



Type RA
Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors for General Purpose

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Apr. 2022, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

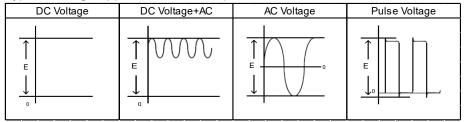
## **⚠** CAUTION

#### 1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

- 1) Do not apply a voltage to a safety standard certified product that exceeds the rated voltage as called out in the specifications. Applied voltage between the terminals of a safety standard certified product shall be less than or equal to the rated voltage (+ 10%). When a safety standard certified product is used as a DC voltage product, the AC rated voltage value becomes the DC rated voltage value. (Example:AC250V (r.m.s.) rated product can be used as DC250V (+ 10%) rated product.) If both AC rated voltage and DC rated voltage are specified, apply the voltage lower than the respective rated voltage.
- 1-1) When a safety standard certified product is used in a circuit connected to a commercial power supply, ensure that the applied commercial power supply voltage including fluctuation should be less than 10% above its rated voltage.
- 1-2) When using a safety standard certified product as a DC rated product in circuits other than those connected to a commercial power supply.

When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, the zero-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage. When AC voltage or pulse voltage is applied, the peak-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.

Typical Voltage Applied to the DC Capacitor



(E: Maximum possible applied voltage.)

2) Abnormal voltages (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.

#### 2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of  $\phi$ 0.1mm and be in the condition where capacitor is not affected by radiant heat of other components and wind of surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

## 3. TEST CONDITION FOR WITHSTANDING VOLTAGE

#### 1) TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60 Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or over load exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, the defective may be caused.

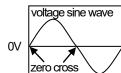
#### 2) VOLTAGE APPLIED METHOD

When the withstanding voltage is applied, capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the \*zero cross. At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the out-put of the withstanding voltage test equipment.

If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may arise, and therefore, the defective may be caused.

\*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave pass 0V. - See the right figure -



#### 4. FAIL-SAFE

When capacitor would be broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure would follow an electric shock, fire or fume.

#### 5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

#### 6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip : 400 °C max. Soldering iron wattage : 50 W max. Soldering time : 3.5 s max.

#### 7. BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

#### 8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING, RESIN MOLDING AND COATING

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

#### 9. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40  $^{\circ}$ C and 15 to 85%.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

#### 10. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7. Traffic signal equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- 9. Data-processing equipment exerting influence on public
- 10. Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

#### NOTICE

## 1. CLEANING (ULTRASONIC CLEANING)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

#### 2. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

· Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use for the strict time constant circuit.

· Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors like temperature characteristic B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

#### 3. PERFORMANCE CHECK BY EQUIPMENT

Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications.

Generally speaking, CLASS 2 ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance. So, the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in a equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in a capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.

## **⚠** NOTE

- 1.Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this specification.

EGD08F

## 1. Application

This specification is applied to Safety Standard Certified Lead Type Disc Ceramic Capacitors Type RA used for General Electric equipment.

Type RA is Safety Standard Certified capacitors of Class X1,Y1.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids.

Approval standard and certified number

	Standard number	*Certified number	AC Rated volt. V(r.m.s.)
UL/cUL	UL60384-14/CSA E60384-14	E37921	
ENEC	ENG0294 44	40042022	X1:500
(VDE)	EN60384-14	40043033	Y1:500
CQC	IEC60384-14	CQC16001138225	

<sup>\*</sup>Above Certified number may be changed on account of the revision of standards and the renewal of certification.

2	Rat	inc
۷.	κaι	ПC

2-1. Operating temperature range -40 ~ +125°C

2-2. Rated Voltage X1:AC500V(r.m.s.) Y1:AC500V(r.m.s.) DC1.5kV

### 2-3. Part number configuration

ex.) <u>DE1</u>	B3	RA	471	K	_A4_	B	Q01F
Series	Temperature	Certified	Capacitance	Capacitance	Lead	Package	Individual
	Characteristics	Type		Tolerance	Style		Specification

#### • Series

DE1 denotes X1,Y1 class.

• Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temperature Characteristics
1X	SL
B3	В
E3	E

Please confirm detailed specification on [ Specification and test methods ].

### Certified Type

This denotes safety certified type name Type RA.

### • Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 471.

$$47 \times 10^1 = 470 pF$$

#### • Capacitance Tolerance

Please refer to [ Part number list ].

#### • Lead Style

Code	Lead Style
A*	Vertical crimp long type
J*	Vertical crimp short type
N*	Vertical crimp taping type

<sup>\*</sup> Please refer to [ Part number list ]

#### Package

.go								
Code	Package							
В	Bulk type							
Α	Ammo pack taping type							

### • Individual Specification

For part number that cannot be identified without "Individual Specification", it is added at the end of part number.

Code	Individual Specification						
	→ Rated voltage : X1:AC500V(r.m.s.)						
	Y1:AC500V(r.m.s.)						
	DC1.5kV						
Q01F	→ Halogen free						
	(Br ≤ 900ppm, Cl ≤ 900ppm Br + Cl ≤ 1500ppm						
	→ CP wire						

Note) Murata part numbers might be changed depending on Lead Style or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the Certified Type (RA) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

## 3. Marking

Certified type : RA

Capacitance : Actual value(under 100pF)

3 digit system(100pF and over)

Capacitance tolerance : Code Class code and Rated voltage mark : **X1 500~** 

Y1 500~

Manufacturing year : Letter code(The last digit of A.D. year.)

Manufacturing month : Code

Feb./Mar.  $\rightarrow$  2 Aug./Sep.  $\rightarrow$  8 Apr./May  $\rightarrow$  4 Oct./Nov.  $\rightarrow$  O Jun./Jul.  $\rightarrow$  6 Dec./Jan.  $\rightarrow$  D

Company name code : (Made in Thailand)

(Example)

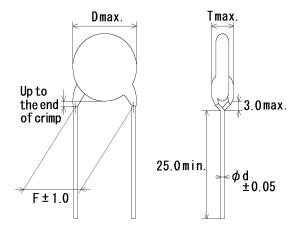
RA 471K

X1 500~

Y1 500∼ 2D € 15

### 4. Part number list

·Vertical crimp long type
(Lead Style: A\*)

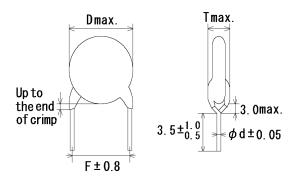


Note) The mark '\*' of Lead Style differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).

Please see the following list about details.

<u> </u>	Oilli								OTTIC .	
T.C.	Сар.	Cap. Customer Part Number Murata Part Number		Dimension (mm			m)	Lead	atv.	
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Oustomer Fait Number	ividiata i ait ivdiilDei	D	Т	F	d	Style	qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±10%		DE11XRA100KA4BQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
SL	15	±10%		DE11XRA150KA4BQ01F	6.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
SL	22	±10%		DE11XRA220KA4BQ01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
SL	33	±10%		DE11XRA330KA4BQ01F	7.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
SL	47	±10%		DE11XRA470KA4BQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
SL	68	±10%		DE11XRA680KA4BQ01F	9.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
В	100	±10%		DE1B3RA101KA4BQ01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
В	150	±10%		DE1B3RA151KA4BQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
В	220	±10%		DE1B3RA221KA4BQ01F	6.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	500
В	330	±10%		DE1B3RA331KA4BQ01F	7.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
В	470	±10%		DE1B3RA471KA4BQ01F	8.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
В	680	±10%		DE1B3RA681KA4BQ01F	9.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	1000	±20%		DE1E3RA102MA4BQ01F	8.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	1500	±20%		DE1E3RA152MA4BQ01F	9.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	2200	±20%		DE1E3RA222MA4BQ01F	11.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	250
Е	3300	±20%		DE1E3RA332MA4BQ01F	13.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	200
Е	4700	±20%		DE1E3RA472MA4BQ01F	14.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	A4	200

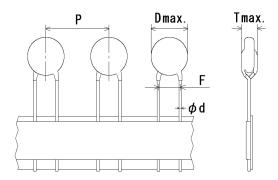
·Vertical crimp short type
(Lead Style: J\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of Lead Style differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d).
Please see the following list about details.

	Office								OTIL .	
T.C.	Сар.	Cap. Customer Part Number Murata Part Number		Murata Part Number	Dimension (mm			m)	Lead	atv.
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Oustomer i art Number	Marata i art Number	D	Т	F	d	Style	qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±10%		DE11XRA100KJ4BQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	15	±10%		DE11XRA150KJ4BQ01F	6.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	22	±10%		DE11XRA220KJ4BQ01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	33	±10%		DE11XRA330KJ4BQ01F	7.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	47	±10%		DE11XRA470KJ4BQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
SL	68	±10%		DE11XRA680KJ4BQ01F	9.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	100	±10%		DE1B3RA101KJ4BQ01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	150	±10%		DE1B3RA151KJ4BQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	220	±10%		DE1B3RA221KJ4BQ01F	6.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	330	±10%		DE1B3RA331KJ4BQ01F	7.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	470	$\pm$ 10%		DE1B3RA471KJ4BQ01F	8.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
В	680	±10%		DE1B3RA681KJ4BQ01F	9.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	1000	±20%		DE1E3RA102MJ4BQ01F	8.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	1500	±20%		DE1E3RA152MJ4BQ01F	9.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	2200	±20%		DE1E3RA222MJ4BQ01F	11.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	500
Е	3300	±20%		DE1E3RA332MJ4BQ01F	13.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	250
Е	4700	±20%		DE1E3RA472MJ4BQ01F	14.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	J4	250

·Vartical crimp taping type (Lead Style:N\*)



Note) The mark '\*' of Lead Style differ from lead spacing(F) and lead diameter(d) and pitch of component(P).
Please see the following list or taping specification about details.

	Offit . III									111111	
T.C.	Сар.	Сар.	Customer Part Number	Dimension (mr				(mm	)	Lead	Pack
1.0.	(pF)	tol.	Customer Part Number	IVIUIALA FAIL NUITIDEI	D	) T F		d P		Style	qty. (pcs)
SL	10	±10%		DE11XRA100KN4AQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
SL	15	±10%		DE11XRA150KN4AQ01F	6.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
SL	22	±10%		DE11XRA220KN4AQ01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
SL	33	±10%		DE11XRA330KN4AQ01F	7.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
SL	47	±10%		DE11XRA470KN4AQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
SL	68	±10%		DE11XRA680KN4AQ01F	9.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
В	100	±10%		DE1B3RA101KN4AQ01F	6.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
В	150	±10%		DE1B3RA151KN4AQ01F	8.0	5.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
В	220	±10%		DE1B3RA221KN4AQ01F	6.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
В	330	±10%		DE1B3RA331KN4AQ01F	7.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
В	470	±10%		DE1B3RA471KN4AQ01F	8.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
В	680	±10%		DE1B3RA681KN4AQ01F	9.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
Е	1000	±20%		DE1E3RA102MN4AQ01F	8.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
E	1500	±20%		DE1E3RA152MN4AQ01F	9.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
E	2200	±20%		DE1E3RA222MN4AQ01F	11.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
E	3300	±20%		DE1E3RA332MN4AQ01F	13.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500
Е	4700	±20%		DE1E3RA472MN4AQ01F	14.0	6.0	10.0	0.6	25.4	N4	500

).	Ite			cification				method	
	Appearance and o	dimensions		fect on appearanc		he capacitor sh			y naked eye
			form and dime			for visible evidence of defect.			
				[Part number list		imensions sho			
	Marking	Т	To be easily le	gible.		he capacitor sh			
	Dielectric	Between lead	No failure.			he capacitor sh			
	strength	wires				C4 000V(r.m.s.		lz> ıs applı	ed between t
		Body	No failure.			ead wires for 60 irst, the termina		consoiter	should bo
		insulation	No failure.			onnected toget		capacitors	snould be
		Illoulation				hen, a metal fo		be	¥
						losely wrapped			X
						ne body of the o		Metal A	Abou
						the distance of		foil	3 to
						bout 3 to 6mm			SSSSSS °S° Meta
						om each termi			o oooooo balls
						hen, the capac ontainer filled v			
						ontainer illied v iameter.	vitri metai	balls of at	out min
						inally, AC4000	V (r m s )	<50/60Hz>	is applied fo
						0 s between th			
						alls.	2010		
	Insulation Resista	nce (I.R.)	10 000MΩ min		Th	he insulation re	esistance	should be	measured wi
		•				C500±50V with			
						he voltage sho			e capacitor
			1			nrough a resisto			
	Capacitance		Within specifie	ed tolerance.		he capacitance			
_	District C. T.	(D.F.)	0.70/			±0.1kHz and A			
	Dissipation Factor	r (D.F.)	2.5% max.			he dissipation			
					at	t 20°C with 1±0	ו. וkHz an	ia AC1±0.2	v(r.m.s.) ma
	Temperature char	acteristic	Char. SL: +350 to -1000 ppm/°C		C Th	he capacitance	- measure	ement shou	ıld be made :
	remperature onar	(Temp. range : +20 to +85°C)			ach step specif			aid be made i	
			Char. B: With		"	ac. stop speci.			
			Char. E: With						
				: -25 to +85°C)					
			Step 1 2 3		4	5			
				Temp.(°C)	20±2	20±2 -25±2 20±2 85±2 20±2			
	A (' () 1 11'		- · · ·						
	Active flammability	У	on fire.	oth should not be		he capacitors seast one but mo			
			on me.			heese-cloth. Th			
						20 discharges			
						ischarges shou			
					ma	naintained for 2	min after!	the last dis	scharge.
					١.	81 F	L1 L	2	R
					-	***	<b>⋾</b> =⊤=	=	$rac{1}{2}$
						$\sim$ // $\varnothing$ c1		:3 <del>+</del> cx+	લ≠ ≠ા
					-	Tr S2 UAC	L3 L4		
								- ᆠ 니니	
								4	Osciloscope
								,	_ 50110300pc
					C1	:1,2 : 1μF±1	0%, C3	0.033μF±	5% 10kV
					L1	1 to L4 : 1.5ml			
					R	t : 100Ω±	±2%, Ct :	3μF±5% 1	0kV
					UA	JAc : UR ±5		: Rated vo	Itage
					Cx		itor under		
					F		Rated 10		
					Ut	π : Voltag	e applied	to Ct	
						Ux			
							51/V		
							5kV		
								$\mathcal{I} \mathcal{V}$	
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			i .						time
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No.	Item	1	Specification	Test method
9	Robustness of	Tensile	Lead wire should not cut off.	Fix the body of capacitor, a tensile weight
-	terminations	.555	Capacitor should not be broken.	gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of
	101111111111111111111111111111111111111			capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 s.
		Bending	1	With the termination in its normal position, the
		20.14.1.9		capacitor is held by its body in such a manner that
				the axis of the termination is vertical; a mass
				applying a force of 5N is then suspended from the
				end of the termination.
				The body of the capacitor is then inclined,
				within a period of 2 to 3 s, through an angle of
				approximately 90° in the vertical plane and then
				returned to its initial position over the same period
				of time; this operation constitutes one bend.  One bend immediately followed by a second bend
				in the opposite direction.
10	Vibration	Appearance	No marked defect.	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the
	resistance	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	supporting lead wire and vibration which is 10 to
		D.F.	2.5% max.	55Hz in the vibration frequency range,1.5mm in
			2.070	total amplitude, and about 1min in the rate of
				vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to
				10Hz is applied for a total of 6 h; 2 h each in
				3 mutually perpendicular directions.
11	Solderability of lead	ds	Lead wire should be soldered	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a
			With uniformly coated on the	ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into
			axial direction over 3/4 of the	molten solder for 2±0.5 s. In both cases the depth of
			circumferential direction.	dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of
				lead wires.
				Temp. of solder:
40	Caldanina affaat	A	No secure di defe et	245±5°C Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu)
12	Soldering effect (Non-preheat)	Appearance Capacitance	No marked defect. Within ±10%	Solder temperature: 350±10°C or 260±5°C Immersion time : 3.5±0.5 s
	(Non-preneat)	change	VVIIIII ± 10%	
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	(In case of 260±5°C : 10±1 s) The depth of immersion is up to about
		Dielectric	Per item 3	1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.
		strength	Fer item 5	
		Strongth		Thermal
				insulating J
				1.5 to 2.0mm
				-   -   -   Molten
				U- 11 Solder
				Pre-treatment : Capacitor should be stored at
				125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the
				AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at
				*1room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL)
				Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
				2 h at *1room condition.
13	Soldering effect	Appearance	No marked defect.	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C
	(On-preheat)	Capacitance	Within ±10%	for 60+0/-5 s.
	, , , ,	change		Then, as in figure, the lead wires should be
		I.R.	1000M $\Omega$ min.	immersed solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm
		Dielectric	Per item 3	from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 s.
		strength		Thermal
				Thermal Capacitor insulating
				V 1.5
				10 2.0mm
				solder
				Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at
				125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the
				AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at
				*¹room condition for 24±2 h
				before initial measurements.
				(Do not apply to Char. SL)
				Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to
				2 h at *1room condition.
*1 "roc	om condition" Tempe	rature: 15 to 35°0	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atm	nospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa
	•		-	

No.	Item	1	Specification	Test method			
14	Flame test		The capacitor flame discontinue as follows.  Cycle Time 1 to 4 30 s max. 5 60 s max.	The capacitor should be subjected to applied flame for 15 s. and then removed for 15 s until 5 cycle.			
15	Passive flammability		The burning time should not be exceeded the time 30 s. The tissue paper should not ignite.	The capacitor under test should be held in the flame in the position which best promotes burning.  Time of exposure to flame is for 30 s.  Length of flame: 12±1mm  Gas burner: Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.9mm max.  Gas: Butane gas Purity 95% min.  About 8mm  Gas burner  About 10mm thick board			
16	Humidity (Under steady state)	Appearance Capacitance change  D.F.  I.R. Dielectric strength	No marked defect.  Char. SL: Within $\pm 5\%$ Char. B: Within $\pm 10\%$ Char. E: Within $\pm 15\%$ Char. SL: 2.5% max. Char. B, E: 5.0% max. $3000M\Omega$ min. Per item 3	Set the capacitor for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.  Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL)  Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *1room condition			
17	Humidity loading	Appearance Capacitance change  D.F.  I.R. Dielectric strength	No marked defect.  Char. SL: Within $\pm 5\%$ Char. B: Within $\pm 10\%$ Char. E: Within $\pm 15\%$ Char. SL: 2.5% max. Char. B, E: 5.0% max. $3000M\Omega$ min. Per item 3	2 h at *¹room condition.  Apply AC500V(r.m.s.) for 500±12 h at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.  Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed at *¹room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements.  (Do not apply to Char. SL)  Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 h at *¹room condition.			

<sup>\*1 &</sup>quot;room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

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Ю.	Item		Specification	L				nethod		
18	Life	Appearance	ce No marked defect.		Impulse voltage					
		Capacitance	Within ±20%	E	Each individual capacitor should be subjected to a 12kV impulses for three times. Then the capacitors					
		change	3000MΩ min. Per item 3							
		I.R.		a	are app	lied to	life test.			
		Dielectric				(0/)				
		strength			10	o <del>(%)</del>	`	٠,	= 1.7 $\mu$ s=1.671	
					90 Time to half-value (T2) = 50 μ s					
					3	o-/				
					0 1 t					
					T2					
					12					
				7	Гһе са	pacitors	are placed	in a circul	ating air ov	/en
							1000 h.			
							oven is mair			
							c, and relativ			
					Throughout the test, the capacitors are subjected					
					to a AC850V(r.m.s.)<50/60Hz> alternating voltage of mains frequency, except that once each hour the voltage is increased to AC1000V(r.m.s.) for 0.1					
				١,						
				F	Pre-tre	atment	: Capacito	r should b	e stored at	t
									nd apply the	
					AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed a *1room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements.					
					(Do not apply to Char. SL) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored f					
					-0St-II	eaumen		it *¹room c		)I
9	Temperature and	Appearance	No marked defect.  Char. SL: Within ±5%  Char. B: Within ±10%  Char. E: Within ±20%  Char. SL: 2.5% max.  Char. B, E: 5.0% max.		The ca	nacitor				
•	immersion cycle	Capacitance change			The capacitor should be subjected to 500 temperature cycles, then consecutively to 2					
						ion cyc			,	
					·					
		D.F.		<	<temp< td=""><td>erature</td><td>cycle&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></temp<>	erature	cycle>			
						Step	Temperati		Time	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.			1	-40+0		30 min	
		Dielectric	Per item 3			2	Room to		3 min	
		strength				<u>3</u>	+125+		30 min	
						4	Room t		3 min	
								Cycle tir	ne:500 cyc	cles
				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Imme	rsion cy	/cie>			
					Step Temperature(°C)		Time	Immersi		
					<u> </u>				water Clean	
					1	+6	65+5/-0	15 min	water	
									Salt	
					2		0 <u>±</u> 3	15 min	water	
						Cycle time:2 cycles			s	
								•	•	
				F	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±2°C for 1 h, and apply the AC4000V(r.m.s.) 60s then placed					
							*1"	v(r.m.s.) 6	Us then plac	icea
					*¹room condition for 24±2 h before initial measurements. (Do not apply to Char. SL)					
				F	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 h at *1 room condition.					
"ro	om condition" Tempe	rature: 15 to 35°	C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%	, Atmos <sub>l</sub>	pheric	pressui	re: 86 to 106	SkPa		

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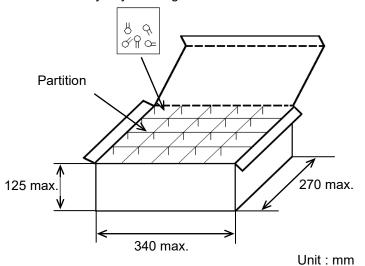
### 6.Packing specification

•Bulk type (Package : B)

\*1 \*2 The number of packing = Packing quantity  $\times$  n

The size of packing case and packing way

Polyethylene bag



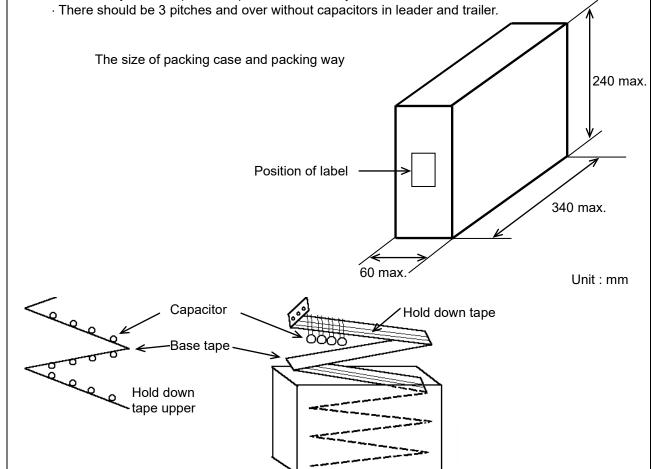
\*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

\*2: Standard n = 20 (bag)

Note)

The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

- •Ammo pack taping type (Package : A)
  - · The tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case.
  - $\cdot$  When body of the capacitor is piled on other body under it.

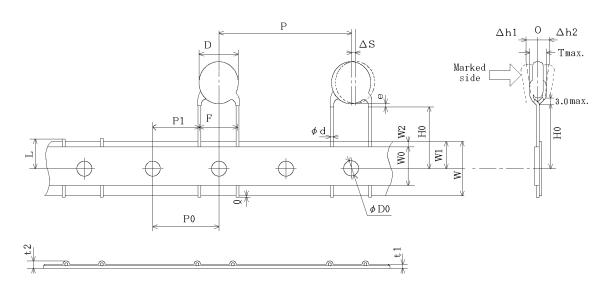


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## 7. Taping specification

## 7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

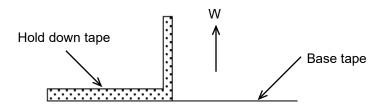
Vertical crimp taping type < Lead Style : N4 > Pitch of component 25.4mm / Lead spacing 10.0mm



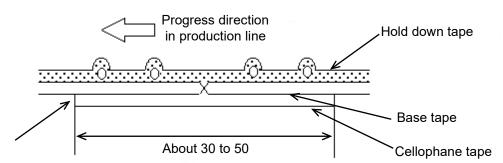
Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component	Р	25.4±2.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7±0.3		
Lead spacing	F	10.0±1.0		
Length from hole center to lead	P1	7.7±1.5		
Body diameter	D	Please refer to [ Part number list ].		
Deviation along tape, left or right	ΔS	0±2.0	They include deviation by lead bend .	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0±0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0±0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
Lead distance between reference and bottom planes	Н0	18.0± <sub>0</sub> <sup>2.0</sup>		
Protrusion length	Q	+0.5~-1.0		
Diameter of sprocket hole	φD0	4.0±0.1		
Lead diameter	φd	0.60±0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6±0.3		
Total thickness, tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	They include hold down tape thickness.	
Deviation across tape, front	∆h1	2.0 max.		
Deviation across tape, rear	∆h2			
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0± <sub>1.0</sub>		
Hold down tape width	W0	11.5 min.		
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5±1.5		
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of crimp		
Body thickness	Т	Please refer to [ Part number list ].		

### 7-2. Splicing way of tape

1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



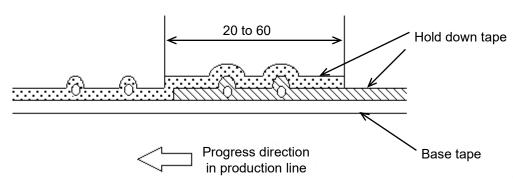
- 2) Splicing of tape
  - a) When base tape is spliced
    - •Base tape should be spliced by cellophane tape. (Total tape thickness should be less than 1.05mm.)



No lifting for the direction of progressing

Unit: mm

- b) When hold down tape is spliced
  - •Hold down tape should be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness should be less than 1.05mm.)



- c) When both tape are spliced
  - •Base tape and hold down tape should be spliced with splicing tape.
- 3) Missing components
  - •There should be no consecutive missing of more than three components.
  - •The number of missing components should be not more than 0.5% of total components that should be present in a Ammo pack.

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PHE840MY6470MD14R06 PHE845VD5470MR06 R463N4100ZAM1K MKPX2R-1/400/10P27 YP500101K040B20C2P

YU0AH222M090DAMD0B LS1808N102K302NX080TM R463F210000N0K F861AO224K310A F861KJ223K310A

DE21XSA680KA3BT02F R49AR368000A1K B32033A4184M000 B32036A4824M000 B32036B4334K000 F339MX241031JF12B0

DE11XRA330KA4BQ01F BFC233910474 VY2151K29Y5SS6TV5 CY1471KE11EB46X2A2 CY1222ME5IEE48O2A2

MPX474K31DTEV158G0 H472M080FQ55250L750A CY1471ME19EE45W2A2 MPX104K31D2KN158HF MPX224K31D2KN158G0

PX104K2W1502 YU1AH222M090DASD0H C47S1472K60C000 MP2224K32C5J6LC MP2474K32D6R8LC MP2224K32C3J6LC

MP2104K32C3J6LC PX334K2C1006 YU0AC222M080L20C7B MP2473K27B2X6LC MP2224K32D4J8LC MP2684K32D6T8LC