

#### The Future of Analog IC Technology

## DESCRIPTION

The MPQ18021A is a high-frequency, 100V, halfbridge, N-channel power MOSFET driver. Its lowand high-side driver channels side are independently controlled and matched with a time delay of less than 5ns. Under-voltage lockout on both high-side and low-side supplies force their outputs low in case of insufficient supply. The integrated bootstrap diode reduces external component count.

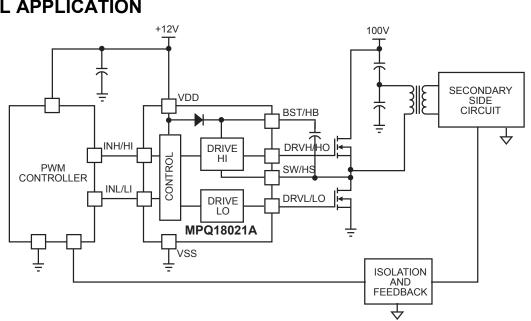
#### **FEATURES**

- Drives N-Channel MOSFET Half Bridge
- 115V V<sub>BST</sub> Voltage Range
- **On-Chip Bootstrap Diode**
- Typical 16ns Propagation Delay Time •
- Less Than 5ns Gate Drive Matching
- Drives 1nf Load with 12ns/9ns Rise/Fall Times with 12V VDD
- TTL Compatible Input
- Less Than 150µA Quiescent Current
- UVLO for Both High-Side and Low-Side •
- In SOIC8 Package

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- **Telecom Half-Bridge Power Supplies**
- Avionics DC-DC Converters
- **Two-Switch Forward Converters**
- Active Clamp Forward Converters

All MPS parts are lead-free and adhere to the RoHS directive. For MPS green status, please visit MPS website under Products, Quality Assurance page. "MPS" and "The Future of Analog IC Technology" are registered trademarks of Monolithic Power Systems. Inc.



#### **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

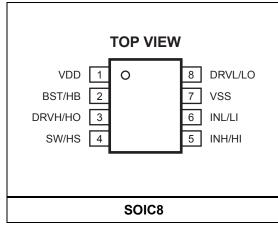


#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Package	Top Marking
MPQ18021HS-A*	SOIC8	MP18021A

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MPQ18021HS–A–Z); For RoHS compliant packaging, add suffix –LF (e.g. MPQ18021HS–A–LF–Z)





#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

Supply Voltage (VDD)	-0.3V to +20V
SW Voltage (V <sub>SW</sub> )	5.0V to +105V
BST Voltage (V <sub>BST</sub> )	0.3V to +120V
BST to SW	-0.3V to +18V
DRVH to SW0.3V to (BS	ST-SW) + 0.3V
DRVL to VSS0.3V to	(VDD + 0.3V)
All Other Pins0.3V to	(VDD + 0.3V)
Continuous Power Dissipation (	(T <sub>A</sub> =25°C) <sup>(2)</sup>
SOIC8	1.4W
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature6	

#### Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(3)</sup>

Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> )	9.0V to 18V
SW Voltage (V <sub>SW</sub> )	-1.0V to +100V
SW slew rate	<50V/ns
Operating Junction T	emp. (T <sub>J</sub> )40°C to +125°C

# Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$ $\theta_{JC}$ SOIC89045

#### Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature  $T_J(MAX)$ , the junction-toambient thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$ , and the ambient temperature  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by  $P_D(MAX)=(T_J(MAX)-T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.



## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

VDD =  $V_{BST}$ - $V_{SW}$ =12V, VSS= $V_{SW}$  = 0V, No load at DRVH and DRVL,  $T_J$ = -40°C to +125°C, Typical Value are  $T_J$ =25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
Supply Currents						
VDD quiescent current	I <sub>DDQ</sub>	INL=INH=0		100	150	μA
VDD operating current	I <sub>DDO</sub>	f <sub>sw</sub> =500kHz		2.8	3.5	mA
Floating driver quiescent current	I <sub>BSTQ</sub>	INL=INH=0		60	90	μA
Floating driver operating current	I <sub>BSTO</sub>	f <sub>sw</sub> =500kHz		2.1	3	mA
Leakage Current	I <sub>LK</sub>	BST=SW=100V		0.05	1	μΑ
Inputs						
INL/INH High				2	2.4	V
INL/INH Low			1	1.4		V
INL/INH internal pull-down resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>			185		kΩ
Under Voltage Protection						
VDD rising threshold	V <sub>DDR</sub>		7.4	8.1	8.9	V
VDD hysteresis	V <sub>DDH</sub>			0.5		V
(BST-SW) rising threshold	V <sub>BSTR</sub>		6.5	7.1	7.7	V
(BST-SW) hysteresis	V <sub>BSTH</sub>			0.55		V
Bootstrap Diode	50111					•
Bootstrap diode VF @ 100uA	V <sub>F1</sub>			0.5		V
Bootstrap diode VF @ 100mA	V <sub>F2</sub>			0.9		V
Bootstrap diode dynamic R	R <sub>D</sub>	@ 100mA		2.5		Ω
Low Side Gate Driver						
Low level output voltage	V <sub>OLL</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =100mA		0.15	0.32	V
High level output voltage to rail	V <sub>OHL</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =-100mA		0.45	1	V
Peak pull-up current	I <sub>OHL</sub>	V <sub>DRVL</sub> =0V, V <sub>DD</sub> =12V		1.5		Α
Peak puil-up current		V <sub>DRVL</sub> =0V, V <sub>DD</sub> =16V		2.5		Α
Poak pull down current	I <sub>OLL</sub>	V <sub>DRVL</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> =12V		2.5		Α
Peak pull-down current		V <sub>DRVL</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> =16V		3.5		Α
Floating Gate Driver						
Low level output voltage	V <sub>OLH</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> =100mA		0.15	0.32	V
High level output voltage to rail	V <sub>OHH</sub>	I <sub>0</sub> =-100mA		0.45	1	V
Peak pull-up current	I <sub>ОНН</sub>	V <sub>DRVH</sub> =0V, V <sub>DD</sub> =12V		1.5		Α
		$V_{DRVH}$ =0V, $V_{DD}$ =16V		2.5		Α
Peak pull-down current	1	V <sub>DRVH</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> =12V		2.5		Α
Peak pull-down current	I <sub>OLH</sub>	V <sub>DRVH</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> =16V		3.5		Α



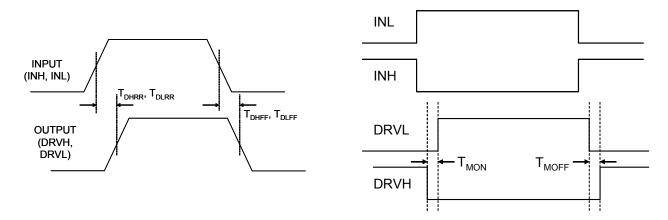
#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VDD =  $V_{BST}$ - $V_{SW}$ =12V, VSS= $V_{SW}$  = 0V, No load at DRVH and DRVL, T<sub>J</sub>= -40°C to +125°C, Typical Value are T<sub>J</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Switching Spec Low Side Gate Driver						
Turn-off propagation delay INL falling to DRVL falling	$T_{DLFF}$			16		ns
Turn-on propagation delay INL rising to DRVL rising	T <sub>DLRR</sub>			16		
DRVL rise time		C <sub>L</sub> =1nF		12		ns
DRVL fall time		C <sub>L</sub> =1nF		9		ns
Switching Spec Floating Gate	e Driver					
Turn-off propagation delay INL falling to DRVH falling	$T_{DHFF}$			16		ns
Turn-on propagation delay INL rising to DRVH rising	T <sub>DHRR</sub>			16		ns
DRVH rise time		C <sub>L</sub> =1nF		12		ns
DRVH fall time		C <sub>L</sub> =1nF		9		ns
Switching Spec Matching						
Floating driver turn-off to low side driver turn-on	T <sub>MON</sub>			1	5	ns
Low side driver turn-off to floating driver turn-on	T <sub>MOFF</sub>			1	5	ns
Minimum input pulse width that changes the output	T <sub>PW</sub>				50 <sup>(5)</sup>	ns
Bootstrap diode turn-on or turn- off time	T <sub>BS</sub>			10 <sup>(5)</sup>		ns

Note:

5) Guaranteed by design.



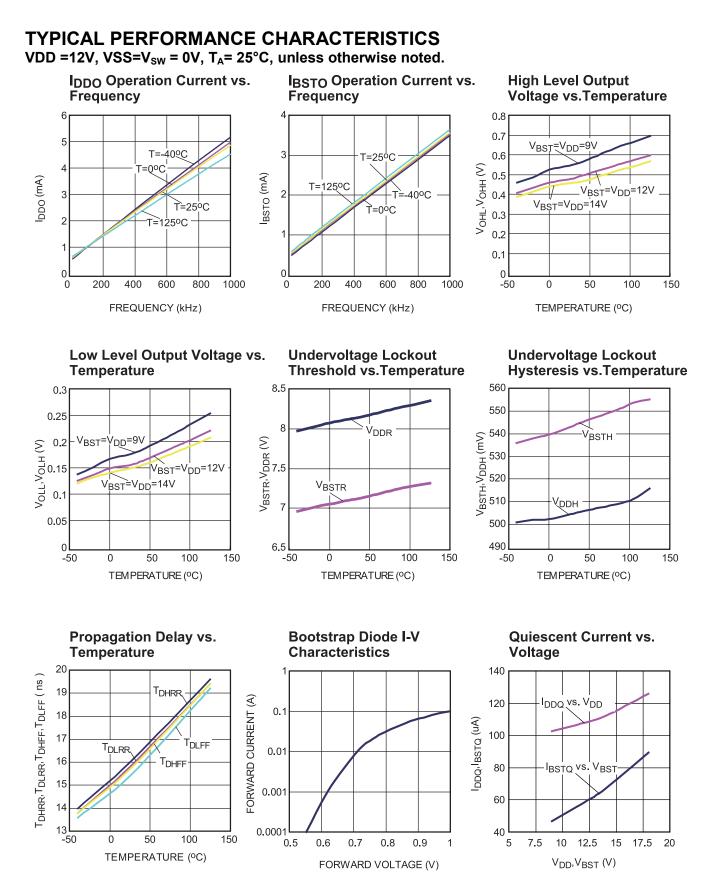




## **PIN FUNCTIONS**

Pin #	Name	Description
1	VDD	Supply input. Supplies power to all the internal circuitry. Requires a decoupling capacitor to ground placed close to this pin to ensure stable and clean supply.
2	BST/HB	Bootstrap. Positive power supply for the internal floating high-side MOSFET driver. Connect a bypass capacitor between this pin and SW pin.
3	DRVH/HO	Floating driver output.
4	SW/HS	Switching node.
5	INH/HI	Control signal input for the floating driver.
6	INL/LI	Control signal input for the low side driver.
7	VSS	Chip ground.
8	DRVL/LO	Low side driver output.



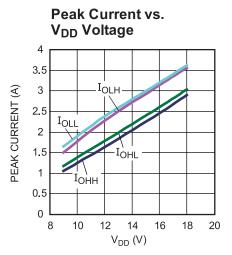


0 www.MonolithicPower.com MPS Proprietary Information. Patent Protected. Unauthorized Photocopy and Duplication Prohibited. © 2013 MPS. All Rights Reserved.



## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

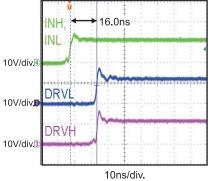
VDD =12V, VSS=V<sub>sw</sub> = 0V, T<sub>A</sub>= 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

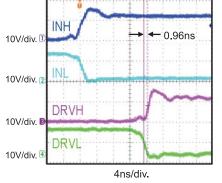


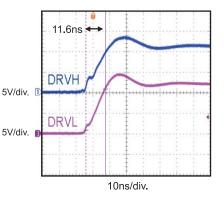
**Turn-on Propagation Delay** 

Gate Drive Matching TMOFF

Drive Rise Time (1nF Load)



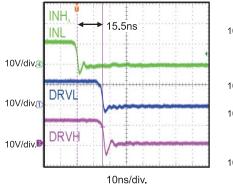


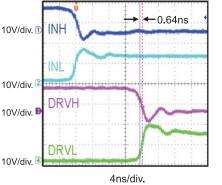


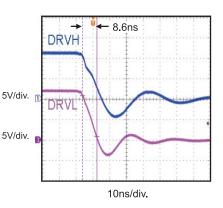
**Turn-off Propagation Delay** 



Drive Fall Time (1nF Load)

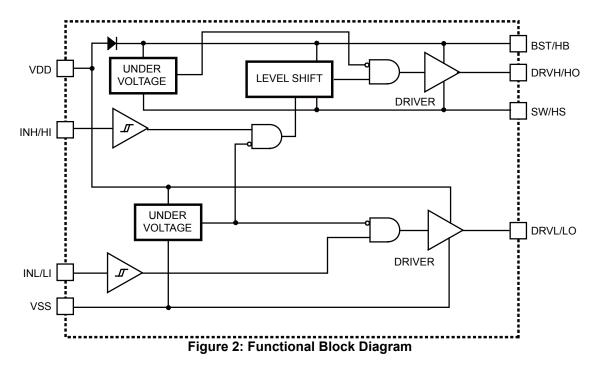








#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





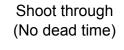
#### **APPLICATION**

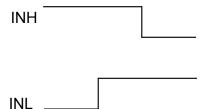
The INH and INL input signals can be controlled independently. If both INH and INL control the HSFET and LSFET of the same bridge, then users must avoid shoot through by a setting

INH \_\_\_\_

INL -

sufficient dead time between INH low and INL high, and vice versa, as per **Figure 3** below. Dead time is defined as the time internal when both INH and INL are low.

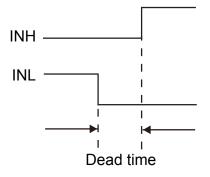


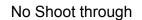


No Shoot through

Shoot through

(No dead time)





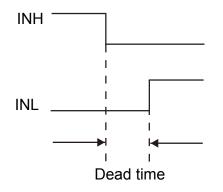


Figure 3: INH and INL Dead Time



#### **REFERENCE DESIGN CIRCUITS**

#### Half-Bridge Converter

In half-bridge converter topology, the MOSFETs are alternately driven with some dead time between signals. Therefore, INH and INL are

driven with alternating signals from the PWM controller. The input voltage can go up to 100V in this application.

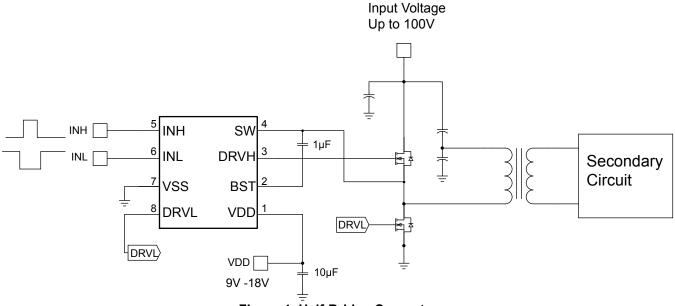
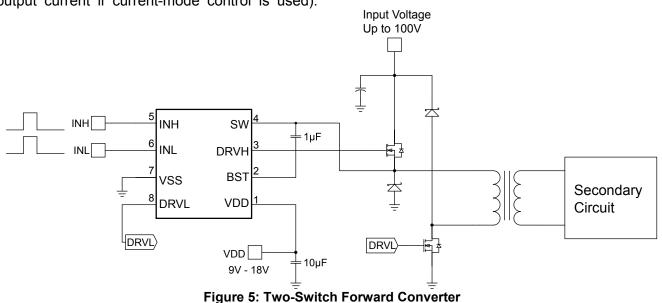


Figure 4: Half-Bridge Converter

#### **Two-Switch Forward Converter**

In two-switch forward converter topology, both MOSFETs turn on and off together. The input signals (INH and INL) come from the PWM controller, which senses the output voltage (and output current if current-mode control is used).

The Schottky diodes clamp the reverse swing of the power transformer and must be rated at the input voltage. The input voltage can go up to 100V in this circuit.



#### **Active-Clamp Forward Converter**

┱┱╢═┸

In active-clamp forward converter topology, the MOSFETs are driven alternately. The high-side MOSFET and the capacitor  $C_{reset}$ , losslessly reset the power transformer.

This topology lends itself well to run at duty cycles exceeding 50%. Therefore, the input voltage for this application may not be able to go to 100V.

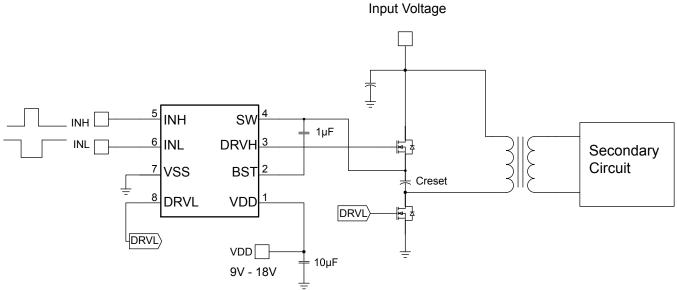
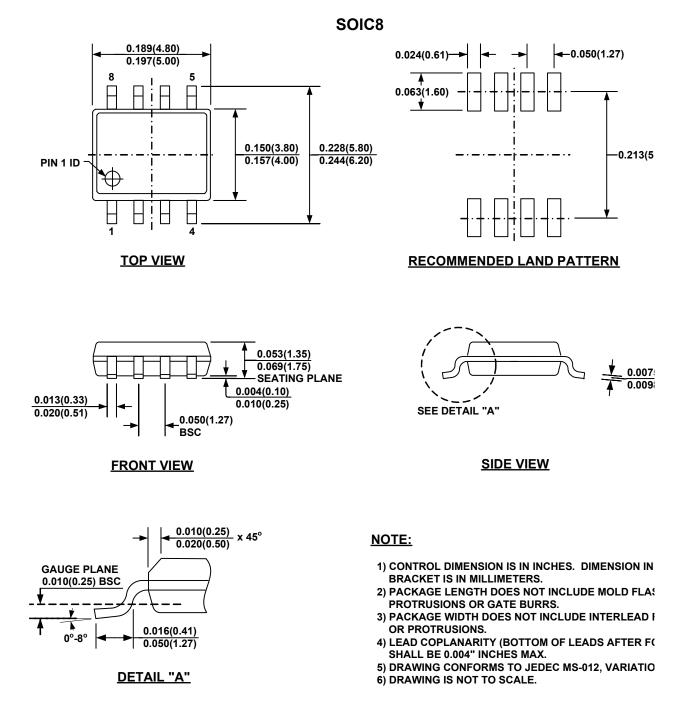


Figure 6: Active-Clamp Forward Converter



## **PACKAGE INFORMATION**



**NOTICE:** The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Users should warrant and guarantee that third party Intellectual Property rights are not infringed upon when integrating MPS products into any application. MPS will not assume any legal responsibility for any said applications.

## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Gate Drivers category:

Click to view products by Monolithic Power Systems manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

 89076GBEST
 00053P0231
 56956
 57.404.7355.5
 LT4936
 57.904.0755.0
 5882900001
 00600P0005
 00-9050-LRPP
 00-9090-RDPP

 5951900000
 01-1003W-10/32-15
 0131700000
 00-2240
 LTP70N06
 LVP640
 5J0-1000LG-SIL
 LY1D-2-5S-AC120
 LY2-US-AC240
 LY3 

 UA-DC24
 00576P0020
 00600P0010
 LZN4-UA-DC12
 LZNQ2M-US-DC5
 LZNQ2-US-DC12
 LZP40N10
 00-8196-RDPP
 00-8274-RDPP

 00-8275-RDNP
 00-8609-RDPP
 00-8722-RDPP
 00-8728-WHPP
 00-8869-RDPP
 00-9091-LRPP
 00-9291-RDPP
 0207100000

 0207400000
 01312
 0134220000
 60713816
 M15730061
 61161-90
 61278-0020
 6131-204-23149P
 6131-205-17149P
 6131-209-15149P

 6131-218-17149P
 6131-220-21149P
 6131-260-2358P
 6131-204-23149P
 6131-205-17149P
 6131-209-15149P