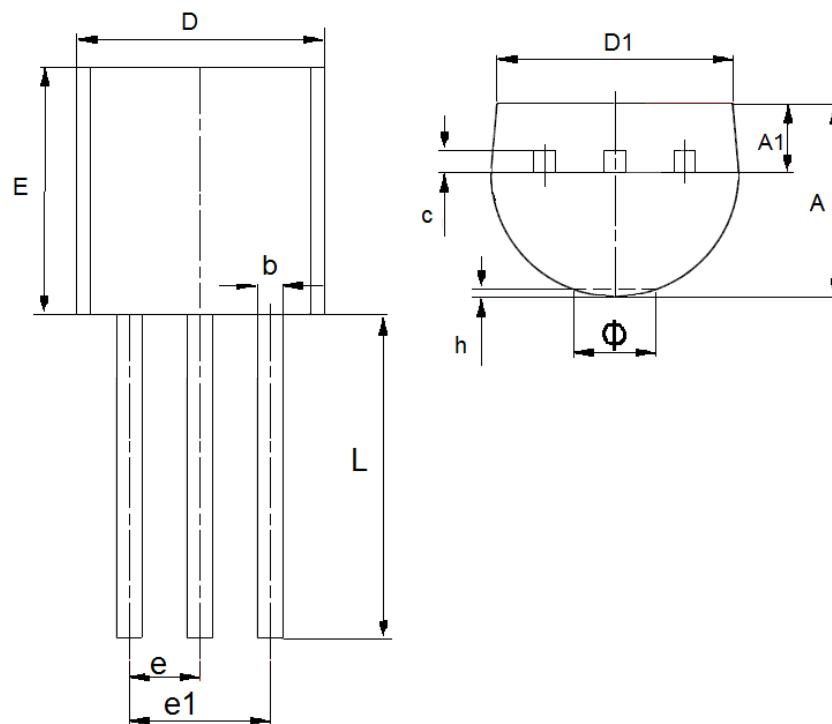
DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.9	1.15	0.0354	0.0453
A1	0	0.14	0.0000	0.0055
A2	0.9	1.05	0.0354	0.0413
b	0.28	0.52	0.0110	0.0205
c	0.07	0.23	0.0028	0.0091
D	2.8	3.0	0.1102	0.1181
e1	1.8	2.0	0.0709	0.0787
E	1.2	1.4	0.0472	0.0551
E1	2.2	2.6	0.0866	0.1024
e	0.95(TYP)		0.0374(TYP)	
L	0.55(TYP)		0.0217(TYP)	
L1	0.25	0.55	0.0098	0.0217
theta	0	8°	0.0000	8°
c1	0.25(TYP)		0.0098(TYP)	

## ● SOT23-3



DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.05	1.45	0.0413	0.0571
A1	0	0.15	0.0000	0.0059
A2	0.9	1.3	0.0354	0.0512
A3	0.6	0.7	0.0236	0.0276
b	0.25	0.5	0.0098	0.0197
c	0.1	0.25	0.0039	0.0098
D	2.8	3.1	0.1102	0.1220
E	2.6	3.1	0.1023	0.1220
E1	1.5	1.8	0.0591	0.0709
e	0.95(TYP)		0.0374(TYP)	
L	0.25	0.6	0.0098	0.0236
L1	0.59(TYP)		0.0232(TYP)	
$\theta$	0	8°	0.0000	8°
c1	0.2(TYP)		0.0079(TYP)	

## ● TO-92



DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.3	3.7	0.1299	0.1457
A1	1.1	1.4	0.0433	0.0551
b	0.38	0.55	0.015	0.0217
c	0.36	0.51	0.0142	0.0201
D	4.3	4.7	0.1693	0.185
D1	3.43	—	0.135	—
E	4.3	4.7	0.1693	0.185
e	1.27TYP		0.05TYP	
e1	2.44	2.64	0.0961	0.1039
L	14.1	14.5	0.5551	0.5709
h	0	0.38	0	0.015
Φ	—	1.6	—	0.063

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