# MபLTI-RATE GIGABIT ETHERNET \& FIBRE CHANNEL SFP TRANSCEIVERS WITH DIGITAL DIAGNロSTICS 

## Product Description

The TRPEG1-E2G SFP series of multi-rate fiber optic transceivers with integrated digital diagnostics monitoring functionality provide a quick and reliable interface for Gigabit Ethernet and 1.062 GBd Fibre Channel applications. The transceivers are designed to support data rates ranging from $1.25 \mathrm{~Gb} / \mathrm{s}$ down to $125 \mathrm{Mb} / \mathrm{s}$. The diagnostic functions, alarm and warning features as described in the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) document, SFF-8472 (Rev. 9.4), are provided via an $I^{2} C$ serial interface.

Four options are offered with minimum optical link power budgets of $18 \mathrm{~dB}, 22 \mathrm{~dB}$ and 24 dB to support up to 80 km link applications. Option "EX" uses a 1310nm DFB laser and provides a minimum optical link budget of 18 dB , corresponding to a minimum distance of 40 km , assuming fiber loss of $0.35 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{km}$. Options " YX " and " ZX " use 1550 nm DFB lasers and provide a minimum optical link budgets of 22 dB and 24 dB respectively, which correspond to minimum distances of 70 km and 80 km , assuming fiber loss of $0.25 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{km}$. All modules satisfy Class I Laser Safety requirements in accordance with the U.S. FDA/CDRH and international IEC-60825 standards.

The transceivers connect to standard 20-pad SFP connectors for hot plug capability. This allows the system designer to make configuration changes or maintenance by simply plugging in different types of transceivers without removing the power supply from the host system.
The transceivers have colored bail-type latches, which offer an easy and convenient way to release the modules. The latch is compliant with the SFP MSA.

The transmitter and receiver DATA interfaces are AC-coupled internally. LV-TTL Transmitter Disable control input and Loss of Signal output interfaces are also provided.

The transceivers operate from a single +3.3 V power supply over operating case temperature ranges of $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The housing is made of metal for EMI immunity.


Features
$\square$ Compliant with IEEE $802.3 z$ Gigabit Ethernet Specifications
$\square$ Compliant with SFP MSA
■ Lead Free Design \& Fully RoHS Compliant
D Digital Diagnostics through Serial Interface
V Internal Calibration for Digital Diagnostics
$\boxtimes$ Distance Options to Support up to 80 km
V Eye Safe (Class I Laser Safety)
च Duplex LC Optical Interface
V Loss of Signal Output \& TX Disable Input
$\square-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Operating Case Temperature Option

- Hot-pluggable
$\boxtimes$ Single +3.3V Power Supply


## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter |  | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Storage Temperature |  | $T_{S T}$ | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Case Temperature ${ }^{1}$ | Commercial | $T_{O P}$ | -5 | + 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Industrial |  | -40 | +85 |  |
| Supply Voltage |  | $V_{\text {cc }}$ | 0 | + 3.47 | V |
| Input Voltage |  | $V_{\text {IN }}$ | 0 | $V_{\text {cc }}$ | V |
| ${ }^{1}$ Measured on top side of SFP module at the front center vent hole of the cage. |  |  |  |  |  |

## TRPEG1-EZG Single Made

Transmitter Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.13$ to 3.47 V ) All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

| Parameter |  | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Data Rate |  | B | 125 | - | 1250 | Mb/s |
| Optical Output Power ${ }^{1}$ | EX | $P_{\text {o }}$ | -4.5 | - | 0 | dBm |
|  | YX |  | -2.0 | - | +3.0 |  |
|  | ZX |  | 0 | - | + 5.0 |  |
| Center Wavelength | EX | $\lambda_{c}$ | 1280 | 1310 | 1335 | nm |
|  | YX, ZX |  | 1500 | 1550 | 1580 |  |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | EX, YX, ZX | $\Delta \lambda_{20}$ | - | - | 1.0 | nm |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | EX, YX, ZX | SMSR | 30 | - | - | dB |
| Extinction Ratio |  | $P_{h i} / P_{l o}$ | 9 | - | - | dB |
| Deterministic Jitter |  | DJ | - | - | 80 | ps |
| Total Jitter |  | TJ | - | - | 227 | ps |
| Optical Rise/Fall Time (20\% to 80\%) |  | $t_{r}, t_{f}$ | - | - | 0.32 | ns |
| Relative Intensity Noise |  | RIN | - | - | -120 | dB/Hz |
| Dispersion Penalty ${ }^{2}$ | YX | - | - | - | 1.2 | dB |
|  | ZX |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |
| Optical Output Eye |  | Compliant with Eye Mask Defined in IEEE 802.3z standard |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Measured average power coupled into single mode fiber (SMF). <br> ${ }^{2}$ Specified at $1440 \mathrm{ps} / \mathrm{nm}(\mathrm{YX})$ and $1600 \mathrm{ps} / \mathrm{nm}(\mathrm{ZX})$ dispersion, which corresponds to the approximate worst-case dispersion for 70 km and 80 km G.652/G. 654 fiber over the wavelength range of 1500 to 1580 nm . |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Receiver Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.13$ to 3.47 V ) All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

| Parameter |  |  | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Data Rate |  |  | B | 125 | - | 1250 | Mb/s |
| Minimum Input Optical Power ( $\left.10^{-12} \mathrm{BER}\right)^{1}$ |  | EX | $P_{\text {min }}$ | -22.5 | - | - | dBm |
|  |  | YX, ZX |  | -24.0 | - | - |  |
| Maximum Input Optical Power ( $\left.10^{-12} \mathrm{BER}\right)^{1}$ |  |  | $P_{\text {max }}$ | - 3.0 | - | - | dBm |
| LOS Thresholds | Increasing Light Input | EX | $P_{\text {lost }}$ | - | - | -22.5 | dBm |
|  |  | EX |  | - | - | -22.5 |  |
|  |  | YX, ZX |  | - | - | -24.0 |  |
|  | Decreasing Light Input | EX, YX, ZX | $P_{\text {los- }}$ | - 35.0 | - | - |  |
| LOS Timing Delay | Increasing Light Input |  | t_loss_off | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Decreasing Light Input |  | t_loss_on | - | - | 100 |  |
| LOS Hysteresis |  |  | - | 0.5 | - | - | dB |
| Deterministic Jitter |  |  | DJ | - | - | 170 | ps |
| Total Jitter |  |  | TJ | - | - | 266 | ps |
| Wavelength of Operation |  |  | $\lambda$ | 1100 | - | 1600 | nm |
| Optical Return Loss |  |  | ORL | 12 | - | - | dB |
| Electrical 3dB Upper Cutoff Frequency |  |  | - | - | - | 1500 | MHz |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity |  |  | Compliant with IEEE 802.3z standard |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ When measured with $2^{7}-1$ PRBS at $125 \mathrm{Mb} / \mathrm{s}, 1062.5 \mathrm{Mb} / \mathrm{s}$ \& $1250 \mathrm{Mb} / \mathrm{s}$ and 1310 nm for EX and 1550 nm for YX \& ZX. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Transmitter Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=3.13$ to 3.47 V )

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage Swing (TD+ \& TD-) $^{1}$ | $V_{P P-D I F}$ | 0.50 | - | 2.4 | V |
| Input HIGH Voltage (TX Disable) $^{2}$ | $V_{I H}$ | 2.0 | - | $V_{C C}$ | V |
| Input LOW Voltage (TX Disable) $^{2}$ | $V_{I L}$ | 0 | - | 0.8 | V |
| Output HIGH Voltage (TX Fault) $^{3}$ | $V_{O H}$ | 2.0 | - | $V_{C C}+0.3$ | V |
| Output LOW Voltage (TX Fault) $^{3}$ | $V_{O L}$ | 0 | - | 0.8 | V |

${ }^{1}$ Differential peak-to-peak voltage.
${ }^{2}$ There is an internal 4.7 to $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up resistor to VccT .
${ }^{3}$ Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up resistor to Vcc (Host Supply Voltage).

Receiver Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=3.13$ to 3.47 V )

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Voltage Swing (RD+ \& RD-) ${ }^{1}$ | $V_{P P-D I F}$ | 0.6 | - | 2.0 | V |
| Output HIGH Voltage (LOS) ${ }^{2}$ | $V_{O H}$ | 2.0 | - | $V_{C C}+0.3$ | V |
| Output LOW Voltage (LOS) ${ }^{2}$ | $V_{O L}$ | 0 | - | 0.5 | V |
| 1 Differential peak-to-peak voltage across external 100 <br> ${ }^{2}$ Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up resistor to Vcc (Host Supply Voltage). |  |  |  |  |  |

Electrical Power Supply Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=3.13$ to 3.47 V )

| Parameter |  | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | $V_{C C}$ | 3.13 | 3.3 | 3.47 | V |  |
| Supply Current | $\mathrm{EX}, \mathrm{YX}, \mathrm{ZX}$ | $I_{C C}$ | - | 200 | 300 | mA |

## Module Definition

| MOD_DEF(0) <br> pin 6 | MOD_DEF(1) <br> pin 5 | MOD_DEF(2) <br> pin 4 | Interpretation by Host |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TTL LOW | SCL | SDA | Serial module definition protocol |

## Electrical Pad Layout



Top of Board


Bottom of Board (as viewed thru top of board)

## Example of SFP Host Board Schematic



CAP Values in $\mu \mathrm{F}$

## Application Notes

Electrical Interface: All signal interfaces are compliant with the SFP MSA specification. The high speed DATA interface is differential AC-coupled internally with $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and can be directly connected to a 3.3V SERDES IC. All low speed control and sense output signals are open collector TTL compatible and should be pulled up with a 4.7-10k resistor on the host board.

Loss of Signal (LOS): The Loss of Signal circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates a logic HIGH when an insufficient photocurrent is produced.
TX Fault: The output indicates LOW when the transmitter is operating normally, and HIGH with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up with a $4.7-10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor on the host board. TX Fault is non-latching (automatically deasserts when fault goes away).
TX Disable: When the TX Disable pin is at logic HIGH, the transmitter optical output is disabled (less than -45 dBm ).
Serial Identification and Monitoring:The module definition of SFP is indicated by the three module definition pins, MOD_DEF(0), MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2). Upon power up, MOD_DEF(1:2) appear as NC (no connection), and MOD_DEF(0) is TTL LOW.

When the host system detects this condition, it activates the serial protocol (standard two-wire $1^{2} \mathrm{C}$ serial interface) and generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into the EEPROM segments of the SFP that are not write protected, and the negative edge clocks data from the SFP.

The serial data signal (SDA) is for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The supported monitoring functions are temperature, voltage, bias current, transmitter power, average receiver signal, all alarms and warnings, and software monitoring of TX Fault/LOS. The device is internally calibrated.
The data transfer protocol and the details of the mandatory and vendor specific data structures are defined in the SFP MSA, and SFF-8472, Rev. 9.4.
Power Supply and Grounding: The power supply line should be well-filtered. All $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the transceiver module as possible.

## Laser Safety

Laser Safety: All transceivers are Class I Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.

## Oplink Communications, Inc.

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:

This product complies with c ㄱus
21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11
Meets Class I Laser Safety Requirements

## Package Outline

## Ordering Information

| Part Number | Type | Operating <br> Temperature | Latch <br> Color | Nominal <br> Wavelength | Optical Link <br> Power Budget ${ }^{4}$ | Distance ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRPEG1EEXC000E2G | EX | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Brown | 1310 nm | 18 dB | $40 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ |
| TRPEG1HYXC000E2G | YX | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Orange | 1550 nm | 22 dB | $70 \mathrm{~km}^{3}$ |
| TRPEG1JZXC000E2G | ZX | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Green | 1550 nm | 24 dB | $80 \mathrm{~km}^{3}$ |
| TRPEG1EEXI000E2G | EX | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Brown | 1310 nm | 18 dB | $40 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ |
| TRPEG1HYXI000E2G | YX | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Orange | 1550 nm | 22 dB | $70 \mathrm{~km}^{3}$ |
| TRPEG1JZXI000E2G | ZX | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Green | 1550 nm | 24 dB | $80 \mathrm{~km}^{3}$ |

${ }^{1}$ The indicated transmission distance is for guidelines only, not guaranteed. The exact distance is dependent on the fiber loss, connector and splice loss, and allocated system penalty. Longer distances can be supported if the optical link power budget is satisfied.
${ }^{2}$ Assuming a total connector and splice loss of 2 dB , total system penalty of 2 dB and fiber cable loss of $0.35 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{km}$.
${ }^{3}$ Assuming a total connector and splice loss of 2 dB , total system penalty of 2 dB and fiber cable loss of $0.25 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{km}$.
${ }^{4}$ Minimum Optical Link Power Budget.

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